

FAIRFIELD HERALD. Published Every Wednesday at WINNSBORO, S. C., BY WILLIAMS & DAVIS.

Fence Posts. To preserve any post that is planted in the ground, bore an inch auger hole in the post, slanting downward, and deep enough to hold a gill, about an inch above that part of the post that is covered by the ground. Then fill this hole nearly full with any kind of grease or oil, and stop up by driving a pin into it very tight.

The following parody on Tilton's Sir Barnarduke's Musings is going the rounds: "SOL MANAUKURE'S MUSINGS." "I won a beautiful maid, Or rather thought I had, But when I asked her dad, He got so thunderin' mad, He felt afraid."

Whiskey Smuggling in Alaska. Gen. O. O. Howard, now in command of the Department of the Columbia, recommends that an armed steam vessel be employed in the waters of Alaska to prevent the smuggling of liquors, etc., from British Columbia.

An exchange says: "A correspondent of one of the Western papers speaks of Mrs. Beecher (appearing in court with her two loyal sons.) Has she any disloyal ones? We don't know how that is; but it is to be hoped that her husband is the only disloyal member of the family." - Courier-Journal.

The Marquis de Lamoignon and the Princess Louise are expected to come to this country next summer. It is not at all likely that the Marquis will have to keep outside of the "first circle" in the republican court.

Among the passengers by the Pacific Mail steamer Arizona from Panama and way ports, which departed in San Francisco on Friday, are Mrs. Sisters of Charity, expelled from Cuba and Guadalupe.

Why is a doctor better taken care of than his patients? Because when he goes to bed somebody is sure to wrap him up.

A small piece of borax allowed to dissolve in the mouth is said to be an excellent remedy for sudden hoarseness or loss of the voice.

There is nothing so highly prized as a soft, sweet voice in a woman, except her ability to wash when hard times come.

The Legislature of Kansas has appropriated \$65,000 for the relief of the grasshopper sufferers.

A despairing avian, in a fit of desperation, recently declared to his reluctant lady-love that it was his firm determination to drown himself, or perish in the attempt!

The Legislature of North Carolina is agitated over the proposed expulsion of a member named Thorn, who is accused of having written a pamphlet defending infidelity and denouncing the Christian religion. Thorn affirms that he believes in a Supreme Being, and the God of the Bible in part, but not all of it.

Who's in consists the difference between a man who says he believes there is no God, and a man who sets as if he does not believe in one?

The Legislature is still going for Cardozo. He retorted the other day by publishing a list of claims he paid, and it made several old stagers wince. The Treasurer having designated the legislators as Chudbands, Senator Nash procured a copy of Bleak House and read the description of that clerical personage Rev. Chudband is described as a peculiarly oily, bland personage, and the description so exactly suited our portly Treasurer that it brought down the house.

The Union-Herald claims that the Governor and the Treasurer are a pair of Siamese twins and that a blow aimed at one will injure the other. We wish every tub to stand upon its own bottom. It is not necessary to couple the two. We do not believe in Mr. Cardozo, and are doubtful of the propriety of having him removed, only because a worse man may succeed him.

Press Gagging Suggested. The Charlotte (N. C.) Observer has gotten into a panic over a recent editorial of ours in which we suggested that the New Orleans Bulletin should be suppressed if it continues to advise ex-confederates to prepare for a second war. The Observer says in this a probable suggestion to Grant to suppress the Bulletin. The Observer is mistaken. We counsel no such unwarranted act on the part of the administration. The term used may have been ambiguous. For the benefit of the Observer we state that in our opinion the suppression of noxious newspapers should be a public opinion. The withdrawal of subscriptions and advertisements from a paper are as efficient a gag as the threatened Federal bayonet. We are a jealous defender of the liberties of the press. But when a paper so betrays its trust as to betray the peace and liberty of its readers, it is a matter of grave doubt whether even a forcible unlawful suppression is not to be preferred to a continuation of its mischief breeding. To deprive a man of life is a crime; but when he becomes an incendiary, throwing brands into a mass of inflammable material, the shortest way of disposing of him is the best way. The same rule applies to newspapers.

We give these as our views on the rights of Journalism in general. But for the benefit of our contemporary, we state that we had no idea of suggesting a suppression of the Bulletin by the administration. It should be suppressed by a community which it would lead to destruction. As it is playing into the hands of the administration, it need not fear Grant.

We hope our contemporary is satisfied with this explanation of our sentiment.

