from New York via San Francisco, to run to Russian America

Large quantities of the earth kaolin are exported from South Carolina to New York. In the South it is used to make china ware, in the North to adulterate candy.

One pound of cotton, which formerly could only be spun into thread of 108 yards long, can now, by the application of steam, produce a thread of 167 miles in length.

A young girl was bitten by a batin Spalding Church, England, recently, which so frightened her that she is suffering from paralysis of the brain, which induces long fits of sleep, lasting for weeks.

The Atlanta Era calls attention to the fact that the Generals and fighting men of the South are going in as a general thing for the Sherman Reconstruction bill, as the best means by which to settle our National difficulties. This is as significant as it is true. At an election for mayor of Huntsville,

Ala., recently, the colored vote assisted to defeat the agent of the Freedmen's Bureau. It is stated that Thad. Stevens is writing a pamphlet in support of Sumner's bill Becuring universal suffrage at the North.

The right of suffrage is not considered a great boon in Kentucky, if one may judge by jury's estimate. Edward Williams brought an action against two persons in Covington for illegally preventing him from voting in the Presidential election of 1864, and laid his damages at \$20,000. The jury gave him a verdict of one cent.

The President's car of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, was at Pittsburg on April 11, morning, and left on the Cincinnati Express for Philadelphia. This car was built at Altoona, fitted up at an expense of some \$20,000, and is perhaps, the finest car of its kind in the country.

The long trial of Admiral Persano, who commanded the Italian fleet in the battle of Lissa, has been concluded, and, in accordance with the verdiet of the Court Martial, the Admiral has been sentenced to be cashiered from the naval service for incapacity and disobedience. The sentence agrees with the almost unanimous opinion of military writers on the battle of Lissa, both Italian and German, who convict Persano of having committed the most stupendous blunnder.

The official press eays, editorially, regarding the compromise proposed by the great powers, that Prussia did not find it necessary to appeal to the great powers Luxemburg.1

Marshal McMahon, Duke of Magenta, has arrived in Paris, from Algeria, where he has been recalled by the Emperor. French furloughs are all ended, and the officers have been ordered to drill the reserves.

It is reported that the great powers have renewed their appeal to Prussia, in the hope of averting the imminent war.

The Kalmia Mills property was sold un der forcelosure of mortgage, on Tuesday, by Messrs. Wardlaw & Carew, to Messrs. Harvey, Cogswell and others, for \$210,000 which amount is \$20,000 in excess of the nagregate mortgage.

The bankrupt law passed by the last Congress goes into practical operation on June 1. There are many people who are waiting to take advantage of it, so that the business of becoming voluntary bankrupts will be quite brisk. The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court has appointed Justices Nelson, Swayne and Miller, of that Court, a commission to prepare the forms and practice to be employed under the bankrupt law Mr. Clinton Rice of New York, has been appointed secretary of the commission.

Rules for uniform practice in all the States, under the bankrupt law, have been prepared, and are now in the hands of the Chief Justice. Hon. T. A. Jenckes, of Rhode Island, father of the Bankrapt bill, has been several days aiding in the preparation of these rules. The United States Marshal Paysons has completed the briefing of applications for Registers of Bankruptey for New York and Brooklyn. The briefs were placed in the hands of the Chief Justice last night. Appointments of registers for these two cities will be made this week.

At the Paris Exposition it is said that a novelty will be on exhibition in the shape of an artificial horse. The ingeniously constructed animal, when ready for the road, will travel twenty-five miles without stopping, and afterwards may be wound up in a few moments so as to go as much farther, and so on indefinately. A horse like this must be a valuable acquisition, provided it can be bought cheaply as the noble animal of which it is a copy.

