Scraps and facts.

partment last Saturday of the shooting of Charles B. Dixon, United States immigration inspector, at Juarez, Mexico by Mexican soldiers. Mr. Dixon went over into Mexico after a negro witness in a white slave case. It is stated that the negro gave the Mexican soldiers and told them to look after The soldiers captured Dixon and were escorting him to the out-skirts of the town. Believing he was to be summarily executed, Dixon ran soldiers shot him in the small of the back, the bullet passing entirely through. Two Americans went over to Juarez to look after Dixon and both were arrested. Shortly afterward, however, all three were released and the state department at Washington notified the Mexican government that all parties concerned in the outrage must be arrested and punished at once Arrests have been made in accordance with the demands of the state depart-ment, but the end of the affair is not

- San Francisco, July 25: "After - San Francisco, July 25: "After the Panama canal is opened, the battleship fleet of the American navy will be as much in the Pacific Ocean as in the Atlantic." This was the declaration here today of Secretary of the Navy Daniels, on his arrival from Los Angeles. "The fleet probably will pass through the canal next April," continued the secretary. "and. of continued the secretary, "and, of course, its presence in the waters will mean the establishment of a naval base with dry docks and all the other equipment necessary to maintenance of a fleet. I am here to examine the sites suggested for a dry dock on San Francisco Bay. My thought is to get a comprehensive idea of the topography so that when the reports o experts are submitted later, I shall be able to read them intelligently." Sec-retary Daniels told the women of the retary Daniels told the women of the San Francisco Civic league that what-ever the opinion of individuals about the wisdom of women suffrage, "we may as well get ready for the inevitfor women are going to vote last month," he continued, "Illineis gave them the ballot for all except constitutional offices, and the plete woman's suffrage in every state in the Union. And when it comes, the constitution will not be broken and the home will not be dethroned." Washington, July 27: Confronted by apparently irreconcilable dif-ferences among Democrats of the house banking and currency committee on the pending currency bill, the administration tonight changed its plans for getting the measure through the committee and the house. The scheme of Chairman Glass to take the unfinished bill out of the hands of committee Democrats and send it to the Democratic house caucus which failed on Friday, was abandoned after Chairman Glass today conferred with President Wilson. The bill will be kept in the conference of the committee Democrats this week, according to the new plan, and they will be forced to vote on the essentials of the measure. The administration supcommittee Democrats and send it to measure. The administration supporters believe they will be able to outvote the so-called insurgents 10 to 4, or 11 to 3. Representative Rags-dale, who offered the Henry-Ragsdale, who offered the Helly-Ragedale amendments to the bill, Representative Burkley of Ohio, Representative Eagle of Texas, and Representative Neeley of Kansas, are the four members listed as doubtful. If

the disagreement of these four cannot be disposed of by discussion and argu-ment, they will be voted down. Then the administration will decide what further course to pursue with the bill. The administration forces apparently were encouraged today and advanc-ed the belief that the president, desspite the unhappy outlook, would be able to get his bill through both ends of the capitol, practically unchanged. the law; but it does not seem proper -The Balkan peace conference is exa to open at Buchare but meantime serious fighting con-tinues. The Greeks refused Bulgaria's for even a three days' truce an after heavy fighting, have gotten through Krefina Pass, defeating the Bulgarians at Simekle, capturing three siege guns and driving the Bulgarians The Greeks clain they annihilated the whole left of the Bulgarian army and that they have forced the Bulgarians back along the Struma valley to Djuma, on the Bulnegotiated another great battle is likely to occur at Struma. been received of fighting on the Servian frontier, but the large numbers of wounded men arriving at Belgrade indicate severe engagements. The cert of the powers seems as poweriess against Turkey. The Porte, however, has disavowed the action of its troops in penetrating old Bulgaria, and no further advance of Turkish troops has een reported. The Turks claim their spoils at Adrianople consisted of 150 guns, 50,000 rifles and 1,000,000 sacks of There are frequent reports of atrocities and massacres by the Bulga-rians and Turks. Izzet Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief, reports that Bulgarians murdered 200 Ottomar soldiers who had been taken prisoners near Kiziley Enidje, while an admission of Turkish massacres of Armenifrom Constantinople in a report that a number of Moslems have been sentenced to death or to long imprisonment for implication in the massacres Despite senatorial criticism of the probable reduction in parcel post rates and the increase in the size of packages, Postmaster General Burleson on last Friday, announced he would issue the final orders at once, announced he putting the changes in effect August 15. The announcement came after the wisdom of making the change had been subjected to a searching review before the senate postoffice review before the senate postoffice committee in the presence of Postmaster General Burleson. Chairman Clark, of interstate commerce com-mission, explaining why the commission had sanctioned the proposed changes, said he believed the postmaster general had ample power under the law to make the changes "I am convinced that the postoffice department ought to, can and will extend the parcel post until it will carry all packages up to 100 pounds," he added. So urgent did Senator Bristow and Bryan attack the proposition that the changes would result in increased profits for the governpower of the postmaster general to make such changes. Later in the day Mr. Burleson demonstrated his determination not to allow his plans to be interfered with by issuing the final order putting the new regula-tions in force on August 15. At the hearing, Chairman Clark of the interstate commerce commission, defended the commission for giving its cent to the new regulations. Another meeting of the senate postoffice committee was called for Saturday. At that time Senator Bryan will urge a favorable report on the bill to repeal the authority of the postmaster gen-eral to make changes of the nature in Senator Bristow will support this movement. Senator Hoke Smith, Swanson and Chilton will op-Friday night that if he were defeated in committee he would renew the