The legislature is drifting slowly along without any apparently defined object in view. The session of this reform legislature bids fair to be equally as long as that of any of the previous corrupt legislatures. One reason that the session is prolonged is that the members have free passes on all the railroads and who have whenever any public occasion brings their constituents together or any private business is to be attended to. The state pays these Solons six hundred dollars a year and allows them mileage, and if the sessions of the legislature were embraced within a brief period this would be sufficient to allow the legislators to return to the bosoms of their families often enough to regulate any necessary domestic affairs. If the members were compelled to pay their railroad fare every time they come home, they would be interested in dispatching their business and coming home. They should not have free passes. Legislation is often required in which railroads are interested, and how can law makers vote impartially with their wallets stuffed with passenger money?

The conservatives should set a good example. They should always be in attendance in the legislature. The failure of certain conservatives to be in their proper places has resulted in the passage of obnoxious bills. Let every legislator pay as he goes and he will have shorter and more satisfactory sessions.

The News and Courier has been "bulling" the new bonds and is now bullying Treasurer Cardozo. We do not believe in the settlement, and only accept it because it is the best we can expect. We are decidedly "bearish" towards Mr. Cardozo. There are a great many wheels within wheels about the Treasurers office, and although the letter of the law is ostensibly obeyed, we are not convinced as to the spirit. The Humbert matter needs investigation. It is said that when Andrews sold out the Union-Herald to Moses, he received an order on Humbert for \$6,000, on which Cardozo endorsed that it would be received by him as cash. Humbert paid the money and then Cardozo refused to accept the order, and caused the arrest of Humbert. This itself will bear a deal of explanation from the oily Chudband who holds the public keys.

Eronous Assessments. The delinquent tax list published in our columns contains very many errors. It is probable that not more than one third of the tracts of land are really subject to sale for taxes.

Several of the estates advertised have been partitioned, and the taxes have been paid by the owners. In other cases the lands are owned by different parties from those advertised. These mistakes occur from a failure to note on the Auditor's book every transfer of property. Either the parties interested fail to notify the Auditor, or he neglects to make the proper entry. In some cases also the Auditor has arbitrarily renewed the assessment of the previous year whenever a party fails to make an equally large return. The present Auditor and treasurer it would seem, are not to blame in this matter. The errors have been handed down to them on the books. They are now endeavoring to make correction in order to have correct books next year. These erroneous assessments work injury. All these imaginary estates are valued and their sum added into the general estimate, thus increasing the apparent wealth of the County. A levy is made upon this assessment, and when taxes are collected, the nulla bona returns diminish the expected total by a vast amount. Last year in the State there were over \$30,000,000 of nulla bona returns. This year there will still be a great discrepancy between the estimated and the actual sums realized by taxation, despite the new assessment. In Fairfield while the books show a deficit of about \$8,000 of taxes, the Treasurer informs us that he judges there should be only about \$2,000 yet to be collected. The same is true in almost every county.

These erroneous assessments are but portions of the legacies of past corrupt and incompetent administrations. Many years will be required to correct all the imperfections existing in the administration of the laws in the State.

Some individual signing himself "X. X." has written a letter from Columbia to the Charlotte Observer, on reform in South Carolina. This letter from beginning to end is a tirade against Gov. Chamberlain, interspersed with sundry jeremiads for the conservatives who are being "foiled" by this arch villain. The writer charges that Chamberlain is the instigator of all the crimes that have been perpetrated against the honest people of South Carolina, and that he is now assuming the role of reformer only in order take fresh hold and perpetrate new crimes against an already outraged people. He charges that Gov. Chamberlain appoints the meanest radicals to office, and makes several other accusations which we regard as unjust.

Now we are not an apologist for Mr. Chamberlain. We concede that his record up to the time of his election as governor was bad, very bad. For this reason we vehemently opposed him. But he has most agreeably surprised us. His inaugural message were all that could be desired, and his official acts thus far have been in the main perfectly satisfactory. Up to this time he has made an admirable governor.

We are not acquainted with the motives that have prompted Gov. Chamberlain to take this course of action. Nor do we propose to inquire into them. We are satisfied with the result without seeking the cause. And until we are convinced to the contrary, we will have charity enough to believe that Mr. Chamberlain is really desirous of effecting genuine reform. We are perfectly willing to let the dead past bury its dead, and to let the new year start fresh in a new career, believing that the errors of his past will be bidden lights warning him where danger lurks.

"X. X." makes another charge that Gov. Chamberlain by his patronage has silenced the press. We would be glad to learn the whereabouts of that patronage. Since his election, our printing bill against the State has amounted to "nary red."

