

sons of Mr. Moore—John and William—became acquainted with the two girls. The acquaintanceship ripened into an attachment, and it was not long before John Moore married Selma, and only a year or two when Grissy became the wife of William. The two brothers settled down and built their houses within sight of each other, on the old Rutherford and Chester road, and their families were raised almost as one, and their sons and daughters were trained up to be worthy and useful men and women, with a strong regard for each other. Nothing ever occurred to mar the love and harmony that existed between the mothers and fathers.

The subject of our present sketch was the mother of four children—Mrs. Julia Mullinax, of Grover, N. C.; Mrs. Caroline Hopper, of Earls, N. C.; Mr. Frank Moore, who died about 10 years ago; and Mr. Andrew Flack Moore, who resides at the old homestead; and her grand and great grandchildren number about 110.

Mrs. Moore was, for the greater part of her life, a consistent and active member of the Baptist church at Buffalo. Her daily companion was her Bible, and she was very familiar with its truths and promises. Her whole life was that of an humble Christian, a devoted wife, a loving and careful mother, a good neighbor and friend, and having spent her years in serving her Master and doing good to others, she calmly awaited His call, confident that whenever her eyes closed upon this world, they would open upon a home

"Where trials never come
Nor tears of sorrow flow;
Where faith is lost in sight
And patient hope is crowned,
And everlasting light
Its glory throws around."

W. A.

WAIFS FROM WARREN

Social Entertainment at Rock Hill—Personal Mention—Other Notes.
Correspondence of the Yorkville Enquirer.

WARREN, February 7.—Several of the young people of this community were invited to attend a social entertainment at the home of Rev. J. B. Harris, at Rock Hill, on last Friday night. Owing to the cold weather and grip, a great many were unable to attend; but those who did go expressed themselves as having enjoyed the occasion very much.

As the weather was very cold and the president unable to attend, our Gospel Temperance union did not meet as was stated in my last letter. Although there is no date fixed for the meeting, it will meet sometime soon. We are expecting Revs. Harris and Jones, of Rock Hill, to be with us.

Mrs. J. N. Isom, of Kelton, S. C., spent about a week here with friends and relatives and returned to her home on last Thursday.

Mr. C. C. Bobs and wife, of Charlotte, N. C., also visited here last week.

A new public road has been cut out through the Blackjacks.

Our people are still slow about sowing much small grain in this section.

A maddog is reported at large near this place. We also received the news yesterday that Mr. William Poag, who lives near Rock Hill, had a little girl bitten by the dog.

Mr. E. F. Scoggins has had quite a severe attack of grip, but has about recovered, and will take charge of his school again today after an absence of nearly three weeks.

Master Perry Scoggins has also been quite sick for several weeks and is not any better at this writing.

Mr. Elijah Nunn, an aged gentleman who lives near Smith's Turnout, is very ill and not expected to live. S. K. J.

LETTER FROM HICKORY GROVE.

Correspondence of the Yorkville Enquirer.

HICKORY GROVE, February 10.—Mr. J. Newman Smith, of Hoodtown, and Miss Julia Hood, of the same place, were married at the Methodist parsonage yesterday afternoon, Rev. J. H. Thacker officiating.

Mr. A. W. Love, of King's Creek, and Miss Sallie McKeown, of this place, were married on yesterday by Rev. J. H. Thacker.

Miss Emma McDill is visiting in Chester.

Dr. R. B. Hunter, of King's Mountain, is visiting Mr. T. P. McDill.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Synopsis of Daily Proceedings of House and Senate.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 8.

IN THE HOUSE.—The Child's prohibition bill occupied the attention of the house during most of the day. The Child's bill provides for the sale of alcoholic liquor only for medicinal, mechanical and sacramental purposes. Mr. Livingston offered as a substitute, a bill providing for absolute prohibition; but Mr. Childs asked his friends not to vote for this substitute, on the ground that it would not stand the test of law. He had only provided for sales for medicinal purposes for the reason that the courts had decided that such sales would be legal under any circumstances.

Mr. Garris spoke against the Child's bill. He thought it only an adaptation of the dispensary law without the advantages of the dispensary system. The appropriation of \$60,000 per annum for its enforcement, he thought, was far from sufficient, and instead of bringing prohibition, he thought it would bring free liquor.

