

LOCAL LAONICS.

Died at Clover. Mrs. P. L. Jackson died at Clover Thursday night of typhoid fever, aged 68 years.

Newport School. Newport school will commence work on July 18 under charge of Miss Annie Miller.

Until January 1st, 1899, For \$1.00. THE TWICE-A-WEEK ENQUIRER, filled with the best and most reliable up-to-date news, will be furnished from the date of this issue until January 1899, for \$1.00.

Successor to Miss Gist. The board of trustees of the Yorkville graded schools has elected Miss Mary Hart to succeed Miss Maggie Gist, resigned, as a teacher in the Yorkville graded school.

Special Thanks Tomorrow. The pastors of the various churches in Yorkville have all along been remembering the soldiers and sailors in their prayers; but in compliance with the proclamation of the president, there will no doubt be especial thanks tomorrow.

The Alliance Campmeeting. The committee in charge of the Alliance campmeeting at Tirzah on the 4th and 5th of August, has decided to invite the state campaigners to be present. The campaigners will have no other appointments during the week.

Shurley Can Tell You. There are two vacant cadetships to be filled in the Citadel academy from York county. Superintendent of Education Shurley can give any information that may be desired in addition to the advertised notice.

At Hickory Instead of Lenoir. A telegram from President Harper advises us that in stating that the meeting of the stockholders of the Carolina and Northwestern railroad would be held at Lenoir, we were mistaken. The meeting is to be held at Hickory, on the date stated—July 14. The limit for passes returning has been extended to the 16th; but those who desire to attend the meeting without expense for transportation, must make application to President Harper beforehand as stated. The railroad people are determined to put an end to the free-for-all custom.

Heavy Rains. The rains of last Thursday were, so far as we have information, quite general. Over in Rock Hill and vicinity, from about 9 to 11, Thursday morning, there was what seemed to be a veritable cloudburst. One shower followed another until the streets and roads were flooded. There was much damage to crops, especially east of Rock Hill, by high water. All the little streams made records for themselves and much corn was washed away. Between here and Rock Hill there was generally a good season, without much damage, especially over in this direction.

The Health Situation. There is some local excitement on account of what is described by some as the wide prevalence of fever in Yorkville. As a matter of fact, conditions are not different from what they usually are at this season of the year in Yorkville and other Piedmont towns of the same size. Some timid persons are honestly frightened, and there are others who are interested in working on their fears. For instance, a fever scare is a good thing to promote the sewerage scheme that a number of people have advocated for sometime. As has been stated, there is some fever; but physicians differ both as to its nature and cause. Some assert dogmatically the cause, and stick to it until they change their minds. Maybe lack of sewerage is the trouble and maybe it is not. If this was the trouble 10 years ago, it is the trouble yet. However, there is really no more sense in a fever scare now than there was some weeks ago in a smallpox scare.

MERE-MENTION. Statements have been published to the effect that there is yellow fever among the troops at Santiago. From the best information obtainable this is untrue. It was reported at Gibraltar, on Wednesday, that Madrid had ordered Camara to return to Spain. The navy department believes that some of the Spanish ships can be saved. Since last Sunday the European papers have changed their tone wonderfully. Most of them are now trying to forget that they ever championed the cause of Spain. Twenty-seven Red Cross nurses arrived at Tampa last Wednesday on their way to the battlefield. The St. Paul left New York Wednesday morning with a regiment of volunteers on board. Spanish Brigadier General Vara del Rey was killed at El Caney last Tuesday. He was standing in a hedge with a number of his aides and a volley from the Americans riddled the whole party. Upon the arrival of the American expedition at Manila, all the foreign warships left except two French, two German and four English. General Miles expects to be at Santiago within a few days. The Madrid papers refused to publish the American accounts of the destruction of Cervera's fleet because they were "wild exaggerations." It is reported in Washington that the president has decided to appoint Sampson and Schley rear admirals, and Captain Phillip, of the Texas, a commodore.

Colonel Wardlaw Resigns. Colonel Joseph G. Wardlaw has resigned his position as colonel in the state militia. The resignation is accompanied by an open letter to the governor, which letter shows considerable pique and makes it clear that the resignation is because of the governor's failure to appoint the writer a colonel of volunteers.

Going to Cuba. Seven thousand troops are collecting in Charleston preparatory to embarking for Santiago.

