

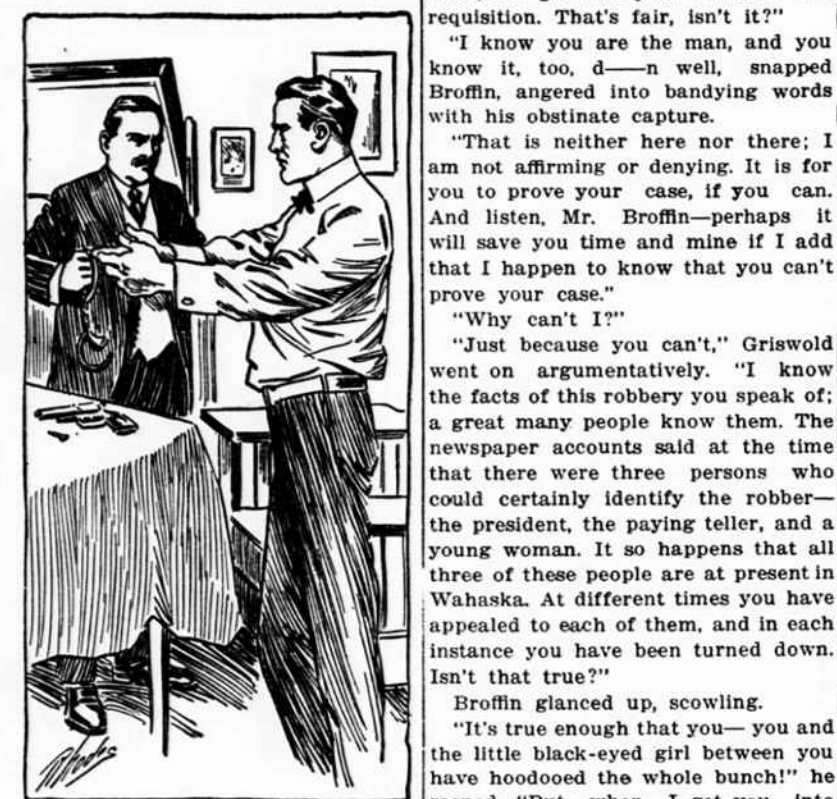
L. M. GRIST'S SONS, Publishers. ESTABLISHED 1855.

A Family Newspaper: For the Promotion of the Political, Social, Agricultural and Commercial Interests of the People.

TERMS—\$2.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE. SINGLE COPY, FIVE CENTS.

The PRICE By FRANCIS LYNDE ILLUSTRATIONS BY CHARLES SQUIRE'S SONS

CHAPTER XXXI. The Desert and the Snow. Through streets in which the village quiet of the summer night was undisturbed save by the spattering tinkle of the lawn sprinklers in the front yards, and the low voices of the outdoor people taking the air and the moonlight on their porches, Griswold fared homeward, the loud pounding in his veins and the fine wine of life mounting heavily to his brain.



"Put them on," he snapped, turning into Shownez street a few doors from his lodgings; and a minute later he was opening the Widow Holcomb's gate. The house was dark and apparently deserted as to its street-facing half when he let himself in at the gate and ran quickly up the steps. The front door was open, and he remembered afterward that he had wondered how the careful widow had come to leave it so, and why the hall lamp was not lighted.

GOV. BLEASE AT GREENWOOD

Former Governor Talks About Matters Political.

STANDS FOR JUSTICE TO ALL

Says Report of Greenville Speech Created Wrong Impression—Believes Warehouse System in Danger—Discusses Taxation Question and Calls Attention to Heavy Increase in Expenses. Greenwood, October 9.—After thanking the people for their attendance, former Governor Blease said that he desired to correct an impression which certain newspapers had made in referring to his Greenville speech. He did not charge the reporters with doing it intentionally, but said the way his remarks were reported in the papers appear to say what he really had not said; that he did not "jump upon the managers, who he said would get along much better if they stayed in their pulpits and ceased mixing in politics," as he was quoted; but that, in discussing the whiskey question, he stated that he did not believe, nor did any sensible man believe, that morality could be legislated into people, and he contended that prohibition would never be brought about by ministers of the gospel, preaching sermons or meddling with political affairs; that he would stay in his pulpits and preach the religion of the Lord Jesus Christ and the crucifix, and keep his hands off his life permanently before the people for without the life of Christ in the Bible, and the self-will of men, there is no hope for a better world, and the Christian religion would be a failure—that if they would preach that religion, and by precept and example create a love of hearts of men a love for Christ and for his religion, then and not until then would their hopes be fulfilled, and that they could not see these hopes realized by running around dabbling in politics and trying to get into the political arena. He said he had tried to be very conservative in his Greenville speech, and in fact had been very light and complimentary both to the left and in person by people from many different parts of the state upon his speech as a whole, both as to the positions he had taken and as to the conservative tone of his remarks.

