# Scraps and facts.

-Reports from the Balkans indicate that within a few weeks more, that whole region will be in the terrible embrace of war. The Albanians have revolted against Turkey on account of the alleged reforms instituted by Russia and Turkey some time back, and they have commenced to fight. A dispatch of Wednesday from Salonica represented 20,000 Albanians as having 2.500 Turks cornered in the town of Babajohosi and suffering for both food and water. The Turks are hurrying re-inforcements to the besieged army The Macedonians are arranging for another outbreak against Turkey, and Turkey is making preparations to protect herself with all of her resources.

-It is stated on high authority, says a Washington dispatch, that the Japanese government, replying through United States Minister Griscom to Secretary Hay, has agreed to the neutralization of China, excluding Manchuria, which Russia is occupying. Japan, it is also said, reserves the right to counterbalance any action of Russia in violating China's neutrality. Russia's reply to Secretary Hay's note on China probably will be made in a few days. It will acquiesce in the principle, but with certain reservations regarding the Chinese administrative control over the region in Manchuria leased to Russia, or covered by the Chinese Eastern railroad in order to safeguard existing Russian interests.

- The census bureau on Monday issued a report on the average weight of a cotton bale for the crop grown in 1903, showing an average gross weight of 502.1 pounds against 502 in 1902. This figure is obtained by actual weighing of 7,558,271 bales, 1,521 local cotton weighers reporting. The average weight of commercial bales as pressed at ginneries was 483.1 in 1903. and 479.8 in 1902; average weight of square bales 503.4 in 1903, and 502.8 in 1902; upland round bales 247.8 in 1903. and 255.5 in 1902; sea island bales 378.5 in 1903, and 385.1 in 1902. Applying these averages the bureau finds that the cotton ginned from the growth of 1903 up to and including Jan. 16 last, was equivalent to 9,525,-996 bales, of a 500-pound standard The average gross weight of a bale from states follows: Alabama, 499.6; Arkansas, 513.3; Florida, 447.1; Georgia, 492.1; Indian Territory, 508.5; Louisiana, 504.2; Mississippi, 506.7; Missouri, 524.7; North Carolina, 476.1; Oklahoma, 499.1; South Carolina, 483.5; Tennessee, 517; Texas, 513.5; Virginia

- A correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer, cabling under date of Feb. 14, says: I am told from an excellent source that the whole cause of the war was a private ukase signed at the end of December last, which came to the knowledge of the American embassy here, in which the emperor ordered ap plication along the whole Manchurian seaboard of Russian protective tariffs such to take effect from Jan. 1, old style, that is to say, 13 days later, according to our calendar. That was the approximate cause of war, the selfsame one which brought about active, so very active, pressure from the United States and Japan for the ratification of treaties with China and was so bitterly resented, as I have told you over and over again, by Russia, and which led the United States to the active support of Japan. This brought about the war and today leads America persistently to push for the recognition of the independence of China the cardinal point, which means that Russia must evacuate Manchuria, the very point upon which Russia went to war with Japan.

is not serious trouble there before its surface. It is 370 miles long and The troops are fed and marched to many weeks the best observers here from 20 to 70 miles wide, with an their billets, and subsequently embark-ed upon lighters and steam launches. will be surprised, says a Vienna dispatch of Monday. A decisive victory possible to prevent a general outat each other's throats. The power of Russia is the only thing that has kept them apart so far. It is not believed that Russia is in a position to control the situation. The discipline of the during the long winters to a depth of embarking under one's eyes and going Austrian army is in had shape, the many feet Because of this situation —where I hazard to guess. Austrian army is in bad shape, the and the Hungarian element particularly sympathizes with its fellow Christians of Europe and Turkey. There is is ready and anxious to fight. Alalong the frontier, and if Russia finds her hands tied by Japan the Balkan peninsula will be in an uproar ir

- Marcus Alonzo Hanna, Republican,

of Cleveland, was born in New Lisbon, (now Lisbon), Columbiana county, O. Sept. 24, 1837; removed with his fath- and his task instead of being completer's family to Cleveland in 1852; was educated in the common schools of commenced. that city and the Western Reserves as an employee in the wholesale grocery house of Hanna, Garretson & Co., ing interested in vessels on the lakes of local self-government. and the construction of such vessels. state in President McKinley's cabinet; its effect the opposite of what was intook his seat March 5, 1897. In Jan-tended.

uary, 1898, he was elected for the short term, ending 1899, also for the succeeding full term. His term of service would have ended March 3, 1905.

## The Horkville Enquirer.



YORKVILLE, S. C.: FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1904.

THE feeling in St. Petersburg is growing strong against the United believed that they instigated the present war. One St. Petersburg paper suggests that there will have to be another war as the result of the one

It is now reasonably certain that the general assembly will establish the immigration bureau that has been under consideration for some months past, and it behooves the people to go ahead and make the experiment a success. The state can only do so much Individual citizens must do the rest.

now in progress.