ident Wilson sent to the senate today the nomination of Arma E. Patterson, of Oklahoma, to be register of the treasury, it was worse than drop ping an asparagus bomb of the anti quity of one sent Andrew Carnegie in New York the other day, among e southern Democrats. Patterson is a negro, and therefore 'nuff said He was recommended by Senator Gore, who was one of the Wilson managers in the last campaign, and an original Wilson man. He halls from Muscogee, the home of Senator Gore, who declined to say whether or not he idead in Second not he joined in Senator Gore's rec ommendation Southern fire-eaters who feel very keenly about negroes holding public office, were incensed at atterson's nomination by the president-such men for example, as Senator Vardaman of Mississippi, who wears his hair long; Senator Tillman of South Carolina, who fought for many years to keep Dr. Crum, a negro,

stmaster general's order going in-

ship and became President Roosevelt's bitter enemy as a result; Senator Clark of Arkansas, who belongs to the old school of southern whites, who can tolerate negroes only as servants. There is absolutely no doubt that the nomination of Patterson will be opposed bitterly, and likely, in the end, be defeated. Among the house Democrats on the Oklahoma delegation, great indigna-tion was expressed. "Alfalfa" Bill tion was expressed. "Alfalfa" Bill Murray almost jumped half of his Murray almost Jumped which hangs drooping mustache, which hangs like spring garlands from his upper like spring garlands for contain himlip, while he tried to contain him-self and not speak disrespectfully of the president. For publication he said it was a "a political mistake." Representative Davenport of the Representative Davenport of the same state, while admitting that Patterson was a capable man, declared that a white man should be appointed to the office, which is an import-ant one, and pays \$4,000 a year.

The Morkville Enquirer. Entered at the Postoffice in Yorkville

Most of the employees in the offices

are white people.



VORKVILLE, S. C.: TUESDAY, JULY 29, 1913.

"Ah, there! Get there! Stay there! sums up the aim, purpose and aspiration of the average office holder.

The two great issues in South Carolina are taxation and education. The tax system is in very bad shape and it needs to be improved in order that there may be improvement in the educational system.

Get ideas from the other fellow he has any; but act according to your own judgment. This disinclination of individuals to decide things for themselves makes more non-entities in the world than any other one cause.

It looks like Congressman Ragsdale is going to be overpowered as to his currency amendment. We regret this: but at the same time, we are inclined to give him credit for having made a good fight.

The best way to avoid serious disappointment with regard to the benefits to be derived from the passage of the pending tariff bill, is not to expect too much. We hope for a good deal of benefit of course; but we frankly do not feel like making any great big prom-

It looks to us that in refusing to pay a bill of the attorney general that the legislature had especially authorized, the comptroller general is assuming just a little more discretion than properly belongs to him. It is all right for the comptroller to keep strictly within that he should go beyond the law.

The promoters of the conference for ommon good say there will be no politics in the movement. There are lots of people over the state who think of the movement say it is not so; but if there is really to be no politics, we are led to wonder what anybody exgarian frontier. Unless peace speedily ects to accomplish anyway. We are not to be understood as raising any objection, understand.

> President Wilson still refuses to allow his attention to be detracted from the greater questions of tariff and currency reform by the disturbances in Mexico. Of course if the president desired to be swept off his feet, there would be no difficulty about the matter; but it is evident that he does not. the duty of this country to adjust matters in Mexico, it will be the right thing for them to hurry through congress the pending reforms after which the country will be in a position to take up this other matter.

> It requires a perspiring effort to get on to the real merits of that military Gen. Moore drew double pay at the Aiken encampment, and Gen. Moore says that although he had a right to the pay, he did not draw it, because of the smallness of the fund. The News and Courier criticises Gen. Moore for ordering the Orangeburg and other companies home, and Gen. Moore insists that he has done no such thing It seems that there has been quite a lot of misunderstanding about the whole matter, and there is in it all, more or less emphasis of the necessity of sticking closely to the written laws.

Yielding to the persistent activities of Congressman Lever in that behalf, the agricultural department has about agreed to an arrangement under which it proposes to establish in this state a co-operative system of live stock de velopment. The plan relates to both cattle and hogs, and the work it is understood will be established under the general supervision and assistance of Hon. J. A. Banks, of St. Matthews. president of the state Agricultural and Mechanical Society, and one of the best informed and most progressive live stock breeders in the state. Mr. Banks was formerly a member of the ways and means committee of the house, and is now a member of the senate. He is a man of large means. and has not only a broad and patriotic conception of the benefits to be derived to the state through the developpose it. Senator Bryan announced ment of the live stock industry; but is willing to do what he can to assist in this very important work. The undercontest on the floor of the senate and standing is that the agricultural department is to send a thoroughly qualified agent to confer with Mr. Banks. — Washington special of July 25, to and after plans have been formulated the Cincinnati Enquirer: When Presand agreed upon, the interested public

> Commenting on a recent order of the war department providing for the discharge of employes who fail to pay their debts, the Greenwood Journal re-

will be advised further.

marks: "We see no reason why the same rule should not be enforced in smaller overnments. There is no reason why Greenwood, for instance, should not preemptorily discharge any man in its employ who falls to meet his obliga-

tions.' This old debt problem has been with us since the beginning, and it will probably be with us to the end. We have no unfavorable criticism of the war department's order, nor do we disagree with the Greenwood Journal

either proposition. On the countrary we are rather coming to the view that the responsibility for bad debts rests almost as much with the creditor as with the debtor. Bankers do not get stuck often, simply because they use excellent judgment, and others should be as careful as bankers. If a man is willing to pay but can't, leave him alone and he will come. But if he be of the dead beat kind to begin with, don't credit him. Give him charity, if necessary; but not credit.

