Thursday Morning, October 21st, 1869.

The sales of real estate advertised in this paper deserve a careful perusal from all wno desire to invest their surplus capital.

Our Columbia advertisers will receive attention next week. Also, the merchants of this place who have favored us with their advertisements will be remembered.

LOUISVILLE COMMERCIAL CONVENTION. This body adjourned on last Saturday, after a session of five days. Ex-President MILLARD FILL-MORE presided. The proceedings as furnished by telegraph are quite meagre, and we cannot present a summary in this issue: The Conventionwill'meet in Cincinnati next October.

### GEORGIA HOME INSURANCE COMPANY.

We invite attention to the advertisement of this Company, in our present issue. It is represented by the Georgia newspapers as perfectly sound and reliable, and we believe that the rates are quite reasonable. Mr. A. B. Towers is the agent for this place and surrounding country, and will take pleasure in attending promptly to all applications.

#### THE NORTHERN ELECTIONS.

The result of the recent elections in Ohio and Pennsylvania is another triumph for the Radical party. Geary's majority in Pennsylvania is about 5,000, while PENDLETON is defeated in Ohio by at least 10,000 votes. Of course, there is a falling liberty and Constitutional Government, and when liberty hoth parties in either State, but we are inoff in both parties in either State, but we are inclined to think that the Democrats came nearer voting their strength than their opponents.

### THÉ GREENVILLE ENTERPRISE:

We are glad to note the enlargement of this valuable journal, and also to learn that its circulation is constantly increasing. Being the only paper published in Greenville, and edited with ability and sagacity, it will prove successful beyond a doubt. We congratulate the proprietor, Mr. John C. Bailer, and wish for him an unending tide of the next elections, both State and Federal. These Mr. Boutwell of the next elections are the next elections.

### THE NEW SECRETARY OF WAR.

The President has appointed Gen. Wm. M. BELKNAP, of Iowa, as Secretary of War, and the position has been accepted. Gen. SHERMAN, who accepted the portfolio with reluctance, and only to mistake these people have rande is in supposing accommodate the President, will retire upon the that the negro did not distinguish between a genarrival of his successor at Washington. Gen. Belknap is only thirty-eight years old, a graduate of Princeton College, New Jersey, and a lawyer By profession. He served in the Federal army from the beginning to the end of the late civil war, in the capacity of aide-de-camp to Gen. SHERMAN. We are not advised as to his political views, but presume that he is a moderate Republican, as GRANT surely has enough to contend with in the way of extremists, and will not likely make another selection of that character.

### EMPORIUM OF FASHION.

It is with pleasure that we invite attention to the attractive advertisement of our friends, Messrs. FOWLER & McDonald, of Abbeville. We are assured that they have now on exhibition the largest and finest assortment of Millinery goods in the up country, and will sell them at astonishingly low prices. Mrs. John A. Wien will give particuhar attention to any orders from this section of the State, and her acknowledged taste and judgment is a guarantee that satisfaction will be rendered. We would suggest to the ladies and citizens generally that a rare opportunity will be afforded to rance, coupled with adherence to principle, will erally that a rare opportunity will be afforded to inspect this handsome stock by visiting Abbeville eventually bring order out of chaos, and restore time (Tuesday morning) as to who were the perduring the Agricultural Fair, which comes off on the 3rd, 4th and 5th of November next. It would be "killing two birds with a single stone"-besides an examination of the goods referred to,. The dominant party has the confidence of the nethe Fair will amply repay a visit, for old Abbeville is wide awake in this matter, and will make a creditable exhibition of her skill and resources.