The steamship Falcon, says the Charleston Mercury, Captain Reed, from Baltimore, on Monday night, brought, as a part of her cargo, 3000 bushels corn and 10,000 pounds bacon, contributed partly by the State of Maryland and a portion by Jefferson County, Virginia These supplies are for the 2elief of the destitute in this State, and they have been generously brought here without charge, the agents and officers of the ship doing all in their power to facilitate their

transportation. The Supreme Court has decided that an Injunction cannot be moved against the President, and while it has allowed the petition for an injunction against the Secretary of War and the Military Commander to be filed for hearing, it has subpersaed Mr. Stanton and General Pope to appear before the

Court on the first of next December. The report of the Commissioner of Agriculture for March contains the gratifying statement that increased attention has been paid during the year to stock breeding throughout the country, particularly in the

South. Treport says:
The fact by becoming more apparent that stock and is a more profitable branch of agoulture than grain production especially in localities distant from market. Chief Justice Chase, of the Supreme Court, has appointed Judges Nelson, Swaine and Miller a commission to prepare the form, and practice under the new bankrupt

C., to the days when Henry II. annexed Jackson and Great A line of steamships is being projected dred and twenty of them were either slain by their successors, or killed fighting.

The Emperor of Brazil having heard of he desire expressed by Rossini to taste a particular kind of Brazilian coffee, the excelence of which had been greatly praised, has

At a late meeting of the Historical Socie-ty of Pennsylvania a paper was read giving Several Imperialist officers publish a pro-some account of the "Star-Spangled Ban-Jest against the Escobedo massacre in the ner." This song, it was stated, was first printed by Benjamin Edes, of Battimore, and first sung by Ferdinand Durang, to a company of young volunteers. The air of murdered countrymen. "Anacreon in Heaven" was adopted at the uggestion of Mr. Key.

A long time ago, a little boy 12 years breakfast by sawing wood, instead of asking it as a gift. Fifty years later the same by the other side. boy passed the same little inn as George Peabody, the banker, whose name is the synonym of magnificent charities -- the honored of two hemispheres.

against the enforcement of the Reconstruction bill for that State, as he thinks that a decision against it will not result favorably intention to bring the matter before the Sureme Court.

A Paris correspondent states that in that a celebrity from having an India rubber ciously managed. tongue. A cancer on his tongue rendered ing it in his pocket between his repasts.

The German Parliament has finished its ted to it by the Governments of the Confedto protect her rights, and she will not leave Whatever further modifications the several feeble from day to day. parties would like to see made, it is generally felt that they must first have a bond

of union. day, was \$172,500, making a the total son. The flood has driven the deer from calculation of National Banks at the pres-

ent date, \$298,926,774. partment from the printers, \$317,000 in ractional currency. During the same period there has been forwarded to the United States depository at Buffalo, N. Y., \$35,-000; to the Assistant Trensurer at New York, \$100,000; Assistant Treasurer at New Orleans, \$100,000; National Banks, \$207,262 47. Total, \$142,265 47.

The Monumental City, says the Charleston News, has not tired, in her devotion to the suffering and starving South. The Bal. imore Sun of Friday, mentions contribuions that have been received consisting of corn, bacon, flour and money, and also states that the Steamer Falcon, will take 3000 bushels of corn, and 10,000 pounds of bacon to Charleston, and the schooner Fannie A. Bailey, will sail for this city with 10,000 bushels of corn and 30,000 pounds of bacon. The United States ship Relief, has been placed at the disposal of the Coinmissioners and will soon leave with a cargo for Mobile, Ala.