It seems to us that if there is one

branch of the public service wherein

strict obedience to the letter and spirit of the law is more desirable and necessary than another, that branch is the military service. And we would be glad to see a change. We do not feel inclined to take any sides in this controversy that has been going on between Governor Blease and General Moore, because we have a feeling that neither of these officials are entirely right or entirely wrong. The fact of the business is that the militia arm of the government has never been run in strict accordance with the law, and it is not being so run now. This requirement for instance, that a company shall not be entitled to transportation or pay in connection with an encampment with less than thirty-eight men is not new. As to whether any company has ever been passed on encampment with less than thirtyeight men we do not know; but we think it can be established that it has been a common thing for companies to show up at encampment with less than thirty-eight men and afterward fill in the quota by borrowing from other companies that have more than the requirement. This, of course, is irreguar; but it is only one of many irregu larities. Every company in the state includes some first class military material: but at the same time most of the companies have a number of men who are here merely for the purpose of filling up the gaps, and evading the law. We do not doubt that Gen. Moore has stood for more or less of this in times past, and it is a fact that the majority sentiment of the officers stood for it all the while. The officers of thing; but they are willing to take it building. rather than have no company, and the effect is all the same. Of course, it would mean a good deal of hard work to put the national guard on a basis of thorough efficiency; but common sense teaches even those who have no knowledge of military matters that a half way ground here is worse than nothing. It is our opinion that if Governor Blease and Gen. Moore would do the best thing for the military service they will get together and insist that hereafter the whole business shall be conducted on a strictly military basis according to law, or not at all.

WORK OF CONGRESS

Present Extra Session May Run on to December.

That the present session of congress will run into the next regular session which begins in December, is the opinion expressed by Speaker Clark. Other house leaders, while somewhat placed the date subsequent to October The tariff debate in the senate, the currency discussion in both houses, and the double lobby investigation are expected to occupy the attention of congress for not less than two months and possibly until the first of Decem-

When asked what his prediction would be regarding the wind-up of the present session, Mr. Clark cember 1." He said that from what e has heard as to the number and length of the speeches which have promised for the senate debate on the tariff, that body will hardly get through with the bill until after September 1. By that time the senate probably will have the currency bill and the debate in connection with that may be prolonged, according to

Representative Underwood, majority leader of the house and chairman of the ways and means committee, looks for the final passage of the tariff bill by September 15. Mr. Underwood does not believe there will be any se rious obstacles in the way of a speedy agreement on the tariff bill when it goes to conference. He is keeping up with all of the changes propo the senate and does not regard any that have been made by the finance committee as offering any great difficulty of adjustment.

adjourn before the middle of Septemr," said Mr. Underwood. "I think that the house will have passed the the tariff bill by that time. the session continues later, depends upon the course the senate adopts with respect to the currency bill.' Tennessee, the chairman of the house house committee is able to proceed with the lobby probe it will undoubtedly take weeks to cover the ground. in fact, the investigation may take months," said Mr. Garrett. "The resolution under which the committee acting is very broad, and while the committee will exercise discretion as to the scope of the inquiry, we propose to do the job thoroughly. That it will take us a long time there can

"Nudity Would be Better."-Absolute nudity in women is preferable to the present fashion of dressing, according to Rev. Stephen A. Nettles, editor of the Southern Christian Adocate, which publication in last reek's issue strongly denounced what the editor calls "sensuality in woman's

Mr. Nettles says: "Somehow it seems that many women love to display their cities, laws have been passed forbidling the appearance of women upon the streets in certain styles of dress. "Really, we believe it would be mor-ally far better for the women to follow the custom of many African tribes, who are robed in nothing more than beads of perspiration, than to wear these suggestive dresses that many are now adorning their bodies with. "Let the press and the pulpit and the city councils and the state legislature and the truly modest women of our land do all in their power to avert the destruction being called down up-

"one of the chief sources of this degeneracy of modesty in our women found in the bathing custom and cos tumes.

on our country by these devilish cus

The Call to Preach .- "Too man Heavens think it means 'Preach Christ' when it means 'Plow Corn,' " said Vice President Thomas R. Marshall last addressing 20,000 persons who had gathered at Moose Heart. Ill. to attend the laying of the cornerstone for a \$5,000,000 industrial school and for orphaned children and The institution is to be er aged. by the Loyal Order of the Moose "Out of the superior educationa advantages of today," Vice President Marshall said, "one unhappy corollary has developed. A vast army of persons whose labors would make for nation have conceived themselves fitted for fancied nobler pursuits, and thus

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Enquirer Office—Will pay reward for return of ladies' fancy back comb, lost last Friday on road while out homson Co.-Offers ladies' and chil dren's trimmed hats at 98c and 48c each. Also invites attention to a variety of dress goods, hosiery, etc. Cloud Cash Store—Cuts prices on all summer goods, including em-broideries, laces, lawns, etc. Men's

straw hats, 25c each. Kirkpatrick-Belk Co.—Has a few ladies' and misses' dresses and offers them at greatly reduced prices to close out the lines.

Bank of Clover—Will give \$5 in gold
to the party selling the first bale of 1913 cotton on the Clover market.

W. D. Grist-Asks for return of pair eye-glasses lost Saturday morning, between residence and office. M. P. Robinson, Yorkville—Has a black male shoat, taken up Saturday, that he wants the owner to call for and pay expenses.

York Supply Co.—Can furnish you oyster shells for chickens. Also has seed crimson clover, and also

has all kinds of feed. McConnell Dry Goods Co.—Is closing out all oxfords at cost, and is showing oxfords in all leathers. Yorkville Banking & Mercantile Co.