## THE SOUTHERN EISTORICAL SOCIETY.

This body has made its first contribution to history in the form of a statement of the losses incurred by the Confederate army during the war from 1861 to 1865. This statement is embodied in a correspondence between the able and efficient secretary of the Society and Gen. S. Cooper, formerly Adjutant General of the Confederate States. We publish this correspondence to-day, and deem it worthy of preservation, as it is calculated to shed much valuable light upon the subsays the Louisville Courier-Journal, who had better sources of information than Gen. Coopen, and his mentioning the probable whereabouts of the captured archives of the War Department of the Confederate States may likely produce them. His suggestion that they should be published as a mat ter of history is timely. As the Society proceeds in collecting and publishing the valuable data which will come into their hands, many events

## HON. JEFFERSON DAVIS.

his health, but expresses an earnest desire for will attempt to advise with him. and announces cism from his old friends. He studiously avoids favor of the election of Judge Dent as Governor intend to grasp the situation in all of its bearings.

The foregoing embraces the result of an interview with Mr. Davis, as reported by a correspondent. If this be correct, his views are mild and conservative, and his future will realize the hope entertained by us, that his example as a good citizen will produce favorable results for the coun-

- R. C. Shiver, Esq., has been elected President of the Columbia Board of Trade-a merited compliment to an energetic young man of thorwagh business acquirements.

LETTER FROM JUDGE ALDRICE ON THE PO- ITEMS-EDITORIAL AND OTHERWISE.

The Charleston Courier of last Saturday conains a lengthy epistle from the Hon. A. P. At-DRICH, of Barnwell, on the political situation. It House, died in Mobile on Thursday last. would afford us great pleasure to give the entire letter a place in these columns, as the prominent His wife died several years ago, and their two positions heretofore occupied by the writer entitle children died before her. his views to consideration, but we are compelled to insert only a couple of paragrphs. These, how- five oaths, including the famous "iron clad," beever, contain the pith of his argument, and we do fore he was completely installed. He took them him no injustice in separating them from the main like a man. portion of his letter. Here are the extracts:

I have been preaching patience and principle ever since the war. A great political party, flushed with victory and bloated with spoils, cannot be driven from office in a day; one defeat in such an effort is not disheartening; if the party of the Constitution makes a good fight and bears its banner aloft bravely, every day will bring fresh ad-herents to the cause of truth, and every blunder made by the party in power, weakens its hold on the public confidence. I believe it is Bulwer who with a view, it is said, of making investments. says, "the shortest road to liberty is through at-tenuated pockets;" the great West is learning this-road. The partial legislation in favor of the bondholder and manufacturer—the enormous taxation under which the energies of the country are being prostrated, the greatest the world has ever seen, the wholesale robbery of the people's money by corrupt and thieving officials, the prostration of trade, the ruin of commerce, the overwhelming debt-all these are attenuating the pockets of the people, and turning their baze to the only road that can lead them out of this maze of corruption and ruin. At the risk of exciting your smile of incredulity again, I repeat that I have faith in the of those who have descended from our revolutionary ancestors; it is the hope, the dearest hope of the emigrant and his children. The children of the one, and the children of the other, have both been educated in the idea that this is the land of

fear the latter.

Ah, me! I am weary, sick at heart of this un-rest. We cannot precipitate events. Why not be patient? The rule under which we live in the United States must last until '72. We cannot help it. We cannot change it. What then? Ex-DURE. Work to better our fortunes. Work to better our political condition. God has given us a genial clime, a generous soil, and if we exercise carpet-baggers and recreant Southerners are fast running their race. The former came here to their spoiliations. Their dupe, the negro, is finding out that he has been cheated by both. He is also discovering that his old master, the landed proprietor, the gentleman, is his best friend, because he is honest, just and intelligent. The great ever.' tleman, and a Radical, and a scallawag. They knew the difference all along, but with the cunning of the race have used these carpet-baggers and scallawags to secure their privileges, which they feared might be in danger. Realizing now that slavery is dead, that there is no danger from that they will naturally come back to the class that, they will naturally come back to the class they respect, and who will not cheat them. Why? Because these men are landed proprietors, and will give them work and the means of support between elections. At the next State election if we are wise and prudent, we can control the Legislature and stop the ruinous taxation now sapping the life of the State. At the next Presidential election, if we do not elect the President, we can at least elect enough Democrats to hinder the schemes of plunder that impoverish the land. This is no speculation—thieving, extravagance, debt, interest, excessive taxation, will wear out the patience of any people. Some branch of business will collapse, and then comes the end. But do let us wait. And while we wait, plant corn, rice, cotton, sugar, tobacco, and get all the money we can, to tide us over the reign of financial famine that will follow. Conciliate the negro, our best laborer, and teach him that his best interest is to co-operate with the man who owns the land, and can tend the soil intelligently and profitably. Much of this advice is sound and sensible, and

