

Persons whose names appear in the list published this week as being illegally registered, and who are wrongfully charged, are earnestly requested to make affidavit to the facts before a local magistrate, and send their affidavits to this office during the present week, as the members elect are obliged to have the necessary evidence on or before Monday next.

OUR THANKS

Are due to Maj. JOHN B. MOORE, one of the Representatives from this District in the Legislature, for various public documents, among them a pamphlet copy of Gov. Scott's Message.

THE WEATHER AND CROPS.

During last week, according to the "oldest inhabitant," we had the hottest weather on record, sufficient to render every one decidedly uncomfortable, night and day.

ATTENTION, MEMBERS.

We are requested to notify persons who have signed the agreement to organize an "Axe, Hook and Ladder Company" in this village, that a meeting will be held in the Court House on tomorrow (Thursday) evening, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of organizing said company by the election of officers, &c.

EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP.

Our friends, TOWNS & BERNAIS, have placed us under renewed obligations by a sample present of Extra Golden Syrup, which is a really fine article for family use.

THE CONTESTED ELECTION.

We make the following extract from the report of Legislative proceedings on Friday last, concerning the contested election from this District. Private information of a later date gives no assurance that the House will regard truth or justice in this case, and the community may as well come to the conclusion that they are to be misrepresented in the House of Representatives by the two Radical contestants.

The following proceedings of the House are copied from the Phoenix: Ransier called up the Special Order, which was the report of the committee to whom had been referred the protest filed against the delegation from Anderson taking their seats. The committee recommended that the matter be tried directly by the House; and that the committee be authorized to send for persons and papers.

An animated discussion ensued. J. B. Moore representing the delegation as one of its members, made an elaborate and able argument, reviewing the ground on which the delegation had appeared, and presented the same credentials as the other members in the House—that is the certificates of General Canby—that they were duly elected.

Whipper, DeLoach, Crows and others, opposed the report, on the ground that it would entail an enormous expense to the State; when, on motion of Ransier, amended by Whipper, the House adopted an order for the committee to proceed at once with the trial, and decide for themselves all questions that might be raised in the progress of the trial by either party, subject to the ultimate decision of the House, when the final report is made, and that all affidavits be admissible as evidence.

"Personne," of the Charleston News, telegraphs as follows to that paper: In the House a long debate took place on the report of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, requesting the House to decide whether the affidavits of the contestants in the case of the Anderson delegation be received.

Two Radical newspapers are contemplated in Columbia—at least there is a prospect for each in circulation.

FARMER'S ASSOCIATION OF ANDERSON DISTRICT.

Pursuant to the call made through these columns, a large and respectable meeting of citizens was held in the Court House on Saturday last, 18th instant, for the purpose of organizing a Farmer's Association, for the mutual benefit and improvement of farmers and farming in this District.

The meeting was called to order by Maj. T. H. Russell, who moved that the Hon. R. F. Simpson be requested to take the Chair, and James A. Hoyt to act as Secretary, which motion was carried unanimously. Upon taking the Chair, Maj. Simpson explained the object of the meeting in a few appropriate remarks, urging the importance of the proposed Association, and requesting that others more intimately acquainted with the objects of the present meeting would offer some business for its action.

Thereupon Col. R. S. Hill presented a series of resolutions, which were seconded, and after several unimportant amendments by filling blanks and otherwise, were adopted unanimously, as follows: WHEREAS, we have recently emerged from a cruel and devastating war, which has not only left us in a state of comparative poverty, but has thoroughly disorganized and confused our system of labor; and whereas, in the providence of God, there is still left us that which a cruel and relentless foe could not take away, namely, a healthy climate, a soil susceptible of the highest state of improvement and fertility, with intelligent minds and unbroken spirits fully equal to the great work of recuperation and advancement; and whereas, a vast number of the farmers of the District have this day assembled to organize a Farmer's Association for mutual benefit and improvement in all that pertains to agriculture. Be it, therefore, Resolved, That we do hereby organize ourselves into a body known as the Anderson Farmer's Association to be ruled and governed by such Constitution and By-Laws as may be adopted at a subsequent meeting.