NEWS OF FRIDAY.

Summary of War Developments Up to 5 O'Clock P. M.

By Telegraph to The Yorkville Enquirer.

Will Wait For Merritt.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The navy department today received from Manila, by way of Hong Kong, a cable from Dewey in which the admiral reports that he has decided to defer the attack upon the city until the arrival of General Merritt.

Still Waiting at Santiago.

A large number of non-combatants—men, women and children—left Santiago this morning to escape the pending bombardment, and passed through the American lines. They report that the city is in a desperate condition and that there is much distress from lack of food. There is a strong feeling among the rank and file for surrender to General Shafter on the best terms to be procured.

Coming to Reason.

At the request of General Linares, General Shafter has sent operators to Santiago to cable Madrid with reference to surrender.

Poetic Proof In This.

Experts who had examined the wreck of the Maine, in Havana harbor, on yesterday, made a careful examination of the wrecks of Cervera's ships, and they give it as their very decided opinion that there is no longer any reason to doubt that the Maine was destroyed by an external explosion.

Wants Help to Let Loose.

ROME, July 8.—The Spanish ambassador here says that Spain will surrender Santiago if the powers will intervene to conclude peace.

Armistice Extended.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—General Shafter advises the department that the armistice has been extended until tomorrow at noon in order to allow General Linares time in which to confer with Madrid with regard to surrender. If the conference with Madrid does not result in surrender, then the bombardment will commence at once on land and sea. It is the plan of Admiral Sampson to capture and occupy the forts at the entrance to the harbor. The prospects for surrender are good.

HOBSON EXCHANGED.

The Heroic Lieutenant Gets Liberty at Last. Lieutenant Hobson and his brave men are no longer in the custody of the Spaniards. They were exchanged last Wednesday and are now back at their respective posts.

Shortly after the Spanish authorities consented to exchange Hobson and his men, the Americans were on hand at the appointed rendezvous with Spanish prisoners. The meeting took place under a tree, about half way between the opposing lines. Colonel John Jacob Astor, accompanied by Lieutenant Mallory, conducted negotiations on the part of the Americans, and Major Irls, a Spanish staff officer, who speaks English perfectly, represented the Spaniards.

Major Irls brought Hobson and his men, and Colonel Astor had with him three Spanish lieutenants—Amelio Valdez, Aurelius and Adolfo Aries—together with 14 officers and privates. The prisoners were conducted through the American lines mounted, but blindfolded. Colonel Astor offered Major Irls the choice of the three lieutenants, and he selected Aries. Aries belonged to the most aristocratic regiment in the Spanish army. After this selection, Colonel Astor threw in all the 14 non-commissioned officers and privates in exchange for the seven other brave men.

The Spaniard talked in a tone which indicated considerable diffidence. He wanted the Americans to understand that he desired a renewal of hostilities without delay. When the conference was over, he remarked: "Our understanding is, gentlemen, that this truce comes to an end at 5 o'clock." The conference, however, was courteous and dignified on both sides throughout.

The meeting of the two parties and the exchange of prisoners had taken place in full view of both the American and Spanish soldiers who were entrenched near the meeting place and the keenest interest was bade in the episode. As Hobson and the men of the Merrimac approached the first line of intrenchments, occupied by the Rough Riders, low murmurs ran from one end of the line of cowboys and equestrian athletes to the other, and by the time the returning party reached them every man was on his feet, refusing to be restrained by the admonishing of the officers, cheering wildly and rushing over every obstacle that chanced to be in their way, in their efforts to reach Hobson and his party and grasp them by the hand. The released prisoners were soon surrounded and compelled to stop to receive the greetings, congratulations and vigorous, heartfelt handshaking of men they had never seen before. Sun-burned cavalymen, who had spent their lives in the saddle on the plains of Arizona, New Mexico or other western states or territories, and who did not know the difference between a ship's maintop, bilge or keel, threw their arms around the sailor boys and literally dragged them over the intrenchments, all the time sending out yells that under other circumstances would have struck terror to hearts even as gallant as those of the Merrimac heroes. No mountain fastness of the west ever resounded with shouts from an Indian war dance that equalled the wild outbreak of American spirit that occurred at this meeting of the sailors who did their duty with every Spanish gun in the harbor trained upon them and the hardy men, who, from the day of their arrival on the island of Cuba have fought their way over the bodies of their own dead and wounded to the very gates of the city that they will gladly storm when ordered to do so.