does credit to its author. Patience and enduto the people of the South their liberties. But in this State there is a practical question constantly looming up before the eyes of its inhabitants. gro, and that class of population embraces a numerical majority of the voters. In order to turn the tide, and check the ruinous taxation imposed by the existing powers, it is necessary that at least 15,000 negro voters should unite with the white people in overthrowing the Radical party. Judge Aldrich says that "at the next State election, if we are wise and prudent, we can control wisdom and prudence which is necessary. He says further that we must "conciliate the negro," but the means to be employed in this work is not suggested. Unless our public men are prepared to indicate the course for the Democratic party in this State to pursue, they had better not rush into ject discussed. There is perhaps no man living, print, for the masses want no abstractions nor long practice in the Sessions is apt to impart to vague declarations. The supreme necessity of the hour is to devise plans whereby the State will be wrenched from the grasp of adventurous plunderers. If this can be done without sacrifice of principle, there will be no trouble to marshal the the next campaign.

For some time past, the newspapers of this State have been discussing this identical question. We now shrouded in mystery will be placed in a much have taken no part in it, for the simple reason that its solution did not seem to us practicable at the present moment. Besides, other issues might arise in the future, and there is ample time to con-We announced the arrival of this distinguished sider them all. But in regard to the conciliatory gentleman in our last issue. He has probably policy proposed by Judge Aldrich, we have a reached Charleston ere this, and will proceed at | word to say. We do not wish to "conciliate the once to Mississippi. He has partially recovered | negro," but rather to teach him by public declarations and private acts that we will do him ample quiet and freedom from the excitement of public and exact justice, recognizing his rights under the affairs in the future. In these expressions he does law, and pledging the Democratic party not to innot intimate any expectation of personal interest terfere with those rights. If such conduct on our in the politics of the day. He fears, nevertheless, part begets confidence, it will be of permanent that some of the local politicians in Mississippi growth, and the negro will appreciate the oft-repeated declaration "that his best interest is to cothat he will repel all such attempts without regard operate with the man who owns the land." Withto the probable consequence of unfriendly criti- out a distinct and settled policy, based upon principle and common sense, we must not expect the all discussion of the present political situation, colored voters of this State to forsake the leaderand when referring to it, expressed a hope that ship of carpet-baggers and recreant Southerners. the liberal Conservative Republicans of the South | Through these instrumentalities they have secured and Democrats in the North would succeed in the extensive privileges under the law, and it is not pending campaigns. Referring to party names, reasonable to suppose that they will throw off their Mr. Davis is reported to have said that the Demo- allegiance to the Radical party unless they feel crats of the Nor h represent what is left of the perfectly safe in every respect that their present principle of self-government, while the Conserva- advantages will not be lessened. This is substantive Republicans of the South represent all that is tially the ground occupied in other Southern left of the same principle to the people of this States, but as yet we have seen no indications that section. Finally his friends report him to be in the leaders of the Democratic party in this State

> THE CAROLINA FARMER .- The October number of this valuable work is on our table, filled with articles of interest and profit to the farmer. This number closes the first volume, and is the last of the monthly series. On the fourth of November the first number of the Weekly will appear; and hold, in its new form it will no doubt prove much for C tain eight pages of five columns each; and in addition to a largely-increased amount of agricultural matter, will give miscellaneous, family reading, wear free, to all new subscribers received in Octopressing debt. more acceptable to its many readers. It will conral matter, will give miscellaneous, family reading, market reports and the general news of the day. The subscription price (\$2.00 per year) will not be changed. Address, W. H. BERNARD, Editor be changed. Address, W. H. BERNARD, Editor Jupp & Co., 245 Broadway, New York. and Proprietor, Wilmington, N. C.

