

# Anderson Intelligencer.

## The Future of Southern Agriculture.

That the lands of Dixie, none on the globe are more fertile, and none yield a greater variety of the necessities and luxuries of human life. Within its limits are soil and climate by nature adapted to the growth of every animal and vegetable known to the temperate zones and to most of those of the tropics. In the past these natural advantages have been but indifferently used by the people of the South. But now, we do not hesitate to declare the time ripe for the introduction and general adaptation of all the arts and implements known to the most liberal and advanced system of agriculture. Nay! more, we confidently anticipate for agriculture in the South, a career more brilliant, with results more astounding, than the world has yet seen.

Southern Agriculture consists naturally of two great departments, that differ widely and demand widely different systems of culture and management. There are farming which differs in no essential degree from the same calling as practiced elsewhere, and planting which is peculiar to the South. Ignorance of this difference has misled many writers, and disregard of it has killed many others into recommending to the planters plows and systems most excellent, perhaps, for the farm, but wholly inapplicable to the plantation. And because the planter, seeing their unfitness, declines to adopt them, it has come to be quite the fashion to abuse him as anti-progressive and stupid. Many of these writers have, of late, gone so far as to advocate the rubbing out of the word Planter, and substituting Farmer in its stead. Now, all such advice is simply absurd. When the practice of planting ceases the word planter will go out of use. Until then, its use is right and proper and will be continued. But, though planting is destined to continue the chief occupation of the people in eight of the Southern States, it by no means follows that it is to remain in statu quo. On the contrary, it is in the culture of cotton, sugar and rice, the three specialties of the plantation, that we anticipate the greatest improvement; greater, indeed, than has been worked in any other branch of agriculture during this century. This revolution is to begin, or rather it has begun, in the development of unimagined productiveness in the cotton plant, through the agency of applied manures and improved cultivation; and is to be continued and extended through the agency of machinery. Slave labor was of so low a grade that, in measure, it compelled those who used it to retain an inferior system of cultivation. While slavery lasted, it would have been difficult, perhaps impossible, for the planters to introduce any very high grade of culture.

But slave labor had one great virtue which counterbalanced all its vices, and that was its *fixedness*. It might not be best, but it was always at hand. This, to the planter, is an indispensable requisite. He must have his labor always at command. This, the only superior virtue of slave labor, was abolished along with slavery. Negro labor is no longer fixed—it is no longer biddable. This last virtue can be supplied only by machinery. During the existence of slavery the planters felt themselves able to ignore the aid of machinery. But they cannot ignore its help now. Nor will the attempt be made. On the contrary, the time is but short when the whistle of the steam plow will resound through the plantations of the South. In no long time, all the powers of mechanism will be taxed to meet the planter's demands for biddable labor. And as the demand is met, the number of field hands employed will diminish—until the lowest number is reached. This, indeed, is now the problem for the planter to solve: *How to do the work required with the fewest hands.*

Another piece of advice that the class of writers above referred to, are continually, of late, urging upon the planters, is the breaking up of plantations into small farms. Now, the *Dixie Farmer* is par excellence the friend of mixed husbandry, and never will advise the putting of all the eggs in one basket. But a variety of crops is just as easily grown on a plantation as on a farm. And the *Dixie Farmer* prefers to see the planters add other crops to their cotton, sugar and rice, instead of substituting other crops for those staples. Planting is naturally a wholesale business. It never has been successfully carried on by retail, and in all probability, it never will be. On the contrary, the effect of machinery on planting will undoubtedly be the same that it has been on manufacturing, that is, to increase the scope and compass of establishments, and the absorption of all neighboring little shops. This introduction of machinery will increase the breadth of land in cultivation under one proprietorship; and it is about as absurd to regret such a result, as it would be to desire that innumerable little shops should take the place of the giant factories among manufacturers. From this outlook the future of the Southern planter is very brilliant. It depends on themselves alone whether this future be realized, or remain only a creation of the imagination.

The future of Southern farmers is not less promising, if a wise use is but made of the gifts of God, and the inventions of man. Naturally, the introduction of new systems of culture, and the use of machinery, must be slower on the farm than on the plantation, because the crops, being more numerous, the operations are more diverse, calling for a greater variety of machinery. The tendency, however, is the same in both farming and planting, and the necessity is the same. The difference is only in degree.

The great staples of the Southern States, that are not planting States, are corn, tobacco, wheat, grass, and live stock of various kinds. In obedience to the laws of climate and soil, which control the production of the farmer, these will continue to be the staples, and whatever improvement is made will be in the quality of these articles.