Resolved, That all the farmers of the District are most earnestly invited to unite with us and give us the benefit of their counsel and experience. Resolved, That we will forthwith go into an election for permanent officers of this Association, to consist of a President, four Vice Presidents, a Secretary and Treasurer, and an Executive Committee of twenty-four, five of whom shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The duties of the officers to be defined by the Constitution.

On motion of B. F. Crayton, Esq., a Committee was appointed by the Chair, consisting of one from each beat company, to nominate permanent officers of the Association. The Chair appointed the following Committee, viz: B. F. Crayton, R. N. Wright, Wm. M. Orr, W. H. Trescott, J. W. Norris, Jr., J. C. Keys, J. C. Whitefield, W. B. Watson, David Geer, A. A. Dickson, Wm. Simpson, C. P. Rogers, J. P. McGee, G. W. Maret, M. Dickson, D. M. Watson and Joseph Cox.

When the Committee had retired, Maj. Russell suggested that Gov. J. L. Orr be invited to address the meeting, and upon the Chairman requesting a compliance with the suggestion, Gov. Orr came forward, and made an excellent and well-timed speech, giving many useful hints about agricultural improvement, and presenting the resources and advantages of this section in favorable contrast with countries now esteemed more favored by nature, and whose development only has been greater, and whose natural condition was similar to our own. The Governor's estimate of our future prosperity depending upon an improved system of agriculture, was set forth in attractive language, while the result of his observations in other sections of the Union could only stimulate the desire to witness a like energy and progress in farming here. The speech of Gov. Orr was well received, and although his first effort, perhaps, in this precise direction, proved conclusively that he recognized the wants and properly estimated the general condition of the country. The compliment paid him by the committee on nominations was neither misplaced nor undeserved.

When Gov. Orr had concluded, B. F. Crayton, Esq., from the committee to nominate officers, reported the following: For President.—Hon. James L. Orr. Vice Presidents.—T. H. Russell, J. C. Keys, D. M. Watson and R. N. Wright. Secretary and Treasurer.—J. A. Hoyt.

The report was unanimously adopted. Under the resolution providing for an Executive Committee, it was understood that the President be empowered to appoint said committee, and make the announcement with the publication of these proceedings. In accordance with this understanding, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the President: Executive Committee.—B. F. Crayton, Joseph Prevost, R. S. Hill, W. H. D. Gaillard, B. F. Whitner, K. Brezalee, J. W. Norris, Jr., Dr. W. C. Brown, G. W. Maret, James Hunter, J. Ellison Alder, F. L. Sitton, F. M. Glenn, R. J. W. McCann, Col. J. Jamison, D. R. Anderson, G. W. Cox, James A. Drake, W. J. Simpson, Dr. W. J. Milford, Wm. B. Watson, F. E. Harrison, W. S. Pickens and Sam'l C. Humphreys.

The following resolutions were offered by Col. R. S. Hill, and adopted by the meeting: Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed by the Chair to prepare a Constitution and report at the next meeting of the Association. Resolved, That we make the Anderson Intelligencer the organ of our Association, and that each member, if he has not already, is hereby earnestly recommended to subscribe for the same. The President has designated the following committee to draft a Constitution, under the first resolution, viz: R. S. Hill, Jas. A. Hoyt, Dr. O. R. Broyles, B. F. Whitner and J. P. Reed.

It was moved that lists for signatures be now opened, and that, in addition to such lists, the merchants of this town be requested to obtain members to this Association, and report their action to the Secretary—which motion was adopted; about one hundred signatures were obtained, during the progress of the meeting.

On motion, Maj. T. H. Russell was invited to address the meeting, which he did in a brief, comprehensive and interesting style. It was determined that the next meeting of the Association be held on Saturday in August, and on motion, Hon. W. H. Trescott was invited to deliver an address on that occasion, if practicable; and if not convenient at that time the invitation included an, future meeting.

The Chairman of the Executive Committee requested a meeting of all its members at this place on Friday next, at 10 o'clock a. m.

The proceedings of a meeting held on the 11th inst. at Broyles' Mill, in the Fork, to organize a Democratic club, were received too late for insertion to-day. H. R. Vandiver, Esq., is President of the Club, and we expect to hear a good report of its energy and usefulness.

