

WINNSBORO.

Thursday Morning, October 11, 1866.

T. P. SLIDER, Esq., is the sole agent for this paper in Charleston S. C.

Mr. JAS. H. SMITH, formerly of this place, but now residing in Charlotte, N. C. is our authorized agent for the NEWS.

Mr. SMITH can be found at the Times office.

The Constitutional Amendment.

This amendment to the Constitution which we have published, and which was adopted by Congress, seems now to be the prominent issue before the country. It is so sweeping in its prescription of our ablest, best and most prominent men in the South, that it appears to be an impossibility to expect the States in the late Confederacy to adopt it.

But what will be accomplished if we do adopt it? We cannot secure reparation for the wrongs by so doing. What is the result? Just rest upon our laurels and await future developments. If all the Northern States, and enough of the border States ratify it, to make it a part of the Constitution, we can only submit. But it does not appear that anything but evil will arise to South Carolina if it becomes a part of the supreme law of the land, and therefore it is advisable to let it become so, as far as we are concerned, by default on our part.

Several prominent papers in the South, we are told, are about to advocate its ratification. It will require a good deal of consideration of a weighty character to bring us to the position that we can in the least better ourselves by a similar advocacy.

Cotton Manufactures in the South.

The indications around us, says the Charleston News, point unmistakably to the fact that notwithstanding the gloomy political prospects, the South is arousing herself for a great forward advance in material prosperity. Look around in every direction, and you will hear of new and important enterprises, of such a nature, if carried out as will add greatly to the wealth and power of the country. Among these important indications, the manufacture of cotton goods, for which the South is most peculiarly suited, appears to be receiving more than ordinary attention. Perhaps there is no single branch of industry that this section could more readily take hold of with a certainty of success than the production of the various kinds of fabrics which are made of the cotton-wool, which is so abundantly raised throughout these States. In England this pursuit has reached gigantic proportions, and the cotton mill has been the means of building up some of the largest fortunes in that country. The same process is now adding heavily to the growth of New England, and in both cases the advantages bestowed by nature are not to be compared to those which have been bountifully given to the Cotton States. Columbia, the Capital of this State, a town beautifully located by nature, although at present presenting only an evidence of the barbarous ravages of war, might, in a few years, by a judicious use of capital on the water power of the Broad and Saluda Rivers, immediately adjacent, be made a beautiful city of 50,000 or 100,000 inhabitants. Our various exchanges contain notices at times of the progress of this branch of industry, and in the region of which Montgomery, Alabama, is the centre, we see the following establishments noticed. At Prattville, fourteen miles from Montgomery, a factory gives occupation to three hundred and fifty laborers. One mile above Prattville is the site of a new factory, the machinery for which has just been received from Liverpool. At Autaugaville, twenty-five miles from Montgomery, a factory is being erected. There are

also two other establishments in Autauga, and the whole give employment to twelve hundred men, women and children. A company of capitalists are examining the Falls of the Coosa above Wetumpka, with a view of erecting an extensive factory. At Tallahassee a flourishing manufacturing company is increasing its machinery, and it is said that this part of Alabama alone has water power sufficient to run ten times the spindles now at work in Massachusetts.

In connection with the above we would call attention to the splendid site in the neighborhood of Rocky Mount which was pronounced in the early settlement of this District to be among the very best for a manufactory. The Engineer who first surveyed the locality, now lies buried in that part of the District. His name, we think, was SENF.

Gubernatorial Appointments.

We learn says the Carolinian, that Messrs. William Gregg, of Aiken, W. R. Robertson of Winnsboro, and Archibald Cameron, of Charleston, have been appointed by His Excellency, Commissioners to locate the Penitentiary and to prepare plans and specifications for the same, to be submitted to the Legislature at its next session. These gentlemen will meet in Columbia on the 15th inst.

Hon. D. Wyatt Aiken has been appointed to negotiate the purchase of corn, ordered at the last session for the relief of the destitute.

We believe Gov. Orr could not have made a better selection for the important purpose of locating a Penitentiary than the above. We do not know Messrs. Gregg or Cameron except by reputation as excellent practical men, but we do know that Mr. Robertson, Judge of our District Court, is a gentleman of the most excellent practical judgment, a quality so much needed in the duty assigned the Commissioners to locate a Penitentiary.

We do not know any better appointment than Col. D. Wyatt Aiken, in the important matter of buying 300,000 bushels of corn in the West for the benefit of the needy of the State.

The facts below which need no argument we clip from the Carolinian.