Sheep husbandry, or the pastoral branch of Agriculture will, in all probability, be comparatively more largely increased than any other branch of stock-raising. And next to this, cattle breeding. At least, such is the present tendency of things. Of the tilled crops, wheat seems to have the widest margin, and to be winning ground most rapidly. The chief products,

then of the coming improvement in Southern farming will, in all probability, be a large increase of grass, wheat, sheep, and cattle, with proportionate increase in all their crops now grown. Another product of this improvement be the building of better houses for the farmer and his stock, the making of better roads, the systematizing of all farm labor, and the elevation of the social culture of all the occupants of the farm.

Such, briefly told, is the probable future of Southern Agriculture, as we see it. Such is the future for which we labor. That it is attainable we have not a shadow of doubt. That it will be attained we cannot doubt, while we keep faith in the Southern people.—*Dixie Farmer*.

A QUEER HYMN BOOK.—A good joke is told of a preacher in Nebraska, who had dined with a friend just before afternoon services. As it happened, this friend occasionally luxuriated in a smile of the ardent, and sometimes carried a morocco-covered flask in his overcoat pocket. By mistake, the minister took the friend's overcoat for his own on his departure, and, walking into the pulpit, began the exercises without doffing the garment, it being rather chilly in the room. Looking very ministerially over his congregation, from behind his spectacles, he began drawing from his pocket, as he supposed, his hymn book, with the introductory remark that the congregation would sing from a particular page which he had selected beforehand.

The minister held the supposed book up in full sight of the congregation, and attempted to open it sideways, but it was no go. The situation was realized in a moment, but alas! too late. His reverence was dumfounded, the whole scene was made ludicrous by a fellow in the back part of the congregation, not altogether too sober, who drawled out: "Say, Mister, can we all (hic) jine in that ar hymn?"

SENATOR SPRAGUE'S SOUTHERN PURCHASES.—The Dungeness estate, near Fernandina, Fla., recently purchased by Senator Sprague, of Rhode Island, comprises 6,000 acres; the mansion now on it will be fixed up for a winter residence. The land is to be reserved for gardens, parks, drives and hunting grounds. The place is called "The Gem of Cumberland Island." Senator Sprague has also purchased a fine plantation of 3,000 acres on the same island, which will be devoted to the cultivation of rice. The lands are of a good quality, with a valuable growth of live oak. The price paid is ten dollars per acre.

Two electioneering requirements—wind bags and money bags.  
Why is a dog's tale a great novelty? Because no one ever saw it before.  
The next style of bonnet is to be a bead and two inches of ribbon, fastened with a hair-pin.  
As soon as a young gentleman begins to make rhymes, he is sure to get type-us fever.  
"Have I not offered you every advantage?" said a father to his son. "Oh, yes," replied the youth, "but I could not think of taking advantage of my father."  
No man can tell from his ledger whether he is rich or poor. He is one or the other, according to what he is, not according to what he has.  
It may serve as a comfort to us in all our calamities and afflictions, that he who loses anything and gets wisdom is a gainer by the loss.  
An Illinois editor, speaking of a rogue who lived in his vicinity, says: "The rascal has broken every bank, jail and Sabbath we have had in this country for the past five years."  
An old lady reading an account of the death of a venerable and distinguished lawyer, who was stated to be the "father of the Philadelphia bar," thus exclaimed: "Poor man! he had a dreadful set of noisy children."

An imaginative Irishman gave utterance to this lamentation: "I return to the halls of my fathers by night, and found them in ruins! I cried out aloud, 'My fathers, where are they?' and echo responded, 'Is that you, Patrick McCarthy?'"