Mr. Yeldell said he would, if possible, stop the sale of every drop of liquor in the state. Liquor produces sickness and not life; poverty, not wealth; it makes a man a murderer; it makes children orphans. How it could be defended he could not see. There are times when a man must lay aside his heart's desires and do what he thinks best for the people as a whole. He believed that it was fortunate that the prohibition bill of 1892 did not pass. If the good people of the state had accepted the dispensary law as it should have been accepted, the state by this time would be ready for prohibition. He was sorry that even ministers locked arms with the liquor dealers and fought the law, and, consequently, he thought it best to leave the matter alone and pass no liquor legislation at this time.

Mr. McCullough spoke in favor of

the bill, claiming that the state did not have a right to do anything that its citizens did not have a right to do. He believed that the dispensary and the sale of liquor as a beverage under any system was wrong. He also denounced the bringing in of wagon loads of liquor for the purpose of debauching the youth of the state. He thought, also, the idea of not selling to drunkards was wrong. In his opinion the state should not sell liquor to a man until he became a drunkard. "Is it right to legalize that which makes a man do wrong?" Mr. McCullough asked, "and then punish the man for doing wrong?" It is useless to say that a prohibitory law will not prohibit. Neither does the law against murder. "If this law is not right, then stand to your colors and stand to your votes. When that vote whereby the house refused to kill this bill was announced the other day, prayers went up for your acts. Prohibition is going to come just so surely as God rules."

Mr. Crum, of Barnwell, spoke against the bill and in favor of the dispensary law.

Mr. Smith, of Sumter, hailed with delight the making of the issue. He did not see how this could be a matter of expediency. The question should be the attitude of the state to a wrong. He was astonished to see state officials rejoicing in the increase of the liquor business and recommending means to increase it still further. The whole question is whether the state is willing to temporize with admitted wrong.

Mr. Mauldin, of Greenville, said that if he was a prohibitionist he was a prohibitionist straight, and on that line argued for the adoption of the Livingston amendment.

Mr. Childs arose to a question of personal privilege and denied the infamous charge that the ministers of the state were operating with the barkeepers in opposition to the dispensary law.

The vote on the Livingston amendment resulted yeas 30, nays 78. Messrs. deLoach and Johnson voted for the amendment and Messrs. Epps and Witherspoon voted against it.

The committee on adjournment named Wednesday, February 16, as the day selected.

Upon motion of Mr. Childs, debate on his bill was continued until Wednesday.

Among the bills to pass a third reading were:

Mr. deLoach's joint resolution to authorize the treasurer of York to pay out certain surplus funds of Broad River township on warrants for repairs to roads and bridges.

Bill to amend "An Act to declare intoxication, drunkenness, the use of vulgar, obscene or profane language a misdemeanor and prescribe punishment therefor," so as to include the discharge, after night time, of any gun or pistol, and to prevent shooting matches within 100 yards of any public highway.

Senate joint resolution to require the treasurers of York, Spartanburg and Cherokee to pay the per diem and mileage to commissioners appointed by the governor.

Senate bill to make the embezzlement of public or private funds a felony and prescribe penalty therefor.

Bill to amend section 833 of the statutes of 1893, changing the judicial districts of magistrates in York county.

Bill to amend an act to provide for the appointment of magistrates so far as the same relates to York.

Mr. E. D. Smith's bill to require tuition fees at all state colleges, and provide that pupils who are unable to pay tuition shall give notes, was debated at length and killed by a vote of 80 to 38. Messrs. Witherspoon and Johnson voted for the bill. The vote against the measure is not recorded.

IN THE SENATE.—The proceedings of the day were of no special interest.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 9.

IN THE HOUSE.—The first matter of importance taken up was the senate bill to amend the act to require certain officers to keep an itemized account of their income by virtue of their office, and the bill was passed so as to read as follows:

Section 1. That on and after the passage of this act, each county officer shall be required to purchase and keep in his office, open to public inspection during office hours, a book in which shall be kept an itemized account of all money received by or due to him, whether received by him or due to him as salary, fees or costs, or in any other manner, as to pay for his services by virtue of his office: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to require any such officer to demand the payment of his fees and costs in advance.

Sec. 2. (As in the present act with the proviso excepting certain counties stricken out).

Sec. 3. That all acts and parts of acts in conflict with this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

The debate on the Child's bill was renewed. Mr. Pollock offered as an amendment his bill for the regulation of O. P. shops. The amendment was killed—57 to 30. Mr. Winkler then moved to table the Child's bill. The motion carried—58 to 39. Mr. deLoach voted with the minority. Messrs. Epps, Johnson and Witherspoon voted with the majority.