Gives you a tip to see it for all that is good in groceries. New shipment of Melrose flour Feedstuffs, etc. M. Stroup—Now offers a new line of Arrow Brand shirts and collars. \$1.50 shirts at \$1; \$2 shirts at \$1.50 I. M. Stroup-Arrow collars, two for 25c. order for monumental work, if you

are willing to pay a fair price for the highest grade of work. Sam Kassler, Manager—On page four announces a special sale to begin July 31, and gives prices that will interest close buyers of dry goods, Royal Pressing Club—Wants to find blue serge coat sent out to wrong party by mistake.

The Filbert picnic comes next Fri-

Sutton's Spring school is to have picnic on August 16.

COUNTY SCHOOL MATTERS Filbert school district No. 21, is the ploneer country school district of York county in the matter of voting bonds for the purpose of building a suitable school house. Last Friday, by a vote of fifteen to three, the school patrons of the district voted for an issue of course, do not prefer this kind of \$1,250 6 per cent bonds for a school

School district No. 53 has been formed by a division of Filbert district No. 21. The new district is that portion of No. 21 lying east of a line running from the George Thomas place notheast to Allison creek bridge on the Lincoln road.

Philadelphia school district No. 33 recently voted to increase its special tax levy for school purposes from 2 to mills on the dollar. The vote was 22 in favor of the increased tax to 2 against it.

On July 1st, the beginning of the new scholastic year, the various school districts of the county had about \$11,-000 to their credit with the county

THE SPEAKERS AT FILBERT There is every prospect of a tremer lous crowd of people at the Filbert picnic next Friday and arrangements

are practically complete. Chairman Clark, of the committee on to the present time he has acceptances from the following prominent officials, and prospective candidates who have

been invited to speak: Hon. Chas. A. Smith, Hon. M. L. Smith, Hon. John G. Richards, Hon. George R. Rembert, Hon. John L. McLaurin, Governor Cole L. Blease.

Congressman Finley has indicated his intention of being present; but owing to the condition of his health will not attempt to make a speech. Dr. J. G. Clinkscales and Richard I. Manning have been invited; but up to the present time neither has been heard from. Senator E. D. Smith replied to the invitation committee; but was in doubt as to whether he could leave his official duties in Washington. Governor Blease wrote Chairman Clark that he would be present unless prevented by sickness or other contingency that could not be foreseen.

THE ALFALFA MEETING

The Yorkville Alfalfa Growers asso ciation is expecting to have an important meeting on Thursday, the principal purpose of it being to get matters in shape for the big start to be made this fall. Mr. Sam M. Grist, seccurrency bill and will have agreed to retary of the association, has been Whether trying to secure the presence of Mr. J. M. Cherry, the most extensive alfa'fa grower in the county; but while Mr. Cherry is very much interested, it is doubtful as to whether he will be able to be present. He writes as follows:

"Dear Sir: I beg to

your kind favor of the 23d instant inviting me to attend a meeting of your association on the 31st, and make give me much pleasure to attend this meeting, and render what little assistance and encouragement I might, but I am expecting any day now a call out of town on business, which will me away for a few days, and it is al-most sure to come between now and Thursday. Should I happer not to be called away, I will try to come over. "I am very much interested in alfalfa growing and my experience so far is quite encouraging. I really believe it is the key to diversified farming we have all been talking about so long, and that we all know is so necessary to successful farming. Strive to get each of your members to plant at least one to directions from some one who knows from experience, and he is almost sure to succeed; and when once he succeeds he is not apt to ever quit it.

"Prof. A. G. Smith of the agricultural department I understand will be having a great time. They say that with you on Thursday and I know no one better able than he to give full directions for growing alfalfa. "Thanking you for your invitation

ABOUT PEOPLE

and wishing your association much

success, I am, Yours very truly, etc."

Miss Anna Lewis of Yorkville, visiting friends in Chester. Mrs. Manse J. Moorehead of York Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Cummings, o Mr. Jno. C. Dickson of Yorkville, No. 1. Miss Lilla Bell Hahan of Rock Hill, visiting Miss Maggie Smith in Hickory Grove. Mr. W. I. Barber, of Yorkville, lef

for a visit to relatives at Westminster. Miss Wilma Hart of Wardmala sland, is visiting the family of Mr G. W. S. Hart in Yorkville. Mr. R. B. Clarkson of Columbia

risiting Mr. Walter Barron in Yorkville. Miss Jennie Beard Mackorell Yorkville, is visiting relatives in Lancaster.

Mr. W. A. Jackson of Columbia, spent

and friends near Yorkville. Elowise, of Union, are visiting R. E. pastor of the church for the past six and J. W. Gwin on Yorkville No. 5. many years to keep Dr. Crum, a negro, agree with the Greenwood Journal, the progress they would have made in out of the Charleston, S. C., collector- But we do not see much of a remedy in the work they are fitted for, is lost." Miss Lesslie C. White, of Yorkville, the congregation has appeared to be I do solemnly swear that I will bear been displaced.

LOCAL AFFAIRS. is spending a few days with Miss Hat-tie Galloway on Yorkville No. 4.

Mrs. C. J. Youngblood of Yorkville is spending a few days with relatives and friends in Hickory Grove. Mr. D. E. Finley Jr., of Washington

D. C., is spending some time at home in Yorkville. Mr. and Mrs. F. H. H. Calhoun. Clemson college, visited Hon. and Mrs D. E. Finley, in Yorkville, last week. Mrs. F. L. Mult and Miss Elsie Barr heart of Albion, Ill., are guests Yorkville of Mr. H. J. Mull.

Miss Sadle McClain, of Columbia has been spending some days with the family of Mr. W. E. Ferguson, in York-Mr. Earle Grist of Bennettsville,

Grist. Misses Mary and Annie May Har shaw and Miss Maude Love, of Mc Connellsville, are the guests of Miss Wilma Scoggins in Hickory Grove.

