

UNION REFORM TICKET.

For Governor. HON. R. B. CARPENTER. For Lieut. Governor. GEN. M. C. BUTLER.

For Senator. JAMES A. HOYT.

For Representatives. JOHN B. MOORE. DR. JOHN WILSON. JAMES MINER.

For County Commissioners. B. F. CRAYTON, W. S. PICKENS, J. W. NORRIS.

For Probate Judge. W. W. HUMPHREYS.

For School Commissioner. WM. H. HAYNIE.

The numerous favors of our advertising patrons exclude a large amount of interesting matter intended for this issue.

We are under obligations to our friend, Sylvester Bleekley, Esq., for several late and interesting Northern papers.

Rev. A. A. Morse will preach in the Presbyterian Church on next Saturday evening, at 7 1/2 o'clock, and at 11 o'clock a. m. and 4 p. m. on Sunday next.

We are requested to state that the ladies and friends of the Methodist congregation intending giving a Fair and Hot Supper on Thursday next, 13th of October. Admission, (including meal supper,) fifty cents; children, twenty-five cents.

We direct attention to the law card of F. B. Hodges, Esq., of Hartwell, Ga., which appears in another column to-day. Mr. Hodges is always prompt and reliable in business matters, and we know him to be a courteous and accommodating gentleman.

Editor Pro Tem.

As the editor will be away from the sanctum until the election is over, the services of Rev. W. E. Walters have been secured for that period. Persons having business with the office will find Mr. J. F. Clinkscales, one of the proprietors, always ready to wait upon them.

The Election.

The Commissioners of Election publish the announcement authorized by law in this issue. It will be observed that the Commissioners have established twenty election precincts, conveniently distributed throughout the county, and quite accessible to every voter.

Another Radical Meeting.

The Radical State Executive Committee announce a series of meetings throughout the State, just before the election, and we observe an appointment for this place on Saturday, 15th of October. We hope they will have the decency to refrain from circulating the stale report that Gov. Scott is expected at their meetings. That dodge has been tried once too often already.

Premium List.

We are compelled to postpone the publication of the Premium List of the Anderson Farmers' Association until next week. The Executive Committee offer a large number of valuable premiums this year, and it is hoped there will be a lively competition in the various departments. The advertisement of the Secretary and Treasurer will be found in another column, and the attention of members and exhibitors is specially directed thereto.

Liberal Arrangement.

We are authorized to state that the Greenville and Columbia and Blue Ridge Railroads will convey articles intended for exhibition at the Third Annual Fair of the Anderson Farmers' Association free of charge. All persons wishing to attend said Fair will be passed over these Roads, going and returning, for one fare, from the 1st to the 5th of November, inclusive. Our exchanges in Greenville, Abbeville, and Walhalla will confer a favor by giving the above an insertion.

A Disappointment.

The citizens of this county were truly disappointed on Monday last, as there were none of the gentlemen present who were advertised to speak on that occasion. Large numbers of people from every section came here, in compliance with the invitation which had been extended through these columns, and they were naturally anxious to know the reason for the failure of the speakers to attend. But it was not in our power to gratify their inquiries, and we are yet without any information as to the cause of the disappointment.

Terrible Freshet.

After an unusually protracted drought, Virginia has been visited by one of the most disastrous floods recorded in modern times. The rain commenced falling last Thursday, and the telegraphic accounts since that time are perfectly appalling. The freshet embraced the upper valley of Virginia, along the Shenandoah, and in the region about Lynchburg. Millions of property has been swept away, and the destruction of railroad bridges, buildings of all kinds, grain, tobacco, fences, cattle, hogs, horses, &c., is incalculable. The number of mills and dams destroyed within the range of the flood is estimated at fifty. Many lives were lost at various points, and the details are perfectly heartrending. The principal streams upon which this great destruction ensued are the Shenandoah and James Rivers. We regret that our space is too limited for the publication of the recent dispatches concerning this terrible disaster.

Importance of the Governor's Election.