The credentials of James H. Goss, member of Congress from the Fourth Congressional District of this State, were presented to the House of Representatives on Wednesday last, and appropriately referred. In the Senate, on Saturday last, the South Carolina ratification of the "fourteenth article" was presented.

BARE, RICH AND RAZY DOCUMENT.

We are enabled to present our readers with the protest filed against the Democratic members of the Legislature from this District. It contains, besides an unusual quantity of falsehood, more absurdities and ridiculous nonsense than any document of the kind ever prepared for a legislative body. For instance, the certificate from a manager of election about the conduct of managers at Greenwood, when he was fifteen or twenty miles from that place. And we have undoubted authority for saying that two of the negroes who testify concerning the election at Sherard's were not present, and did not leave their employer's premises during that time. But an exposure is unnecessary just now, and we give the document without further comment:

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

The undersigned protest against the election of John B. Moore, John Wilson and B. Frank Sloan as members of the Legislature from Anderson County, and insist that the undersigned, together with one James Webb, were duly elected Representatives from said County by the legally qualified voters of said County under the Reconstruction Acts, and respectfully submit the grounds for the above allegations:

1st. At the Box known as Greenwood, in the 2nd Registration Precinct, the majority against the undersigned was eighty (80) votes, and your petitioners charge that fraud and illegality was practiced by the managers in this case. That the written votes deposited by the voters in the box on the first day were all taken out of said box on the second day, and printed votes substituted in their stead, and it is not known how many votes cast for your petitioners were excluded, and votes for our opponents substituted, at least two votes being lost in the changing, there being two names more on the list than voters in the ballot box. (See certificate of Jesse Pickler, one of the Registrars for Second Precinct, and Manager of said County.) That threats were resorted to, thereby preventing (as we believe) republicans from voting for your petitioners. (See affidavit of Gran Williams and McDuffie Singleton.) Your petitioners claim that, according to an old established rule, that where fraud is proven, or the voters at any box are intimidated from voting, that said box should be excluded from the count. This being done will give your petitioners their seats.

3rd. Bribery at Anderson and at Calhoun. The same was publicly admitted that he had hired five colored men to vote the Democratic ticket, and against your petitioners, and tried to buy others. (See affidavit of Horton Povel and John R. Cochran.)

4th. That several colored men were intimidated to vote the Democratic ticket at said Anderson box, against your petitioners, from threats of employers that they would dismiss them from service, whereby they would have been left without a situation for the balance of the year. (See affidavits of Warren Green, Jos. Sloan, Jos. Prince and Wm. Thompson.)

5th. That part of the Managers at Anderson box used unfair means as Managers to influence and intimidate voters to scratch off Republican candidates names. (See affidavits of Lawrence Walker, Jeff. Davis, McDuffie Singleton, Tilman Young, Richmond Peyton and others.)

6th. That Joseph Jenkins was refused the right to vote, though properly registered at Anderson on the ground as alleged by Managers, that he had voted the preceding day, when he had not been in town on that day, nor had voted at any other place. (See his affidavit.)

7th. That Lewis Whitfield was refused the right to vote on the ground that he had been convicted of larceny while a slave—some twenty or thirty years ago. He has not been arrested or tried since the close of the war.

8th. Threats by parties at Anderson box to intimidate voters. (See affidavits of Lawrence Walker, Jeff. Davis, Richmond Peyton and others.) Your petitioners claim that this box should also be thrown out of the general count, as bribery, threats, &c., were used to intimidate voters. The Democratic majority at this box was eighty.

9th. That threats of violence were used by Elias McGee and others, against your petitioners, threatening to drive them out of employment—at Sherard's, or Dark Corner box. (See affidavits of J. P. Tucker, Julius Clinkscales, Richard Robinson, Drayton Leverett, Warren Hall, B. McAllister and others.)

10th. That many votes were bought for the Democrats at Sherard's, or Dark Corner box, (see affidavit of Julius Clinkscales, or Blinkscales,) against your petitioners through fear, and your petitioners claim that the election was illegal and void at said box, and that the whole vote should be thrown away. The Democratic majority obtained by these frauds was fifty or more.