Mr. J. D. Witherspoon of Westmins ter, visited his parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Witherspoon in Yorkville, Saturday and Sunday. Mrs. Jno. C. Dickson of Yorkville, and at present is here. The trustees of No. 1, and Miss Annie L. Dickson, of the negro church intend taking up the Columbia, left today for Asheville, matter immediately in order to arrive

N. C., to spend a week or more with Miss Mary Henley Willis, been spending the past month in the mountains of North Carolina, has returned to her home in Yorkville. Miss Nellie Hart and Master Thos Speck, who have been spending sever-al weeks in Washington, D. C., re-

last night. Information from Mr. W. M. McCon nell who is at Lake Saranac, New York, is to the effect that he is gaining rapidly in weight and is getting along of the old mill. It is to be one story

Information from Deaconness Gads den, superintendent of the Church Home Orphanage, who is in Switzer-land is to the effect that her health is not improving as was hoped. She is expected home in a few weeks howexpected

MURDERER CAPTURED

Rob Johnson, the negro who killed his wife Eula Johnson, on Magistrate R. L. A. Smith's place, near Hickory Grove, on July 12, and for whose arrest, delivery and conviction Governor Blease offered a reward of fifty dollars, was lodged in the county jail last Sun-

The negro was captured at Hickory, N. C., by Jack Cousar and Henry Leech two Hickory Grove negroes who were put on the fellow's trail by Magistrate Smith, and who did some first class work in their efforts to uphold the majesty of the law.

Immediately after the murder and the disappearance of Johnson, Magistrate Smith went to Columbia and laid the whole matter before Governor Blease, with a request for assistance. The governor promptly offered a reward of fifty dollars that Magistrate Smith suggested would be desirable, and on his return to Hickory Grove, Magistrate Smith made arrangements with Cousar and Leech to do what

hey could. Taking up the trail at Hickory Grove. Cousar and Leech followed Johnson up to King's Mountain, and then over into North Carolina, and succeeded in getting a straight tip that the man they wanted was at Hickory. Their money had given out in the meantime, however, and they had to return home; but taking a new start last week they nt Alrect to Hickory and after son shrewd and careful hunting, finally got quire more yarn, of course more work

negro restaurant. about the same time they saw him, and ran into the restaurant. They followed; but Johnson had disappeared. The proprietor insisted that he had not seen Johnson; but Cousar and Leech would believe nothing of the kind. A crowd of negroes gathered and became threatening; but the Hickory Grove negroes stood their ground. Finally the Hickory negroes admitted that Magill vs. the Southern. they had seen Johnson, but claimed that he had gone up town. One of the Hickory Grove negroes started in the Magill against the Southern railway direction indicated; but the other, armed with a shotgun, remained at the restaurant. The Hickory negroes telephoned the police that armed negroe were making trouble at the restaurant, for \$20,000 damages for alleged personand asked them to come and make ar- al injuries.

rests. Cousar and Leech held their ground and upon the arrival of the police, explained what they were there for and backed up what they said by exhibiting Magistrate Smith's warrant. On reading the warrant, the po liceman pronounced it all right, and said he would take a hand himself. He assisted in searching the restaurant, and as the searchers approached the loft, Johnson showed himself and sur rendered. Cousar and Leech were allowed to bring him on to Yorkville.

The murder with which Johnson charged, appears to have been particularly savage and brutal. The young negro woman to whom he had been married less than a year, left him. He went to the house in which she was staying and asked whether or not she was going to live with him any more and when she told him to go away, he shot her dead with a pistol. Two women in the house were witnesses to the shooting.

WITHIN THE TOWN

- A number of Ancona mill villager are taking much interest in the pigthat they are raising for slaughter next fall and winter. Some of them have

fine hogs in prospect. - Mr. John James of Yorkville, purchased the Lowrance place near Yorkville. This was formerly the property of Mr. Walter Rose. There are and to plant it strictly according sixty-five acres in the tract and the purchase price was \$1,250.

> Information from several members of Co. "L." now on encampment at Antheir duties are very light and in spite the outing immensely. - Mr. Alonzo Rose of Yorkville, yes

terday sold his house on Main street to Mr. J. A. Tate. The purchase price has not been made public. Asked yester- charged with a grave offense that is day as to what he intended to do, Mr. Rose said that he had not fully made up his mind. He has no idea of leav ing Yorkville at present, and since he has several pieces of property in Yorkville, will probably live on one of them. "The deal yesterday is the sixtleth real estate trade I have made since I have been married," said Mr. Rose. He also said he did not care to make the purchase price public. "It is of no interest to any one except the purchaser and I," he continued, "but you might back. The negro denies all evil intensay that it is quite satisfactory to both

of us." -There was some little excitemen at the Zion Methodist church, colored, of Yorkville, Sunday night, when Sherman Sanders, one of the members of the congregation, grasped the pastor. several days last week with relatives B. J. Arnold, by the arm and ejected him from the pulpit. Arnold has been do hereby voluntarily enlist as a -

dissatisfied with him. Last Monday he was arrested on a warrant from Lancaster charging him with obtaining of this charge, the trustees of his sever his connection with the congregation until some disposition had been nade of the charge against him. Sunday night the services were being conducted by Sherman Sanders. Arnold accompanied by another preacher named Carter, came to the church rather late, and Arnold immediately took charge. He gave out a hymn to the congregation and began reading it spending his vacation in Yorkville line after line when Sanders informed with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sam M. him that he (Sanders) was in charge Arnold paid no attention to Sanders and continued reading. Sanders then grasped him by the arm and escorted him from the rostrum. There was some commotion among the congregation and it was deemed best to dismiss the assembly. Arnold lives in Yorkville, and at present is here. The trustees of

at some conclusion as to Arnold's re-

-Things have been happening at the

lation to the Zion Methodists.