TOLD BY LOCAL EXCHANGES

News Happenings in Neighboring Communities.

CONDENSED FOR QUICK READING

Dealing Mainly With Local Affairs of Cherokee, Cleveland, Gaston, Lancaster and York Counties. The Hill Herald, Oct. 8: Humorous to a degree, bubbling with optimism, overflowing with the soundest of advice in an eloquent and an enjoyable manner, the address of Dr. D. W. Daniel of Clemson college, at the quarterly meeting of the chamber of commerce last night, was declared by all to have been the most masterful address ever delivered before the commercial organization. To use the words of the Charlotte chamber of commerce president, it was worth walking all the way from Charlotte to hear. Quite a large number of Rock Hill people were out for the occasion. In addition there were about a hundred Charlotte boosters present, including the Clariotte band. After Dr. Daniel spoke talks were made by Mayor Kirkpatrick, David Owens and W. C. Snow of Charlotte. After the Charlotte men had departed a business session was held and five directors elected. A group of young ladies served coffee, sandwiches, etc. before the visitors departed. The evening was a most enjoyable one from every standpoint and everybody expressed their pleasure at being present. Arrangements are being made to provide a rest room at the fair grounds and it will be in readiness by Wednesday morning. This room will be the headquarters for the better babies contest, which will be held on Wednesday morning, the hour to be fixed later. However, it will be about 12 o'clock or shortly thereafter.

PALMETTO GLEANINGS

Current Happenings and Events Throughout South Carolina.

P. R. Moore, the oldest mail carrier in Laurens county, died last week. Capt. W. F. Martin, a well known and popular citizen of Greenville, died Thursday morning. The city of Greenwood has decided to raise the salaries of its police officers \$5 each month. W. H. Tiller of Columbia, has been appointed a game warden by Governor Manning. Kid Haynes, colored, killed Gussie Jones, also colored, at a hot spring near Walterboro, last week. J. E. Kinsey of Round, Colleton county, last week reported killing a rattlesnake having nineteen rattles. Andrew Peden has been appointed a member of the Chester county board of registration to succeed J. G. Brown, resigned. The governor has made requisition on the governor of Virginia for the return of L. C. Starnes, an escaped convict from Greenville. In an interview given out Friday, W. P. Pollock of Cheraw, denied that he would be a candidate for office in the Democratic primary next summer. Dispersary sales in Charleston during the month of September were \$47,250.07, compared with \$47,016.41 in September, 1914. The city of Greenville proposes to build a new city hall at an early date. The present building has been sold to J. W. Norwood for \$35,000. John Lomax, colored, was cut to death with a razor by Mack Darwins, his brother-in-law in Columbia last week, following a family quarrel. Mayor Griffith of Columbia, has been removed as head of the police department. He was succeeded by Councilman DuPre. Former Governor Blease, Assistant Attorney General Dominick and H. C. Tillman, Esq., of Greenwood, spoke at the Greenwood cotton mill Saturday afternoon. The annual convention of the South Carolina convention, United Daughters of the Confederacy is to be held this year in Aiken, the convention opening on November 10. The state borrowing board borrowed \$100,000 Thursday to meet the running expenses of the state government. The loan was made by the Palmetto bank of Columbia, at a rate of 2.44 per cent. This makes \$700,000 borrowed by the state this year. Joseph Bollo, E. H. Rickles, H. H. Rabens, J. Holsberg and W. H. Behrens pulled guilty in the Charleston county court of general sessions last week to the charge of selling and storing liquor. Houston Taylor, colored, was shot and instantly killed by Dr. E. L. McManus, near Shelburne, Wednesday morning. The shooting followed a discussion of property under mortgage being sold. Taylor fired two shots at Dr. McManus, one of the bullets going through the doctor's hat. Governor Manning has named as an honorary board for South Carolina upon request of the American defense society, Adjutant General W. W. Moore, W. W. Lewis, Esq., of Yorkville, E. M. Blythe, Greenville; W. F. Robertson, Greenville, and H. B. Springs, Georgetown. Attorney General Peeples ruled in an opinion handed down Friday at the request of the assistant secretary of the board of charities and corrections, that women cannot serve on the local committees under the jurisdiction of the state board of charities and corrections. J. T. Pace of Tryon, N. C., owner of a garage and public service car at that place, and Richard Bomar, colored were killed and James Outlaw, another negro was seriously injured when an automobile in which they were driving struck a grade in which the car struck a tree and was thrown into the air. Annie May Glenn, a 16-year-old school girl of Greer, took her own life by drinking carbolic acid Friday after she discovered that her lover, Robert McElroy had betrayed her trust. According to the girl who confessed to the crime, she reached her side, McElroy visited her Wednesday night and promised to marry her Friday. The home had been prepared for the ceremony when the happy school girl learned that her lover had left town. She was at home with a younger sister whom she sent to a drug store for carbolic acid. After drinking the acid she was taken to the hospital, but died within an hour's time in great agony. Wanted Local Agency.—There seems to be no limit to man's ambition. A few days ago Col. R. E. Sloan, rector of the Presbyterian church of the animal, confirmed the belief that the cat which bit K. O., the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Huskey, Sunday afternoon, was afflicted with rabies. The child is receiving the local physician. Miss Sallie Putnam of Gastonia, and Fred Bridges of King's Mountain, were married Saturday at the home of Mr. R. H. Ford. In this city, the ceremony being performed by Probate Judge W. D. Kirby. Miss Lugenia Millwood and Mr. Jesse J. Mullinax, both of route six, were also married Saturday by Judge Kirby. Mr. M. L. Ross, who has been receiving treatment in a Spartanburg hospital for the past few weeks, returned home Wednesday, much improved. Reed Tull, city