11th. That James Bell, Jack Bell, Drury Hays, Wm. J. McGill and others, who had registered in Abbeville and afterwards moved to Anderson County, were excluded from voting because they could not remember the number of the precinct in which they registered, but were willing to swear and prove that they registered at Tribble's in Abbeville in the Abbeville County. Refused by Wm. J. McGill, Chairman of Board at Milford's box, while they allowed Jackson McCurry and others to vote, who had also registered in Abbeville County, but could not give the number of the precinct in which they registered. The first named person desired to vote the Republican ticket, and the latter for the Democrats who were allowed to vote under the same circumstances. That Republicans, both white and colored, were rejected, see affidavits of the above, and also of J. P. Tucker, A. Todd and others.

12th. Threats of violence were used at Townville, and other boxes, for the purpose of intimidating voters from voting the Republican ticket, see affidavits of Henry Kennedy, Andrew Williams and others.

13th. That there were registered in said County many who, according to the Reconstruction Acts of Congress and the Military Orders, are legally disfranchised. We have enclosed a list containing 163 names. Of this number, we know that 65 voted, and are fully satisfied that the votes were cast against your petitioners, and for the said Sloan, Wilson and Moore; and that the number of votes should be deducted from the majority claimed by said Moore, Wilson and Sloan, which, in connection with the other illegal votes cast for them through fear, &c., would give your petitioners a majority of the legal votes cast in said election, which entitles your petitioners to their seats. The list of registered disfranchised persons in Anderson County is herewith filed, and your petitioners hope in a short time to prove that most of the names on the list voted, and furnish more evidence if necessary, and will furnish more names, as we have not received any information from several portions of the County.

Your petitioners are satisfied they will be able to prove illegal votes sufficient to give a majority for the Republican party, and insist on each and every one of the above, and feel satisfied that we are the duly elected candidates.

Believing we will receive justice, we remain respectfully, JOHN R. COCHRAN, N. J. NEWELL.

Since the above was put in type, we have received the list of persons alluded to as being disfranchised by the Reconstruction Acts, and who are said to have been illegally registered as voters in this District. We have classified this list, and herewith present the same to our readers. It will be remembered that only those are disfranchised who took "an oath to support the Constitution of the United States and afterwards engaged in rebellion," and we are well aware that a large proportion of this list never subscribed to such an oath, while there are many others duly registered under the orders of the military. Under the head of "Town Council," although the name is improperly written, it would seem that the editor of this paper is included among the disfranchised. We have only to say that this statement, if intended for us, is a DELIBERATE, WILFUL AND MALICIOUS LIE. We append the list: Willing Officers.—David Geer, Harper Gambrell, Solomon Silver, J. W. Martin, Wm. Browne, Elip Brown, Wm. O. Alexander, Joshua Acker, B. B. Brezalee, D. P. Strickland, Milton Erskine, Milton Elgin, Seaborn Strickland, Wm. Callahan, Lewis Smith, James King, Wm. Nevitt, Jesse Martin, P. G. Acker, Benj. Duncan, Wm. Kay, Geo. Cox, B. D. Dean, Sam'l Brown, Bob Junkin, E. Matison, Jas

B Moore, Jesse McGee, Elias McGee, T. J. Roberts, Jas Orr, John Long, D. L. Webb, Robt Stevenson, Sam Elrod, Gabriel McGee, Harrison Price, Sam Bernard, David Sadler, Dudley Howard, J. W. Brown, John A. Acker, Jas McManis, Andrew Reid, Thos Sherard, Sam'l Mitchell, Jacob Muckat, John Hall, Jas Thomson, Luke Hamilton, L. Buchanan, Wm Tate, T. Dean, E. Norris, P. R. Harris, John Bryant, Wm Burris, Willis Pruitt, Peter Brown, Turner Wright, Joe Braayon, Jas Stevenson, Wm Jones, H. McCauley, Jacob Eskew, John Harbin, John B Earle, Baylis Brown, Richard Morris, Robert Steels, John M Grubbs, Wm Brooks, Mattison Palmer, T. P. Palmer, Wm Bell, W. P. King, Jesse Herring, C. H. Simmons, B. E. Dickson, Albert McGraw, Jas Hunter, John Belotte, O. H. P. Fair, M. F. Eskov, J. L. Shanklin, (Pickens), Wm Pickens, Jas Pickens, Wesley Pickens, Larkin Newton, David Watkins, Joel Ellison, Nathan Bryant, Maj Rankin.