The editor of the Holmes County *Farmer* says: "The woman who made the butter which we bought last week is respectfully requested to exercise more judgment in proportioning the ingredients. The last batch had too much hair in for butter, and not quite enough for a water-fall. There is no sense in making yourself bald headed, if butter is thirty-five cents a pound."  
"I never knew anything gained by being in too much of a hurry," said Mrs. Partridge. "When me and my dear Paul was married, he was in such a participation, that he came near marrying one of the bridesmaids instead of me. And he was such a queer man," she continued; "why, he joined the fire wood brigade, and one night in his hurry he put his boots on hind part afore, and as he ran along, every body behind got tripped up. The papers was full of crowners' quests on broken legs and limbs for a week afterwards," and she relapsed into an abstraction on the ups and downs of life.  
Judge Portly got up an earthquake tablean recently. He had taken supper with an old thespian friend after the performance at the theatre. Both being in a convivial mood, numerous bottles as well as jokes were cracked. Finally, the judge found himself on the way to the bedside of his stately spouse. Not wishing to disturb the slumber of the old lady, the Judge thought he would grope his way silently to bed in the nearly darkened room; but that last pickled oyster had upset his centre of gravity, and stumbling over an ottoman the Judge went to the carpet with a force that made the glass-ware jingle, the windows rattle and the floor tremble. "Merciful heavens!" exclaimed Mrs. Portly, as she rose from her couch and turned on the gas. "My dear, are you hurt?" "No, but I think the earthquake must have reached New York," replied the old sport, trying to regain his equilibrium. "I think so too, for I am really shocked!" said Mrs. P., as she realized the situation.

## DR. J. W. GURLEY,



## DENTIST,

Office over M. Lesser's Store.  
FULL SETS of Artificial Teeth inserted on the Vulcanite Base, for from Twenty to Thirty-five Dollars, that for utility, comfort and beauty, cannot be excelled.  
Prices, both in the operative and mechanical department, as low as in Columbia or Charleston.  
Having been in practice for ten years, he feels confident of giving entire satisfaction.  
May 13, 1868 47 8m

## SOUTHERN

## SORGHO SUGAR COMPANY.

THE undersigned, as General Agents for the above Association, propose to organize in Anderson and other Districts, companies for the purpose of Manufacturing Sugar, and Refining Syrup from the juice of the Sorghum Cane.  
Several of these companies are now in successful and profitable operation in the United States, and the Sugar and Syrup produced by them have been examined by competent judges and pronounced unequalled. We propose  
1st. To manufacture a bright golden syrup, equal in flavor to any syrup.  
2nd. To manufacture from five to seven pounds of Sugar per gallon of syrup, not inferior to any brown sugar, and far superior to many varieties, the residum of syrup still.  
W. P. PASSMORE,  
T. A. HARRISON,  
T. L. BOZEMAN,  
J. S. HAMMOND,  
Agents.  
Further information may be had by addressing Dr. W. P. Passmore, at Greenville, C. H., or either of the above, at Fountain Inn, Greenville District. Samples of this sugar may be seen at the Intelligencer Office.  
Oct 14, 1868 17

DEMAREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE, a universally acknowledged the Model Paper Magazine of America, devoted to Original Stories, Poems, Sketches, Household Matters, Gems of Thought, Personal and Literary Gossip, (including special departments on Fashions), Instructions on Health, Music, Amusements, etc., by the best authors, and profusely illustrated with costly engravings, useful and reliable Patterns, Embroideries, and a constant succession of artistic novelties, with other useful and entertaining literature.  
No person of refinement, economical housewife, or lady of taste, can afford to do without the Model Monthly. Specimen copies, 15 cents, mailed free. Yearly, \$5.00; three copies, \$7.50; five copies, \$12.00; and splendid premiums for clubs at \$3 each. A new Bartram & Fenton Sewing Machine for 20 subscribers at \$3 each.  
Publication Office, 833 Broadway, New York.  
Demarest's Monthly and Young America together \$4, with the premiums for each.  
Jan 21, 1869 31

DEMAREST'S YOUNG AMERICA, ENLARGED. It is the best Juvenile Magazine. Every boy and girl that sees it says so. All the Press say so; and parents and teachers confirm it. Do not fail to secure a copy. A good Microscope, with a Glass Cylinder to confine living objects, or a good two-bladed, pearl Pocket Knife, and a large number of other desirable articles, given as premiums to each subscriber. Yearly, \$1.50. Publication Office, 833 Broadway, New York.  
Try it, Boys and Girls. Specimen copies, ten cents, mailed free.  
Jan 21, 1869 30

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE FOR 1869. THE first edition of One Hundred Thousand of Vick's Illustrated Catalogue of Seeds and Guide in the Flower Gardens is now published. It makes a work of 100 pages, beautifully illustrated, with about 150 Fine Wood Engravings of Flowers and Vegetables, and an elegant colored plate, a Bouquet of Flowers.  
It is the most beautiful, as well as the most instructive Floral guide published, giving plain and thorough directions for the Culture of Flowers and Vegetables.  
The Floral Guide is published for the benefit of my customers, to whom it is sent free without application, but will be forwarded to all who apply by mail, for Ten Cents, which is not half the cost. Address JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.  
Jan 21, 1869 30