OFFENSIVE OF ALLIES FAILED

German War Office Makes Interesting Statement.

The German war office at Berlin, has sent the following statement, covering the results of the recent offensive movement of the Allies against the Germans in France: "On September 14, before the beginning of the great attack on the western front, Gen. Joffre issued an army order, a copy of which has been found. Gen. Joffre gave instructions as to the manner in which French officers were to explain the coming attack to the men. The officers were to tell them that the intention was to drive the Germans from French soil and that this would influence nations hitherto neutral to enter the war with the Entente powers. "Gen. Joffre then told about the exceptionally favorable conditions for the attack. Territorial gains were to be made in the trenches, thus freeing the younger men for the assault. The landing of British troops enabled the commander-in-chief to hold several armies ready for the attack. The number of machine guns had been doubled and the amount of ammunition on hand was unprecedented. The moment was favorable for the movement. Gen. Joffre said, because all of Kitchener's armies had been landed in France, whereas the Germans had withdrawn troops for the movement. "Gen. Joffre said the attack should proceed on every important front and that the Germans were to be driven back. When the German line had been taken other formations of troops should follow, and the attack should be pushed forward until they reached the open field. He gave instructions that cavalry should participate in the movement. "Moreover, a British order was found, telling the soldiers that on the coming of the Allies the fate of coming British generations. "The German official report and the French and British orders prove how little truth there was in the statement of the enemy that it was not intended to continue the attack which began September 12, 1914, and was repulsed by the Germans. The object of the attack was to drive the Germans from French soil, but the only result obtained was the capture of a small area of place to the extent of 23 kilometers, and in another of 13 kilometers; and these results were not obtained by the military movements of the Allies. The British, but by a successful surprise resulting from an attack, with the aid of the Allies, the German line was pressed into the second line, which is by no means the last line. "According to conservative estimates the French losses in dead, wounded and missing, were 1,100,000. The British losses, 600,000. The losses of the German report was received from Berlin yesterday by way of London. More than 50 percent were not one-fifth of this number. "The remaining portion of the war effort is now being known here today, says a Columbia dispatch of last Thursday. The idea is to have a company with a capital of \$1,000,000, and to extend the warehouse system throughout Georgia and South Carolina, and probably over the entire cotton belt. If the proposition goes through it is said that warehouses to store thousands of bales of cotton may be built at principal points in the two states. "The proposition for the merger came from the Augusta company to the Standard Warehouse company, a financial representative of the Augusta company having come here from New York with the proposition. It is understood that at a meeting of those interested here today, a committee was named to take up the matter with the stockholders. The new company, if formed, will buy up the stock of the Columbia company, it is stated. "The proposed warehouse concern would be a gigantic affair, one of the biggest private corporations in the world. They propose to negotiate loans on warehouse receipts for cotton stored with them at a low rate of interest. "State Warehouse Commissioner John L. McLaurin thinks this private warehouse plan is forming to combat the state warehouse. In a statement issued he said: "There was a meeting in this city today of the owners of Standard warehouses in this state and Georgia to form a huge combination to head off the state warehouse system. I have in my possession a copy of the letter calling this meeting at the instance of large capitalists. They do not permit the farmer to store his cotton where it was grown and they call specific attention to the danger to their interests of the South Carolina state warehouse system. Whether this conspiracy of a class whom Roosevelt described as 'malefactors of great wealth,' will destroy what has been done depends on the people. I have no millions to back me, only faith in God and hope in the people." "T. B. Stackhouse is president of the Standard Warehouse system, while Mr. Barrett is head of the Standard Warehouse company. The rumor that if the merger goes through that Mr. Barrett would move to Columbia and head this branch was denied by an official of the Standard Warehouse company, who said that Mr. Stackhouse on yesterday was re-elected president for another year. "Few details of the proposed warehouse merger could be obtained. It was stated that the