The territorial growth of the United States has been no less surprising than their growth in population. Beginning at the peace of 1783 with only 820,680 square miles, they added 889,579 by the purchase of Louisiana, 68,900 by the acquisition of Florida, 318,000 by the annexation of Texas, 308,052 by the Oregon treaty, and 550,-455 by the Mexican treaties. The Commissioner of the General Land Office in 1860 stimuted the land area of the States and Territories at 2,913,257 square miles, or, including the Indian Territory, 3,010,277 square miles. The area of the Russian possessions in America is computed at 481,-276 square miles

The annexation of Russian-America will swell the grand total of square miles ombraced within the United States to 3,491,-553. In a little more than eighty years, the original dimensions of the republic will have thus expanded to an almost fourfold

News from Mexico, received at Washingon, states that the capture of Maximilian and his army is almost certain; and that the Juarist troops threaten to execute him at

The ladies of the New York Southern Re lief Association gave a ball at Delmenico's on Tuesday night, in aid of the fund. Dick Cheatham, the most beautiful horse

a this State, and the property of Col. Thos. G. Bacon, of Edgefield, died last week of lung fever.

The American Bible Society, in New York employs twenty presses and four hundred workmen, and is able to print four thousand copies of the Bible daily. The type for the new Arabic Bible is to be ready in about six months.

We learn, says the Phanix, that the first criminals sent to the State Penitentiary were thus punished for an offence against a

A list of the Irish Kings, from 1300 B. from the president of the New Orleans, C., to the days when Henry II. annexed Jackson and Great thern Railroad, to that Island, points out the curious histori- which he has recently been re-elected, and cal and ethaological fact that out of some also to remove Col. Thomas E. Adams from hundred and forty monarchs, about a hun the Policion of Chief of Police of New Or-

While Stephens was in this country, there requent intimations that he was in the service of the Baish Government as a spy. Now a Paris letter to the Chicago Republican says Head Dentre Stevens is living comsent to the celebrated moestro a quantity of fortably in that city with his wife and

Details of fresh horrors come from the west coast of Africa. A war has broken out between two opposing tribes of savages, his enomies give him the credit of being in which several of the New Calabar tribes When the blow falls it will be swift and old, on his way to Vermont, stopped at a in which several of the New Calabar tribes country tavern and paid for his lodging and were made prisoners by their enemies, and, shocking to relate, were roasted and caten

They do some sensible things in Havanna A recent regulation requires the daily attendance of a veterinary surgeon at the slaughter house, to inspect every animal Governor Murphy of Arkansas, has tele- brought there to be slaughtered, thus effecgraphed to Senator elect Carland, ordering tually preventing the sale of unsound meat. him not to file petition for an injunction This regulation has long since obtained all over Europe.

It is stated that an effort has been made recently to induce the President to make a to the interests of his constituents. Sons. large increase of the army for service in tor Garland has accordingly abandoned his the Southern States and in the Indian Territories. Under the law the army can be increased to nearly double its present force. Mr. Johnson refuses to increase the forces, tity there is a coachman who has become believing it to be sufficient now, if judi-

A letter is published in the New York amputation necessary, the operation was Commercial Advertiser, written by Mr. J. A. accessfully performed, and the lost tongue Schrock, of Camden, Clerk of the Board of replaced by one of India rubber. Al- Commissioners of Poor for Kershaw District, though be cannot speak, he tastes, swallows, S. C., and addressed to James F. Sutherand smokes his pipe with evident enjoy- land. Mr. Schrock gives a simple statement; and after eating takes out his tongue ment of the great demand made upon the as one does a set of teeth, generally carry- Commissioners, and their entire inability to relieve the distress prevalent through the District.

labors and adjourned sine die. The draft of It is stated that the latest intelligence rea Federal Constitution, which was submit. specting the unfortunate Princess Charlotte (the wife of Maximilian) is sad indeed. eration, has been adopted with but slight Her mental condition, it is said, gives very modifications. The draft as adopted by little hope of recovery. Though her physithe Federal Parliament must now be sane- cal health is not broken, all intellectual extioned by the several Diets. No doubt is pression is gradually fading from her counentertained that it will be sanctioned by all. tenance, and her mental faculties become

Venison is to be found in the greatest abundance at Natchez. It comes into that city by wagon loads. The Democrat says The amount of National Bank currency that in the markets, the restaurants, and issued during the week ending last Satur- everywhere else, the principal meat is veni-

amount issued up to date, \$302,508,756, the swamp lands of Louisiana across the from which should be deducted \$3,581,982, Mississippi to the hills around Natchez. being the amount of currency redeemed, in- Three were caught on one occasion recently cluding worn out notes -- leaving the actual while swimming across, and one was killed on land near the ferry. Another, which had swum across and had climbed; the During the week ending on Saturday last bluff, was so exhausted as to be unable to for as many fogs as occur in February, there has been received at the Treasury De- run, and was knocked down with a brick by there will be as many frosts in April.