It is asserted that undue importance has been given to the election of Governor in the present campaign, and that there is greater necessity to put honest men in the Legislature, in order to reform the abuses of past legislation. We will readily admit all that is claimed as to the prime necessity for sending good and true men to both branches of the General Assembly. But the people should not overlook the vast importance of electing a Governor in harmony with the prevailing sentiment for Retrenchment and Reform. Aside from the immense power wielded by the Governor in pardoning criminals and making appointments of public officials, the authority vested in the Chief Magistrate to veto all measures enacted by the General Assembly is alone sufficient to induce the most vigorous efforts in behalf of electing an honest, capable and impartial Governor. It is admitted by men of all shades of political opinion that neither the Radical or Reform parties will be able to control the Governor by a two-thirds vote in the next Legislature. Thus, if Gov. Scott is re-elected, and there should be a majority of both Houses opposed to him, it would be quite easy for him to veto any measure, good or bad, they might propose; and not having the necessary two-thirds against him, the Legislature would virtually be controlled by the Governor on all questions of public moment. The people must not be misled by any specious arguments, but work manfully for the redemption of the State. It is vitally important, for the successful establishment of an honest government, that the next Governor should be in full accord with the present demand for low taxes and prudent expenditure of the public funds. On the one hand, Judge Carpenter is pledged to secure this boon to the tax-payers, in the event of his election. On the other hand, Gov. Scott has not uttered a syllable during this canvass that gives the slightest hope of any effort upon his part to relieve the masses of these enormities and oppressions. It is a question of plain, commonsense as to whom the people will support, and we have no fears that the ingenious devices and miserable subterfuges concocted by the Radical party, and its aiders and abettors, will deceive the people, white or colored.

Anderson County.

We have been kindly furnished with the annexed statement of the number of acres and square miles in the several townships, by Wm. S. Hall, Esq. Deput. Surveyor. The fractions in acres and square miles are omitted:

Table with 4 columns: No. Townships, Acres, Square Miles. Rows include Fork, Pendleton, Garvin, Brushy Creek, Rock Mills, Centerville, Hopewell, Williamston, Savannah, Vannanah, Broadway, Belton, Corner, Hall, Martin, Honea Path.

Total number of acres in Anderson County, 469,271; total number of square miles, 733.

Nominated for Congress.

Delegates from various counties in the Third Congressional District met in Columbia on Tuesday evening, September 27th, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress. On motion, Col. J. P. Thomas was called upon to preside over the Convention, and Mr. W. E. Carville requested to act as Secretary. The name of John E. Bacon, Esq., of Edgefield, was placed before the Convention, and he was unanimously nominated to represent this Congressional District in the next Congress of the United States. Judge Bacon has already rendered efficient service in the cause of Reform, and having received the endorsement of the party, it is our duty to unite upon him at once and endeavor to elect him as our Representative in Congress.

The Valiant Hoge.

It was announced last week that Solomon L. Hoge had been commissioned as Brigadier-General, and had set out upon a mission to Laurens. He reached that place on Saturday, and after consulting the immaculate Joe Crews, returned next morning, without the object of his visit being made known to the public. The Laurensville Herald thus notices our valiant Representative: "The newly appointed General, it is supposed, will grace his spurs, having distinguished himself as a foot-knight in 1868, in a remarkable night retreat through Anderson county." We presume that Hoge will be about as punctual in the performance of military duties as he has been in Congress, and will absent himself only when it is necessary for his health.

Hon. W. P. Price, of Lumpkin, has been nominated as the Democratic candidate for Congress from the Sixth District of Georgia. Mr. Price was formerly editor of the Greenville Enterprise, and was a member of the South Carolina Legislature for several years. He removed to Dahlonega, Ga., which is his native town, just after the war closed, and is now a member of the Georgia Legislature. His abilities and moral worth entitle him to the highest positions in the power of the people to bestow, and we take pleasure in recording the fact that this just recognition of his services has been made. The nomination of Mr. Price is equivalent to election, as the Democracy of that District are largely in the majority.

Gen. Robert E. Lee.

Thousands of hearts all over the South will thrill with sorrowful emotions at the annexed dispatch from Richmond, dated last Monday: "The Lexington Gazette painfully announces that Gen. R. E. Lee was stricken with paralysis on the 28th ult., since which time he has been altogether speechless. The entire community are bowed with sorrow at this affliction to the old hero, which they regard as a mournful event to the State." The condition of telegraphs and railroads in Virginia prevents the confirmation or details of this sad announcement.

The Circuit Court was still in session yesterday, engaged upon Equity business.

Is Gov. Scott a Public Speaker?