"X. X." also set up a dismal wail because the governor "is daily compromising the honor of our people who virtually acquiesce in his hellish intrigues." This is good. The "hellish intrigues" in which we have acquiesced are the defeat of Whipper, Baker and Moses, the reduction of appropriations, the appointment of much better officials than have served before since reconstruction, the exile of Patterson to Washington, the disarming of the Edgefield militia, and sundry other little pieces of evilment too tedious to mention.

"X. X." is deeply mortified that the proud Sons of Carolina "must look for redemption to a quibbling, quirking upstart who, from a needy sycophant, adventurer in 1868 is endeavoring to transform himself into a gentleman." We ask wherein consists the mortification of looking for redemption to any man "who is endeavoring to transform himself into a gentleman?"

Such letters as this do harm. They evince that captious hostility to the new order of things with which the people of the South have been charged, and which they have truthfully denied.

So long as Mr. Chamberlain makes a good governor, we intend to support him and lend him aid in effecting reform. We were honest in our opposition to him, and we shall be honest in our support. Mr. Chamberlain has silenced the press, not by pap, but by an almost irreproachable record as governor. Already under his strong administration the people are becoming more satisfied with the present, and more hopeful of the future. For this let Mr. Chamberlain have his due.

MARRIED. On Thursday evening last, the 25th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, near Winnsboro, by the Rev. J. E. Chichester, MR. ROBERT P. BROWN, to MISS MARY JANE KING, all of Fairfield County.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS. ONLY FORTY DOLLARS A TON! GUANAHAMI GUANO, An important natural Guano - a genuine Animal Deposit. A Cargo of 500 tons now on the way to this port. This Guano gave great satisfaction in Virginia and North Carolina the past season. Circular and certificate sent on application.

Prof. Wilson, of Baltimore, Md., sent this Guano: "By a critical examination of the analysis of the various cargoes you have imported, a striking feature is the great regularity in the percentage of the important constituents essential for the production of all crops."

Prof. F. A. Lenth, of Philadelphia, Penn., says: "The Guano is evidently of animal origin, and the minute bones which were discovered in the same indicate that it is the result of the decay of animal matter which is still present in about 12 per cent. and this yields about 24 per cent. of ammonia. A portion of the nitrogen is present as nitric acid, of which about 3 per cent. were found. All the nitrogen present would be equivalent to about 53 per cent. of ammonia. The phosphoric acid in the Guano averaged 1.124 per cent., equal to 27.3 per cent. of Bone Phosphate. A considerable quantity of the phosphoric acid, however, is present as so-called neutral phosphate of Lime, which, being slightly soluble in water, renders the Guano as rich in its action as a corresponding quantity of Superphosphates would be. The small percentage of potash which was found in analysis adds to its value. From the experiments which I have made of the Guanahami Guano, no doubt can exist that it is a valuable manure."

Prof. H. C. White, of the Georgia State Agricultural Society, says: "As shown by the analysis, this Guano contains, in good proportion, all the elements which are generally considered as of value for plant food, and the Fertilizer and combinations in which they are present are such as to render them available to and assimilable by the plant. I should judge that the proper use of this article for purposes of fertilization would be attended with great profit."

Pro Charles H. Shepard, Jr., in a recent analysis of this Guano, says: "This Guano (of animal origin) would appear from its physical and chemical properties to absorb every reasonable expectation of a commercial manure." Orders received and arrangements made for its sale by application to J. N. ROBSON, 68 East Bay, 1 and 2 Atlantic whs, Jan 16/42, Charlto

Edwan Fertilizers, Edwan Dissolved Bone. Also Bradley's Patent Phosphate for sale on cash or approved paper by the agents, M. MASTER & BRICE, Feb 22

Old School Chinas. The Legislature having appropriated certain funds for the payment of old school claims, and having provided that the said claims be paid pro rata, all claims dated prior to the first of November 1872 having the preference, notice is hereby given to holders of said claims to present the same at the office of the school Commissioner for registration, so that the exact amount outstanding can be ascertained and proportionally distributed thereon. The office will be open for registration on Saturdays and Mondays between the hours of 11 a. m. and 1 p. m. until the 22nd March. Parties are urged to present their claims promptly in order to secure their pro rata. No amount will be paid until the registry is complete. W. J. CRAWFORD, School Commissioner. Mar 3

SALE. STABLE, A. F. GOODING, PROPRIETOR.

NEW GOODS, NEW GOODS. Full and complete stock of FALL and WINTER GOODS just received and opening at the Winnsboro Dry Goods Fancy Goods. A Millinery BAZAAR.