Standard Warehouse had not yet given a definite answer to the Augusta people. "Senator McLaurin said tonight that the plan of the state warehouse system had all along been to build a big concentration warehouse at Charleston where the cotton would be collected for export. The new private warehouse company if formed, may also build a big warehouse at Charleston. "John L. McLaurin does not know anything about it. He is pretty much of a hot air artist anyway," said an official of the Standard Warehouse company, Friday afternoon, according to a Columbia dispatch to the Spartanburg Herald, in discussing the published charges that a gigantic warehouse company was being formed to fight the state warehouse system. "The Standard Warehouse has a capital stock of \$1,000,000, being backed by Georgia and South Carolina capital. Officials of the Standard Warehouse company said that several business men had been informally discussing the question of a large system of warehouses, but that "no definite proposition had been made. We have never for once thought of the state warehouse system," said an official of the Standard Warehouse. It is said that the South Atlantic Warehouse company of Augusta, is interesting in the new proposition.

WAREHOUSES MAY COMBINE

McLaurin Says Plan is to Head Off State Warehouse System.

The formation of a big warehouse corporation by merging the Standard Warehouse company of Columbia, and the South Atlantic Warehouse company of Augusta, Ga., is now being considered. It became known here today, says a Columbia dispatch of last Thursday. The idea is to have a company with a capital of \$1,000,000, and to extend the warehouse system throughout Georgia and South Carolina, and probably over the entire cotton belt. If the proposition goes through it is said that warehouses to store thousands of bales of cotton may be built at principal points in the two states. "The proposition for the merger came from the Augusta company to the Standard Warehouse company, a financial representative of the Augusta company having come here from New York with the proposition. It is understood that at a meeting of those interested here today, a committee was named to take up the matter with the stockholders. The new company, if formed, will buy up the stock of the Columbia company, it is stated. "The proposed warehouse concern would be a gigantic affair, one of the biggest private corporations in the world. They propose to negotiate loans on warehouse receipts for cotton stored with them at a low rate of interest. "State Warehouse Commissioner John L. McLaurin thinks this private warehouse plan is forming to combat the state warehouse. In a statement issued he said: "There was a meeting in this city today of the owners of Standard warehouses in this state and Georgia to form a huge combination to head off the state warehouse system. I have in my possession a copy of the letter calling this meeting at the instance of large capitalists. They do not permit the farmer to store his cotton where it was grown and they call specific attention to the danger to their interests of the South Carolina state warehouse system. Whether this conspiracy of a class whom Roosevelt described as 'malefactors of great wealth,' will destroy what has been done depends on the people. I have no millions to back me, only faith in God and hope in the people." "T. B. Stackhouse is president of the Standard Warehouse system, while Mr. Barrett is head of the Standard Warehouse company. The rumor that if the merger goes through that Mr. Barrett would move to Columbia and head this branch was denied by an official of the Standard Warehouse company, who said that Mr. Stackhouse on yesterday was re-elected president for another year. "Few details of the proposed warehouse merger could be obtained. It was stated that the Standard Warehouse had not yet given a definite answer to the Augusta people. "Senator McLaurin said tonight that the plan of the state warehouse system had all along been to build a big concentration warehouse at Charleston where the cotton would be collected for export. The new private warehouse company if formed, may also build a big warehouse at Charleston. "John L. McLaurin does not know anything about it. He is pretty much of a hot air artist anyway," said an official of the Standard Warehouse company, Friday afternoon, according to a Columbia dispatch to the Spartanburg Herald, in discussing the published charges that a gigantic warehouse company was being formed to fight the state warehouse system. "The Standard Warehouse has a capital stock of \$1,000,000, being backed by Georgia and South Carolina capital. Officials of the Standard Warehouse company said that several business men had been informally discussing the question of a large system of warehouses, but that "no definite proposition had been made. We have never for once thought of the state warehouse system," said an official of the Standard Warehouse. It is said that the South Atlantic Warehouse company of Augusta, is interesting in the new proposition.