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, ANDERSON COUNTY.  
IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.  
John D. M. Dobbins, Administrator, vs J. W. Cooper and wife, Lou A. Cooper, James R. Paget, and others—Petition for Relief, &c.  
It appearing to my satisfaction that J. W. Cooper and wife, Lou A. Cooper, James R. Paget and Florence E. Paget, Defendants in the above stated case, reside without the limits of this State. On motion of Reed & Brown, sol. pet. it is  
Ordered, That the said Defendants do severally appear in this Court within forty days from the publication of this notice, and plead, answer or demur to the petition filed against them, or the same will be taken pro confesso.  
JOHN W. DANIELS, c. c. p.  
Clerk's Office, Anderson County, } 26-6  
December 16, 1868

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, ANDERSON COUNTY.  
IN COURT COMMON PLEAS—EQUITY SIDE.  
Thomas J. McClure, W. C. Martin and wife, S. E. Martin, vs Isham Bolt and wife, Mary Bolt, and others.—Bill and Amended Bill for sale of Real Estate.  
It appearing to my satisfaction that David McClure, one of the Defendants in this case, resides beyond the limits of this State. On motion of Reed & Brown, comp. sol.  
Ordered, That said defendant do appear and plead, answer or demur, to the said bill, and amended bill, within forty days from the first publication hereof, or an order pro confesso will be entered of record against him.  
JOHN W. DANIELS, c. c. p.  
Clerk's Office, Anderson County, } 26-6  
December 16, 1868

CHARLESTON HOTEL, Charleston, S. C.  
THE undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he has taken charge of this well known and popular FIRST CLASS HOTEL, and hopes that by strict attention to merit a full share of the public patronage.  
The Celebrated ARTESIAN WATER BATHS, hot, cold and shower, can be had at all hours.  
Conches, with attentive Portiers, are always in readiness to convey passengers to and from the different Railroads and Steamers.  
E. H. JACKSON.  
Jan 21, 1869 30

NICKERSON'S HOTEL, COLUMBIA, S. C.  
Passengers conveyed to and from the Depots, free of charge.  
Persons arriving on the G. & C. R. R., will be furnished with conveyance to this Hotel and back to the Depot, inclusive of dinner, for One Dollar. Ample time allowed passengers going to Charleston to obtain this accommodation.  
Rates of Board, \$8.00 per day.  
W. M. A. WRIGHT, Superintendent.  
Sept 1, 1868 14

## FERTILIZERS!

RHODES' SUPERPHOSPHATE, The Oldest, Longest Established Manure!

## ORCHILLA GUANO. PERUVIAN GUANO.

RHODES' MANURE, in its preparation, is made equally adapted for forcing large crops of Cotton, Corn, Wheat, Tobacco, Potatoes, and other root crops.  
The Manufacturing Department is conducted by Frederick Klett, one of the most skillful Chemists and Manufacturers in the United States.  
It is endorsed, approved, and recommended by all of the most prominent Chemists and Agriculturists in the Southern States. "It can be relied upon as uniform in quality," always reliable, prompt in its action, and unexcelled by any in the market, in the high percentage of "True Fertilizing Principles."  
Price \$57.50 cash, or \$65 time, with Factors acceptance, and 7 per cent. interest until 1st December, 1869.

ORCHILLA GUANO, "AA"—A fine Bird Guano, rich in Phosphates and Alkaline Salts. Price \$35 cash, or \$40 time.  
PERUVIAN GUANO, warranted pure, and always on hand. Furnished at market prices for cash.  
B. S. RHETT & SON, Agents, Charleston, S. C.  
Dec 9, 1868 25 8m

NOTICE TO PLANTERS.  
Soluble Pacific Guano!  
THE highly satisfactory and remarkable effects of this Guano in producing very largely increased crops of Cotton, Corn and other staple crops, has attracted the general attention of planters and farmers. In order to confirm public confidence in the continued excellence of this Guano, and avail of the best scientific ability in the prosecution of this important business, the Pacific Guano Company has consummated a professional engagement with Dr. FR. JULIAN RAVENHILL, of Charleston, S. C., as scientific adviser and consulting Chemist to the Company. Dr. Ravenhill is conversant with the composition and qualities of the Guano, as well as with the character, policy and unusual resources of the Pacific Guano Company, and will communicate full information on these points to planters who may call on him, or address him by letter at Charleston, S. C.  
JNO. S. REESE & Co., General Agents, Pacific Guano Company, Baltimore, Md.  
J. N. ROBSON, Agent for South Carolina, Charleston, S. C.  
Nov 4, 1868 20