The friends and adherents of the present Chief Magistrate of South Carolina allege that the reason he has not appeared before the people in this campaign lies in the fact that he is not a public speaker, and that Judge Carpenter could literally use him up on the stump. We have no doubt as to the latter statement, but must defer as to the assertion that he is not a public speaker. Did he not travel over seven hundred miles, away from the capital of his "beloved State," and there make a speech defamatory of every decent man in the Commonwealth? When Gov. Scott charged in Washington last March that South Carolina was a nest of assassins, and declared that the Winchester rifle was the best law to govern the freemen of this State, he was making a public speech, most certainly. This celebrated effort was very unsuccessfully, it is true, as a campaign argument, but nevertheless it was made by Gov. Scott in the presence of hundreds, and it does not become him, or his aiders and abettors, to deny his capacity to get upon the stump in the present canvass. Furthermore, in order to draw the colored people to their mass meetings in the up-country, the Radical leaders have always and invariably circulated the report that Gov. Scott was to be present and make a speech to them. It would seem, therefore, that like a great many other Radical arguments, they would have the white people of this State believe one thing and the negroes understand another thing. To the whites, Gov. Scott is excused from speaking on the ground of his inability to cope with Judge Carpenter; while to the colored people, the idea is continually kept before them that Gov. Scott was about to descend from his lofty place and give them counsel in true Radical style. The truth is, and all honest men must admit it, that Gov. Scott feels secure in the confidence of the negroes, and he does not care for the good opinion of the white people, so long as he can manipulate the negro vote and have the colored people follow him blindly. He is the Governor of one party and one race, to the exclusive of the other party and his own race. Else why does Gov. Scott answer the charges made against him by the Reform candidates? He has not deigned a reply, and has shown an utter contempt for the white people on all occasions. This he will continue to do, if re-elected, and he should retain the affection and devotion of the black race. But we have strong hopes that this enchanting picture will be changed on the 19th of October, and that Gov. Scott will realize the fact that he can no longer keep the colored man in abject slavery to his person and party.

Through Tickets to New York.

We are advised by Col. Samuel B. Pickens, General Ticket Agent of the South Carolina Railroad, that "through tickets" from Anderson to New York, via Charleston, have been put on sale at the Anderson depot. The price is \$27.25, which is very much cheaper than by any other route. Splendid steamships are on the line, and elegant accommodations furnished. Meals and state-rooms are included, of course, while on board. Steamers sail regularly from Charleston on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

PRESENTMENT OF THE GRAND JURY.

SEPTEMBER TERM, 1870.

We, the Grand Jury of Anderson County, herewith submit the following presentment:

- 1. That we have not been able to examine carefully the public officers, but so far as our information extends, we find them in good condition and properly kept.
2. That we have carefully examined the jail, and find it properly and neatly kept, the rooms well polished and the prisoners well cared for; but we find that certain repairs heretofore recommended, in our presentment at January term, have not been complied with, and in addition thereto, we recommend that two bunks for each room, large enough for two persons to sleep on, be furnished in the jail.
3. That we have, through a committee of our members carefully examined the condition of our Poor House, and we are pleased to learn that the wisdom of the law, founded in humanity, for the guardian, protection and care of the indigent poor, and others who are subjects of our sympathy and care, are in every respect well and properly cared for, the houses occupied by the inmates and the yards thereto attached are properly policed. Certain repairs, &c., were recommended by the Grand Jury at the last sitting of the Court, which were promptly and faithfully complied with, and we are proud now to state that we believe every protection and comfort is afforded to the unfortunate inmates of our Poor House that Christian virtue and humanity demands. Connected with the institution, we find a small farm in a high state of cultivation, at least so far as we are able to examine. This year three hundred and sixteen bushels of wheat was raised upon the farm, and thirty and one-half bushels of that amount was raised upon about one acre of ground, and there is now a very fine prospect for a corn crop. The present Steward reports that, since he has had charge of the Poor House, forty-three children have been taken away, and that fifty-six paupers still remain. Seventeen of that number are helpless, nine idiots and six that have fits, and sixteen children. The remaining number are constituted of such persons as are able to render some assistance upon the farm and about the premises, and they are to the extent of their ability, without exception, used for the benefit of the institution, and we hold that the customs and rules of the institution, the care and protection of its inmates, are a high vindication of the civilization of the age in which we live and of the humanity of the citizens of this County.
4. That, in reference to the public roads in the County, we are pleased to state that many of them are in excellent condition, which reflects credit upon many neighborhoods and communities, but regret to know that in other neighborhoods and communities this important public duty has been neglected, and we desire to call the attention of the proper authorities to the same. In reference to the public bridges, we find that repairs or new bridges should be had at Smith's Mills, Broadmouth and Geer's Bridge, and in reference to these a careful examination of the proper authorities is invited.
5. We recommend that the Petit Juries be furnished with arm chairs, and that the Grand Jury room be furnished with chairs and a table.
6. We recommend that an Act entitled "An Act to allow Administrators, Executors and