Our readers will observe that in the paragraph headed "real estate," it is expressly stated that "all of the above lands was thin." With that statement it is easy to infer that there was no great sacrifice "on the auction block."

But observe the second paragraph "sales by the Commissioner." Except two tracts in the list of lands it will be discovered that the lots averaged about thirteen (\$13) dollars per acre in currency. That does not seem to be so great a sacrifice "on the auction block."

FACTS THAT NEED NO ARGUMENT.

The following paragraph, which we find in the last issue of the Carolina Spartan, speaks in trumpet tones. The truth now comes home. Property is being sacrificed on the auction block. More than that. The widows of our brave soldiers, who sleep in nameless graves on Southern battlefields, have been thrust from home, and their household goods—their all, been knocked down for a paltry sum, while the poor women, weeping with their children, have stood among the sympathizing crowd, implored in vain for relief from the law which made them beggars.

The Camden Journal comes to us with the same sad story. It says that the property sold on sale day went at low prices, and argues that if the small amount offered could not find purchasers at half its cash value, what would be the state of things if half the property in the community were suddenly put to sale.

REAL ESTATE.—The following lots and tracts of land were sold on "Sales-day last by the Sheriff: 130 acres \$50 75 acres \$25; 136 acres \$115; 300 \$606; 176 acres \$235. All the above land was thin.

Sales by the Commissioner: Estate of R. B. Sey, 85 acres \$856; same estate 61 acres \$450. Estate of Standman, lot No. 1, 85 acres \$50. Lot No. 2, 78 acres \$600. Lot No. 3, 91

acres \$330. Estate of P. S. Hunter, Lot No. 3, 89 acres \$805. Estate of W. H. Champion, 20 acres, (mill on it) \$210. Mrs. Smith's place, 318 acres brought \$470. All the above sales were made for specie.

BRANDIES! WHISKIES! WINES!!

WARD, DUPRY & CO., FRENCH BRANDY.

- J. J. J. Cognac Brandy,
- Old Morton Brandy,
- "Uncle Bob Lee" Rye Whiskey,
- Old Bourbon Whiskey,
- Monongahela Whiskey,
- Old Holland Gin,
- Old Tale Sherry,
- Duff Gordon Golden Sherry,
- Old Madeira Wine,
- Newton, Gordon & Co., Madeira Wine,
- P. M. Morton's Old Port Wine,
- "Pure Juice" Port Wine.

These Wines Whiskies and Brandies are WARRANTED PURE, and will be sold only for Medicinal purposes, unless bought by the case. oct 11-11 LADD BROS. & CO.

ORDINANCE NO. 3.

SECTION 1st. Be it ordained by the Intent and Wardens of the Town of Winnsborough in Council assembled, And by the authority of the same, that any person or persons failing to remove any nuisance upon their premises endangering the health or safety of the residents of the town, within two days after notification as to do, shall be fined five dollars; and said nuisance shall be abated by authority of the Town Council at the expense of said person or persons in addition to said fine.

SECTION 2d. Be it further ordained, That any person obstructing the streets, sidewalks or crossings of said town, or riding or driving upon said sidewalks except in case of evident necessity, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding five dollars for each and every offence.

SECTION 3d. Be it further ordained, That any person abusing or injuring, in any manner or way, any public property situated within the corporate limits of said town shall be fined in a sum not exceeding twenty dollars, in addition to the expense of repairing the same.

SECTION 4th. Be it further ordained, That any person who shall lie about the streets or sidewalks in a state of intoxication, or use loud, profane or indecent language to the annoyance of the residents of said town, or in any way disturb the peace and good order of said town shall be confined in the Guard House until trial; and upon trial and conviction shall be fined in a sum not exceeding fifty dollars.

SECTION 5th. Be it further ordained, That the owners of lots shall be required to keep the sidewalks in front of their lots curbed and in good condition; and in case any owner of a lot shall, after notice to himself or agent, fail for one week to have the sidewalk in front of his lot put in good condition and curbed, the same shall be done by the Town Council at the expense of the lot owner; and said owner shall be fined not more than twenty dollars for said failure. Witness my hand and the corporate seal of the said town, this 23d of August A. D. 1866.

J. B. AIKEN, Intendant. C. H. LADD, Sec. oct 11-11

JESSE H. BOLLES' PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY, N. E. COR. KING & MARKET STS., CHARLESTON, S. C.

Likenesses of all kinds taken in the highest perfection of the art. oct 11-3m

Commissioner's Sale.