GENERAL NEWS NOTES

Items of Interest Gathered from All Around the World.

Col. Osmun Latrobe, chief of staff to General Longstreet during the civil war, died in New York, Friday, aged 82. An entire block of business houses and tobacco warehouses were destroyed by fire in Richmond, Va., early Sunday. The loss was \$100,000. M. D. Reed of Hopewell, Va., is held by the police of Newport News, Va., charged with drowning his wife Friday night at the age of 25. The woman was retained at the beginning of the enemy's attack, and that other division was by the state, which was placed for which the detailed division was destined. Otherwise the plans of the German army were not interfered with in any way. "Willie Buckner, 17 years old, of Franklin county, Va., shot his brother to death Sunday with a shot gun. The two committed suicide. They had had a boyish quarrel. "A monument to President John Tyler was unveiled in Hollywood cemetery last night at 10 o'clock. It was a congressional delegation was in attendance. "Expert accountants have found that E. E. Holcomb, who was in the office of the keeper of buildings and grounds, Atlanta, Ga., is \$4,500 short in his accounts. "More than 50 merchant sailors engaged in a drunken riot at Newport News, Va., Saturday afternoon. Several men were drowned by being knocked into the water. "One thousand bales of cotton were destroyed by fire at Goodwater, Ala., Saturday. The loss is estimated at \$250,000. "James Whitcomb Riley, the famous 'Hoosier Poet,' celebrated his 62d birthday Sunday. Riley was born in Indiana, Ind., Friday, Mr. Riley received hundreds of congratulatory telegrams from all parts of the country. "Alexander Zaimis is the new premier of Greece, and at the request of King Constantine has been named as premier following the resignation of Premier Venizelos. Mr. Zaimis has twice before been premier and foreign minister. "In an automobile race at Sheepshead Bay, N. Y., Saturday, Driver Gil Anderson covered the distance, 300 miles in 2 hours, 15 minutes and 32 seconds, at an average speed of 102.56 miles an hour. "J. W. Burkhalter, a young man of Aiken county, Ga., was charged with the murder of a man in a bar at Aiken, Ga., Saturday. The duPont Powder company has recently discovered a process by which it reduces its powder to a fine powder, produce gun powder more than 60 percent. The discovery will largely increase the powder production of its various factories. "Hogs Were Drunk.—A citizen of Newberry went to his plantation last week and while going through the pasture saw a hog acting as though something was wrong with it. As he examined it and found it shaky in the legs he cast his eyes around and discovered another in a wobbly condition, apparently dying. Other hogs on the place were similarly affected. "Leaving work with the overseer to put the hogs up and look after them, the citizen returned to his city home and family for the night, and went back to the plantation next morning, expecting to find the hogs all right. He was surprised when told that the hogs were all right. "They had just been on a drunk that afternoon, having swilled the skim-milk of the sorghum molasses."