other fiduciaries to sell certain evidences of indebtedness," &c., be so amended as to extend relief to such persons who were regarded good at the time, but owing to subsequent developments and the Homestead Law are not good. We recommend that they be also included in the Bill, under such safeguards as the wisdom of the Legislature may direct.

7. We recommend that the offices of Auditor and Treasurer be elected by the people of the County, and that the Assessors be elected by the citizens of the Township where they serve. But, in our opinion, many of these offices might be dispensed with, and we trust that this matter will be carefully considered by the Legislature at its next meeting.

8. We recommend that the Grand Jury continue to be drawn annually, as we believe this to be to the best interest of the County.

9. We recommend that the right to traverse and the paying of State witnesses be repealed.

10. We find the present fee bill grievous and oppressive, and especially to the poor. We therefore recommend that the new fee bill be repealed and the old fee bill be reinstated.

11. We hold by the Constitution the citizens of this State have a right to elect their Justices of the Peace, and we recommend that the power given to the Governor to appoint be revoked, and that the election be given to the public, according to the provisions of the Constitution. All of which is respectfully submitted.

A. O. NORRIS, Foreman.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE.

On the 17th day of March, 1870, Judge James L. Orr was interviewed by a correspondent of the New York Tribune, and gave utterance to the following severe denunciation of the Radical party, with which he is now associated:

"The results of the last three years have satisfied the people that all the present evils which they complain might have been averted by showing to the colored voters that they intend to maintain their new rights. Large numbers of the best men in South Carolina are even now willing to espouse Republican principles, and would doubtless do so but for the distrust which, as gentlemen of character and intelligence, they naturally entertain toward those who, by accidental circumstances, have been placed in the lead of the Republican party—men who do not, and never did enjoy public confidence; men who are ignorant, corrupt, dishonest and unfit, by reason of their early associations, for decent society.—They were adroit enough, however, to make the more ignorant among the negroes believe them to be their best friends, and by employing all the arts of the demagogue, and an unscrupulous use of disgraceful agencies, they succeeded in being elected to the most important offices in the State."

ITEMS—EDITORIAL AND OTHERWISE.

Gen. Hampton will address a mass meeting of the Union Reform party in Charleston on next Tuesday.

The U. S. Supreme Court has abolished the rule requiring its lawyers to take the iron-clad oath.

Benjamin Mordecai, a prominent citizen and old merchant of Charleston, will shortly remove to New Orleans.

General Ripley and other American officers, at Paris, are organizing a system of rifle pits on the plan which proved so successful in our war.

Mrs. Jane T. H. Cross, wife of Dr. Joseph Cross, and widely known as an accomplished writer, died in Kentucky on Thursday night last.

Dr. Payne, of Newberry, was accidentally shot on Monday last by the discharge of his own gun, from the effects of which he died in about four hours.

This year's cotton crop in Mississippi promises to exceed anything ever heard of in the State since the famous crop of 1860, if, indeed, it does not exceed the one of that year.

The Democratic Convention in the Fifth Congressional District of Georgia nominated Gen. R. W. Casswell for the Forty-first and Judge W. M. Reese for the Forty-second Congress.

An armed force of negroes went upon the plantation of Mr. David Dickson, near Sparta, Ga., and set fire to the largest gin house owned by that extensive cotton planter. The loss is between four and five thousand dollars.

The military preparations of Russia are proceeding on a gigantic scale. The Moscow Gazette says Russia "loses power because France is no longer a counterpoise of Prussia, which is now able to assault her neighbors with impunity."

At Antioch Church, Edgefield county, seven miles North of the Court House, a difficulty occurred on Sunday between Robert D. Brunson and James M. Holson and others, in which several of the parties were wounded, one of them seriously.