THE New York stock market has been so flat of late as to suggest a reminder of a saying once made by Jim Fish in a similar situation. Fish compared the market to a New England grave yard. Those who were in, he said, could not get out and those who were out did not want to get in.

THE Gaffney Ledger has celebrated its 10th birthday by the installation of a Mergenthaler typesetting machine and the columns of its last issue gave every evidence that the course of the paper is still onward and upward. The Ledger has enterprise, courage and conviction, and these qualities are rapidly bringing to it the success it so richly deserves.

WE would be interested to see a good strong clean man make a canvass of the state as a candidate for governor on the issue of allowing communities that have tried dispensaries and found them not up to expectations to vote them out. How any right thinking man can oppose such a proposition we are unable to understand. It involves the very essence of civil liberty, and opposition to such a demand is absolutely indefensible in reason or justice.

THERE is talk of the increasing probabilities of war between Great Britain and Russia. For some time past Great Britain has been making insidious advances toward Thibet from India, and of late since the breaking out of war between Russia and Japan, she has been showing a disposition to be more open and aggressive. Reports from St. Petersburg are to the effect that Russia has all the while been keeping close tab on the situation, and she does not propose to show the white feather, even though she might seen to otherwise engaged elsewhere.

THE Russians are now experiencing all the terrible trouble they have all all the terrible trouble they have all and not the navy transport flag. Each missioner is authorized to apply along been anticipating on account of vessel has a gross register of about six thousand tons. Horse boxes have been thousand tons. Horse boxes have been thousand tons. The commissioner is to receive Lake Baikal, the principal obstacle on the line of their Great Manchurian railroad. Lake Baikal is in Eastern Siberia, some 1,400 feet above sea -Already signs of conflict in the level and surrounded by mountains Balkans are multiplying, and if there that rise from 3,000 to 4,000 feet above average depth of 800 feet. In places it is 4,500 feet deep. Because of the nafor Japan in Korea will make it im- ture of the country, it was impossible to reach the desired terminus of the break, and put Bulgaria and Turkey railroad without going across the lake, and the only practicable method of crossing was by the use of immense ferry boats. But the boats can only be used in summer. The lake is frozen over many feet. Because of this situation, jealousy between the German and the Russians recently attempted a Hungarian elements is growing deeper, temporary railroad track on the ice, and at last accounts they were progressing with the work very nicely In order to save time last week some a report that Boris Sarafoff is again in 600 troops started out to march across the Balkans perfecting his plans for the lake; but it seems that a blindan uprising in the spring. Bulgaria ing snow storm came up, and before they went very far they lost their ready reports come of brushes between way. The story is that the troops lost Turkish troops and Bulgarian raiders their lives to a man by freezing; but this story has not been confirmed.

# The "Brice Bill."

Senator Brice has made a splendid fight in behalf of local self-government but the whisky interests have proved too strong for him for the time being ed, is to be regarded as only fairly

The object of what was known as college, Hudson, O. He was engaged the "Brice bill" was to allow the people of a community who should find the dispensary a step backward rather than his father being the senior member of forward in the scale of morality and the firm. His father died in 1862 and public welfare to vote it out. There he represented that interest in the firm was no effort in the bill to take aduntil 1867, when the business was vantage of anybody, or to interfere in closed up; then he became a member of the least with the fundamental rights the firm of Rhodes & Co., engaged in of the citizen. On the contrary, Mr. the iron and coal business; at the ex- Brice's idea was to guarantee an effectpiration of ten years the title of the ive expression to the desire of the mafirm was changed to M. A. Hanna & jority and to establish beyond question Co., which still exists; he has been iden- the active force of what we are pleastified with lake carrying business, be- led to believe are the inherent principles

That alleged representatives of the He was president of the Union Na- people-men who, on the stump, are tional Bank of Cleveland; president of wont to represent themselves as sertional Bank of Cleveland; president of the Cleveland City railway, director of the Union Pacific railway in 1885, by vested with authority, to assume the fund to be used by the governor for the appointment of President Cleve. the appointment of President Cleve-land; a delegate to the National Re-publican conventions in 1884, 1888 and publican conventions in 1884, 1888 and actly what has happened. It is true that the majority of the general assem-National Republican committee in 1896 bly did not have the honesty or courand was holding that position at the age to come out and kill the bill. They time of his death. He was appointed knew too well the effect of such a chalto the United States senate by Govern- lenge; but in the most cowardly manor Bushnell, March 5, 1897, to fill the ner imaginable, they did what was calvacancy caused by the retirement of culated to accomplish the same result, the Hon. John Sherman, who resigned with less danger to themselves. They to accept the position of secretary of so amended the Brice bill as to make

But Mr. Brice's effort has not been in vain. The advocates of self-government have a right to take hope. The cowardice that the majority of the general assembly has shown may be taken as an acknowledgement of the justice of the proposition, and when the people of the state begin to fully realize the exact nature of the principle involved, they will speak in a way that will leave no room for doubt.