Ancona mill since Cannon & Company took charge out there, some three months ago, and in a few weeks the mill will hardly be recognizable Among other improvements will be the addition to the mill building, which is now well underway. The addition is to be about 300 feet long and the width high and is to have a concrete floor with a top dressing of maple, and is to be covered with the usual style of mill roofing. Besides the addition to the mill, a large water tank or standpipe is now almost completed. The tank or rather tanks there being two, one of 50,000 gallons capacity above and one of 10,000 gallons capacity suspended underneath, is supported on iron work about sixty feet high, making the total height of the tank about 85 feet. It is understood that the 50,000 gallon tank is to be used for fire purposes, and the 10,-000 tank for drinking water. The water supply is to come from two artesian wells which are to be bored a short distance from the tank. A portion of the old warehouse that stood southeast of the mill has been torn down to Sing Sing to the state prison at Aumake room for the new addition to the burn, N. Y.....H. Otto Wittpenn, exmake room for the new addition to the mill, and it is understood that a new warehouse is to be built at the other end of the mill, between the boiler room and the mill offices. Another improvement is the relaying of the Southern's spur track from the main line to the mill. The old track had to be moved from its old bed about 100 feet, in order to make room for the south end of the addition, and the track has also been extended out toward the offices in order to reach the site of the new warehouse that is soon to be built. A complete rock crushing plant is in operation crushing stone into rubble for use in the foundation walls and for Mrs. Young to withdraw the resignaflooring the addition. When the building is completed it is understood that ing is completed, it is understood that 500 Draper looms are to be added to the mill's equipment, and as one man can handle eighteen to twenty looms, this will mean an addition of about twenty-five hands for these machines sight of their man on the outside of ers will be needed in the spinning departments. Altogether the additiona machinery will probably require an addition to the working force of sixty

> happy and contented." LOCAL LACONICS

hill now, and every

ody seems to be

string of corporations, has been forced into involuntary bankruptcy, with liabilities of \$155,000.... The mayor of Cleveland, O., is trying to induce the department stores of that city to sell city 43 per cent bonds over their counters in denominations of \$5, \$10 and \$25.... Howard Elliott, president of the Northern Pacific, has been elected president of the New York New Ha-The verdict for \$8,000 awarded by the York county court to Samuel T. was affirmed last Friday by the supreme court in a decision by Associate \$25... Justice Watts. This was an action brought in the court of common pleas

Chas. S. Mellen, resigned..... A gang of convicts at Newton, N. J., who were Automobile Mishap. Messrs. J. P. McMurray and Latta baseball outfit and allowed to play the game after work hours.....Geo. W. Riehl, a jeweler of New Orleans, was shot to death on the streets of that city Thursday, by Miss Augusta A. Edwards, a stenographer who claimed Riehl had ruined her life....The po-Massey, of Yorkville, figured in an automobile accident last Friday that came near being serious. While they were driving along the King's Mountain road near the F. C. Riddle place, lowed to go on duty in their shirt sleeves on account of the heat....Rethe machine skidded, overturned and threw both occupants out. Mr. McMurvised figures place the number ray sustained several slight bruises and Mr. Massey escaped unhurt. There overall factory fire last week at forty
....Frank Burnside, an aviator, reach was very little damage to the machine ed an altitude of 12,950 feet at Bath,

Death of J. H. Lucas. John Henry Lucas, formerly Yorkville, died at his home in Rock Hill, Saturday, following a fourth workers of the forty-two eastern rail-roads have signed agreements to abide by the ruling of a board of arbitra-tors. The hearings are to be held in New York, probably in September.... A Pennsylvania railroad towerman ditched a fast passenger train at Burn-ham, Ill., Saturday to avert a head-on colliseion with another research train stroke of paralysis, aged 72 years, and was buried in Rose Hill cemetery, Yorkville, Sunday morning, the funeral services being conducted by Rev. Henry Stokes of the Methodist church, Mr. Lucas is survived by five sons and three daughters, as follows: John M.; Philo and Leonard Lucas, Mrs. A. B. Walton, Mrs. Mamie Stewart and Mrs. Minnie Huddleston of Rock Hill; J. Y. Lucas of Yorkville and Chas. Lucas, of Rowan county, N. C.

Bethel Township Conference. Next Thursday, July 31, is the date of the proposed conference to be held in Bethel township for the purpose of considering township or neighborhood organization. The meeting is to be held at the church, convening at 1.30 p. m., and according to the call published by Dr. Adams, all the people interested are invited. From such information as The Enquirer has gathered, there is considerable interest in the subject all over Bethel township, and people else-where are watching the movement cuted only by special act of congress over Bethel township, and people elsewith more or less concern. Lunch will be served on the grounds. Charged With Grave Offense.

George Blair, a young negro twentyalleged to have been committed last Saturday afternoon. His accuser is a Saturday afternoon. His accuser is a the New Orleans Daily States for young white girl, who told her parents \$100,000 damages, the suit growing out that the negro accosted her with improper proposals while she was on her way home from a visit to the family of Mr. J. T. Feemster. The young girl screamed, ran home and informed her parents. The negro was arrested without difficulty and committed to jail. He was afterward taken to Rock Hill as a further precaution; but was brought tions in connection with the matter. Oath of Enlistment.

