

Scraps and Facts.

Sir George Cave, the British force commander, Thursday that General Townsend, commander of the British forces which was captured at Kat-el-Amara, had been in a very important position.

The surrender of Turkey has brought Romania back into the European war, and it is believed that the British will be able to take advantage of this situation.

Reports by way of Berlin indicate a state of widespread disorder and confusion throughout Austria. Thousands of deserters from the Austrian army are reported to be on their way to the front.

The New York Herald's political canvass the country indicates that in the elections to be held today the Democrats will win a majority of four, and the Republicans will gain control of the house of representatives.

Holland is said to be luring the entrance of British refugees from the Netherlands. It has hardly enough food for its own people.

When the different German statesmen spoke so contemptuously of the idea of German surrender, they had not been thinking of the possibility of the complete smashing of the mighty German empire.

A correspondent of an American newspaper, writing from the Verdun front, describes how when the Americans operating in Belleau woods, wanted to climb trees after the Germans.

It used to be that the American flag did not command any too much respect even in parts of the United States; but now it is different. Throughout the whole world it has come to be universally acknowledged that there is no flag that has a right to float above the stars and stripes.

A French liner arrived at an Atlantic port Saturday night with all lights blazing. The first time such a thing has occurred in four years. The passengers reported that upon the receipt of a wireless message at sea, the purport of which they did not know, the captain ordered the war paint scraped from the ship's port holes so as permit the illumination of the deck, and went into port as though in time of peace.

The main reason for delay in telling Germany what she will have to do, it is understood, is that although Italy, Turkey and Austria were at the point of exhaustion, and would have to quit, this situation would be all the more calculated to impress Germany of the hopelessness of her position. There seems to be no doubt in any quarter now that Germany must surrender unconditionally or submit to complete destruction.

The action of Roosevelt and Taft in getting together in behalf of the election of a Republican congress, seems to indicate that both are looking forward to the Republican nomination two years from now, and if so that will probably mean another split in the party between the same result as before. As to whether Wilson will seek another nomination remains to be seen; but if he should, and Roosevelt should be his opponent, it will be a stand-off to the third term issue, because both will have already had two terms.

Before the war a man could not claim to have been thoroughly educated unless he had been to a German university. It has not been so many generations since even Paris recognized the degree of M. D., issued from the university of Baghdad as carrying with it a guarantee of knowledge to the last word in medical science, which guarantee was to be had from no other country in the world. But from now on American medicine, American science, American literature and American military efficiency will command respect throughout the world.

The thoroughly whipped Austrians on the Italian front on last Thursday proposed to General Diaz, the commander-in-chief of the Italian forces, that the Austrians would evacuate all Italian territory if the Italians would quit fighting. General Diaz informed the Austrian commander that his request for an armistice would be forwarded to the Versailles conference; but in the meantime this bulletin was issued to the Italian troops.

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The Yorkville Enquirer.

Entered at the Postoffice at York as Mail Matter of the Second Class.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1918.

Wonder what Brother Garrison thinks of Germany now.

There were persistent reports last week that the Kaiser had abdicated, but these reports could not be confirmed.

Holland is said to be luring the entrance of British refugees from the Netherlands. It has hardly enough food for its own people.

If the pre-armistice conditions which the Allies have imposed upon Turkey are not sufficiently binding to please the most exacting, we would, purely as a matter of interested curiosity, like to see a draft of terms that would satisfy such people.

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The report finds no "graft" in the generally accepted sense but makes recommendations for proceedings against army officers held guilty of dealing with corporations in the manner they were interested. The chief waste from the original appropriations of \$24,531,000, the report says, was in the purchase of two types of airplanes—some of them the Bristol—and a failure to salvage, aggregating \$24,000,000.

The little provision in the Allied peace terms which requires the Turkish authorities to turn over to the Allies those Turkish leaders who may be accused of having aided the enemy in the conduct of civilized warfare, is no doubt of very grave concern to many members of the German junker class. In time of war so-called martial law becomes the rule. Martial law in its essence is the will of the commander having jurisdiction over the territory occupied by the people to be dealt with. But martial law is only good and justifiable so long as the individuals by whom it is exercised are in absolute control.

There will be necessary for the reconstruction of the conquered countries by Allied troops during the process of reconstruction, and it will be necessary for America to take a large and important hand in all this.

To accomplish the task she has before her, America will need a large army for some time to come, and although it is not to be expected that the troops which have been doing and are doing the fighting over there are going to be retrained to remain indefinitely on the job, it is quite fair to assume that conscription and training will continue in this country for quite a while.