The senate insisted on its amendment striking telephones from the bill placing telegraph and express companies under the railroad commission. A committee of conference was appointed.

A message was received from the senate notifying the house that that body had agreed upon adjournment next Wednesday.

Debate on the Simpkins liquor referendum bill was postponed until Friday.

Mr. Verner introduced a bill to release Oconee county from the operation of the dispensary law. Mr. deLoach also asked for the exemption of York county, and Mr. Mauldin asked for the exemption of Pickens. Mr. deLoach explained that Yorkville, Rock Hill and Hickory Grove had refused to permit the establishment of dispensaries, and that Tirzah was trying to get rid of hers; but was unable

to do so. It was for these reasons that he thought the county was entitled to exemption. There was a hard fight against the proposition for exemptions; but the exemptions finally won by a vote of 65 to 33. All the members of the York delegation voted for the exemptions.

IN THE SENATE.—A few second reading bills were passed, and when the house came over, a large number of bills were ratified. Otherwise the proceedings were not of especial interest.

SITUATION MORE SQUALLY.

Letter by Minister de Lome Brings About Complications.

Another big sensation has developed in the Cuban situation. It has resulted in the resignation and the recall of the Spanish minister, Dupuy de Lome, and may lead to still further complications.

In the New York Journal of Wednesday appeared a letter purporting to have been written by de Lome to Senor Canalejas in Havana. The letter contained a confidential statement as to the inside facts of the Spanish position. It in effect discredited the sincerity of the Spanish government as to its Cuban autonomy pretensions, admitted that all the Spanish claims of military victories in Cuba were without foundation in fact, and referred to President McKinley as follows: "Besides the natural and inevitable coarseness with which he repeats all that the press and public opinion of Spain has said of Weyler, it shows once more what McKinley is; weak and catering to the rabble, and, besides a low politician who desires to leave the door open to me, and to stand well with the jingoes of his party. Nevertheless, as a matter of fact, it will only depend upon ourselves whether he will prove bad and averse to us." At first it was thought that the letter might be a forgery, but de Lome declined to deny its authenticity, and later it was clearly established that the letter is genuine.

It appears that the letter was written shortly after McKinley's recent message to congress. Havana is full of spies. The households of the Spanish officials are permeated with them. Some of these spies learned of the letter and one of them managed to steal it from the desk of Senor Canalejas.

The president, it now develops, has known of the existence of the letter for more than a month; but not officially, and therefore could not make it a ground of objection to de Lome. Notwithstanding, however, for some weeks past the state department has been ignoring de Lome, having its communications with Spain through Minister Woodford.

De Lome cabled his resignation to Spain on Tuesday, and the resignation was accepted. What the result now is going to be is not known; but it seems to be the opinion in Washington that if Spain does not now give up the struggle in Cuba, it will be only a matter of a very few days until the United States will be compelled to interfere.

SOUTH CAROLINA NEWS.

It Is Now Judge Gage.

Columbia State: In compliance with the provision of the constitution relating to office holding, Judge-elect George W. Gage, of Chester will resign his seat in the house of representatives and qualify as judge of the Sixth circuit on Saturday. Mr. Gage will preside as judge for the first time in Horry county on the 17th of March.

Allen Askew Recaptured.

Spartanburg Herald, Wednesday: Constable J. J. Bishop returned from Gaffney yesterday, where he carried Allen Askew, the Negro criminal who is wanted in Cherokee and Union counties on seven different charges. Bishop turned over his prisoner to Sheriff Ross, of Cherokee county. Mr. Bishop also was paid a reward of \$25 for the capture of Askew by Mr. W. R. Walker, of Union county.

A Chester Giant.

Chester Lantern: The following taken from the Winchester Times in reference to Wylie Moore, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Moore, of our town, will be read with interest by his Chester friends: Some University of Virginia graduates, in this city, had a number of photographs taken today, which had a peculiar fascination for them. They were likenesses of Wylie Moore, of South Carolina, now at the University of Virginia after his B. A. Mr. Moore is the strongest young man in the university and probably the strongest in the south. This muscular youth can hold up a weight of 900 pounds with comparative ease.

Richland Cotton Growers.

The cotton growers of Richland county held a convention last Monday and adopted resolutions as follows: Resolved, First, That we advise the farmers of the county to cut the acreage at least one-third, or more if possible, and be certain to use every effort on the farm. Second, That we use very little commercial fertilizers, if any, knowing as we do that guano manufacturers have combined to hold the prices out of our reach, that is, at the present price of cotton. We are not making war against guano companies, nor do we wish to have the profit knocked out of their business. But we are sure we can't pay past prices with 5-cents cotton.