All the other Americans were enthusiastic. General Wheeler gave the boys a hearty welcome and Grimes's battery could be restrained from firing a salute only with the greatest difficulty. Then Hobson was taken to Gen. Shafter's quarters and here he received another warm greeting. When the lieutenant got an opportunity, he made the following statement to the correspondent of the Associated Press:

"During the first four days we were prisoners of war we were confined in Morro castle, and I can assure you those were extremely uncomfortable and disagreeable days. The Spaniards did not exactly ill-treat us; but it took them sometime to recover from the shock caused by what most of them considered our Yankee impudence in trying to block their harbor.

"As a rule the officers and men who came into contact with us were gruff in speech and sullen in manner. There were many threatening glances shot in our direction. For Admiral Cervera I have nothing but the highest admiration.

"His act in informing Admiral Sampson of our safety, I regard as that of a kindhearted, and generous man and chivalrous officer. I expressed to him my sincere thanks and the thanks of my men for taking this means of relieving the anxiety of our shipmates and our friends at home. He repeatedly spoke to me of his admiration of what he called one of the most daring acts in naval history, though I am sure we were not entitled to the commendation we received, for there were hundreds of other men on our ships who would have been glad to undertake to do the same thing.

"While we were in Morro castle we were naval prisoners of war; but, at the end of four days, we were transferred to the jurisdiction of the army and were removed to the Reina Mercedes hospital on the outskirts of Santiago, where we remained until today. We knew but little of what was going on in the city, though, of course, we could always tell when our fleet was bombarding the shore batteries, and we could easily distinguish the terrific explosions caused by the Vesuvius throwing dynamite shells. Several times at night we were also fully aware that the land batteries were fighting outside the city. Last Friday and Saturday it would be difficult to explain how anxious we were for news of the success of our side during the engagement. The little information the Spaniards would give us could not be relied upon.

"One thing that I found out in the hospital was that a large number of Spanish officers were wounded in last Friday's fight, for many were brought to the hospital to be treated. Numbers of badly-aimed bullets came into the hospital windows on Friday; but I do not believe anyone was injured by them. Our quarters there were very clean and comfortable and fairly good. In fact, I have no reason to complain of our treatment as prisoners of war. The prejudice which the Spaniards showed against us during the first few days soon wore away. We conducted ourselves properly and simply forced them to treat us well.

"We knew nothing about the destruction of Admiral Cervera's fleet until told by our own people today. Of course our confinement became very irksome, and I cannot tell you how great was the relief we felt to be free again. I cannot express my gratitude to our soldiers who gave us such a welcome when we came into the lines. All of us are in excellent health and glad to go back to our posts again and see the war through to the end."

BLACKSBURG BUDGET.

Plenty of Rain—The Gaffney Celebration—Nineteenth Century Club.

Correspondence of the Yorkville Enquirer. BLACKSBURG, July 7.—We are having an abundance of rain. Since yesterday afternoon and this morning it has been pouring almost steadily, doing much good to the growing crops.

Out of deference to our enterprising Gaffney friends and the elaborate preparations they had made for the celebration of Independence, those of our citizens who had thought of celebrating the day by a picnic at Cherokee Park, generously gave it up, and a majority of them went to Gaffney, others to Shelby and a few to Rock Hill. Those of us who went to our county capital were well repaid in the splendidly arranged amusements, the orderly crowd and the eloquent oration of Senator McLaurin, which was delivered and attentively listened to, as were also the brief but patriotic and well spoken speeches of Major James F. Hart and D. E. Finley, Esq., of Yorkville, and Attorney General Barber, of Chester.

Although well aware of the enterprise of THE ENQUIRER, yet I confess that I was considerably surprised on opening it Tuesday evening, to find the speech of Senator McLaurin, delivered the day before, printed in full upon the first page of your progressive paper.

Quite a number of our people went to Shelby to celebrate, and Genevieve, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Wilcox, of our town, a petite maiden of six summers, led the bicycle parade. She and her wheel were beautifully decorated in the national colors, and the effect was said to be very pretty indeed.