New York Times says: "Attorney-General this season are over. Stanberry's opinion regarding the force of Reconstruction Act will be presented to the President as soon as it can be prepared after the injunction petitions have been disposed of, and will be forwarded by him to all the commanders of military districts in the South. The subject is attracting a purpose of perfecting the registration of voters in Louisiana, and will be followed by similar applications in all the Southern States where attempts are made to prevent officers of counties and parishes, who held office during the war, from voting.

The advices by the Bremen detail the iniiatious of the war excitement in France on the subject of Napoleons' negotiations for the acquisition of Luxmburg, and the interforence of Germany, under the leadership of Prussia, to prevent its accomplishment. The agitation was intense in Paris. and war rumors abounded on every side. Indeed, it appeared as if the matter would be regarded merely as one of barter, for eash equivalent, and one in which the Prus sian movement would ultimately acquiesce of so doing, makes himself liable to were it not for the decided tone of the enfranchised German burgesses, as expressed in Berlin and re-echoed through Fatherland against its conclusion. England professed neutrality, if not utter indifference, toward the proceedings and in the result.

PARDON OF JEFFERSON DAVIS .- The Rev Mr. Bagley, formerly a missionary to Japan and India, is said to have paid a visit a few days ago to Mr. Jefferson Davis, at Fortress Monroe, for the purpose of inducing him to ask the President for a

pardon. The letter stating this fact adds:
Mr. Bagley believed that if a regular
application should be made by Mr. Davis,
he could support it with a polition presenting such an array of influential names, a
large proportion of them from the Radical pardon. The letter stating this fact adds: Republican party, that the movement would be as successful as that made by him in the ase of Governor Vance, of North Carolina. Mr. Davis, however, declined accepting the Mr. Davis, however, declined necepting the proposition. He said to ask for pardon was a confession of guilt, and that such an authoritative interpretation is necessanpplication would prejudice his case at the ry. close at hand. Mr. Bagley, nothing daunted with the ill success he met with at Fortress Monroe, went to Washington and called on the President to ascertain whether a pardon would be granted to Jefferson Davis without an application, if petitions were presented of a satisfactory character. It is understood that Mr. Bagley was equally unsuccessful at the White House. In the exercise of the pardoning power, the President has been guided by an inflexible rule -nover to grant a pardon on petitions, unless such petitions were accompanied by an application from the individual seeking punished for an offence against a the executive elemency. The Attorney-Williamsburg District sent two General's office has now on the file a huge white men to this place of penance for the offence of stealing bacon from a freedman. Will Harper's Weekly please make a note General Grant has been petitioned to di. rect the removal of General Beauregard mentioned rule .- Baltimore Sun.

THE MAN OF DESTINY .- The Philadelphia Age thinks, says the Charleston Mercury, that the true meaning of the Luxemburg embroglio, is, that Napoleon 's but acception! ing it as a part of his destiny, so that he may lead his armies against the only power which has not felt French vengeance for the

alliance of 1815.
One after another, says the Age, the powers that humiliated France after Waterloo have felt the hand of French retribution. The Crimean campaign avenged Moscow, and at the same time reduced England to a third-rate power, with no continental repuit, inclosed in a box inlaid with the most precious woods of Brazil, and of exquisite workmanship.