In a Mild Form.

Columbia State: Dr. James Evans, the secretary of the state board of health, arrived in the city last night. When asked about the smallpox situation, Dr. Evans said that three new cases had developed down in the Orangeburg pest house, and two in Beaufort. He does not consider there is any doubt about the disease being smallpox; but says it, as in the case of all the epidemics of '97, is of exceedingly mild form. The disease was traceable directly back to Birmingham, where it has now broken out in more

virulent form. It came via Atlanta. He cited in talking over the epidemics of '97 the yellow fever in and around New Orleans, where the death rate was the smallest ever known.

The Agricultural Hall Case.

Columbia Register, Wednesday: Attorney General Barber stated yesterday that the mandate of the court of appeals in the agricultural hall case had not been received and that no demand for the possession of the building has been made. He said that when demand was made, it would be complied with, and that the whole matter would be amicably adjusted. He was asked about the back rent, and he said that was a matter which was now being adjusted in the courts. It is understood that the agreement is that the state shall pay \$175 per month. Commissioner Vance considered this a little steep, but agreed to pay it until the state board of control meets next month.

O. R. & C. Talk.

Columbia Register, Wednesday: General Superintendent Lumpkin, of the Ohio River and Charleston railroad, was in the city yesterday. He came down to consult with the commission about certain matters appertaining to the business of the road. The Manufacturers' Record, in its recent issue, stated that the road was being built towards the Tennessee coal fields and that work would soon be completed. Mr. Lumpkin said that the company was improving the roadbed as much as possible, and that the Tennessee end of it was being rapidly worked. In the course of a year the road will extend in one continuous link from Cincinnati to Charleston, unless some unforeseen circumstance prevents.

Chester A. R. Church.

The handsome new church, the erection of which was recently completed by the Associate Reformed denomination in Chester, was dedicated last Sunday. Rev. C. E. McDonald, of Winstboro, who at one time served the church as supply, preached the dedicatory sermon. He chose for a text the promise God made to Solomon in regard to the temple on the occasion of its dedication. God's affection for and delight in his house on the one hand, and the proper attitude of his people on the other, were the leading truths of the sermon. The discourse, manifestly appropriate and of a most admirable spirit, could not fail in the accomplishment of good. The prayer of dedication was offered by Dr. W. M. Grier, and the dedicatory sentence was solemnly pronounced by the pastor, Rev. J. S. Moffatt, who also read an historical sketch of the church from its organization up to the present time. Appropriate mention was made of those who had taken a prominent part in building this new and handsome church. The Chester Lantern of last Tuesday contains a handsome cut of the new building.

Tell Them You Saw Me.

A Greenville special to the Columbia State relates the following: The wily ways of a Weary Waggles are past finding out. A sharp specimen of the tramp genus recently perpetrated a poetic trick on a lady who resides on one of the principal streets of Greenville. The tramp called at the lady's house and asked for food. The lady replied that she would not give him anything unless he would work for it, and directed him to the wood pile. He said he was too weak to work without nourishment, so out of the kindness of her heart the lady gave him something to sustain him, and then handed him the woodpile and let him to tackle the woodpile while she went about her accustomed duties. Sometime later she thought it might be well to see how the tramp was getting along, and she went to the back door only to find that he had got along better than was expected. He was out of sight, but the saw was stuck in a stick of wood and on it was a note. She opened the note and this is what she saw: "Just tell them that you saw me; but you didn't see me saw."

AT THE CHURCHES.

BAPTIST.

SUNDAY SERVICES.—YORKVILLE—Preaching in the morning at 11 o'clock and Sunday night at 7:30 o'clock. Sunday school at 3:30 p. m.

ASSOCIATE REFORMED.

SUNDAY SERVICES.—TIRZAH—There will be services Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. YORKVILLE—Sunday school at 3:30 o'clock.

TRINITY METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

SUNDAY SERVICES.—There will be preaching in the morning at 11 o'clock and at night at 7:00 o'clock. Sunday school at 4 p. m.

YORK CIRCUIT.

Rev. J. W. Humbert, pastor. Preaching at Philadelphia next Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m.

PRESBYTERIAN.

SUNDAY SERVICES.—There will be services next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7:00. Sunday school at 3 p. m.

EPISCOPAL.

SUNDAY SERVICES.—Morning service at 11 o'clock; afternoon service at 4. Sunday school at 3 p. m.