# THE WAR IN THE EAST.

lumors of Important Operations Port Arthur and Along the Yalu.

The news of actual operations in the war between Russia and Japan for the past week or two has been confined principally to unconfirmed rumors. That there is something of great importance going on every day, there is no question; but although there are numerous correspondents on the scene, noting everything that is done it is only States and Great Britain because it is occasionally that these correspondents their papers.

From such reports as have been received confirmed and unconfirmed, it seems that the Russian fleet which has been making its headquarters at Port Arthur, has been crippled to such an extent, that there is but little left of it. The Japs have Port Arthur guarded at sea just as the Americans had the Spanish cooped up in the harbor of Santiago; but the Russian fleet does not appear to be nearly as effective as was the Spanish fleet.

The Russians have an effective fleet in the harbor of Vladivostok, about one thousand miles further north. At least the fleet was there. There have been rumors of disasters to it, but these rumors have not been confirmed. Granting, however, that this fleet is still in as good shape as ever, it is not really strong enough to cope with the Japanese fleet that is watching it.

Reports of a few days ago from al leged Japanese sources, told of an effort to assault Port Arthur from the sea. A heavy snow storm came up and because of it and the flerce wind the assaulting fleet was scattered, and only two torpedo boats were able to enter the harbor. It is claimed that these hoats managed to inflict serious in jury on a Russian vessel; but there is nothing definite on the subject.

As the situation is understood here the news of the next big battle will come from the vicinity of Port Arthur. While the Japanese fleet is watching the entrance to the port, it is believed that the army is landing thousands of men on the coast with a view to assaulting that stronghold in the rear. The Russians are also concentrating their forces to meet the expected attack and the whole situation looks very much like a repetition of Santiago. When news of the fighting comes in it vill tell a story of great slaughter.

This dispatch sent by a correspondent of the New York Herald from Nagasaki, Japan, on Feb. 15, tells of the situation there as the correspond ent saw it at the time:

"Yesterday the Japanese soldiers on the point of embarkation were singing in the streets of many ports, besides those of Moji, Nagasaki and Kobe.

"Transports have embarked troops horse and foot and area and more and mo horse and foot and guns and more are going somewhere, but the Japanese ca-valry horses seem hardly worth trans-porting except to a knacker's yard Never have I seen such sorry scrub

"There are more than a score of steam transports at Moji, among other places, and of these numbers have cleared nightly for ports toward Korea. "Today there are ten large transpor steamers at Nagasaki flying the army fitted on board several of the vessels and the men's quarters are most commodious.

Trains arrive upon the wharves which, with their lines, were laid in a week. They cover a mile of ground formerly a marsh, but now filled up. ed upon lighters and steam launches by which they are taken quietly to the

"I notice that the steamers besides carrying a full complement of their own boats have each from eight to ten large, strong sampans upon their davits. These sampans are admirably adapted for being rowed or towed in shallow waters or through a heavy

surf.
"Cavalry, artillery and infantry are where I hazard to guess.

"That they are not merely going to land at Chemulpo or elsewhere in Korea, but close to the neck of the position of their Russian foe—say by the

Yalu, or, better still, within a hundred miles of the Liaotung peninsula—I might say, if I guessed again, but I might be wrong. "All railway traffic toward Moji from

Nagasaki has been suspended. Except for the troops this has been the case for

"The Japanese fleet is quite fit to resume action, and I am impressed with the fact that it will get all that is left of the Russian fleet without undue waiting.
"Mines have been laid across Naga-saki harbor's entrance."

# IN GRIP OF WHISKY.

Dispensary Managers Deny the Right of Local Self-Government. Correspondence of the Yorkville Enquirer.

COLUMBIA, Feb. 18.—The general assembly has passed what is known as the Brice bill. It started out as Mr. Brice's bill but someone said, in the progress of the discussion over the matter, that the author of the bill would be said. would hardly recognize it on the public roads. The bill started out to be a plain, open and shut proposition that if a county did not want a dispensary after trial that they could close it up by a vote of the people and get rid of it and that would be the end of the matter. The idea was that if he people decided by a vote that they did not want a dispensary that the grant of such an expression was simply local self-government and that nobody wanted to force the dispensary upon any county. The bill as it now stands

any county. The bill as it now stands and as it will probably be ratified pro-vides that a county can, if it wishes to, vote the dispensary out of its borders, but, if it does so, it must pay one-

an additional inducement for the counties to go slow, should they vote the dispensaries out of their borders, they should be deprived of the major portion of the dispensary fund which is now annually divided for the sup-port of the public schools. They are to be given the amount necessary to to be given the amount necessary reprovide \$3 per pupil, which is required by the constitution, but the bulk of the dispensary fund is to be distributed dispensary fund is to be among the faithful counties.