- Capt. Godfrey, the proprietor of the Battle - The late President Pierce left no family.

- Governor Walker, of Virginia, had to take

- Maj. John S. Lafferty, of the Lexington (Va.) Gazette, has been appointed superintendent of the typographical and stenographical department of

- Two gentlemen from Lincolnshire, England, Messrs. Lenox and Graham, said to be very wealthy, are now on a visit to this State. They are making examinations in regard to mining,

- Mr. Taylor, financial agent of Messrs. Cresswell & Co., the contractors of the Blue Ridge Railroad, left Columbia on Wednesday for his home. He selected a residence and an office for

the company in Columbia. - At Columbus, Ga., they are making cotton blankets, apparently very warm and comfortable, with a good body and nap on each side, handsomely bordered in colors. They are much cheap-

er than woollen blankets, and less porous. - F. G. De Fontaine, Esq., is on a lecturing virtue and intelligence of the people: They do not reason; they feel. Liberty is the birthright is the "Poetry and Humors of the War." Our tour in the eastern part of this State. His theme friend "Personne" is fully qualified to speak upon these topics, and we wish him great success.

- The Columbia Phaniz understands that Gov. Scott has decided upon the resumption of studies in the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Asylum, located in Spartanburg county, and has appointed Professor they will have it back, either through the ballot J. M. Hughston as Superintendent, with a full box or the cartridge box. I hope the former. I corps of assistants.

- The signature to a valuable document in Alexandria, Va., was written with purple ink, and to the dismay of the possessor, it has faded entirely away. A paper in that city accordingly condemns the use of purple ink for legal documents, but suggests that it would be highly appropriate

- Just previous to the Pennsylvania election, Mr. Boutwell, the Secretary of the Treasury, made a speech in Philadelphia, in which he desteal; the latter have joined with them to share clares that the National debt "was to be paid, principal and interest, according to the terms of the contract, in coin, or that which men will receive as the equivalent of coin, without any abatement what-

- The Columbia Phaniz is informed that the Board of Trustees of the University of South Carolina, at a recent meeting, elected Dr. John Lynch as Professor of Physiology and Materia Medica, and Prof. Faber, of the Furman University, as Professor of Modern Languages and Literature, and temporarily of Ancient Languages

- Mrs. Ottendorfer is the sole proprietor of the argest German daily newspaper in the City of New York. Many years ago her husband died, leaving her a large family of children and a small paper. She went earnestly to work at once, attending herself to all the details of the office, and she now controls a very rich and powerful journal. She drives to her office in the morning, looks after the multitudinous affairs, and returns to her elegant home at three o'clock in the after-

- The Edgefield Advertiser states that "a murder was committed in the vicinity of the Rocky Ponds, on the western side of our county, on Saturday night last, in the shooting and killing of a puts his crop in the market before it is gathered, colored man by the name of John Landrus, and and begins distributing its proceeds before the his wife Louisa, both of whom were found lying duce of his land with a firm clutch, and would dead on the floor of their house on Saturday rather embarrass himself and all his neighbors a few days previous to his death, was paid by his employer some forty or fifty dollars, and it has been intimated that this murder was committed career, it needs no wizard to reveal the commerwith the view of obtaining the money which he was known to have in his possession."

For the Anderson Intelligencer.

CHARCOAL SKETCHES OF CONGRESSIONAL

Among the notabilities of this grand political Sanbedrim, like Milton's Satanic hero, towering the Legislature;" but he does not point out the above all his compeers, stands the great Corypheus of the discomfitted impeachers-Butler, surnamed the Beast.

In intellectual endowments, all that can be said of him is, that he ranks considerably below the standard of respectable mediocrity-possesses to some extent that intellectual nimbleness which its votaries, and is, upon the whole, a fair specimen of the blustering, brawling, bullying, un-

scrupulous pettifogger. As it is not to his intellectual endowments, however, but to his moral characteristics, that he hosts of Democracy under a victorious banner in is alone indebted for his wide-spread celebrity, the picture of this moral monstrosity would be incomplete should we omit to notice some of the more prominent of those characteristic traits enduring infamy.