Special Notices.

Wanted Agents.

"The Confederate Soldier in the Civil War" just published, contains 500 pages 12 x 16 inches, and over 1,100 large Battle Scenes, Portraits, Maps, etc. The greatest and largest War Book ever published, and the only one that does justice to the Confederate soldier and the cause he fought for. Complete in one volume. Agents wanted everywhere to sell this book on our new and easy p. m. Many of the lady and gentlemen agents who are at work are making from \$100 to \$200 per month. Veterans, Sons and Daughters of Veterans, and others interested, are requested to send for a beautiful illustrated descriptive circular (free) and terms to agents. Address, COURIER JOURNAL JOB PRINTING CO., Louisville, Ky.

Special Notices.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured
with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, price 75 cents. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

TO PERSONS ON MY CLUB.
PERSONS who have subscribed for THE YORKVILLE ENQUIRER, and who have put their names on my club, are hereby notified that they must pay the subscription price, either to me or at the office BY MARCH 1, 1898. February 12 13 saw if

ADMINISTRATORS' SALE.
NOTICE is hereby given that I will expose to public sale, at the late residence of W. M. McGILL, deceased, in York county, at 10 o'clock A. M. on SATURDAY, the 17TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1898, the whole of the PERSONAL PROPERTY of said deceased, consisting of Household and Kitchen Furniture, Farming Implements, Stock, Cattle, Wagon, Carriage, Buggy and other articles.
TERMS OF SALE—CASH.
F. A. H. McGILL, Adm'r.
February 5 s2t

ESTABLISHED 1891.
L. GEO. GRIST,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY,
Yorkville, S. C.
The following companies are in my agency and no one has the honor to boast of representing a stronger collection of companies, whose aggregate assets amount to \$29,825,636.50:
The Aetna of Hartford, Conn.
The Continental of New York.
The Delaware of Philadelphia.
The Norwich of London.
The Pennsylvania of Philadelphia.
I most respectfully solicit a part of your business, and assure you of my most painstaking attention.
Can always be found at THE ENQUIRER office, with the lowest rates. Give me some of your business; there are others who have.
L. GEO. GRIST, Resident Agent.

D. W. HICKS. R. B. RIDDLE.
GRIST COUSINS.
WE HAVE CORN TO SELL.
CORN, however, is not the kind that meal is made of or on which horses are fed; but is in the roasting-ear state and in cans. It is choice goods, and our price is 10 cents a can, or THREE CANS FOR 25 CENTS.
Peas and Beans.
We have White Beans, Lima (Butter) Beans, White Peas and Cow Peas.
We Also Have
Dried Apples, Evaporated Apples—extra fancy; Evaporated Peaches, Apricots, and the finest lot of California Evaporated Prunes we have ever handled at 3 pounds for 25 cents. Others are offering no better fruit at 12 1/2 cents a pound.
Heinz Goods.
Please bear in mind that we handle the FINEST KRAUT on the market. It is HEINZ goods, and neither looks, tastes or smells like the homemade article. We also have Heinz Cucumber Pickles in bulk at 10 cents a dozen, or THREE DOZEN FOR 25 CENTS.
The Farmers
Are showing their appreciation of our substantial cut in the price of "MULE MILLINERY," as advertised in last week's paper, and are buying from US, and not using our prices to force others down. Read the advertisement again and come and see us. We stand by our advertisements. We wouldn't fool you. GRIST COUSINS.

J. H. RIDDLE.
STUDY--WORK.
1898 has knocked and the door of the future has been opened unto it, and as to what it shall be is a matter entirely with us—just what we make it. Plan with your brain and work with your hands. Work intelligently and work persistently and all will be well. We have settled down to hard work and are now ready for business. We have a complete line of the best and most select Fancy and Family Groceries together with all kinds of Plantations Supplies, and in a few days expect to make contracts for our annual supply of fertilizers. In the meantime we solicit the patronage of all trustworthy and reliable customers. Recognizing the fact that there are others catering to the same kind of trade as ourselves, and desiring to be charitable toward them, we refrain from quoting prices at this time; but will leave that to you for investigation.
Everybody recognizes us as headquarters for fine Flour, and no one can beat us on Shingles or Laths.
JAMES H. RIDDLE.

UNDERTAKERS' SUPPLIES.
WE have a complete line of UNDERTAKERS' SUPPLIES, at reasonable prices. W. B. MOORE & CO.