With the general discussion of milltary matters, apropos to the service of the national guardsmen and the organization in South Carolina, the oath which every man is required to take is er. pertinent, being as follows: "I, --pastor of the church for the past six of Company "——," —— Regiment nonths, and for the past several weeks National Guard of South Carolina, and job she held, Mrs. Gunter has only just tory to the gathering of the state

true faith and allegiance to the United States and to the state of South Carolina, and that I will support the Secretary of the Treasury Calls Trick money under false pretenses. Hearing constitution thereof, that I will serve the state of South Carolina faithfulchurch met and decided that he should ly in its military service for the term of two years, unless sooner discharged or I cease to be a citizen thereof; that I will obey the orders of the commander-in-chief and such officers as may be placed over me, and

Will Take Care of Automobiles. Mr. W. L. Pursley, mayor of Filbert was in Yorkville this morning, and speaking of the big picnic to be held in his town next Friday, said that while he had no reason to expect anything but the best of good order had thought proper to arrange for the protection of visiting automobiles by setting aside a special place for them. There will be a special guard over the automobiles that take advantage of the arrangement, and owners will be expected to pay a fee of ten cents to cover ex-penses. "Of course," said Mr. Pursley, "it is up to the automobile owners whether they will take advantage of our special arrangement or not; but it has occurred to me that there is more or less risk in leaving exposed on such an occasion from \$500 to \$2,500 worth of property in the shape of an automobile, and it might be a good idea to provide for the protection of people ho want to be protected."

MERE MENTION A New York bridge commission esti

kansas by 20,000 majority, in last Wednesday's special election. He was op-

posed by a Progressive and a Socialist....F. M. Smith, known as the "Bo-

rax King," and head of a \$200,000 string of corporations, has been forced

president of the New York, New Ha-

ven and Hartford system, succeeding

very restless during rest hours, have

baseball outfit and allowed to play the

ice of Indianapolis, Ind., are now al

N. Y., Saturday, the highest altitude

yet attained by an American.....The

railroad managers and the railway workers of the forty-two eastern rail-

collission with another passenger train.

No one was seriously injured on the

wrecked train.....Governor Tener of Pennsylvania, has vetoed more than

400 appropriation bills passed by the

last legislature, carrying appropria-tions of \$21,000,000.....Two Italians, wanted in Italy for crimes committed

eight years ago, one of them a murder-er, were arrested at Shamokin, Pa., Saturday.....J. Warren Jenkins, un-der sentence of death at Cheyenne,

Wyo., for wife-murder, has fallen heir

to \$25,000....Saturday afternoon more than 100,000 non-militant suffragettes gathered in Hyde Park, London, and

made a quiet and orderly appeal to

suffragettes walked to London from all parts of England....The Cuban con-

... The new revolution in China which bids fair to rend the republic to pieces, is being largely directed by Dr. Sun

tion of 1911 against the Manchus.

who engineered the revolu-

The fifth

state in violation of state laws of the Webb law.....Governor

and of the Webb law.....Governo Hall of Louisiana, has filed suit agains

of statements published by the papel in connection with a 900,000-acre land deal to which the governor was a par-

ty.....A house at Fayetteville, Ark was struck by lightning five time

tions.....Fifty persons were injured some seriously, many of them women

by an explosion in a celluloid factory

-The postoffice department las

Wednesday announced the appoint-

ment of George C. Gunter, of Selvern

Aiken county, S. C., as rural carries for that section. Gunter will succeed

Mrs. Rosabelle Gunter as rural carried

for that route. Mrs. Gunter at the

present is the only woman in the Unit-ed States acting as a rural mail carri-

er. More than a year ago the postof-fice department decided it best not to

all lost their jobs except Mrs. Gunter

at Arlington, N. J., Friday evening. . .

within one hour Saturday. The bolt jarred the house from its fou

parliament for votes for women.

deaths

in the Binghampton, N. Y.

contented since being given

mates that a proposed bridge across the Hudson river will cost \$42,000,000.The French chamber of deputies by a vote of 450 to 69, has voted its approval of the government's \$1,000,000,000 budget for the fiscal year 1913.Ex-Governor M. R. Patterson was caught in a raid of an underworld was caught in a raid of an underworld resort by the police at Memphis, Tenn. Friday night.....Wm. Henry Lee, a publisher of Chicago, who died several weeks ago, left an estate of \$200,000, and his administrators cannot find that he has any living relatives....Two of-floors of the Prussian army fought's ficers of the Prussian army fought's duel to the death with swords at Lan-dau, Wurtemburg, Friday, because one of them had criticised the other be-cause he had allowed his daughter to dance the "turkey trot".....Governor Sulzer of New York, says that his life is in danger because of the fight he is making against the power of Tammany Hall. The governor says he will fight until either he or Chas. F. Mur-phy bites the "political dust."....Sixty mutinous convicts, with a guard to each pair, have been transferred from burn, N. Y......H. Otto Wittpenn, ex-mayor of Jersey City, has withdrawn from the gubernatorial race of New Jersey, in favor of Governor Fielder, at Jersey, in rayor of Governor Fielder, at the request of President Wilson..... Bahoub Hassan, a young Servian, was deported from Philadelphia, Saturday and will return to his home in Servia. While working in a Cleveland, O., to-bacco factory, it was discovered that he was a victim of leprosy, hence the deportation. Governor Tener, of lic school system of Chicago, has ten-dered her resignation because of fric-tion with members of the school board. Pressure is being brought to bear on

view of the fact that the two's have no due date, and are payable after 1930 only at the option of the gov-ernment, the definite promise of pay-ment at the end of 20 years, is dis-ware and New Jersey Two New York egg commission men plead guilty to making false claims against the Baltimore and Ohio railroad for break-

to secure government deposits, it can readily be seen how trivial this is. If these bonds are not used to secure deposits they can be used for additional circulation.