DUPONT'S GUN-POWDER.  
I WOULD invite the attention of dealers to my Large and Well Assorted stock of POWDER, consisting of  
RIFLE HFG. in kegs, half and quarter kegs, also in one pound and half pound canisters.  
DEER HF. in kegs, half and quarter kegs, also in one pound and half pound canisters.  
EAGLE SPORTING and RIFLE in 6 1/2 pound kegs, one pound and half pound canisters.  
EAGLE DUCKING, in 12 and 24 pound kegs, five pound and one pound canisters.  
BLASTING POWDER, in twenty-five pound kegs.  
Sporting, Mining, and Shipping Powder of every variety, manufactured at the celebrated Mills of E. J. Dupont de Nemours Co., Wilmington, Delaware, whose reputation has stood unrivalled for sixty-eight years.  
I am prepared to fill all orders, either Retail or Wholesale, allowing a liberal discount in lots of twenty-five kegs or more.  
N. N. ROBSON, Agent, Nos 1 & 2 Atlantic Wharf, Charleston, S. C.  
Dec 9, 1868 25 8m

W. C. COURTNEY & CO., FACTORS AND Commission Merchants, No. 9 Boyce's Wharf, CHARLESTON, S. C.  
Sept 9, 1868 12

JAS. M. CALDWELL & SONS, COTTON FACTORS, Accommodation Wharf, Charleston, S. C.  
Advances made on consignments. Refer those who wish information to Col. D. L. McKay, President of the People's National Bank, Charleston, South Carolina.  
Sept 9, 1868 12 6m

W. C. CARRINGTON, J. J. HOPKINS, President, Secretary.  
PIEDMONT REAL ESTATE INSURANCE CO., VA., FOR LIFE INSURANCE ONLY.  
Authorized Capital, \$1,000,000.  
Income for the first six months, over Ninety-Five Thousand Dollars—a success unsurpassed by any Company in existence. Insures on Mutual, Cash, and Non-Feature Plans.  
Agency at Anderson C. H. A. B. TOWERS, T. A. EVINS, Agent, Medical Examiner.  
ANDERSON C. H., S. C., Aug. 19, 1868.  
THIS Company has secured a popularity never reached by any company in existence in the same length of time. The perfect and entire reliability of its officers is vouchered for by upwards of fifty of the first men in Virginia, and its pecuniary responsibility is unmistakably shown by the sworn statement of its officers, backed by the certificates of the civil officers of the county in which it is located.  
It has a basis, therefore, which will insure its immediate success and permanent prosperity. For further particulars, call on the subscribers at Anderson C. H., S. C.  
A. B. TOWERS, Agent, T. A. EVINS, Med. Examiner.  
August 19, 1868 9

Attention, Cotton Shippers.  
WE are prepared to make liberal advances on Cotton shipped to Messrs. FROST & AUGER, Charleston, S. C.  
TOWERS & BURRIS, No. 4 Granite Row, Anderson C. H.  
Oct 7, 1868 16

NOTICE.  
THE undersigned has constantly on hand at his Kiln, in Laurens District, a good supply of unslacked LIME, which will be sold as cheaply as it can be bought elsewhere. The Quarry is four miles east of Free Bridge on Saluda River, and about ten miles southeast of Erwin's bridge.  
J. C. C. FEATHERSTON, Brewerton, S. C.  
March 11, 1868 38 1

## NEW GOODS AND GREAT BARGAINS

## J. B. CLARK & SON.

AT THE undersigned would respectfully inform their friends and customers that they are now opening a  
A Splendid and Well Selected Stock of Goods,  
DIRECT FROM NEW YORK,  
Consisting in part of the following:—Broad Cloths, Beaver Cloths, Black Doe Skin Cassimeres, & fine line of Fancy Cassimers, Trimmings, of all descriptions.

## GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Such as Fine Linen Shirts, Merino Shirts, All Wool Shirts and Drawers, Hosiery, Cravats and Gollars, Brown and Bleached Shirting.  
A FINE SELECTION OF CLOTHING, HATS AND SHOES,  
A Nice Lot of Ladies' Dress Goods,  
Consisting of Prints, Delains, Shawls, Hoods, Gloves, Ladies' Sacking and Cloak Goods, Trimmings, &c., &c., and many other articles too tedious to mention, all of which we will sell low for cash.