M. S. Dover, of Lafayette, Tenn., while attempting to kill his wife, was shot and mortally wounded by her brother, Andrew Kincaid, aged sixteen. Dover, after beating his wife, drew a pistol and fired at her, when young Kincaid drew a pistol and shot him through the body.

It is said that the present Congress will, when it meets in December, repeal the act passed at the last session which removes the necessity of taking the iron-clad oath, by those whose disabilities have been removed. This will prevent members from taking seats in the next Congress who cannot take the test oath.

Hon. Joseph Crews has been made a Colonel on the Staff of His Excellency Governor R. K. Scott. Joseph's exploits as a loan broker in the Legislature, and as a volunteer commander of the militia of Laurens, in their late attack upon a carriage containing two old ladies, are bringing at last their reward.

Gov. Scott made application last week to the United States military authorities for troops, and a company of regulars, numbering fifty, were sent to Laurens, with Col. Smith in command. At the same time three detachments were forwarded to Newberry under Maj. Bredan. The Laurensville Herald reports that supreme quiet reigns in that section.

It is proposed to have a reunion of the graduates of the late State Military Academy in the city of Charleston, on the 8th day of December next. Colonel Branch, the president of the old association, has authorized this notice, and we are requested to state that the Rev. Joseph B. Cottrell, a distinguished graduate, now of Union Springs, Alabama, will deliver an address.

Peter H. Scott, agent of the Southern Express, tried at Laurens C. H. in October, 1869, for robbing the company's safe while in his charge, was discharged on Tuesday last. He was sentenced to twelve months in the penitentiary, his imprisonment (having failed to give bail) in jail to be computed, and pending an appeal to the Supreme Court, the prisoner serves out his sentence.

The surrender of Strasburg is essentially the most important success which the Prussians have achieved since Sedan. The possession of the city gives them the whole line of railway from Strasburg to Paris, thereby shortening their line of communication greatly, and rendering it more secure. In addition, it releases the large army under Von Werder, which has been operating against the city, and which is now free to operate with the armies at Metz or Paris, if needed.

IMPORTANT TO TOBACCO DEALERS.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has directed that the laws in relation to stamping tobacco be rigidly enforced, viz: that stamps used on tobacco boxes must be put upon the sides of the box, instead of the head, as heretofore. The stamp must be so affixed that it will lap over upon two sides of the box. This will prevent the use of the same stamp for more than one box. Hitherto it has been an easy matter to remove the head of the box without defacing the stamp, and thus enable those who were disposed to defraud the government to use the same head in a dozen or more different boxes. Dealers who have tobacco stamped upon the heads of boxes will insure the safety of their stock by at once stamping the boxes upon the sides. Revenue officers are instructed to seize all tobacco not thus stamped.

Wm. F. Packer, ex-Governor of Pennsylvania, died on the 27th ult., at Williamsport in that State, aged 64 years. Mr. Packer received a liberal education, and as long ago as 1830 became prominent in the politics of Pennsylvania, a prominence which he maintained through the changes and vicissitudes of forty years. In politics Mr. Packer was a Democrat. His gubernatorial term of office extended from 1855 to 1861. In the former year he was the Democratic candidate for Governor. His opponent on the Republican ticket was David Wilmot, author of the "Wilmot Proviso." A third ticket, the American, was in the field. Mr. Packer defeated Wilmot by 42,751 majority, and his majority over all was 14,619. Through his long life, both as a man and as a politician, Mr. Packer enjoyed the confidence and respect of his fellow-citizens, and in his death Pennsylvania is deprived of one of her worthiest and most honored citizens.

As a matter of public interest we state that taxes on gross receipts and sales, except those on tobacco, spirits, and wines, will expire on October 1st, and the income tax on incomes over \$2,000 will be 2% per cent. After the date, the use of stamps on promissory notes for less than \$100, and also receipts, checks, and drafts, will expire. On deeds, leases, and contracts, the tax remains.

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UNION REFORM MEETINGS.

The Central Executive Committee of the Union Reform Party for Anderson County have made the following appointments for political meetings to be held at the times and places mentioned, and would urge upon the sub-committees in their respective neighborhoods to make all necessary arrangements. The nominees of the Union Reform Party for Senator and Representatives will address the people upon these occasions. All are cordially invited to attend:

- Brown's Muster Ground, Thursday, October 6.
Holland's Store, Friday, " 7.
Sherard's, Saturday, " 8.
Milford's, Monday, " 10.
Mt. Bethel, Tuesday, " 11.
Neal's Creek, Wednesday, " 12.
Pendleton, Thursday, " 13.
Greenwood, Friday, " 14.
John Long's Store, Saturday, " 15.