W. B. MOORE & CO.
CREAM CHEESE.
NEW YORK STATE—finest quality. We know of no, for sale at two pounds for 25 cents; four pounds for 50 cents, and what? 10 pounds for \$1. You could not now do better if you bought by the 1000 pounds at wholesale than we offer—10 cents by the \$1.00.

PLOWS AND HARROWS.
Now is the season for them and we guarantee absolute satisfaction. Turn Plows—one and two horse; Subsoil and Hillside Plows, Drag Harrows—one and two section, Spading and Cutaway Harrows in stock, low for cash or payable in the fall.

MATTING AND WINDOW SHADES.
We have added to our large stock of Furniture and House Furnishing goods the above line at prices that talk and "don't" you for nothing.
FINE BELLS—50, 75 and 100 pounds, in stock at lowest prices.
BLACKSMITH TOOLS—Anvils, Belows, Vises, etc.
DOORS AND SASH at factory prices.
CLAUSS SHEARS AND SCISSORS are warranted—every pair.
RAZORS—Brush Straps, Shaving Soaps and Razorine that will sharpen any Razor.
Do you want a suit of Furniture, a set of Chairs, a Folding Bed-Lounge, a Rocker, Sideboard, Bookcase, or China Closet? See the Everything Store.
Headquarters for Paints and Oils.
Fine Harness that makes your harness last twice as long and will not rub off on your hands.
W. B. MOORE & CO.

Protect Your Homes!
IN the three words above, I think, I really an unnecessary command, for by the very nature of things, it is the innate purpose of every living creature, even unto the fowls of the air, to protect their homes from all kinds of trespassers and destroying elements. Through a thoughtless notion of economy though, there are many men of today who are allowing their otherwise fine and handsome homes to go to ruin for the lack of a coat or two of paint, when by its application the house will be beautified and its exterior protected from the never-renting destroying atmospheric elements. Paint is cheaper than weatherboarding and yet by applying the paint you increase the life of the weatherboarding almost indefinitely. MASURY'S RAILROAD PAINT IS THE BEST.
IT WON'T SCALE.
IT WON'T CRACK!
IT WON'T PEEL OFF.
There are thousands of paints that are inferior to MASURY'S; but not one superior. When you paint your buildings, use the best. I have had years of experience and it teaches me that MASURY'S is my mascot. Sold at \$1.50 a gallon; the best oil at 45 cents. See my color card and let me give you any other information desired.
T. B. McCLAIN,
Yorkville, S. C.
Raw or Boiled Lined Oil, 5 cts.

T. W. SPECK.
GOOD AND BEST.
THAT EXPRESSES IT EXACTLY.
OF course you can go to the other stores and pay more for the same article than I ask; but you will not get any better, for I sell the
Best Goods Made.
If you have lived in this vicinity long enough to become thoroughly acquainted, you won't think of buying any article before looking at my assortment. If a new-comer or a stranger, ask your friends or a neighbor—they will tell you what nearly every one knows—that I am headquarters for the
Best Goods AT THE Lowest Prices.
I take pride in posting my customers on what goods are worth and showing them how to save money.
T. W. SPECK, Jeweler and Optician.

LOUIS ROTH.
I HAVE CROSSED THE STREET.
I HAVE moved my business—GROCERY, BAKERY and RESTAURANT—to the "Rose Building," across the street, where I have a larger store room, a most comfortable dining room and a new and well equipped baking department. Of my Restaurant business in my new quarters, it is unnecessary to speak, for it will be conducted in the future as in the past, with a view only to the satiating of the appetites of the hungry, and as to what extent I have succeeded, I will allow the patrons who visit my dining room to bear testimony. In my Grocery Department you will find the best Vegetables and Fruits, together with everything suitable for fancy table use. Fresh Bread and Cakes always on hand.
LOUIS ROTH.

UNDERTAKING.
I AM handling a first class line of COFFINS AND CASKETS which I will sell at the very lowest prices. Personal attention at all hours.
I am prepared to repair all kinds of Furniture at reasonable prices.
J. ED JEFFERYS.

The Yorkville Enquirer.
Published Wednesday and Saturday.
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Contracts for advertising space for three, six, or twelve months must be made on reasonable terms. The contracts made in all cases be confined to the regular business of the firm or individual contracting. Parties who make quarterly, semi-annual or annual contracts for a given space, and afterward order the discontinuance of the advertisement or a reduction of the space contracted for, will be required to pay at the rate for will be charged for the less space or shorter time as the case may be. An increase of space or time will be a matter for special contract. The advertiser will be at liberty to change the matter at will.