The reputed son of a Pirate-bimself a predigy of turpitude, and stamped with every crime that most degrades humanity. Thrifty in his very vices—hence a thief, a convicted liar, the insulter of women, a coward and a murderer and produce happiness, where all was misery. nsulter of women, a coward and a murderer. In fine, "a wretch-upon whom all the multiplying villainies of nature do crowd upon him." In his pursuits a perfect Proteus.

Within the short space of a revolving morn, Was warrior, spoon-thief, statesman and buffoon.'

His hour of retribution may be distant, but it overtake him it must, like his great prototype, to 233. Byron's piratical hero-

Will leave a felon's name to other times, Linked with no virtue, but a thousand crimes." PETER PORCUPINE.

A SUPERB JOURNAL FOR ANY HOME.-We do not

believe there is any way in which our readers could invest the small sum of one dollar and a half where it would bring them so large returns both, in profit and satisfaction, as in a subscription for the elegant journal of which we have just now received the October number-the American Agriculturist. It was originally started 28 years ago, specially as a rural journal, and its motto ever since has been "Excelsior." Its size is now increased to 44 pages, with a beautiful cover upon each number, and it is literally crammed with most useful information for all classes, upon matters pertaining to the Farm, Garden, and Household, with a pleasing and instructive department for Children and Youth. The beautiful engravings alone, in each number, are worth the cest of

THE SOUTHERN TRADE IN NEW YORK.

In the course of an elaborate article reviewing the condition and prospects of the fall trade, the New York Tribune says: The key-note of the present commercial situa-

tion in the great metropolis is exactly struck by the significant remark of a leading wholesale jeweller in Maiden lane: "The Southern trade has been the salvation of New York this fall;" and certainly the extraordinary increase of Southern business in New York markets has given the fall trade of 1869 a volume and a soundness unparalleled since the war. Some observers have ventured to speak of the trade with the South as trebled since 1868, but this is unquestionably an exaggeration; although in many branches, and enpecially in boots and shoes, groceries, jewelry, clothing and Washington College, over which Gen. Lee presides. dry goods, moderate estimates place the advance at from 25 to 75 per cent., with a prospect, in numerous instances, of a continued and heavy late trade, which will probably bring the aggregate Southern business of the season up to twice the amount of last year. This indicates a most prosperous and encouraging state of affairs in the re-gion lately devastated by the rude hand of war, and a brief review of the course of Southern trade

Oct since the close of the rebelion will show that New York dealers are justified in taking a rose-colored view of the situation. In the fall of 1865, the South was so destitute of supplies that every one engaged in merchandizing made money with a rapidity that enticed many inexperienced men into attempting a mercantile life. In 1866, these explanters, professional men, Northern speculators and other novices bought heavy stocks upon small capital, and flooded the South with more goods than could be retailed at profitable rates. As a necessary consequence, many of this class of dealers were compelled to sell out at any price, and quit a business they did not understand. In 1867, their successors bought boldly in September and October upon the strength of the good cotton crop of that year, but the sudden fall of 60 or 70 per cent. in the price of the great staple later in the season upset all their calculations and entailed a second year of commercial misfortune upon the South. In 1868 another good cotton crop was gathered, and of this the Southorn people realized the profits, instead of the speculators who had carried off the lion's share the year before. Disaster had taught prudence and compelled economy, and returning good fortune enabled the Southerners to re-establish themselves on a sound and comfortable footing. And now comes the cotton crop of 1869 to swell this tide of prosperity, to insure plenty, and even luxury, at the South; to fill the coffers of the merchants of Manhattan, and to spread its beneficial influence throughout the civilized world. In no country but the South, and with no crop but cotton, can three hundred millions of wealth be so easily created in a twelvemonth out of the soil. And while this holds true, the Southern trade must continue the mainstay of mercantile prosperity in New York. Not only does the cotton crop this year furnish a br. al and satisfactory basis for Southern trade, but the business is almost universally in good and experienced hands, old merchants who traded here before the war having taken advantage of the bankrupt law, accumulated sufficient capital for a business ven ture, and made their appearance in New York this fall in unusual numbers. Caution is also manifested against overstocking (a fault to which South ern dealers are especially prone,) the increase in the volume of trade being due to the greater num-ber of buyers, rather than to the purchase of heavier invoices. Few favors are asked in the way of credit, many dealers paying cash, and the others giving very satisfactory papers. In all respects the Southern trade this fall is excellent, but the same cannot be said of trade with the West .--In New England trade no change is observed, and in New York and Pennsylvania a visible improvement is noted in some instances; but in the West a degree of embarrassment prevails which delays business, hinders collections and makes cautious merchants chary of selling largely except for cash. Recent letters from Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota corroborate this statement, and attribute the evil mainly to the action of the farmers in Money is in extreme demand for moving the crops, and business, which has, moreover, been decidedly overdone in many localities, feels the