The new commissioner of the dispensary and one of the newly elected board of control were the chief spokes-men in favor of the Brice bill with its tax and profit bludgeons. Then, in addition to these who are already actively connected with the dispensary taking part in the discussion in the interest of the bill, it might be said that est of the bill, it might be said that there are in the general assembly a more or less constant following of those who hope some day to have something to do with the dispensary. Why this is, it is hard to say and, of course, it may be proper to say that they may really believe that everything that the dispensary says or does is all right, but some people, it seems, are now voting for the dispensary and all of its wishes, who have never heretofore done so. The Charleston delegation was about the only delegation in the house that voted Charleston delegation was about the only delegation in the house that voted solidly against the tax proposition being saddled on the Brice bill, or, in other words, they thought that the governor should be the judge of as to whether or not this tax should be imposed and that after he decided it was necessary to collect this tax, then would be time enough to collect it. This bill and the franchise tax bill have been probably the two most important measures that have been passed at this session of the general asare able to communicate promptly with ed at this session of the general as-

sembly. All of the other propositions of the tax commission frazzled out, with the exception of the bill which undertakes to sandbag corporations and excuses all other classes of property from this special burden of taxation. The corporations interests seem how ever, to take the thing gracefully and to take the view of it that what can't be cured must be endured, and are making the best of the situation and their only effort was to get the levy down to as low a basis as possi-ble. It is altogether likely that some of the corporations will throw the tax into court and this-may deprive the state of the revenue for the present year as under the bill it is contemplated hat the state shall get some portion of this fund during the present fiscal year.

The appropriations this year have been very much larger than last, in fact, those who have figured on the appropriation bill say that if it is finally passed as it now stands in the senate the appropriations will be more \$75,000 in excess of what they AUGUST KOHN. were last year.

### DISPENSARY WINS.

House Insists On a Tax on Morality In South Carolina.

ence of the Yorkville Enquire COLUMBIA, Feb. 18.—The Brice till passed the house today with an amendment which means that if York county

yotes out the dispensary, it will be fined about \$3,000 a year.

The fine provision is in the amendment of the dispensary board to the effect that counties which refuse to maintain dispensaries are to be sub-ject to a direct extra levy of one-half mill, on pretense of enforcing the law gainst unauthorized liquor sellers. There was one vote that showed the actual strength of the Brice bill in the louse. It was on an amendment providing that the extra levy should not be imposed except when it became necessary, in the judgment of the governor to enforce the law. This amendment was killed by a vote of 65 to 49, majority of sixteen.

Messrs. Barron, Beamguard and Mc-

Cain voted for the amendment that sought to hold up the extra levy until it became actually necessary, and Mr. Haile voted with the dispensary crowd. Under the law as it now stands, elec held no oftener than once in four years.

# DEPARTMENT OF IMMIGRATION.

Bill as It Went Back to the Senate For Concurrence in Amendments.

The bill provides for a department of agriculture, commerce and immigration which shall be a bureau of pubof the senate shall appoint a commissioner for a term of four years. He shall have the qualifications of a good moral character, and competent knowl- vestigated and it is quite probable that edge of matters of immigration, agriculture, manufactures, etc. The com- at an early date. missioner is authorized to appoint a

stationery and stamps. The commissioner is to make an annual report. \$30 or go to the chaingang for thirty Other state officials are required to as- days. sist the commissioner by giving infor- - Mr. W. B. Moore has under conin the following paragraphs.

Sec. 6. That the commissioner shall be charged with all work looking the promotion of agriculture, manufacturing and other industries, cattle aising, and all matters tending to the industrial development of the state, with the collection and publication of information in regard to localities, shall also collect from the farmers and land-owners of the state and list information as to lands, stating the number of acres, location, the terms upon which they may be bought, leased or shared to desirable settlers; that a land registry shall be kept, and in con-nection therewith, from time to time publication shall be made, descriptive of such listed agricultural, mineral, forest and trucking lands and factory sites as may be offered to the department for sale or share, which publica-tion shall be in attractive form, setting forth the county township, number of acres, names and addresses of owners, and such other information as may b helpful in placing inquiring home-seek ers in communication with land own-

collect and collate in the form of a handbook of the state, to be issued when practicable, information showing natural and industrial resource and advantages of the state of South Carolina, dealing with soil, climate, raw and manufactured products, agricultural and horticultural products, tex tile fabrics, manufacturing, industries, mines and mining, native woods, means of transportation, cost of living, the market and all material and social advantages for those seeking and and investments in agricultural or nanufacturing industries. Sec. 8. That the commissioner be empowered to make such arrangements with oceanic and river steam-

ship companies and immigration agensnip companies and immigration agen-cies in this country and abroad as may best serve the interests of successful immigration, the necessary expendi-tures being make within the annual appropriation for the general expenses of this department; provided, however, nothing herein contained shall forbid the commissioner acting without as the agent of such citizens of the state, who, through the South Caroli-na immigration association and the department, wish to meet excess ex-penses of bringing desirable immirants to their farms or other lands. That in discharge of these duties the commissioner or such person as he may select, is empowered to visit such mmigration centres whenever neces-