## The Tailoring Department.

Connected with our establishment, will be conducted under the especial care of Mr. J. B. CLARK, who will spare no pains or time to give his customers satisfaction, both in elegance and style of cut, according to the latest and most improved plan.  
We will take produce of any kind in exchange for goods at market prices.

## SEWING MACHINES.

We are agents for the "Empire Sewing Machine," a sample of which will be kept constantly on hand for exhibition.  
J. B. CLARK & SON, No. 6 Granite Row, Anderson, S. C.  
Oct 7, 1868 16

## NEW FIRM W. H. NARDIN & CO.

HAVE just received a full supply of fresh and genuine  
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,  
Direct from New York, which they offer at the lowest market rates, for either Cash or Produce. Castor Oil, Laudanum, Gum Camphor, Sweet Oil, Paragoric, Epsom Salts, Number Six, Batesman's Drops, and Tinctures of all kinds, which are prepared by us, and warranted genuine.  
Also, Strychnine to kill your crows; now's the time. Dye stuffs of all kinds.  
ALSO,  
A small and well selected stock of almost everything the people want, such as  
Dry Goods, Groceries,  
Hardware, and Fancy Goods,  
Perfumery, Soaps, &c.  
Give us a call when you want to barter your Corn, Meal, Peas, Wheat, Oats, or anything you may have to sell, and if you are not suited in goods, we can pay the cash.  
W. H. NARDIN & CO., No. 7 Brick Range, 44  
April 22, 1868

## FISHER & LOWRANCE, DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, GROCERIES, Carriage Materials, PAINTS, OILS, AND GLASS, Brinly Plows, And other Agricultural Implements.

## LEATHER BELTING,

2 to 6 inches, at 10 per cent discount from the New York list.

## INDIA RUBBER,

At New York list price.

## To the Merchants of the Up-Country:

WE invite special attention to the price of first-class NAILS, which we are selling lower than they have been offered here since the war.  
COLUMBIA, Aug. 26, 1868. 10

## ANDERSON FARMER'S ASSOCIATION.

PREMIUMS:  
BEST ACRE OF BARLEY.—An Agricultural Work or Implement of the value of \$5.00.  
BEST ACRE OF OATS.—The same premium.  
BEST ACRE OF WHEAT.—A Turning Plow or Cultivator of the value of \$12.00.  
BEST FIVE ACRES OF WHEAT.—An Agricultural Implement of the value of \$20.00.  
The committee have under consideration premiums for Clover and Stock, which will be announced at the next quarterly meeting.  
B. F. CRAYTON, Chairman Executive Committee, Aug. 12, 1868 8

## SHARPE & FANT, BROKERS,

No. 7 Granite Row, ANDERSON C. H., S. C.  
STOCKS, Bonds, Gold and Exchange on New York and Charleston, and uncurrent Bank Bills bought and sold.  
State money always on hand for sale. Buy to PAY YOUR TAXES.  
Feb 12, 1868 34

## PAVILION HOTEL, CHARLESTON, S. C.

BOARD, PER DAY, - - - \$3.00  
Mrs. H. L. BUTTERFIELD, Proprietress, A. BUTTERFIELD, Superintendent, March 11, 1868 38

## LAURENS RAILROAD.

New Schedule, OFFICE LAURENS RAILROAD, Laurens C. H., S. C., April 29, 1868.  
ON and after Tuesday, 12th May next, the trains on this road will commence running to return on same day to connect with up and down trains on Greenville and Columbia Railroad at Helca; leaving Laurens at 5 a. m. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and leaving Helca at 11 p. m. on same days.  
J. T. BOWERS, Supt., May 6, 1868 46

## BENSON HOUSE ANDERSON, S. C.

THE undersigned has taken charge of the above well-known Hotel, and is prepared to accommodate the traveling public in the very best style, and on the most reasonable terms. The table will be supplied with everything to render guests comfortable. Parties are attended to in the House, and Horses will be carefully attended to.  
WM. M. OSBORNE, 32  
Jan 25, 1868 32

## TO PLANTERS, MERCHANTS AND SPECULATORS.

ON and after this day we will be prepared to make advances on cotton and all other produce shipped to Geo. W. WILLIAMS & Co., Charleston, or WILLIAMS, TAYLOR & Co., New York. Parties wishing advances, will furnish us the railroad receipts for the produce shipped.  
SHARPE & FANT, 7  
July 31, 1867 7