At a late meeting of the Wistonian Scale of the Company of the Wistonian Scale of t Nice and Savoy have been added to the erritory of France, and 1815 blotted out in hatdirection. Prussia still remains, with the memories of "Butcher Blucher" and his murdering dragoons at Waterloo. Luxem-bourg and the Rhine are standing reminders of a debt uncancelled in that portion of Europe, and from the Hotel Des Invalides voice is constantly calling, and a shadowy

hand pointing Rhineward.

This view will of course find some advosteady. Napoleon cannot be forced into a war at this moment, for the simple reason that he could not be first in the field and trongest in the first conflict. He will now wait as he has waited before; and when war comes, if comes it must, both France and her Emperor will be ready.

## WINNSBORO, S. C.

Wednesday Morning. May 1, 1367. D. B. McCREIGHT, EDITOR.

TERMS---FOR HERALD. THRES DOLLARS per year: TWO DOLLARS or six months; OND DOLLAR for three menths—sychic in "greenbuck," Single copies Ten Cents, 13" The paper will be discontinued on the extraction of the time for which payment has been in the cities eithers who is at cross mark on the wrapper of marin of the rapper, will understand that the time instant has epident.

ADVECTION CRATES—One Dollar per square in the incit field Second divergents for each relief.

ADVECTISING RATES.—One Dollar per square for the liest, find Severaly live cents for each subsequent insection. A square coast-is of the space octaped by twelve lies at its saze type.

CLOB RATES—10 confer one year Twenty-live Dollars. An extra copy to the person making up the right after the last January, 1851.

STP Whithere we earth from the date a club is restraction the money is paid, the person making the club, one add now number of maney at the same ray.

RTP We what it distancely to decision the correction of the conference of conference of the conference o

Agricultural Interests.

Ours is an agricultural section, in the strongest import of the word. The business of this townsdepends upon that of land-culture. Every thing that encourages the farmer, encourages the merchant and mechanic, as well as the printer. In this connection it is peculiarly gratifying to us to learn, both by inquiry and observation, that the wheat crop never bromised better than it does this year.

So far as we have been able to gathor information, the corn erop is presenting a beautiful stand. The proportion of corn to cotton planted, is perhaps as one to three, i. a., one-third corn and two-thirds cotton.

It is said, and we have this from the observations of old farmers, that This has been verified this Spring ; The Washington correspondent of the and according to this, the frosts for

the disfranchising clause of the Military Contributions for the support of the Prec School.

The editor of the News has received, and handed over to the proper person, the following contributions for the support of the Free School, viz : great deal of attention. The appeal for the J. M. Daly, \$1.00; Jno. P. Matthews, opinion came from Gen. Sheridan, for the \$1.00; G. H. McMaster, \$1.00; I. N. Withers, \$1.00; Cash, \$1.00.

Others have indicated their purpose to aid this worthy undertaking. Any contributions handed to the edito: will be duly acknowledged and paid over to the lady in charge of the school.

Carrying Deadly Weapons. It is to be hoped that all concerned will not forget the important feature in G. O. No. 10, in regard to the practice of carrying "deadly weap-

The person who conceals a pistol or dir's about him, and makes a practice be tried by a Military Commission. It is no new thing, this law to prohibit the practice alluded to, and we hope all concerned will be governed accordingly.

The Disfranchised.

We are glad to see that appeals are likely to be made from the commanding Generals of the ten Southern States, to the Attorney General of the United States, for an opinion as to the extent of the clause of the Constitutional Amendment disfranchising Southern citizens.

The application of the terms "judicial" and "executive" used in that amendment, are so vague, that some

The U. S. Senate.

This body which held over for some time after the House adjourned, did itself adjourn on the 20th.

We hope there is truth in the announcement that "submission to the "terms of reconstruction" are so auspicious, that there will be no further need of extra sessions, and no further contest between the President and Congress.

The District Court Will meet at this place on Monday next, May 6th.