"Nearly all of the price is marked by the banks. If the price is marked down, it is because the banks themselves are matting pressure on the

"The department has, because of its relation to the banks and its nec-essarily important part in the financial affairs of the country, a deep interest in the welfare of the banks in the stability of the financial situaprosperity now being experienced by prises and general business." these reasons the secretary, said he had hoped that the banks would not

In conclusion the secretary that "there is not going to inancial trouble and that the large crops now in prospect are going to be moved without difficulty; and that the powers of the department will be exercised in their greatest ampli-tude for the protection of the busi-

Senator McLaurin has many friends n Anderson county and when in the United States senate always got a fine vote here. Since the published rumor that he would be a candidate for governor of South Carolina, there has been much favorable comment on his prospective candidacy and no doubt by a definite answer as to whether of

gress in special session, has given per-mission for the prosecution of Repre-sentative Arias and Senator Morales, for the murder of General Riva, head of the national police, a few weeks ago. The defendants could be prosenot he will be in the race.

Anderson friends of the senator be Governor West of Oregon, has ordered the seizure of all liquors shipped into

-Columbia, July 27: Acting Secretary of War Breckinbridge has written Governor Blease that it was sole ly the latter's power to say whether or not the Bamberg, Orangeburg and Barnwell military companies sent home from the encampment of the Third regiment in Aiken last week because of falling below the required quota of men, should be given an op-portunity to encamp with the Second regiment here next week. The gov-ernor immediately addressed a letter to the captains of the three companies they desired to, whereupon he would issue the necessary orders. The Sec-ond regiment goes into camp next Tuesday on the state rifle range near fice department decided it best not to this city for nine days' instruction have women as rural mail carriers and The company of United States regulars who were at Aiken have already t tory to the gathering of the state

McADOO IS ON

of New York Banks.

Chairman McAdoo issued a statement last night flatly charging that the decline of government two per cent bonds to 951, a new low record, was due "almost wholly to what appears to be a campaign waged with the laws governing the military forces every indication of concerted action of the State of South Carolina, so on the part of a number of influenhelp me God." tial New York city banks to cause apprehension and uneasiness about these bonds in order to help them in their efforts to defeat the currency bill.

Banks throughout the country own almost entirely \$730,882,130 of the two per cents. Their market value today was approximately \$30,000,000 less than when the banks bought them. Almost the entire issue is used as security for national bank notes. At the present time, however, the discrepancy between the market value and the issues of notes against the bonds is covered by what is known as the five per cent redemption fund, deposited by the banks with the treasury to care for retirements of national bank notes.

Secretary McAdoo announced it was

not his intention to require the banks to charge off the present depreciation below par, but that the banks might continue to put in the bonds at par in their statements to the comptroller of the currency at least "until some material change in conditions should compel the adoption of another

In his statement, Secretary McAdoo declared two per cents were worth par—notwithstanding their decline in the New York market and continu-

ed:

"The idea seems to be that the country banks which hold about-two-thirds of the two per cent bonds, and use them as the basis for their circulating notes, may be induced to unite with the New York city banks in opposition to the bill if they can be made to believe that the proposed currency measure is going to injure these bonds, and cause losses to the banks. This, of course, is unfounded. "Meantime, it is folly for any bank to sell government two's at a sacrifice because of any apprehended legisfice because of any apprehended legis-lation adverse to government bonds, as no such legislation will result. In the 124 years of its existence, the gov-ernment has kept faith scrupulously ernment has kept faith scrupulously with its creditors, and it is not going to change its honorable character now. If the necessities of any bank oblige it to sell bonds at depressed prices, that, of course, is another matter—a matter solely for the bank to determine."

The secretary said that not only had nothing occurred to impair the value of the two per cent bonds, but that the amendment already adopted

that the amendment already adopted by the banking and currency committee of the house enhances their intrinsic value.

"1. Because the banks and all other holders of two per cent bonds are given a privilege, not now possessed, of exchanging the two's for three's without the circulation rights, at the rate of five per cent per annum of their holdings, present or hereafter acquired. So long as they do not make the exchange, they may retain or sell and buy the two per cent bonds and exercise the circulation privilege attached thereto.

"2. At the end of 20 years, the government will pay at par and interest all two per cent bonds, which at that time, remain outstanding. In yiew of the fact that the two's have

The secretary spoke with amuse

The secretary spoke with amusement of the grave statements sent out from New York to the effect that if the currency bill shall pass and government deposits are put in the Federal reserve banks, the two percent bonds now used to secure deposits will be thrown on the market and their value thereby impaired. As only \$13,900,000 of the two's out of a total of \$780,882,130 are used

down, it is because the banks them-selves are putting pressure on the market and depressing the value of their securities. The fault is their own. It would seem the part of good sense and good business not to do it." The secretary expressed the hope that the process if continued, will be carried to a point where the department will have to take action. "There is and always has been, a "There is and always has been, a narrow market for the two per cent just as there is for many inactive, al-though high-grade corporation bonds, and everyone knows how easy it is to put up or down the quotations for such bonds.

consider a suggestion from him impertinent.

ess interests of the country.

McLaurin in Anderson.-In a private etter to an Anderson friend, Senator John L. McLaurin, now spending the summer at Hendersonville, N. C., advises that he will be in Anderson the latter part of this or the first of next yeek while the encampment is in pro-

lieve that if he enters the race the other candidates had just as well withdraw, as it is conceded that he will get votes from all factions and would make an ideal compromise candidate. Anderson county voters are not tak-ing to the candidacy of the announced candidates-Richards, Manning, Rem bert and the two Smiths, Mendel and ". A. Smith. The announcement in the Intelligencer a few days ago that Mc-Laurin would probably make the race, was received with delight in Anderson county and should he offer, which now will walk away with the votes of An-