holding back last year's produce for a rise. pressure keenly. The contrast between the shrewd but sometimes overreaching Westerner, and the liberal, but perhaps prodigal Southron, is clearly seen and fett in this state of affairs. The latter the Western plan claps down the brakes of trade and now that the South, of old the favorite market cial quarter for which shrewd merchants will hereafter steer their course and trim their sails.

Don't Loan It .- A good many people, who think too much of their money will want to borrow this copy of our paper. Don't loan it to them. If they want to read it, let them subscribe and pay for it as you do-or, as you ought to do, if you haven't done it. Some persons think that they can depend upon borrowing from their neighbors, and that it is a matter of a small consequence. So it would be, if they were not just as able to afford the expense of a newspaper as those from whom they borrow.

HEARTH AND HOME. - This is an excellent family newspaper, and is highly appreciated in our household. To all who subscribe at present for the next year, the publishers propose to send the paper at once, making no charge for the copies issued from now until the first of January, 1870. Single copies, \$3; three copies, \$9; five copies, \$12, and all over five at the same rate. Address, Pettin-gill, Bates & Co., 37 Park Row, New York.

Ills that Flesh is Heir To.

Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swelling of the Glands and Joints, Eruptions of which have stamped upon their possessor such an the Skin, Secondary, Syphilis with all its train of evils, Impure Blood, Female Diseases, Low Spirits, Liver Complaint, Nervousness, &c., &., fall to the lot of mankind. But, happily, they have their antidote. DR. TUTT'S SARSAPARILLA and QUEEN'S DELIGHT possesses the qualities to ex-

## The Markets.

Anderson, Oct. 20, 1869. The cotton market for the past week has been active, and good prices obtained. The market s inevitable; and when it does overtake him, as opened brisk to-day, at prices ranging from 221

Corn. \$1.50 to \$1.75; Peas, \$1.40 to \$1.50; Bacon, 20 to 25; Flour, \$8.00 to \$12.00; Wheat, \$1.75 to \$2.00; Oats, \$1.00.

BY TUESDAY EVENING'S MAIL.

Augusta, Oct. 18, 1869. Cotton market active and firm, with sales of 510 Cotton market action bales—middlings 243.

Charleston, Oct. 18, 1869.

Cotton active and firmer, with sales of 550 bales, New York, Oct. 18, 1869

Cotton quiet, at 264. Gold, 211.

## ANDERSON BAPTIST CHURCH.

The undersigned Committee hereby give notice that the debt for building the Baptist Church at this place has been reduced from the original amount of some \$2,300 to \$1,220, Judgment having been obtained at the last Court for the \$1,220. Those who have already subscribed to the payment of this debt are earnestly requested to call immediately and pay in their subscriptions, and all interested are requested to call and aid us all in their power to liquidate this important and

Oct 21, 1869

S. BLECKLEY, W. S. KEESE. Committee.

SPECIAL NOTICE.-To parties in want of Doors, Sashes and Blinds, we refer to the advertisement of P. P. Toale, the large manufacturer of those goods in Charleston. Price list furnished on ap-

LIME! LIME!