Dry Goods, Fancy Goods and Millinery departments. Inspection of the Ladies solicited. Prices as low as the lowest.

Have a full stock of Gents, Boys, Ladies and Childrens Hats, Shoes, Gaiters and Rubber Sundals. Grocery Department.

New and fresh supply of Choice Family Groceries, Confectionery, Crockery, Tin, Hardware, Kerosene Oil, and Lubricants.

Cholera and 16 cent. Cigars, Try them Fresh Cheese, Butter, Eggs, and Irish Potatoes. My stock is too immense to detail, but you can get almost anything as cheap as at our place.

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WINNSBORO FEMALE INSTITUTE. THE exercises of this school will commence Monday, the 8th of February.

Sessions for the present, from a half past nine to half past two o'clock. It is highly recommended that the pupils be on the premises at least an hour before the start.

WM. C. BEE & CO., FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, ADJERS WHARF, CHARLESTON, S. C. LIBERAL advances made upon consignment of them in Charleston, or through their correspondents in Liverpool, New York and London.

MONEY WANTED. All parties indebted to us on store or A. L. account are notified that we need money. If they must have accounts

FAIRFIELD HERALD. WINNSBORO. R. MEANS DAVIS, Editor. Wednesday Morning March 3, 1875.

The Civil Rights bill has passed the Senate, and awaits the approval or veto of the President.

A threat has been made to assassinate King Alfonso, of Spain. He has resigned just about a month.

They are talking about a compromise in Louisiana, but the proposed concessions are involved in as much obscurity as the present status of that unhappy State. The majority of the Senate Committee favor seating Sheridan and the minority support Pinchback.

The Union Herald shows that nine States, six northern and three southern, with over million inhabitants and five thousand millions of property, spend only \$281,057 a year for printing, while South Carolina with 705,006 inhabitants, and \$141,000,000 spends in one year \$292,889. But then, you know the masses in South Carolina are all highly educated and refined.

Simultaneously with the tidings of the death of the Emperor of China, was telegraphed the news that his chief physician had been decapitated. The pill driver of the Emperor must always cure his patient.

It is said that the Mandarins of China employ each a physician with a regular salary. A deduction is made from this salary for every day the Mandarin is sick. It is to the interest of the physician to keep his master in fine health. What queer people these Chinamen are.

The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to animals put forth a set of rules for the treatment of balky horses:

1. Put the horse upon the neck; examine the harness carefully, first on one side and then on the other, speaking encouragingly while doing so; then jump into the wagon and give the word go; generally he will obey.

2. A teamster in Maine says he can start the worst balky horse by taking him out of the shafts and making him go round in a circle till he is biddy. If the first dance of this sort doesn't cure him the second will.

3. To cure a balky horse, simply place you hand over the horse's nose and shut off his wind until he wants to go.

4. The brain of a horse seems to entertain but one idea at a time; therefore continued whipping only confirms his stubborn resolve. If you can by any means give him a new subject to think of, you will generally have no trouble in starting him. A simple remedy is to take a couple of turns of stout twine around before leg, just below the knee, tight enough for the horse to feel, and tie in a bow-net. At the first check he will generally go dancing off, and after a short distance you can get out and remove the string to prevent injury to the tendon in your further drive.

5. Take the tail of the horse between the hind legs and tie by a cord to the saddle girth.

6. Tie a string around the horse's ear close to the horse's head.

S. T. 1860-X. Mentzelion Bitters.

MENTZELION BITTERS. Iron in the Blood. MAKES THE WEAK STRONG.

The Peruvian Syrup, a Protected Solution of the Protoxide of Iron, is so combined as to have the character of an aliment, as easily digested and assimilated food. It increases the quantity of Nature's Own Purifying Agent, Iron in the blood, and cures "a thousand ills," simply by bringing up, invigorating and vitalizing the system. The enriched and vitalized blood permeates every part of the body, repairing damages and waste, searching out morbid secretions, and leaving nothing for disease to feed upon.

PERUVIAN SYRUP. MAKES THE WEAK STRONG. THE PERUVIAN SYRUP, a Protected Solution of the Protoxide of Iron, is so combined as to have the character of an aliment, as easily digested and assimilated food. It increases the quantity of Nature's Own Purifying Agent, Iron in the blood, and cures "a thousand ills," simply by bringing up, invigorating and vitalizing the system.

See that each bottle has PERUVIAN SYRUP blown in the glass. Pamphlets Free. SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Proprietors, No. 1 Hill in Place, Boston. Sold by DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.