IN EQUITY—FAIRFIELD DISTRICT. Thos. Yarbrough and Wife, vs. A. J. Hamilton, et al. Bill for Partition of Land

BY virtue of decretal order made in this case, I will sell at public auction at the Court House in Winnsboro, on the 1st Monday in November next, the tract of land mentioned in the pleadings in this case belonging to the estate of Wm. J. Hamilton, deceased. Containing,

195 Acres, more or less, lying in Fairfield District, on Jackson's Creek, and bounded by lands of Thomas Stitt, Margaret Nelson, and others.

The Terms of Sale. Cash, sufficient to pay the costs of suit and expenses of sale, and for the balance a credit of one, two and three years to be given, in three annual installments, with interest from day of sale. The purchaser to give bond with approved security and a mortgage of the premises to secure the purchase money. H. A. GAILLARD, C. E. F. D. oct 9-16x4

NOTICE.

THREE months after date, application will be made to the Charlotte & South Carolina Railroad Company; for renewal of Certificate of Stock, No. 1609, 13 Shares. Original Certificate issued in the name of Margaret Nushatt, dated 26th May, 1862, and has been lost. J. S. STEWART, Executor. oct 6-1aw3m

POSTSCRIPT

Receipts from Customs at the Principal Ports.

WASHINGTON, October 8.—The receipts from customs at the ports of Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, for the week ending September 30, were as follows: Boston, \$331,386.52; New York \$2,872,406.66; Philadelphia, 257,907.27; Baltimore, \$81,038.13; Total, \$3,592,738.58.

Thanksgiving—Proclamation by the President.

WASHINGTON, October 8.—The President has issued a Proclamation recommending that Thursday, November 29th, be observed throughout the country as a day of Thanksgiving and Praise to Almighty God who has been pleased to vouchsafe to us a people another year of that natural life which is an indispensable consideration of peace, security and progress. That year has moreover been crowned with many peculiar blessings. The civil war that so recently closed among us has not been anywhere reopened. Foreign intervention has ceased to excite alarm or apprehension. Intrusive pestilence has been benignly mitigated. Domestic tranquility has improved. Sentiments of conciliation have largely prevailed, and affections of loyalty and patriotism have been widely renewed. Our fields have yielded quite abundantly; our mining industry has been richly rewarded, and we have been allowed to extend our Railroad system far into the interior recesses of this country, while our commerce has resumed its customary activity in foreign seas. These great natural blessings demand a national acknowledgment.

He recommends also that on the same solemn occasion the people do humbly and devoutly implore God to grant to our national councils, and to our whole people, that Divine wisdom which alone can lead any nation unto the ways of all good.

The Circuit Courts.

WASHINGTON, October 8.—The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court has submitted to other Justices the question whether the Circuit Courts will be held this fall in the altered circuits by the Chief and Associate Judges and by District Judges, or by the District Judges alone. This will be decided by the majority.

This matter grows out of the fact that the Circuit Court was not removed from Norfolk to Richmond because it was found that the adjournment was not in accordance with the law of Congress.

Vessel Lost.

NEW YORK, October 8.—Ship Sebastian, from Sagua, was abandoned at sea on the 4th instant; Captain and crew rescued by steamship Mississippi, from New Orleans, and brought to this port. The steamship Santiago de Cuba, which sailed from this port for San Juan Nicaragua, on the 28th September, returned to-day, having experienced a severe gale on the 3d instant. She was struck by a heavy sea at 3 A. M., which washed overboard ten passengers and five of the crew. The ship leaked badly; the passengers were put to the pumps and remained there until this morning, when they reached this port.

Market Reports.

NEW YORK, October 9, Noon.—Cotton dull at 37 a 39; Gold 149; Flour dull at \$12 a 16.50 for Southern; Wheat 1 a 2 cents better; Pork and Beef dull; Spirits Turpentine dull; Exchange active.

Passengers of the Steamer Evening Star.

NEW YORK, October 9.—The papers contain the list of passengers of the wrecked steamer Evening Star. There were 165 cabin passengers, including 73 females. It is reported that a portion of the passengers were French troops. 60 persons went on board the Havre steamer immediately, without landing here. The vessel was valued at \$400,000; no insurance.

Election Excitement in Baltimore—Opinion of Attorney General Randall vs. Reverdy Johnson

BALTIMORE, October 9.—Randall, Attorney General of the State of Maryland, has published an elaborate opinion in opposition to that of Reverdy Johnson and John H. Latrobe maintaining that no citizen registered this year can vote at the municipal election next Wednesday.

He says only those who were registered last year can legally vote. If this be adopted, 15,000 persons will be pro-

vented from voting, and Chapman will be elected Mayor.