Orders from District Headquarters. We publish below some extracts from G. O. No. 12, issued by General Sickles.

HEADQUARTERS. Second Military District, Charleston, S. C., April 20. General Order No. 12.] 1. The Military Sub-Districts of

North Carolina and South Caroline are hereby discontinued. II. The territory embraced within

his command is divided into Posts, as follows: 10. The Military Post of Chester to mbrace the State Districts of York, Chester, Fairfield and Lancaster; to be commanded by Brevet Major D. D.

Company K, 6th Infantry. Post Commanders will require Sherffs, Deputy Sheriffs, Constables and he police force within their commands to report to them any violation of military orders and arrest the guil-

ty parties. XI. Post Commanders will exercise a supervision over all Magistrates. Sheriffs, Deputy Sheriffs, Constables, mother country, whether for the purand Police within their commands; and will, whenever necessary for the preservation of order and the efficient lischarge of their duties, assume command of the police force.

\* \* \* \* HEADQUARTERS, SECOND MILITARY DISTRICT, Charleston, S. C., April 20th 1867. Special Order No. 23.1

[Extract.] 1. Special Orders No. 21, current eries, from these Headquarters, which establish a provost court within the Military post of Aiken, S. C., are hereby so modified that no sentence affecting the liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the Commanding General; and it is further ordered, that white persons charged with murder, manlaughter, rape, or arson, on the persons or property of persons of color, and persons of color chargd with like offences against the persons or property of white persons will be brought to trial before a Military Commission; the accused will be taken into military eustody and the vidence in the case with charges forwarded to these Headquarters.

\* \* \* By Command of Maj. General D.

J. W. Chous, Captain 38th Infantry, A. D. C. & Act. Asst. Adjt. Gen. Official-J. W. Crous, Captain 38th Infantry, A. A. A. G.

Ootton in Liverpool.

20th inst., informs us that the receipts of cotton to that date are ahead of last year's receipts to same date, 248,000

This may in some measure account for the great decline in the price of our staple productions.

A friend from Fairfield tells us that he thinks all the fruit has been killed in that district. About here there seems to be a great diversity of opinion, but a week or two will show .---Yorkville Enquirer.

We are glad to state that there is ome fruit left us yet-some peaches, a few plums and quite a good crop of

We have received in pamphlet form the "Report of the Special Committee "of the General Assembly of South Carolina on the subject of encouraging European Immigration, and to correspond with governments, societies and persons."

It is published by Mr. Joseph Walker, Agent, Printer and Stationer, 129 Meeting Street, Charleston.

Meeting of the Bible Society. This body will meet on Thursday next, in the Presbyterian Church at ll o'clock A. M.

Rev. D. C. Boggs is appointed to deliver the sermon.

As this is the time of year when one desires to renovate the interior of his dwelling as well as to improve the appearance of his fences and outhouses, we place before our readers a most excellent recipe for mixing whitewash : "Take a clean, water-tight barrel, or other suitable cask, and put into it a half bushel of lime. Slack it by pouring water over it, boiling hot, and in sufficient quantity to cover it five inches deep, and stir it in water, and add two pounds of sulphate of zine and one of common salt. These will cause the wash to harden, and prevent its cracking, which gives an unseemly appearance to the work. If desirable, a beautiful cream color may be added to the above wash by adding three pounds of yellow other; or a good pearl or lead color, add four pounds of amber, Turkish or American -the latter is the cheapest-one common lamp-black. For common and two pounds lamp-black. This wash may be applied with a common

racy.

whitewash brush."

Washington News and Gossip.

THE CONSTITUTIONALITY QUESTION. Messrs. Robert J. Walker and Charles O'Conor are preparing elaborate arguments to be delivered in the Supreme Court of the United States on Friday, in the Georgia injunction case. The Attorney-General will deny the jurisdiction of the court. | Bult. Sun.

THE TERRITORIAL ACQUISITION.