On Thursday evening last, the members of the Nineteenth Century club, of Blacksburg, gave their husbands and a few invited guests the semi-annual banquet, which is the only meeting of this highly intellectual and literary association that the second lord of the manor is allowed the privilege of attending. The meeting was held at the elegant and hospitable home of Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Osborne, which was beautifully decorated and brilliantly lighted, and the feast consisted, not only of pretty quotations, recitations and reading, sweet music and

good singing, but that which the gentlemen always appreciate and enjoy, a table lavishly laden with the most delicious viands.

In every respect the banquet was a success and the guest were so well entertained that they would be pleased to have the event come off quarterly, instead of semi-annually.

Messrs. J. D. Kennedy and D. L. Brown, two of our best business men, have taken charge of Cherokee Inn, and with their wellknown business capacity, it is felt that the success of the Inn as a first-class hostelry will be well taken care of.

Mrs. T. B. Gautier, of Charlotte, is visiting Mrs. John F. Jones.

THE PAPERS OF YESTERDAY.

Summary of the Latest Dispatches Published Friday Morning.

The president, on Thursday, signed the resolution for the annexation of Hawaii, and the Philadelphia was ordered to go from San Francisco to take possession of the islands in the name of the United States.

A rumor was current in Madrid on Thursday to the effect that the bombardment of Santiago had commenced. There was no American news to that effect.

General Shafter advised Washington on Thursday that a number of high Spanish officers had come into the American lines from Santiago and surrendered. This was taken to indicate that there would probably be an early surrender.

French and Portuguese consuls represented to General Shafter that the Spanish garrison includes only 5,000 men. This is doubted, because it is considered almost certain that General Pando arrived in Santiago with pretty nearly that number.

Every energy is being exerted to expedite the starting of Watson's fleet to the Spanish coast. The fleet is to be a powerful one, led by the Oregon and Iowa.

Washington has unofficial advices which are believed to be accurate, to the effect that Spain will ask for peace within the next few days.

Sampson reports that the sinking of the Reina Mercedes was with the intention of blocking the harbor; but on account of the hot fire of the Americans, the scheme failed.

The latest estimate of the Spanish loss in last Sunday's sea fight, is 1,200 killed and 1,500 captured.

In the fight with the Spanish ships the other day, the Brooklyn was hit 45 times.

It was officially announced in Madrid on Thursday, that the Santiago cable had been cut. This, of course, may or may not be a fact.

AT THE CHURCHES.

BAPTIST. SUNDAY SERVICES.—YORKVILLE—Preaching Sunday morning at 10.30, and at night at 8.30 o'clock. Sunday school at 5.00 o'clock.

ASSOCIATE REFORMED. SUNDAY SERVICES.—TIRZAH—There will be services in this church Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. YORKVILLE—Sunday school at 5 o'clock.

TRINITY METHODIST EPISCOPAL. SUNDAY SERVICES.—There will be services next Sunday in this church at 10.30 a. m. and at 8.30 p. m. Sunday school at 5 p. m.

PRESBYTERIAN. SUNDAY SERVICES.—Preaching in the morning at 10.30 o'clock, and at night at 8.30 o'clock. Sunday school at 5 p. m.

YORK CIRCUI. Rev. J. W. Humbert, pastor. Preaching at Philadelphia next Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m.

EPISCOPAL. SUNDAY SERVICES.—Evening Service at 5.30 o'clock, and Sunday school immediately after service.

Special Notices.

Communion at Bethel.

The summer communion services at Bethel are appointed to begin (D. V.) on Friday before the third Sabbath of July, at 11 a. m. Rev. Dr. Clifford, of Union, is to assist.

D. S. McALLISTER, pastor.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, Ohio.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Wadding, Kimman & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

CELERY PLANTS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers CELERY PLANTS for sale, of the White Plume and Golden Dwarf varieties. Price, 35 cents per 100. Now is the right time to begin setting them out. Orders may be left with J. M. Ferguson, in Yorkville, S. C. C. H. SMITH, July 9 s 1t

GRADED SCHOOL MEETING.

NOTICE is hereby given that the qualified voters resident in the School District of Yorkville, are hereby called together in ANNUAL SCHOOL MEETING on TUESDAY, JULY 12TH, 1898, at 10 O'CLOCK A. M., in the COURT-HOUSE, for the purpose of having submitted to them the report of the trustees for the school year ending May 20, 1898, and for their estimate of expenses necessary for the next school year; and further, that on the same day, at 12 o'clock m., a poll will be opened at the COURT-HOUSE and kept open until 5 o'clock p. m., under the supervision of three managers, at which election the qualified voters of said school district may vote for or against a levy of 2 mills local tax to be recommended to said meeting by the trustees for the support of the schools for the coming school year.