A good quality of FRESH BURNT LIME can be had at my Kiln, 14 miles west of Laurens C. H., at 25 cents per bushel.

JOSHUA ELLEDGE. Oct 21, 1869

Last Notice.

PERSONS indebted to the undersigned are hereby notified that they must make payment on or before the 1st day of November next, as longer indulgence will not be given, and all Notes and Accounts remaining in my hands after that date will be placed with an officer for collection. This is positively the last warning I intend to give, and in order to save costs prompt payment must be made.

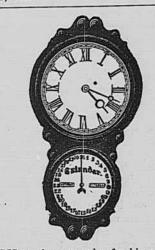
WM. M. OSBORNE. Oct 21, 1869

### Administrator's Sale.

WILL be sold, at the late residence of Stephen Shirley, deceased, eight miles southeast of Anderson C. H., on Friday, 5th day of November next, the Personal Property of said deceased, to

Three Mules, Hogs, Cattle, Household and Kitchen Furniture. Terms cash.

JAMES B. MOORE, Adm'r. Oct 21, 1869



where they are made. No danger, therefore, of getting a worthless imitation.

Oct 21, 1869

17

TOWERS & BUR

OPENING, 1869,

# J. H. & M. L. KINARD'S, Compound Fluid Extract of Sarsa-

COLUMBIA, S. C.

WE have just received, and have ready for ex amination, the largest and most attractive stock that it has ever been our pleasure to exhibit, consisting of everything pertaining to a

First Class Dry Goods House. Also, a full line of Carpetings, Oil Cloth, Win-

dow Shades, Cornices, &c., &c. Our stock is so extensive and varied that it is impossible to enumerate. We therefore invite our friends, and all in want

of good and Cheap Dry Goods, To call and see for themselves. We guarantee

satisfaction as to style, quality and price.

J. H. & M. L. KINARD, Main street, Columbia.

Incorporated 1859.



CAPITAL, - - \$350,000!

J. F. BOZEMAN, President. D. F. WILLCOX, Secretary.

CONTINUES to furnish perfect security against loss or damage by fire on all kinds of insurable prop-

erty at adequate rates.

Agents can be found at every prominent point in the Southern States, to whom applications for insurance may be made. Apply to
A. B. TOWERS, Agent,

Anderson C. H., S. C.

BLECKLEY Don't market pri Cheap 00 EVINS in this Goods Cash 9 or 25 large Cotton well-selected BLECKLEY

Pendleton, CD a

In the Probate Court.

them

Sarah Shirley vs. Susan L. Smith and husband, et al. -Petition for sale of Land,

IT appearing to my satisfaction that Drue Bur ford and Margaret E. Burford, Defendants in the above stated case, reside beyond the limits of this State, on motion of John B. Moore, Sol. pro. pet., Ordered, That they do appear, plead, answer or demur to the Petition within forty days, or an or-der pro confesso will be entered of record against W. W. HUMPHREYS,

Judge of Probate Anderson County.

QUICK SALES

SMALL PROFITS.

THE undersigned are now receiving their Fall

the following articles: DRY GOODS!

and Winter stock of Goods, consisting in part of

Calico, DeLaines, white and red Flannels, Opera Flannels, Brown and Bleached Shirtings and Sheetings, Brown and Bleached Drills, Duck, for meal sacks, Plaid Linsey, Blankets, Plains,

Kerseys, Satinets, An extra article of Jeans, Wool Shawls, &c. Hardware, Nails and Castings.

An extra good lot of

SHOES AND BOOTS, For men, women and boys.

HATS AND CAPS, GROCERIES,

The best article of Rio and Java Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Salt, Soda. Soup. Starch, Indigo, Madder, Extract Logwood and Concentrated Lye, Blue Stone,
The best black and green Tea,
EXTRA NO. 1 KEROSINE OIL, of C. West & Son,

Rice, of the new crop, Bagging—extra heavy and wide, Rope, Ties, extra Leaf Lard, New Mackerel, by retail, Cheese, Crackers, Candy, Raisins, Maccaroni, Currants, Citron, &c., &c. Cider and White Wine Vinegar,

Crockery and Glassware, Tin Ware and Wooden Ware, Upper and Sole Leather. EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR, New Buckwheat Flour.