Notwithstanding the fretful tone of ome of the English journals in com menting on our late treaty with Russia, and the suggestion of one of those papers that the transaction is one ful of direct hostility, our government has, within the past week, received from official sources the assurances that the British Government is not at Lynn, Capt. 6th Infantry. Head-quarters at Chester, S. C. Garrison: all annoyed in consequence of the treaty, but on the contrary, is entirely satisfied with the transaction, and assured that our government made treaty with Russia in no unfriendly spirit towards England; in fact, it is gathered from high authority that the British Government can be easily reconciled to parting with the the Canadas and other British possessions in North America, whenever these provinces shall themselves make manifest their desire to separate from the

> States or for setting up independent governments for themselves .- Ibid. THE FENIANS.

> pose of annexation to the United

The administration is continually receiving applications from relatives of persons captured in Ireland as Fenians and who are or have been citizens of the United States. To-day Mr. Bart Smith, of Cincinnati, made an appeal for interference on behalf of his brother, James Smith, late Lieutenant Third Artillery, United States Army, who was captured in Ireland. The only evidence against him was that he had on his person a revolver. The President has directed that the attention of our Minister to England be called to the subject, and proper action taken to investigate the ease,-Ibid.

HARPER'S CARCATURES TURNING JPON 118 OWN HOUSEHOLD. -That de ectable "journal of civilization" publish ed by the pious brothers-Harper's Weekly-after having exhausted South era subjects in its obscene caricatures, has turned upon some members of its household. The New York Times admir isters the following reluke to one of its last illustrations : "Caricaturing is undoubtedly a legiti-

mate weapon of political warfare. But there are certain limits within which repect for the common courtesies and decencies of life would naturally restrain it. Harper's Weekly has paid very little regard to these restrictions. in its political warfare in the service of political radicalism; but in its representations of Mr. Seward, it has systematically outraged every sentiment of common propriety. It is pretty gene The news from Liverpool, up to the rally known that the wounds inflicted upon Mr. Seward by the assassin Payne ave left very conspicuous sears upon his face, which have entirely changed the expression of his countenance. One would suppose that the most reckless personal unimosity would hesitate at olding wounds received under such ircumstances and in such a cause, up to public ridicule. But they are uniformly selected by the Weekly as the favorite subjects of caricature. Inferior artists would naturally prefer something easily and readily susceptible for distortion, for the exercise of the feeble peneils; but this can scarcely serve an excase in the present instance, If the Weekly cannot excite sufficient odium against public men without caricaturing and holding up to ridicule the wounds received for their devotion to the country, it had better give up the business

altogether." Very virtuous rebuke! But for the past five or six years, there was scarcely a prominent Southern man, who was not hideously caricatured. and the inventive brain of the artist who does this dirty work treated the readers every week with scenes of outrage which never occurred at the South. There was no rebuke then from any of the city cotemperaries. The pictures were swallowed as true representations of Southern society.

Ex-Governor Perry, of South Carolina, has written a letter on the military government in the South in which he says, "A despotism wisely administered is the most perfect government of the earth, being the government established by God for the control of the universe." How the chivalry cat

Times, a paper published in Jersey City, in the Kingdom of New Jersey. Of course the editor had never seen Mr. Perry's letter, or he would not have drawn an inference directly antipodal to what Mr. Perry meant to the breaking out of the war; and was prove. The sentence about the des- received by the officers of the said Inpotism above quoted, isolated from the context, goes the round of the pa- in their rooms, No. 61 William street, pers, and is rolled as a sweet morsel under the Radical tongue. Mr. Perry appears to have the singular misfortune of disagreeing with his friends, and being misunderstood by his focs. [Charleston News.