Militia Officers and Commissioners.—Solomon Geer, O Anderson, Elkin Reed, Jere Browne, J. W. B Skelton, Peter McPhail, Maj T H McCann, Baylis Watkins, John Cherry.

Militia Officers and Magistrates.—J. C Horton, H Wardlaw, C Haynie, Wm Shaw.

Magistrates.—G B Telford, Jas Gilmore, John C Whitefield, Z Hall, Martin S McKay, J Mulligan.

Commissioners.—J. Fretwell, John Watson, Milford Burris, Sam Brown, Sr., H N White, J Morris, B M Watson, Cannon Brezalee, John D King, Jos Eaton, Jas Welborne, Frank Glenn.

Town Council.—Dan'l Brown, E W Brown, Jas Wilson, J M Hoyt, Jas Hunter, J B Clark, S Hieckley, Dr. P. Cate, P A Wilhite, S McCully, F C Vesterel, J B Sitton.

Post Masters.—Berry Lewis, W Haynie, E W Fant, A G Jackson, E J Earle, Jo Gant.

Legislature.—Jesse W Norris, Jao Wilson, O R Broyles, Amaziah Rice.

Constables.—Wm Holmes, Jas McConnell, Ehin Smith, J D M Debbins, (Sheriff also), Jack Prince, T P Elrod.

Notary Public.—John B Moore. Clerk of the Court.—W. Webb. Not Naturalized.—E Buchanan, Sidney Burns, Brown.

UNITED STATES SENATORS. The Legislature has elected THOMAS J. ROBERTSON, of Columbia, a Senator for this State for the short term, and F. A. SAWYER, Esq. of Charleston, for the long term. The former was elected by the entire vote of the Radical party, while the latter just distanced the elder MACKAY by a few votes, and with the assistance of Democratic votes. This was done to prevent so damning a disgrace upon the State as would have been entailed by the election of MACKAY, whose private character is said to be blacker than his political principles. SAWYER has the reputation of a gentleman, we are assured, although his enunciation of principles on the 4th of July, in a speech made in Charleston, makes him scarcely less objectionable as a politician. Private information from Columbia renders it certain that the defeat of MACKAY is a defeat of the extreme Radicals, and while we do not look for any great show of conservatism from either wing of that party, we can nevertheless share in the gratification evinced in Columbia and elsewhere at the overthrow of the scheming and unprincipled MACKAY wing. Not that we love Rome more, but Caesar less! And poor TO ROBERTSON is such a nonentity, that we have not even a word of censure for him.

MASS MEETING OF DEMOCRATIC CLUBS. At a meeting of the Democratic Clubs of Anderson District, held on last Saturday, delegates from sixteen Clubs were enrolled. Dr. O. R. Broyles, President of the Anderson Club, occupied the chair, and E. P. Earle, Secretary. At the request of the meeting, Capt. J. A. Hoyt read the protest of the defeated Radical candidates against the admission of our Democratic members to the Legislature, which was received as information. On motion of Maj. Russell, delegate from the Greenwood Club, the Platform adopted by the National Democratic Convention was read, after which the following Preamble and Resolutions were offered by Capt. E. L. Parker, and unanimously adopted:

Whereas, the Democracy of the United States is Convention assembled have, by a unanimous and enthusiastic vote, adopted their Platform, and have nominated Hon. Horatio Seymour, of New York, for President, and Gen. Frank Blair, of Missouri, for Vice President, we the delegates from the Democratic Clubs of Anderson District, recognizing the wise and liberal principles of said Platform, and the eminent propriety of the nomination do, hereby

Resolved, 1st. That we adopt said Platform as our own, and will as a Party and as individuals sustain the same. 2nd. That we will use every effort to secure the election of Seymour and Blair, believing firmly that the welfare of the Union, the preservation of the South, and the universal good of all classes and all races depend upon the same. 3rd. That a copy of the above Preamble and Resolutions be sent to the State Central Committee in Columbia, and that they be likewise published in the Anderson Intelligencer.