By order of the Committee. B. F. CRAYTON, Chm'n. Cen. Ex. Committee for Anderson County.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THIS CELEBRATED MEDICINE Has won a deservedly high reputation as an alleviator of pain and a preserver of health. It has become a HOUSEHOLD REMEDY, from the fact that it gives immediate and permanent relief. It is a purely vegetable preparation, made from the best and purest materials, safe to keep and to use in every family. It is recommended by physicians and persons of all classes, and to-day, after a public trial of thirty years—the average life of man—it stands unrivalled and unexcelled, spreading its usefulness over the wide world. Its large and increasing sale affords positive evidence of its enduring fame. We do not deem it necessary to say much in its favor as one small bottle will do more to convince you of its efficacy than all the advertisements in the world. Give it one fair trial and you would not be without it for ten times its cost. Directions accompany each bottle. Price 25 cts., 50 cts., and \$1 per bottle.



Sometimes, without any assignable cause, the physical strength and animal spirits give way, and a strange torpor falls alike on the body and intellect. There is little or no pain, perhaps, but the natural vigor and elasticity of the nervous and muscular system seems to have departed, and an indifference to the pleasures of life, and even of its grave responsibilities, takes the place of that earnest mind when in a healthy condition.

This state of partial collapse is often the premonitory symptoms of some serious malady. It indicates unmistakably that the vital powers are languishing and need a stimulant. In such cases the effect of a few doses of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is wonderfully beneficial. The great tonic wakes up the system from its drowsy, torpid state, and the circulation receive a new impetus. The relaxed nerves recover their elasticity under the operations of the specific, like the slackened strength of a musical instrument, in the process of tuning. Lethargy and debility are replaced by energy and vigor; the spirits rise, and life that almost seemed a burden while the system was in this state, becomes once more enjoyable. Thus such a radical change should be produced by a remedy entirely devoid of the powerful alkaloids and minerals so extensively used in modern practice, may seem incredible, but if these skeptics will take the trouble to enquire of those who have tested the corrective and alternative virtues of the Bitters, under the circumstances described, they will find the statement to be true.

Important to Builders. Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, and all the materials necessary to finish a house in proper style can be obtained at the lowest market rates direct from the manufacturer, P. P. Todd, Charleston, S. C., who has the largest and most complete manufactory of such articles in the Southern States. See his advertisement in another column.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

- Burning Bush Chapter, No. 7, R. A. M., meets at Anderson C. H. on the first Monday night in every month, at 7 1/2 o'clock. E. FRANKLIN, Secretary.
Hiram Lodge, No. 68, A. F. M., meets at Anderson C. H. on the second Monday night in every month, at 7 1/2 o'clock. E. FRANKLIN, Secretary.
Pendleton Lodge, No. 34, A. F. M., meets at Pendleton on the Saturday or before the full moon in each month, at 8 o'clock p. m. W. H. D. GAILLARD, Secretary.
Living Arch Chapter, No. 21, R. A. M., meets at Pendleton on the Saturday or before the full moon in each month, at 7 o'clock p. m. M. L. SHARPE, Secretary.
Williamston Lodge, No. 24, A. F. M., meets at Williamston on the Thursday or after the full moon in each month, at 10 o'clock a. m. J. R. WILSON, Secretary.

Belton Lodge, No. 130, A. F. M., meets at Belton on the Thursday or before the full moon in each month, at 10 o'clock a. m. W. O. ALEXANDER, Secretary.

Heron Lodge, No. 116, A. F. M., meets at Millford on the first Saturday in every month, at 10 o'clock a. m. G. W. BELCHER, Secretary.

THE MARKETS.

Anderson, Oct. 5, 1870. Cotton—To-day, middlings command 12 1/2. Charleston, Oct. 5. Cotton farmer—middlings 14 1/2. Sales, 600 bales. Cotton dull—uplands 16 1/2. Gold, 136 1/2.

LATEST QUOTATIONS OF SOUTHERN SECURITIES, IN CHARLESTON, S. C., Corrected Weekly by A. C. KAUFMAN, Broker, No. 25 Broad Street.