The Earl of Dunmore caught on his property in the Isle of Harris, in the Hebrides, some twenty or thirty salmon; these he marked and carried alive pound of Indian red, and one pound a lake. In the course of the season in here delineated in the purest "Parian stone color, add four pounds of amber ascertained that some of these very of which softness and loveliness are the A patriarch in Arkansas, 104 years old can shoot a rifle with unfailing accutheir native stream.

Local Items.

Easter Elections.

The Easter elections of St. John's Church, Winnsboro, S. C., are as fol-

> WARDENS. Rev. J. Obear, W. M. Dwight.

VESTRYMEN. W. R. Robertson, Pierre Bacot, H. A. Gaillard, W. S. Rabb,

DuBose Egleston. DELEGATES TO THE CONVENTION. W. M. Dwight,

DuBose Egleston.

Home Manufacture.

We saw on the street last Thursday, a man from the neighborhood of White Oak with clay pipes for sale by

which it would be well for the citizons of the District to encourage. The pipes were offered at one dol-

the hundred. The pipes were small,

but exhibited some skill in design

lar a hundred. If our citizens desire to enjoy the cutting of a real good pipe clay, they will get it in any quantity in what is called Jamison's gully in the western

suburbs of town.

There is a kind of clover growing in the streets of our town, which some call white clover. There is also a grass which some say is Blue Grass. This latter when cultivated grows most luxuriantly, and is greedily grazed upon by the milch cows. This section could be made a splendid grazing country.

Whitewashing.

The following recipe is elipped from the "Local" of the Charleston News. We hope to see a large use made of this recipe. We want whitewashing and every other means used to check the chill and fover and fevers. generally, if as some say, there is some virtue in these means. Here is the recipe :

MARRIED.

At.Blithewood Female Institute on Puesday morning 23rd instant, by Dr. J. L. Reynolds, W. E. McNulty of Georgetown, S. C., to Miss Minnie L. Durham of this District.

THE LOSS ON EMANCIPATED SLAVES dortgagor vs Mortgagee.beg leave to call the attention of the legal profession, and of the people generally, to the following law lately passed by the Legislature of Virginia;

CONCERNING COMPENSATION FOR SLAVES That in all proceedings, either at law or in equity, now pending, or which may be hereafter instituted, for the recovery of slaves or their values, or damages for their alleged conversion or detention, the possession of whom was in the defendant under bona fide claim of right at the time of emancipation of the slaves of this Commonwealth by the Federal or State authorities, the values or dam ages assessed, should the plaintiff re cover, shall be only the value of the services of such slaves from the time of the tortions conversion or detention to the period of their emancipation.

If we understand the purport of the above law, it settles the question tion in Virginia as to who shall be the loser on emancipated slaves, where the values of slaves are represented in bonds or notes, either from sales or mortgages. It casts the loss on the vendee or mortgagee. The question this legislation involves, is, we understand, now pending before the Court of Appeals in this State. The legislation of the State of Virginia, shows where, in the opinion of its legislature, the equity lies.

A NOBLE AND DELICATE ACT .-- The Edgefield Advertiser says : The New York Mutual Insurance Company, after incurring expenses of \$500 on a marble bust of Mrs. Pick-This paragraph we find in the Daily ens, have sent it to ex-Governor Pickens, free of all charges whatever. This bust, which, with one of the Governor himself, was executed in Rome, by an American artist of great distinction, reached New York soon after surance Company, and kept privately

throughout the course of the struggle. . This act proves that there are hightoned and true gentlemen in every section of our country, notwithstanding the general illiberality and narrow feeling engendered by the late barbarous war; and we are much pleased to chronicle it.

Nor can we refrain from commenting upon the rare beauty and artistic value of the bust in question. The in his yacht to the opposite side of the original, lovely "as that first woman island, where they were turned into whose beauty made Eden glad," is which they were transported, it was statue stone." It is a work of art fish had come back again, all the way striking characteristics. The figure home, a circuit of forty miles at least, is exceedingly delicate and graceful; through the pathless waters of the the outline is finely varied in the difcally beautiful.