After discussion upon the working organization of the party, the following resolutions were adopted: 1st. That the Anderson (C. H.) Club, from its capital and transmission of information, and that we hereby appoint it such—it being understood that it shall have no power to legislate for the other clubs, or to declare principles. 2d. That on Saturday of each month there shall be called, through the Anderson Intelligencer, a meeting of delegates from all the clubs, (number of delegates to be specified in the call,) to consult upon the affairs of the party. 3d. That there be formed a "Central Executive Committee" to consist of three members from each club, for the transaction of business of the party, of which Committee the President of the "Anderson (C. H.) Club" shall be ex-officio Chairman; and that said Committee shall report at each and every monthly meeting of delegates, said reports, to be subject to the ratification of each meeting.

Richard W. Simpson, delegate from Bishop's Branch club, submitted the following resolution, which was adopted: Resolved, That the Chairman be requested to instruct the different clubs to elect three members to act upon the Central Executive Committee, and to forward their names to him at the earliest practicable moment. It was decided that nine constitute a quorum of said Committee.

The President of the Anderson (C. H.) Club gave notice of his intention to resign, on account of ill health, and circumstances beyond his control. It was ordered that the proceedings of the meeting be published in the Intelligencer. Adjourned. E. P. EARLE, Sec.

THE LEGISLATURE. The following paragraph from the Columbia correspondence of the Charleston Mercury compresses the work of this body in a nut-shell, as follows: This Legislature which is such a vast improvement on all its aristocratic predecessors, has already been in session about one-third the length of time formerly consumed by the entire and unproductive session of the White Legislatures of this State, and not a single bill has yet been introduced in the House, and only one bill, the Homestead, has reached its second reading in the Senate, and that bill, if passed in its present form, it is believed the Supreme Court will declare null and void. With over one hundred and fifty members, and a per cent of six dollars, exclusive of the maintenance expenses of the body, and the evident determination to make it a long Parliament, in order to teach and drill the inexperienced in the law-making business, it very likely that a large part of the funds Governor Scott expects to borrow, will be absorbed and swallowed by the Legislature itself.

— Samuel Vance, Sr., an old and highly respectable citizen of Laurens District, died at his residence recently.

For the Anderson Intelligencer. A TRIP TO THE NORTH.

Mr. Enron: I had not intended to say anything about my late excursion, through the columns of public journals, as I feel less inclined to write now than formerly; yet, at your suggestion and that of some others, I may occupy a small corner of your paper for a few weeks.

On Monday, the 18th of May, I left Anderson C. H. for the General Assembly in Baltimore, to assemble on the 21st. Here I met with Col. J. J. Norton, a delegate to the same body—found him a very pleasant traveling companion. At Belton we met with Mr. Gower, the other lay delegate to the Assembly, from the Presbytery of South Carolina, and also his young, lively, cheerful daughter—just of that age to enjoy such a trip. In such pleasant company there was no danger of taking the blues. On the way we met with Dr. Pressly, of Abbeville, and again with Rev. Mr. Hemphill, son of the Professor, at Due West. They were both intelligent, pleasant gentlemen. This rendered our journey quite pleasant.

When we reached Columbia, we were just one hour too late to pass on that evening. Whether this Railroad arrangement is intended for the benefit of the tavern-keepers or other purposes, we could not tell. It was annoying to lose nearly an entire day when just starting; but complaining would not mend the matter any.

We resumed the journey at 4 o'clock next day, having ample time to see what was interesting in Columbia—that was not destroyed by General Sherman and his minions. A few large and elegant houses have been erected since, and well filled with articles to tempt purchasers.

We made no stop, but for a few minutes, at Wimbabro', Chester, Greensboro', in North Carolina, Danville, in Virginia. A few hours' delay at Richmond, waiting for the night train, gave us time to look, and we went to the Capitol of the Old Dominion, venerable for its past history. We were conducted through the different apartments, and was shown the Speaker's Chair, and were assured it was brought from England a long time ago. When we recollected that so many great statesmen and orators had been heard within these ancient walls in behalf of truth and justice, and in behalf of their State and country, and in behalf of religious and civil liberty, and now they were silent in the grave and removed from the evil to come, and then look at their brazen successors, we were ready to exclaim, "How are the mighty fallen! and no man layeth it to heart!"