Death of Rev. Churchill Satterlee. Rev. Churchill Satterlee, pastor of Trinity Episcopal church, Columbia, died near Augusta, Ga., last Tuesday morning after a long illness.

sary to produce the best results.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

oushee Cash Store—Announces a big special ribbon sale for Monday, Feb. special ribbon sale for Monday, Feb. 22, and quotes prices to give an idea. Perguson & Clinton—Invite you to call on them for groceries, and say they have the best flour, bought before re-

cent advance in prices.
L. Guy, Blaney, S. C.—Wants to sell 300,000 shingles at \$3 per thousand delivered in Yorkville. pera House—Announces presenta-tion of "For the Sake of an Inheritance" at the opera house Tuesday, Feb. 23, benefit monument fund. Henry B. James—Says he will be here

early next week with carload of fine

as. M. Starr & Co.-Print a letter

from R. N. Plaxco, which testifies to the good qualities of the Macmurphy fertilizers which they sell. J. Keller & Co.—Have a carload of sash and doors at right prices. They also have new supply of paints, lime, cement and shingles.

D. Wyatt Neville—Has . 50,000 Oconee D. Wyatt Neville—rias 50,500 Octobershingles on hand and wants to see you before you buy.
Foushee Cash Store—Wants you to celebrate Washington's birthday by attending its ribbon sale.
Louis Roth—Has Heinz pickles in bulk including chow-chow mixed and including chow-chow, mixed and

### sweet pickles at 25 cents a quart. ABOUT PEOPLE.

Mrs. W. O. Rawls and children, are isiting relatives at Lesslie, S. C. Miss Strauss Walker returned to Winthrop college yesterday morning. Mr. and Mrs. R. Ernest Heath have noved into the Ashe cottage on Church street

Mrs. Rhoda L. Ferguson returned nome yesterday afternoon, after an extended visit to her daughter, Mrs. Frank Smith in Charleston.

Mr. J. J. Scoggins, who has been living at Lockhart for about four years. has returned to his old home at Smyrna, with a view to giving the farm another trial.

King's Mountain Herald: The community is very much interested in the coming marriage of Mr. Luther Ware of this county, and Miss Emma Brown of Yorkville, S. C., which takes place next Wednesday, Feb. 24th. They will reside at the home of the groom near Elbethel.

W. W. Lewis, Esq., was in Baltimore, a few days ago and says that the ruins are simply indescribable. He heard business men arguing as to the location of the lots on which their houses stood. The people generally, however, were holding up bravely under their terrible loss. Large sections of the burned city are roped off and closely guarded by the police and state troops, because of the many valuables among the ruins.

### WITHIN THE TOWN.

- Mr. J. A. Latta received a telegran this morning announcing that 128,000 bales of cotton are being exported from New Orleans today.

- Mr. W. L. Williams has purchased the Kuykendal property on Main street, now occupied by Messrs. T. W. Speck and I. W. Johnson.

-Mr. W. O. Rawls is arranging to erect a shop on the Mrs. R. L. Ferguson property, on West Liberty street. licity. The governor with the consent The lot was purchased by him recently.

-The matter of the erection of a municipal building is being duly inthere will be a definite announcement

- Constable Rose made out a case against Alfred Grier, colored before that this tax should only be imposed if The commissioner is to receive \$1,900 Magistrate Comer, a few days ago on per annum and his clerk \$1,000, and the charge of buying whisky from the \$2,000 is appropriated for expenses, dispensary for minors. Grier was con-

mation for the handbook. The other sideration the idea of building an office duties of the commissioner are set forth in the alley way between the Loan and Savings bank and J. M. Starr & Co's. store. It would probably be as the charged with all work looking to great an improvement as was the erection of the building between the First National bank and W. M. Kennedy's. - There has been some dissatisfaction at the proposed enforcement of the new dog ordinance, providing a licence tax character, accessibility, cost and modes of utilization, of soil, and more specifically to the inducement of capital and desirable immigration by the discorpt or not: but the ordinance seems to be or not; but the ordinance seems to be the advantages of soil and climate, and to the natural resources and industrial opportunities offered in this state; that of its overthrow. Tax tags and collars.

their returns, and there are no doubt yet a few, are reminded that they must attend to the matter during today or tomorrow. The 15 per cent. penalty will be attached after tomorrow night, and because of the necessity of having things in shape for the township boards of equalization without delay, the auditor cannot accommodate people who are tardy even if he would That he would if he could, of course,

### NOTE AND COMMENT. The deaths of four octogenarians

were recorded in the last issue of THE ENQUIRER. They were Col. McCorkle, Mr. Percival, Mrs. Russell and Mr. Faris.