By order of the board, W. W. LEWIS, Chairman.

EVERY CANDIDATE,

TOGETHER with every voter, should have a good POCKET KNIFE with which to whittle while the mistakes of the war board are being discussed, and the merits and demerits of the issue are pointed out. We have Knives suitable for long excursions, and also cold-weather fellows, of the toothpick variety; but everybody knows the convenience of a machete and what's the use talking? We have Westenhelm I. X. L. knives, and also the kinds made by Old Joe Rodgers and his boys, than which there are none better. We sell pocket knives at from 5 cents up, and will guarantee that you will want to return every five cent knife you buy of us or any one else.

"TICONDEROGA!"

Househus, if your wives are troubled with red faces, while grinding coffee with their old coffee mills, and every pore of the skin looks as if it would vehemently burst out with "Ticonderoga," you had better examine our NEW COFFEE MILL, before the expression used above becomes abbreviated. Our mill is only 35 cents, and the delighted housewife may hum any song, "sam" or "him" she will while it grinds and her complexion will always remain normal, which of itself is not to be sneezed at.

UNDER THE COLLAR.

It is no concern of ours what you pay for Collar Pads. We sell ours at 20 cents. GRIST COUSINS.

:- THE :-

SAVINGS BANK OF ROCK HILL, S. C.

Capital, - - - - \$75,000. Surplus and Profits, 35,000.

WITH ample resources and every facility for the transaction of the Banking business in all its branches, this bank solicits the business of corporations, firms and individuals, tendering all the courtesies and accommodations that are usually extended by a WELL CONDUCTED AND OBLIGING BANKING HOUSE.

Correspondence or a call solicited from those contemplating a change in their banking arrangements or the opening of a new account.

Interest bearing certificates of deposit issued under special agreement.

OFFICERS. D. HUTCHISON, President, J. R. LONDON, Vice President. R. LEE KERR, Cashier. J. R. BOULWARE, Teller. GEO. D. WHITE, Book Keeper.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK Of Rock Hill, S. C.

ORGANIZED JANUARY, 1887.

Capital, - - - - - \$75,000

Surplus and Profits, - - - - - 32,000

Total Dividends Paid, - - - - - 54,750

THIS BANK is prepared to handle any business entrusted to it, and solicits the accounts of Merchants, Farmers, and private individuals. We will extend every accommodation consistent with a safe and conservative management. W. L. RODDEY, President. W. J. RODDEY, Vice President. T. L. JOHNSON, Cashier. L. C. HARRISON, Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS: Jno. R. London, W. L. Roddey, J. E. Roddey, T. L. Johnson, A. F. Ruff, W. J. Roddey, J. H. Miller.

UNDERTAKERS' SUPPLIES.



WE have a complete line of UNDERTAKERS' SUPPLIES, at reasonable prices. W. B. MOORE & CO.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK ENQUIRER CONTAINS 52 columns of live, enterprising and instructive news matter served in a thoroughly up-to-date style up to the hour of going to press. The Wednesday's issue contains 28 columns and Saturday's issue 24. Subscribe at once and keep informed.

WE HAVE GREAT FAITH IN OUR GOODS.

YOU CANNOT RUN ANY RISK IN BUYING A MURRAY GINNING SYSTEM. It is absolutely the best. We know what we are talking about. It is sold on a written guarantee to give entire satisfaction, and we agree to pay all expense, including freight, putting in and taking out if the purchaser is not satisfied after a fair trial. The following letter, received recently from Mr. W. M. Crowell, of Charlotte, N. C., explains itself:

CHARLOTTE, N. C., June 7th, 1898.

W. H. GIBBES & CO., COLUMBIA, S. C.: GENTLEMEN: In reply to your inquiry as to how I am pleased with the four gin Murray system, put in for me last year by Messrs. Liddell & Co., of this city, will say that it gives me pleasure to state that it gives perfect satisfaction in EVERY particular, both to ourselves and customers. We ginned about 2,000 bales of cotton last season, and had no trouble whatever with the system. We would advise all who contemplate putting in a ginning system (and this is the only sensible way, in our opinion, to handle cotton) to look carefully into the merits of the Murray before placing an order. We are satisfied that no system on the market can handle cotton better or make a better sample.