This Capitol stands on a lofty eminence—we went up near the dome—from which we could overlook the entire city and surrounding country far in the distance—the James River and its factories, and its flouring mills—supposed to be equal to any in this widely extensive country. There were also signs of the great burning, and the ravages of war, not yet obliterated; yet many large commercial houses have gone up, and are well lined with goods, and a busy throng eagerly pursuing their accustomed avocations as in days gone by—the work of the destroyer is still to be seen.

In the public square stands a lofty pedestal of granite or marble, on which is standing a number of the most distinguished sons of Virginia, in bronze statue—high above them is the Father of his country, mounted on a horse, of large dimensions, resting on two feet, while it appears to be just moving. It is not moved from its exact balance by the rude storms that howl around it. At some distance from this monument stands the Hon. Henry Clay, the great Lion of the West, in solitary grandeur, presenting a tall statue form, but on a low pedestal; a native of this southern State and statesman.

We now found it necessary to cut short our observations, as we had but just time to get to the tavern, and get a well prepared supper, and be ready for the night train. Soon after supper we were seated on the very comfortable sleeping cars for Fredericksburg. By just touching a spring the top would fall back in a comfortable posture for sleeping, but they brought no sleep to my eyes. Most of the passengers slept as sound and snored as loud as if they had been lying on a bed of down.

When we reached Fredericksburg, and the call came to make ready, leave the cars and enter the boat, most of them were about as sound asleep as Jonah on ship board in the midst of the storm. After yawning awhile and rubbing their eyes, they began with reluctance to leave their comfortable berths. After being comfortably seated round a stove, as it was quite cool, I had the good fortune to get a very comfortable large cushioned chair, given up by a lady who had just left it, and retired for the night. Now being after midnight, and I had slept none the night before, and up to that late hour of the night, I was soon in the arms of morpheus. I was aroused from my comfortable nap about sunrise, by a shout from some one, saying, "we are passing Mt. Vernon." I hurried out to the railings of the boat, and could only see the grove of timber and indistinctly the houses, where, after the storm of battle had ceased, lived in retirement the Father of his country. I wished very much to have lingered around that memorable spot, and see in what condition it is now, since the great effort to beautify and adorn it, but time forbade.

The Potomac is a broad, beautiful river, and boats sailing in all directions. We passed by Alexandria, now a place of considerable commercial importance. Soon we landed at Washington city, where we will rest for the present.

Yours truly, D. H.

— Major R. H. Glass, of the Lynchburg (Va.) Republican, and the Conservative nominee of his district for Congress, publishes a card withdrawing from the canvass. The reason assigned by him is that he is informed "that it has been publicly expressed in certain quarters that Conservative nominations for Congress are inexpedient in districts where the colored vote preponderates, and that in such districts it would be wisest and best for the white people to induce negro candidates to take the field and support their election."

— It is said to be understood among the members of both Houses of Congress that the adjournment will take place as soon as the delegations from North and South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, and Louisiana shall arrive and be admitted. The probability seems to be that the two Houses of Congress will adjourn before Virginia and Texas can be carried through the reconstruction process, and will not re-assemble until after the Presidential election.

— It is confidently asserted by a gentleman from Washington, an agent of the Treasury Department, who has been investigating the affairs of the Charleston Custom House, that Mackey will be turned out of office in less than sixty days, and that the institution itself will be thoroughly purged.

— We are informed that a resident of Williamsburg District, near Kingstree, died recently at the advanced age of one hundred and forty years.— This is almost unprecedented, and the aged lady is understood to have preserved her faculties to the last.

For the Anderson Intelligencer.

Mr. Enron: On yesterday, the 8th July, we were invited and attended a little dinner party, handsomely gotten up by the patrons of Miss Patterson's school, and intended as a token of their approval of her, as the instructress of their school, and for the gratification of their children. They all appear satisfied with the high qualifications of Miss Patterson as a teacher, and her kindness and attention to the interests of the children. She also appears to be equally gratified with the uniform friendship and kindness she has received from her employers. The parties appear to be mutually pleased.

The table was laden with the substantial—ham, kid, fowls, chicken pie, hot coffee, good cool butter milk, vegetables, pies, oysters, pound cake and candies, &c., &c. All indicated that those who prepared it knew not only how to please the children, but the invited guests.