Mr. Beamguard's bill to put state and Federal elections under the management of one set of officers has been

and prosperous portions of York coun-Quite a number of comfortable homes have been erected in this neighborhood during the last half dozen years, and the prices of farm land, though still too low are rapidly ad-

though still too low are rapidly advancing.

The general assembly has passed a bill providing for the establishment of twelve school libraries in each county in the following manner. After a neighborhood school raises \$10 through its friends by private subscription, the trustees will subscribe another \$10 kill the whole thing.

We McCain said he referred to the five thousand dollars went to colleges, and he asked for more money for the schools by simply going back to the system of making it not less than 10 kerned to be loaded down with amendments so as to kill the whole thing. trustees will subscribe another \$10 t from the school fund, and the state early next week with carload of the mules, on which he will offer extra low prices. Carroll's stables.

W. Brown Wylle, C. C. C. Pls. and ex-Officio Probate Judge—Gives notice that R. R. McCorkle has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Col. W. H. McCorkle, deceased. of Education Carroll has been giving more or less consideration to the matter. He thinks it will be best to have one library located in each of the nine townships of the county; but as to how the other three are to be disposed of, he is hardly prepared to say.

The price of lumber has advanced more than 50 per cent within the past more than 50 per cent within the dispensary.

The price of lumber has advanced more than 50 per cent within the past more than 50 per cent within the past more than 50 per cent within the past more within the dispensary.

The price was a straight fight between prohibition and the dispensary.

Mr. Tatum is the newly elected commissioner of the dispensary and his significant. The state board now has no means of telling what the people want without a vote. The moment you denote the property of the dispensary and his significant. The state board now has no means of telling what the people want without a vote. The moment you denote the property of the dispensary and his significant. The state board now has no means of telling what the people want without a vote. The moment you denote the property of the dispensary.

we new supply of paints, lime, and shingles,
Neville—Has 50,000 Oconee on hand and wants to see on the second hand and wants to see on the second hand in almost any crimes but it was not so as to the much more durable for outside work than pine, and were dry and ne delied anyone to get a much more durable for outside work than many other more favored timbers. There is a good deal of poplar bimber scattered about through the criticism merked, but he wanted a fund to enforce the law. If they want prohibition let them pay for it.

Mr. Holman rung in the blind tigers.

Mr. Holman rung in the blind tigers. much more durable for outside work county; but the supply is being exhausted quite rapidly.

> during the past few days, recovering a part of what it lost as the result of a stampede that quickly passed beyond his control. "It was the New Orleans crowd, Brown and Hayne, who saved oughly Democratic. It was Democratic to core for covery country to decide the day," the speaker went on to oberve. "They stepped in and shouldered the load until the tide was turned. If Brown and Hayne had also stampeded, was in fact saying: "You shall have the load until the tide was turned. If Brown and Hayne had also stampeded, there is no telling where prices would have gone to. The mill men generally were on the side of the bears during the height of the upward movement, but when the break came, the mill tell the result of this bill, but whatever men turned over to the other side. They realize now that high cotton is a help to higher prices for manufactured

# THE BRICE BILL.

Senator Brice's local option bill was discussed in the house last Wednesday night for two hours, and the indica-

mill in counties without dispensaries to time. enforce the law. Mr. Dorroh proposed

Mr. Peurifoy said he had heard the

the governor deems it a

man is guilty until convicted. Last fall pounds, and for January of this year, nearly every man signed a petition 3,264,206 pounds. This includes all asking for the dispensary at Saluda to be closed. He and others asked that ing. The number of bales of cetton be closed. He and others asked that the dispensary be closed at Saluda. All that could be said was urged to close the dispensary. That was a good board. He consulted Mr. Williams about his bill, because he regarded him as a good man and knowing all about the dispensary. This bill comes here with a favorable report. The time had been dispensary as a series of cotton handled for the period commencing Sept. 1, 1902, and ending Jan. 31, 1903, was 2,133 bales and for the same period ending Jan. 31, 1904, the figures were here with a favorable report. The time had been dispensary and the period commencing sept. 1, 1902, and ending Jan. 31, 1903, was 2,133 bales and for the same period ending Jan. 31, 1904, the figures were with a favorable report. The time had been dispensary and the period commencing sept. 1, 1902, and ending Jan. 31, 1904, the figures were with a favorable report. The time had been dispensary and the period commencing sept. 1, 1902, and ending Jan. 31, 1904, the figures were with the dispensary and the period commencing sept. 1, 1902, and ending Jan. 31, 1904, the figures were with the dispensary and the period commencing sept. 1, 1902, and ending Jan. 31, 1904, the figures were with the dispensary and the period commencing sept. 1, 1902, and ending Jan. 31, 1904, the figures were with the dispensary and the period commencing sept. 1, 1902, and ending Jan. 31, 1903, was 2,133 bales and for the period commencing sept. 1, 1902, and ending Jan. 31, 1903, was 2,133 bales and for the same period ending Jan. 31, 1904, the figures were were well as a sept. 1, 1902, and ending Jan. 31, has arrived to perfect an imperfect law. The state board denied the re-

quest from Saluda because of the law, which, the board said, would not allow or not: but the ordinance seems to be so well sustained by supreme court decisions, that there is little probability of its overthrow. Tax tags and collars, however, are going out rather slowly.