Much political excitement prevailed to-day. Last night several fights occurred.

The Judges of Election met in the Court House and resolved to adhere to the decision of the Attorney General, to receive no votes of newly registered voters to the municipal election, and only allow those registered last year to vote.

MARRIED.

On the 9th October at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. W. E. Boggs, PIERRE BACOT, of Charleston, S. C. to EUNICE A., eldest daughter of Jas. R. Aiken.

Winnsboro Prices Current.

Corrected Tri-Weekly by Cathcart & Matthews. WINNSBORO, October 11, 1866.

Apples, Bushel,	\$2 00
Bagging, Guinny, 1/2 yard,	45@47
Dundee "	38
Bale Rope, Manila, 1/2 lb,	28
New York or Western, 1/2 lb,	25
Bacon, Hams, 1/2 lb,	25
Sides, 1/2 lb,	25
Shoulders, 1/2 lb,	22
Butter, Country, 1/2 lb,	25
Cotton, Yarns 1/2 bunch,	\$2 50
Ordinary lb,	27
Middling lb,	30 1/2
Candles, Paraffine, lb,	50
Sperm, lb,	50
Adamantine, lb,	35
Coffee, Rio, lb,	32@35
45 Laguayra, lb,	45
50 Java, lb,	50
Cheese, English Dairy, lb,	28
Goshea, lb,	28
Hides, Dry, lb,	10@12
Lard, lb,	25
Molasses, Muscovado, gallon,	85
Sorghum, "	60
New Orleans, "	\$1 25
Nails, lb,	8 1/2@9
Oils, bushel,	\$1 00
Kerosine, gallon,	1 20
Tanners, "	1 70
Corn, White, bushel,	1 50
Yellow, "	1 50
Salt, Liverpool, sack,	4 50
Cards, Cotton, doz,	12 00
Wool, "	9 00
Sugar, Crushed, lb,	23
Powdered, lb,	23
Brown, lb,	14@18
Extra C,	18
Tea, Extra Gunpowder, lb,	\$2 00
Hyson, lb,	1 50@2 00
Black, lb,	1 25@1 50
Tobacco, Chewing, lb,	38@1 50
Specie, Gold,	40
Silver,	32
Flour, Country Extra cwt,	9@9 1/2
Ohio, Extra, bbl,	15 00
Axes, W. J. Teneyck & Co., doz,	24 00
Collins, Warranted doz,	24 00
DOMESTIC MARKET.	
Meats, Pork, lb,	10
Beef, lb,	8@10
Mutton, lb,	10@12
Poultry, Turkeys, pair,	1 50@2 50
Ducks, pair,	75
Chickens, pair,	50
Geese, pair,	1 25
Eggs, dozen,	25

FOR SALE By the Package.

136 BOLTS (1/2 lb.) Dundee Bagging, 30 Coils Rope 1/2 inch Hemp, 25 Coils Rope, 1/2 "Jute," 50 bbls N. Y. and Baltimore Flour, 15 "Sugar 14@18 cents, 10 1/2 bbls "Extra" New No. 1 Mackrel, 2500 lbs Best Rio Coffee, 5 Bags, 120 lbs each, Old Java, 500 bushels Corn Terms Cash; or Cotton at the market price. Apply to JAS. B. AIKEN.

EXCHANGE

ON New York, or Baltimore, in sums to suit purchasers. Advances made on Cotton shipped to New York, Baltimore or Charleston, (and Taxes paid if required.)

TO ARRIVE.

10,000 lbs. Bacon Sides, 4,000 lbs. Shoulders

ON COMMISSION.

5,000 bushels of Corn, commencing on 1st November, quantities not less than 100 bushels. JAS. B. AIKEN. oct 6-18x3

NOTICE.

The State of South Carolina, FAIRFIELD DISTRICT, IN THE COMMON PLEAS. James McGill, Admr. ad litem of Mrs. Adeline Mobley vs. W. H. Ellison.

WHEREAS the Plaintiff did on the 28th day of March, A. D. 1866, file his declaration against the Defendant who (as it is said) is absent from and without the limits of this State and has neither wife nor attorney known within the same upon whom a copy of the said declaration might be served. It is therefore Ordered, that the said Defendant do appear and plead to the said declaration on or before the 31st day of March, A. D. 1867, otherwise to stand and absolute judgment will then be given and awarded for the Plaintiff against him. S. B. CLOWNEY, C. G. P. Clerk's Office, Fairfield District, march 31/66-lamly