They selected a shady grove some distance from the school house, between Mr. Jack Jones' and Mrs. Cunningham's, intending to have two addresses after dinner to the employers and the children—when after such a good feast all would be in a perfect good humor. But, at the close of the dinner, a rain came on—the most thorough season for many weeks. All desired the rain; but it excluded the addresses.

Under the changed circumstances of our country, when a community gets a competent teacher, they ought to make great exertions to retain them.— Boarding at a distance is both expensive and troublesome; and as we don't now expect to give our children overgrown fortunes, we should try and give them a ripe, thorough education—train them for active usefulness—thorough business habits. It will be better for the children and better for the country, than giving them gold.

D. H. — The official bond of N. G. Parker, State Treasurer under the new regime, has been cancelled by Gov. Scott. His sureties were old Mackey, Joe Crews, and a few other worthless fellows. A committee has been appointed in the Senate to ascertain if the bond cannot be reduced. In the meantime, an advertisement appears for "six responsible gentlemen, worth at least \$15,000 each, to go security" for this carpet-bag adventurer.

— Hon. Wm. Pinckney White, of Baltimore, a gentleman of legal reputation, and a Democratic politician for many years, has been appointed United States Senator from Maryland for the unexpired term of Hon. Reverdy Johnson, recently appointed Minister to England.

Anderson Democratic Club. A meeting of this Club will be held in the Court House this (Wednesday) evening, at 8 o'clock, for the transaction of important business. Members are expected to be punctual in attendance, and all persons desirous of joining are cordially invited to be present. By order of the President. E. P. EARLE, Sec. July 22, 1868

A MASS MEETING. Of the citizens of Anderson and Pickens Districts will be held at GREENWOOD on THURSDAY, the 6th of August next, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of considering our duties as citizens in the approaching Presidential election. The colored citizens are especially invited to attend, as great pains will be taken to instruct them as to their true interests.

Owing to the distressing drought which has visited many portions of our District, we do not propose a public barbecue, yet all are invited to bring with them some refreshments for themselves and friends. Suitable speakers have been invited to address the meeting. T. H. RUSSELL, Chairman Committee Arrangements. July 22, 1868

New Advertisements. ESTRAY NOTICE. STRAYED from my premises on Sunday night, 12th inst., my SORKEL MARE. When last heard of, she was going toward Pickensville or North Carolina. She had a blaze-face, right hind foot white, both eyes good, and fresh shod all round. Any person taking her up and letting me know will be rewarded, and any information respecting her will be thankfully received. POLLY BOWEN, Anderson C. H., S. C. July 22, 1865

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, ANDERSON DISTRICT. WHEREAS, W. W. Humphreys, C. E. A. D., has applied to me for Letters of Administration on the Estate of D. A. Davis, deceased: These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of said deceased to be and to appear at my office on the 10th day of August, 1868, to show cause, if any they can, why said Administration should not be granted. ROBERT JUSKIN, C. A. D. July 22, 1868

IN BANKRUPTCY. In the District Court of the United States for the District of South Carolina. In the matter of JOHN T. SLOAN, Bankrupt, by whom a Petition for Adjudication of Bankruptcy was filed on the 30th day of May A. D. 1868, in said Court. THIS is to give notice, that on the 16th day of July A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of John T. Sloan, of Columbia, in the District of Richland, and State of South Carolina, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at Newberry C. H., South Carolina, before Henry Summer, Register, on the third day of August A. D. 1868, at 3 o'clock, p. m. J. P. M. EPPING, U. S. Marshal as Messenger. By GEORGE LANSEN, Dep. Messenger. July 22, 1868

IN BANKRUPTCY. In the District Court of the United States for the District of South Carolina. In the matter of JOSEPH L. DAWSON, Bankrupt, by whom a Petition for Adjudication of Bankruptcy was filed on the 2nd day of March A. D. 1868, in said Court. THIS is to give notice, that on the 16th day of July A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of Joseph L. Dawson of Anderson C. H., in the District of Anderson, and State of South Carolina, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at Newberry C. H., South Carolina, before Henry Summer, Register, on the third day of August A. D. 1868, at 3 o'clock, p. m. J. P. M. EPPING, U. S. Marshal as Messenger. By GEORGE LANSEN, Dep. Messenger