— Tax payers who have not yet made their returns, and there are no doubt which, the board said, would not allow a dispensary to be closed. He was glad be could say he was a Democrat and under that banner he fought for local self-government. He presented the Journals, showing the names of the best men in Saluda asking that this bill be passed, and similar petitions came from all over the state. He bethe state. He was a friend of the dispensary, but he wanted to exempt Saluda from the dispensary system.

Mr. Towill, as a friend of the dis-

pensary and a member of the new board of control, supported the bill. He believed it looked towards prohibition. There has been a demand from the people for some such legislation, and he favored the Brice bill, because he regarded it as the best step now to-wards temperance. He advocated the Following is the cast of characters in the drama, "For the Sake of an Inheritance," or "Because I Love You," to be presented in the opera house on next Tuesday night for the benefit of the York County Confederate Monument fund: Imogene Courtleigh, southern heritance, "Bysys waif—Miss Daisy Hart; Ginger, gypsy waif—Miss Hulda McNeel; Nance, gypsy old woman—Miss Iva Withers; Prudence Trueheart, old maid—Miss Rose Lindsay; Horace Verner."

Tegarded it as the best step now tof threatening demonstrations that the wards temperance. He advocated the Russian saliors made against American of the law green early for one mill tor the sallors aftew days ago. Nobody was hurt but the incident was not calculated to develop good feeling.... The Russian cruiser Variag, which went down recently, had on board about 300 torpedoes, two-thirds of Russia's available supply in the east... March counties with the dispensary lated to develop good feeling.... The did not have the believed that in reply to an inquiry as to why the lowest price that has ruled since the advocated the Russian saliors made against American of the Russian saliors after days ago. Nobody was hurt but the incident was not calculated to develop good feeling.... The Russian saliors after days ago. Nobody was hurt but the incident was not calculated to develop good feeling.... The Russian saliors after days ago. Nobody was hurt but the incident was not calculated to develop good feeling.... The Russian cruiser Variag, which went down recently, had on board about 300 torpedoes, two-thirds of Russia's available supply in the east... March counties with the believed that hus a sheen opposition to the provision to the provision to the provision that the Russian saliors made against American allows allows a love that the dispensary hurt but the incident was not calculated to develop good feeling.... The Russian saliors made against American allows allows allows for the remarked to develop good feeling.... The Russian remarked to develop good feeling.... The Russian salio nate that did not have the sale of li-quor. He believed the bill was a good

to enforce the law or not before col-lecting this money. He wanted to say that York has as fine citizenship as in South Carolina, whether or not the dispensary caused drinking. He Root is being boomed for the Republi-

LOCAL AFFAIRS. nition as one of the most progressive an amendment to change the profits, so that the schools get more money, and that would make him support the bill. The state board could not make more that would make nore. The state board could not make more than the proposed necessarily democratic. He proposed than 10 per cent and there is no mini-mum in the law. The board could make as little for the schools as it wished. Three hundred and seventy-

Mr. McCain said he referred to the

will subscribe \$10, making \$30 in all.

There is no provision for the location thought the counties had never voted of these libraries, and Superintendent upon this question. Four years ago there was a straight fight between pro-

lumber could be had in almost any quantity at 80 cents per hundred a few years ago, now ordinary old field pine is worth from \$1 to \$1.15 and not over plentiful at that. Poplar lumber, which a few years back, was generally rejected, is now in considerable demand, and there are those who contend that actual tests have proved it to be better for inside work than pine, and much more durable for outside work countries is opposed to murder and such crimes, but it was not so as to the dispensary law. When the offer is taken up. If this tax is not imposed the law will have to be enforced out of the profits made in dispensary counties. No prohibition law will be enforced unless there are ample means to do so. Such has always been the history of prohibition. Eight of fifteen towns in Orangeburg were dry and he defied anyone to get a drink in any of these places. This is a

county; but the supply is being excounty; but the supply is being excounty in the supply in

Sully's profit taking a few weeks ago.

The local bulls seem to be taking heart. One of them said a few days ago that he believed that spots would sell for eighteen cents before the next crop begins to come in. Discussing the situation, as he sees it, he said the situation, as he sees it, he said many and the situation are the sees it, he said many and the situation are the sees it. he is inclined to lay the responsibility is a stepping stone towards breaking for the recent heavy slump on Sully of New York. He thinks that Mr. Sully So. The dispensary law is not perfect. New York. He thinks that Mr. Sully only intended to shake the market a little, but he did it in such a way as to frighten the weaker ones and make the market a little.

tell the result of this bill, but whatever it be let the people decide. If it be the death-knell of the dispensary, then it is the voice of the people. Is it a case of the tail wagging the dog.