In conclusion, I will say that it will be a pleasure to me to answer any questions that your customers may see fit to ask. (Signed.) Yours truly, W. M. CROWELL.

We are prepared to furnish any size outfits from two sixty saw gins to six eighty saw, and will give the purchaser his choice of either Eagle, Pratt, Winship, Murray, Van Winkle or Brown gins, and five different makes of Engines and Boilers.

WE CAN MAKE THE TERMS

So that the outfit will pay for itself without taking a dollar of money it did not earn.

QUEEN OF THE SOUTH CORN MILLS. We are State Agents for Queen of the South Corn Mills, than which there is none better. Mr. Sam M. Grist represents us in York and adjoining counties and will give any information desired in regard to ginning outfits, gins, engines, boilers, corn mills, etc. Just tell him your wants and he'll do the balance.

W. H. GIBBES & CO., Columbia, S. C.

J. H. RIDDLE.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

WHO USE LIME, CEMENT, SHINGLES and LATHS, and who live at any point on the Carolina and North-Western, or the Ohio River and Charleston Railroads, will at all times find us prepared to deliver these goods at their nearest stations at competitive prices and in any quantity desired. We simply ask a trial order, and you will be convinced that other dealers don't know how to buy and of course could not know how to sell.

WHILE WAR IS RACING

It is necessary to keep the plow on the move, and while the drums are beating and the air is filled with martial music and the army is organizing for the front, we should not become so demoralized as to allow our farms and various businesses to become disorganized. The soldiers will fight the war, while we "apee the plow." Let us prepare our lands with the same thought and care as the general and his staff prepares for battle; let us sow an abundant crop of wheat, oats and peas, together with grasses and clover, and the fields will bloom in all their glory while the martial music of the war will be drowned in the fairy-like song of the birds in the spring, and peace and plenty will most likely be our reward. GUANO AND ACID are as essential to the success of farming as gunpowder is to war, and we have both in almost unlimited quantities, and we would be glad to supply those who expect to begin a campaign for any of the above crops. The Guano and Acid will show the proper analysis, and will produce bird-singing results in the spring. Call and see me.

I Want to put a Flea in Your Ear.

ARE you doing the best for yourself in the way of trade? You think you are, but are you? You can't answer this question until you have seen my stock, got my prices, and compared them with prices and goods you have been used to. I want this question to

Beat on the Drum

of the ear till it drums up custom for me. That's what it is bound to do if you answer it fairly. You DON'T KNOW WHAT YOU ARE DOING in goods and prices if you haven't tried me. I do know what others are doing better than anybody.

If you Know Anything

about me you know that I make no empty boast. You can hitch to my word like a ship to an anchor. Go on trading elsewhere as long as you like. But some day, just for the novelty, bring in your bargains and see what I will have done for you. It'll make you mad, of course. Well, if you want to be glad and not mad, come first to my store. T. W. SPECK, Jeweler and Optician.

CONSIDER THE FACT

THAT when you buy a WILCOX & WHITE ORGAN from me, you are getting THE BEST ever offered in this section. Numbers of my customers say it is worth \$20 or \$25 to an organ to have my unlimited guarantee to keep it in order. You can always find me ready and willing to go on short notice and fix the organ if it needs it. Others make great promises, but when they are needed they are not to be had. I have proofs of that.

LESTER PIANOS

Are still "in the lead." First-Class and a Ten-Year Guarantee from the company, and mine in addition, with each instrument. Prices lower than any other First-Class Piano can be bought for. Over 25 years' experience with Pianos and Organs makes my guarantee "solid as a rock."

VIVE CAMERA

"Keep in front." Mr. "Yes" Smith, manager of the W. U. Tel. Co. at Chester, S. C., recently bought one and writes: "It is the very 'box' I have been looking for." See me or write for catalogues and full information before buying a Piano, Organ, Camera or Typewriter. GEO. T. SHORB, Yorkville S. C.

FOR RENT.

THE late residence of M. Strauss, on West Liberty street in Yorkville, S. C. The property is in good condition and has good outbuildings, and a splendid garden spot. H. S. FRAUSS, Agent. June 8

GARY IRON ROOFING.

9 SQUARES GARRY CAP IRON ROOFING for sale. Apply to ENQUIRER OFFICE.