Table of securities including State Securities (South Carolina, old and new), City Securities (Augusta, Ga. Bonds), Railroad Bonds (Blue Ridge, first mortgage), and various bank bills (Bank of Charleston, Bank of Newberry, etc.).

MASONIC FAIR TO BE HELDEN AT ANDERSON C. H. 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th November Next.

THROUGH the liberality of friends, and the active exertions of the Ladies and Gentlemen appointed to solicit donations for this purpose, the Committee of Arrangement have the pleasure of announcing to the public that a MASONIC FAIR will begin at Anderson C. H. on Tuesday evening, November 2nd, and continue every evening until Friday, November 4th, inclusive.

All articles offered for sale at this Fair will be charged for at reasonable rates, and in all respects the management of this Fair will be upon Masonic principles, so that none may go away dissatisfied.

Refreshments will be furnished every evening in great variety at the Masonic Hall, where the Fair will be held; and through the kindness of the Executive Committee of the Agricultural Society, refreshments will also be furnished during the day-time at the Agricultural Fair Grounds.

The proceeds of the Masonic Fair will be devoted exclusively to the payment of the mortgaged debt of Hiram Lodge, No. 68, A. F. M., and it is hoped that a liberal patronage will be extended by the public generally.

S. M. PEGG, J. B. CLARK, J. O. R. MOORE, H. GARRISON, S. H. LANGSTON, R. S. BAILEY, N. SULLIVAN, Com. of Arrangements.

Notice to the Committees on Donations.

The members of the Committees, male and female, appointed to solicit donations for the Masonic Fair, will please meet at the undersigned at Masonic Hall at 11 o'clock a. m. on Saturday, the 15th day of October, prepared to report fully, if possible, and turn over all the monies collected upon their respective lists. As to other articles contributed, we will make arrangements on that day for their delivery.

It is exceedingly important that every member of the Committees should be present, and that they should be able to make a full report of donations obtained by them; and where money has been subscribed on their lists, that they should be prepared to turn over the entire amount, so that the Committee of Arrangements may receive the aggregate sum, and go forward at once in the discharge of their duty.

It is truly gratifying to state that the news from various members of the Committee is flattering in the extreme, and it is hoped that all will work industriously between now and the 15th of October to secure the largest contributions in their power.

R. S. HILL, Chairman Committee on Donations. Sept 29, 1870.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The many friends of WM. H. HAYNIE, Esq., respectfully announce him as a candidate for re-election to the office of School Commissioner for Anderson County at the ensuing election.

The friends of F. M. WELBORN respectfully announce him as a candidate for the office of School Commissioner for Anderson County at the ensuing election.

The friends of Maj. W. W. HUMPHREYS beg leave to present his name as a candidate for re-election to the office of Probate Judge for Anderson County.

The many friends of Dr. JOHN WILSON respectfully nominate him as a candidate for re-election to the House of Representatives.

The name of the Hon. JOHN WILSON is presented as a candidate for party nominations. Occupying a conservative position, by a long legislative experience, he is best fitted to wield a commanding influence. The people have and will trust him.

The many friends of Col. WARREN D. WILKES, without regard to party names or party nominations, offer his name to the people of Anderson County as a candidate for the House of Representatives. Sound, reliable and conservative, no man would exert a more salutary influence in that body.

The many friends of WILLIAM PERRY, Esq., nominate him as a candidate for the Legislature, believing all parties can safely unite and elect him.

The friends of JOHN SCOTT MURRAY, BALLARD D. DEAN and KENNEDY BRADZALE, announce them as candidates for County Commissioners for the County of Anderson at the ensuing election.

The friends of A. O. NORRIS announce him as a candidate for the office of Judge of Probate for the County of Anderson at the ensuing election. His political disabilities have been removed by the Senate of the United States, but failed to pass the House of Representatives for want of time before adjournment, but will pass in time to take the office if elected.

The friends of JOHN C. HORTON, Esq., would respectfully nominate him as a candidate for County Commissioner at the ensuing election.

The friends of GEORGE W. HAMMOND would respectfully announce him as a candidate for Probate Judge of Anderson County at the next election, without regard to party politics.

The friends of JOSEPH T. KING would respectfully beg leave to re-nominate him as a candidate for School Commissioner of Anderson County.

We are authorized