At a venture we would say that except in the event of developments which there are no present indications, it will not be necessary to increase the American forces abroad much beyond the two million men. It is quite probable that these forces will be maintained in the form of garrisons and that by reason of going and coming, bringing back those who have done their turn and sending forward others to take their places, most of the able-bodied young men of America will have a chance to see service in the army before the work of reorganization and restoration is completed.

This article just received from Sergeant James D. Grist, at Camp Sevier, is of timely interest to hundreds of young men who are anxious for service in keeping with the great business of the day.

"What can I do in the army?" inquires a friend of mine, a young lad who is thinking of trying to go to France as a canteen worker, and yet I don't imagine I would like that work. What you are really desiring is to be an army nurse.

The Army Nurse Corps. This article just received from Sergeant James D. Grist, at Camp Sevier, is of timely interest to hundreds of young men who are anxious for service in keeping with the great business of the day.

The Greenville Piedmont is very much concerned about the future of South Carolina politics and we are very much in sympathy with it. The politics of South Carolina for many years have been of the most selfish nature imaginable. Previous to 1890 the state was in the hands of a little oligarchy which seemed to care for nothing except the perpetuation of its own rule.

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Corps nurse are separate and distinct. The term "Red Cross nurse," as it is generally used, is a misnomer. The praise and knowledge regarding the great work of the women soldiers under the Red Cross banner, are Red Cross nurses, of course, are Red Cross nurses under the Geneva convention, because they are not attached to the wounded and sick of the army, not only at bases but on the field. Theirs, too, is most hazardous and noble work.

Women of the Army Nurse Corps may be assigned to a mobile operating unit to a field hospital and subjected to heavy shelling. Already the matter of experiencing airplane raids has become a common experience in the hands of the corps who are in France and Belgium with the lads. But that phase of their status which is not a common experience is the fact that they are an integral part of the immense medical organization of the army.

There will be necessary for the reconstruction of the conquered countries by Allied troops during the process of reconstruction, and it will be necessary for America to take a large and important hand in all this.

To accomplish the task she has before her, America will need a large army for some time to come, and although it is not to be expected that the troops which have been doing and are doing the fighting over there are going to be retrained to remain indefinitely on the job, it is quite fair to assume that conscription and training will continue in this country for quite a while.

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Logan has been having quite a busy time of it to attend to the demands that are being made on the office. With the assistance of his daughter, Miss Lulu Moore, Logan is to all reasonable requirements.

There was a well attended meeting in the courthouse last Friday to form a committee for raising campaign money in the western part of the county to raise war work funds. The meeting was presided over by Thos. F. McElroy. The money to be raised is to be apportioned among the Y. M. C. A., the Knights of the Jewish Welfare work, the Army, the Jewish Welfare work, and the Y. W. C. A. and is to go to each on a basis of division that has been proposed to be raised throughout the county is \$250,000.00.

Charcoal for Gas Masks. The Clover Drug Store acknowledges the receipt of the following additional stock of charcoal for gas masks: W. P. Boyd, 31 pounds; Leslie Thompson, 15 pounds; J. A. Brandon, 9 pounds; J. C. Propp, 25 pounds; J. J. Rice, 35 pounds; J. J. Rice, 35 pounds.

War Savings Sales. York county bought \$4,448 worth of war savings stamps during the week ending October 26. The total of \$258,912 up to that date. In per capita sales for the week York stood 16th in the list of the counties, with an average of 16 cents, and in the per capita sales to date she stood sixth with an average of \$7.95.

Promoted to District Agent. The Rock Hill Herald of yesterday announced that A. A. McKeown, who for several years past has been farm demonstration agent on the eastern side of the county, has been promoted to district agent, succeeding Mr. W. R. Elliott of Winnsboro, who has had the position for several years. Mr. McKeown was born in York county, near Rock Hill, from which place he can reach any part of his district without difficulty.

Managers Not Registered. Under the laws of the state, no man may project a party unless he is a duly registered voter in legal election. No less than seventeen of the managers appointed to serve in today's election are without registration certificates. In view of the fact that there are no convictions for violation of this law, it is of no particular importance; but if it were otherwise, and the question were raised, the managers would be in a very precarious position in charge of unregistered managers.

Killed in Battle. News was received in Yorkville last Saturday of the death in battle in France of a young man, Charles C. F. 11th Infantry. The young man was a volunteer, having enlisted with the 1st Mill boys in Yorkville, in the South Carolina National Guard, two years ago. He was trained in Greenville with the 30th Division, and went to France with that division last spring. He was about 22 years of age, and was a good soldier, standing high with both officers and men. He has relatives at the newly mill in Yorkville.