We ask our friends and customers to call and look at our stock, as we wish to show the QUALI-TY of our Goods, which we will sell as low as such goods can be bought in this market. We take in exchange for goods, Gold, Silver, Greenbacks, Cotton, Bacon, Corn, Fodder, Butter, Eggs; HARRIS continues to order for his customers backs, Cotton, Bacon, Corn, Fodder, Butter, Eggs, those fine WALTHAM WATCHES and SETH THOMAS CLOCKS direct from the factories the factories of the factories and set of the factories o

> TOWERS & BURRISS, No. 4 Granite Row, Anderson, S. C.

GEORGE W. CARPENTER'S parilla. GEORGE W. CARPENTER'S

Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu-THESE celebrated preparations, originally introduced by George W. Carpenter, under the patronage of the medical faculty, have been so long extensively used by Physicians and others, that they are generally known for their intrinsic value, and can be relied on as being most valuable remi edies in all cases where Sarsaparilla or Buchu are applicable, and cannot be too highly recommended. They are prepared in a highly concentrated form, so as to render the dose small and convenient. Orders by mail or otherwise will receive

prompt attention. GEORGE W. CARPENTER, HENSZEY & CO. Wholesale Chemical Warehouse, No. 737 Market street, Philadelphia. For sale by Walters & Baker and W. H. Nardin & Co., Anderson, S. C. Dowie & Moise, Whole-sale Agents, Charleston, S. C.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

Oct 21, 1869

ANDERSON COUNTY. IN THE COMMON PLEAS-EQUITE SIDE. oseph N. Brown, Ex'or, vs. Berry Hix and wife: Nancy Hix .- Petition for Relief.

IT appearing to my satisfaction that Berry Hix and wife, Nancy Hix, reside beyond the limits of this State, on motion of Wm. S. Brown, Sol. Pro.

Ordered, That said Defendants do appear and plead, answer or demur to aforesaid petition for relief, within forty days from the publication hereof, or the same will be taken professo against

JOHN W. DANIELS, C. C. P. Anderson County. Clerk's Office, Oct. 21, 1869 17-6

**OPENING** 

REED'S.

I have just received and have ready for examination, the largest and most attractive STOCK that it has ever been my pleasure to exhibit. I therefore invite my friends, and all in want of good and cheap Goods, to call and see for themselves.

C. A. REED. Corner Anderson Hotel.

CLERK'S SALE.

In Equity--Anderson.

BY virtue of a decretal order from the Honorable James L. Orr, Circuit Judge, to me directed, I will sell on the TWENTY-EIGHTH DAY OF OCTOBER instant, at the late residence of Wm. Welborn, deceased, the Real Estate of said deceased, consisting of one

Valuable Tract of Land,

Containing 334 acres, more or less, situate in Anderson county, on waters of Hurricane creek and Saluda river, bounded by lands of Thomas Oldham, R. H. Welborn and others. The Tract contains a valuable body of river bottom land, which may be seen on day of sale.

TERMS.—On a credit of twelve months, with in-

terest from day of sale, except the costs, which must be paid in cash. The entire purchase money may be paid in cash, or payment may be an-ticipated at any time. JOHN W. DANIELS,

C. C. P. Anderson County. October 7, 1869

NOTICE!

I will sell at auction, at Pendleton, S. C., on FRIDAY, 19th of November next, a TRACT OF LAND, containing 191 acres, more or less, situa-

ted in Anderson county, and on Twenty-Three Mile creek, adjoining lands of Mrs. Tunno, Mc-Elroy and others, known as the Richey, but latterly as the Jesse Gray place. Persons wishing to buy a small farm, on which there is some good productive lands, would do well to go and look all over the place. Terms Cash.

J. B. SITTON, Agent for Creditors.