Mr. McGill, of Greenwood, suggested that it looked to him like an effort to cripple the dispensary. The amendments are proper and right. If you desire to kill the dispensary law strike out the amendments. He said, "They tell me they have numerous blind tigers in Greenwood." Sometimes they convicted them and sometimes they did night for two hours, and the indications seemed to be that the dispensary advocates were very much afraid of it—more afraid in fact than they would have been of a bill to repeal the law.
Following is Mr. August Kohn's report of the proceedings:
Senator Brice's bill on the removal of dispensaries was taken up at-9 o'clock. Mr. Dorroh moved to strike out the provision for a tax of one-half of one mill in counties without dispensaries to time.

gers in Greenwood." Sometimes they convicted them and sometimes they did not. He wanted the senate bill passed as amended by the committee. Greenwood ought to be made to pay for the enforcement of the dispensary ought to be required to pay for the enforcement of the dispensary law pass the original bill. He had never heard of York or Marion or Greenwood refusing their whare of the dispensary profits at any time.

# LOCAL LACONICS.

The figures of the freight handled by the charge of buying whisky from the discussion in the senate. The bill came here with a big majority of the senate. Victed and sentenced to pay a fine of the was personally a Prohibitionist. He was personally a property of the dispensary. Some men abuse the board and some men say they get rich quick, but no man is guilty until Last fall.

> Major T. P. Whitesides died at his home about six miles north of York-ville last Wednesday night at 12 allow or clock, after a long iliness with parallysis. He was born within a half mile of the spot where he died, and celebrated his 80th birthday on the 14th of last month. The major was a hard worker in his day, in fact almost up to the time of his last illness, and his life record was that of an upright and the clock of the last worker in his day, in fact almost up to the time of his last illness, and his life record was that of an upright and ways sought to do his lieved the house would pass this bill, and he pleaded for the passage of the bill in the name of the womanhood of the state. He was a friend of the distance of the distance of the womanhood of the state. He was a friend of the distance of the distance of the distance of the state. He was a friend of the distance of the distance of the state. of the Masonic fraternity, quite a num-ber from Yorkville and Clover being in attendance. There was an unusually large turnout at the funeral. The religious services were conducted by Rev.

# MERE-MENTION.

A cable from Yeng Kow, China, tells of threatening demonstrations that the Withers; Prudence Trueheart, old maid
—Miss Rose Lindsay; Horace Verner,
artist—Mr. William Barnwell; Ira
Courtleigh, scheming villain, Mr. Quay
McElwee; Dink Potts, amateur artist—
Mr. Frank Dobson; Major Duffy, Irish
gentleman—Mr. Illian W. Johnson;
Squire Ripley, Virginia landlord—Dr.
J. B. Bowen; Buck Tyson, tramp—Mr.
John R. Hart; Elmo Van Sittert, Englishman—Mr. Paul T. McNeel; Lige,
negro servant—Mr. W. P. Harrison.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

Meseli and well be beloved the bill was a good one, and believed it meant much to the sluck believed it meant much to the one, and believed it meant much to the dispensary and the better enforcement of the law. He made a vigorous plea for the bill, for the dispensary and its management.

Mr. McCain doubted if the author of the original bill would recognize the brill. The senate had so am-mded the original bill as to taxing non-dispensary counties as to entirely change the brill term as well.....Representative John F. Shaforth, Democratic consumption of the full term as well.....Representative John F. Shaforth, Democratic consumption of the full term as well.....Representative John F. Shaforth, Democratic consumption of the full term as well.....Representative John F. Shaforth, Democratic consumption of the full term as well.....Representative John F. Shaforth, Democratic consumption of the full term as well.....Representative John F. Shaforth, Democratic consumption of the full term as well.....Representative John F. Shaforth, Democratic consumption of the full term as well.....Representative John F. Shaforth, Democratic consumption of the full term as well.....Representative John F. Shaforth, Democratic consumption of the full term as well.....Representative John F. Shaforth, Democratic consumption of the full term as well.....Representative John F. Shaforth, Democratic consumption of the full term as well.....Representative John F. Shaforth, Democratic consumption of the full term as well......Representative John F. Shaforth, Democratic Consumption of the full term as killed. It would have reduced election expenses one-half.

The section of country lying to the northwest of Yorkville, which ten or twelve years ago was almost a wilderness is now beginning to claim recognises. If the section of country lying to the news of the sea from a steamer.....A man named Chas. Ryder of Aurora, Ill., and let the majority rule. We ought to carry out the will of the majority. We ought to carry out the will of the majority. Mr. Pollock offered two amendments. One was to have the voting at a primary. Local self-government is not Kentucky, has been appointed as the