C. L. Farris Killed. News was received in Fort Mill township Saturday to the effect that L. Farris, son of Mr. L. Farris, has been killed in battle in Germany. The information came in a letter from William Armstrong to his parents in Fort Mill. There were no particulars as to the circumstances of the young man's death, but it is known that he was killed in a hand-to-hand fight with the Germans. C. L. Farris, the young man's brother, was also killed, was a brother of Mr. O. H. Farris, superintendent of the Yorkville mill, who was killed last spring. Armstrong's letter was dated October 14th.

Rock Hill Herald, Monday: Will Maury, a soldier in the 11th Infantry, was critically condition today as the result of injuries received when an automobile which he was driving at a reckless rate yesterday morning, ran over a woman who knows little about an automobile, without permission, took a car belonging to W. S. Leslie of this place and proceeded to ride manfully. He managed to get the car started and on its way at a rapid speed when through the narrow streets of Yorkville he lost control, with the result that the car was badly damaged and for awhile the African joy rider appeared to be beyond recovery. Later on the driver was found to be some better and will recover.

Another King Steps Down.—King Boris of Bulgaria, who ascended the throne on October 3, has abdicated. A peasant government, has been established at Sofia under the leadership of Mr. Stambulsky, who has been the chief of the peasants and agrarians of Bulgaria. It is a city of considerable commercial importance and has a population of about 12,000.

Draft calls for the mobilization of 29,773 additional men at the army training camps before November 21 have been announced by Provost Marshal Cannon of Yorkville. The first call, issued on October 30, when he was paraded by King Ferdinand prior to that king's abdication. For many years Stambulsky has been the leader of the Peasants and Agrarians in the Bulgarian parliament.

Mr. Stambulsky entered the war in October, 1915. Mr. Stambulsky was sentenced to imprisonment for life after conviction on a charge of anti-militarism. He was released on September 30, when he was paraded by King Ferdinand prior to that king's abdication. For many years Stambulsky has been the leader of the Peasants and Agrarians in the Bulgarian parliament.

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LOCAL AFFAIRS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. J. E. Fowell and G. W. Wallace, Trustees—Admission stamps for the 1918-1919 school. The place pays \$45 per month.

W. T. Beaugrand, Executor—Offers for sale of W. T. Beaugrand old place, 186 acres, situated on the road between Yorkville and Clover, 15 miles south of Yorkville.

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WILLIAM GIVES IT UP.

German Kaiser Yields His Power to the People.

Amsterdam, Nov. 3 (By the Associated Press).—On the occasion of the constitutional convention opening today, says an official telegram from Berlin, Emperor William addressed to Prince Maximilian of Baden, Imperial high chancellor, a decree in which he announced that he was relinquishing the decision of the Reichstag and allowing his firm determination to resign to be carried out without delay. The emperor's decree reads: "Your Grand Ducal Highness: 'I have returned herewith to you the full power to amend the imperial constitution and the law of March 11, 1917, relative to the appointment of the Imperial high chancellor, which has been laid before me for signature on the occasion of this step which is so momentous for the future history of the German people. I have a desire to give expression to my feelings, prepared for by a series of government acts which transfers the fundamental rights of the Kaiser's person to the people.'"

"This comes to a close a period which will stand in honor before the eyes of future generations. Despotism and aspiring forces it has rendered possible to our people that it may be said that it is a happy day which has revealed itself in the wonderful achievements of this war."

"In the terrible storms of the four years of war, however, old forms have been broken up, not to leave ruins behind but to make a place for a new and better order."

"After the achievements of these years the German people can claim that no right which may exist in the past and which they are entitled to have a happy future shall be withheld from them."

"The proposals of the Allied governments, which I have now adopted and extended over their origin to this constitution, I, however, with my exalted position, have not been able to bring to a final determination, so far as I am concerned, to co-operate in their final development. I have, however, been promoting the will of the German people."

"The Kaiser's office is one of service to the German people. The new order release all the good powers which our people need in order to support the tasks which are hanging over us and to bring about a new day within a bright future from the gloom of the present."

"Berlin, October 28, 1918." "Wilhelm, I. R." "Maximilian." "Princes of Baden."

The Finish of Count Tisza.—The Berlin Vossische Zeitung, says an American newspaper, that the description of the assassination of Count Stephen Tisza, former premier of Hungary, has been given in the evening, when soldiers invaded Count Tisza's residence and presented themselves in the drawing room. The Count's wife and the Countess Almassy, advanced to meet the intruders, asking what they wanted.

"I shall not, because you have not laid aside your arms," he said. "I am ready when you requested the woman to leave the room, but they declined to do so. A soldier then advanced and shot at the Countess. You are responsible for the destruction of millions of people, because you caused the war."

"The hour of reckoning has come," he said. "I am ready when you requested the woman to leave the room, but they declined to do so. A soldier then advanced and shot at the Countess. You are responsible for the destruction of millions of people, because you caused the war."

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