

Acts and Joint Resolutions Passed by the Legislature-- Session 1870 and 1871.

An Act to Incorporate and recharter certain Religious Institutions.

SECTION 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same, That so much of the act passed on the nineteenth day of December, in our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-nine as incorporated "The Orangeburg Presbyterian Church Society," be revived and continued in force for the period of twenty-one years.

Sec. 1. That Walnut Grove Baptist Church, in the County of Abbeville, in South Carolina, be, and the same is hereby, rechartered for the term of twenty-one years, with the same rights, powers, and privileges as those heretofore allowed by law.

Sec. 3. That all acts done or authorized to be done by the officers of said church since the expiration of its former charter, be, and the same are hereby declared valid and binding in all respects and to all intents.

Sec. 4. Whereas Robert Knox, John C. Fringe, Ezekiel Hannicut and John L. Wilson, as trustees of the New Hope Baptist Church, in Oconee County, have prayed to be incorporated: Therefore from and immediately after the passage of this act all those persons who now are, or who hereafter may become members of the said society shall be, and they are hereby, incorporated, and are hereby declared to be a body corporate, in deed and in law, by the name and style of the New Hope Baptist Church, Oconee County, and by the said name shall have perpetual succession of officers and members, and a common seal, with power to change, after and make new the same as often as the said corporation shall judge expedient.

Sec. 5. That the said corporation shall be capable, in law, to purchase, have, hold, receive, enjoy, possess and retain to itself, in perpetuity, or for any term of years, any lands, tenements or hereditaments, or other property, of what nature soever, not exceeding the sum of ten thousand dollars, or to sell or alien the same, as the said corporation shall think fit, and by its said name to sue and be sued, impleaded and be impleaded, answer and be answered unto, in any court of law or equity in this State, and make such rules and by-laws (not repugnant to the laws of the land) as for the good government and management thereof may be thought necessary and expedient.

Sec. 6. That Balis Hix, Wiley, R. Harbin, William Isbell, Livingston Isbell, A. Sloan Stephens, and their successors in office, be, and they are hereby, constituted a body corporate and politic, under the name and style of the Beaver Dam Baptist Church, of Oconee County, with a capital stock not exceeding the sum of five thousand dollars, with the right to sue and be sued, to plead and be impleaded in any court of competent jurisdiction, to have and to hold a common seal, and the same to alter at will and pleasure, and with all other rights and privileges that are now secured by law to like incorporated bodies.

Sec. 7. That W. J. Percell, Joseph Fletcher, Richard H. Hubbert, Henry Washington, Jacob Lindley, Louis Melley, Abraham Peterson and Jack Quillian, and all persons who now are, or who hereafter shall or may become members of the said society, shall be, and they are hereby, incorporated and declared a body politic, under the name and style of the Trinity Baptist Church, of Florence.

Sec. 8. That the said corporation shall have power to purchase, receive and possess any real or personal estate for the purpose of this act, not exceeding in value the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or to sell the same, and by its corporate name sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, in any court in this State, and to make such rules and by-laws (not repugnant to law,) as may be thought necessary and expedient, and said society shall have all the powers, and be subject to all the liabilities and restrictions of this act to regulate the formation of corporations, so far as applicable.

Sec. 9. Whereas, Oliver Hewett and his associates have prayed to be incorporated; therefore, that from and immediately after the passage of this act, all persons who now are, or who hereafter shall or may become members of the said society, and by said name have succession of officers and members, and have a common seal.

Sec. 10. That said corporation shall have power to purchase, receive and possess any real or personal estate, not exceeding in value the sum of twenty thousand dollars, or to sell the same, and by its corporate name sue and be sued, in any court in this State, and to make such rules and by-laws (not repugnant to law) as may be thought necessary and expedient.

to law) as may be thought necessary and expedient.

Sec. 11. That the foregoing acts are deemed public acts, and the charters and recharters contained in this act shall continue in force after the ratification of this act, for the term of twenty-one years, and until the next meeting of the General Assembly thereafter.

Approved the 7th day of March, A. D. 1871.

An Act to Authorize Henry C. Lancaster, Smith Howe and Henry A. Towles to Collect Warfage and Storage.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same, That Henry C. Lancaster, Smith Howe and Henry A. Towles, their heirs, executors, successors and assigns, be, and they are hereby, authorized to collect the usual rates of warfage and storage upon all goods, merchandise and commodities that may be landed at or upon their wharf, at Enterprise Landing, on Wadmalaw Island.

Approved March 7th, 1871.

An Act to Amend An Act entitled "An Act to Provide for the Conversion of State Securities."

Be it Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same, That An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the conversion of State Securities," approved March 23, A. D. 1869, be amended as follows, to wit: The words "to be appropriated to his own use," in the third and fourth lines of section 3, to be changed so as to read "to be appropriated to the use and benefit of the State."

Approved March 9th, A. D. 1871.

An Act to Amend An Act entitled "An Act to Regulate the Formation of Corporations," Approved December 10, 1869.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same, That the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the formation of corporations," approved December 10th, 1869, be amended as follows: In section fourteen, strike out the word "five hundred thousand dollars," and insert instead thereof the words "three millions of dollars;" in section thirty-three, second line, after the words "shall not exceed," and before the words "the amount of its capital stock," insert the word "double." Section forty-one is repealed.

Sec. 2. That any corporation formed in compliance with the terms of this act is hereby empowered and authorized to issue bonds, secured by a lien on the property of the said corporation, to an amount not exceeding the value of the property owned by said corporation, with interest on said bonds, payable semi-annually; and it is further provided, that any corporation formed in compliance with the terms of this act is hereby authorized and empowered to issue additional bonds to such an amount that the interest thereon, at eight per cent. per annum, shall not exceed the net income of said corporation.

Approved March 9th, 1871.

A WEDDING.—A New York letter says:

"Many readers will remember the Butlers of South Carolina, one of whom long represented that State in the Senate. Another, Pierce, but not the distinguished Senator, married Fanny Kemble long years ago, and their daughter inherited what was once a handsome property in Georgia. There was some trouble between the parents, so the mother lived in England, while the daughter remained in this country with her father. A few years ago he died, and though often visiting her mother, she still preferred to live on the old family place at the South. Last winter an English gentleman traveling in that section was anxious to visit a well organized rice plantation, and consequently became the guest of Miss Butler. The result of this visit is that in May she will go to her mother in England, and there become the wife of the Hon. Mr. Leigh, whom she entertained but one year ago."

There was a deacon in New Hampshire by the name of Day, by trade a cooper. One Sunday he heard a number of boys playing in front of his house, and went to stop their Sabbath breaking. Assuming a grave countenance, he said to them: "Boys, do you know what day is this?" "Yes, sir," immediately replied one of the boys, "Deacon Day, the cooper."

The strongest propensity in woman's nature, says a careful student of the sex, is to want to know what is going on, and the next strongest is to boss the job.

Always treat a lady with politeness, such is due to her sex. No matter though it may cost you an act of hypocrisy, no matter though, for a time you may seem to be a gentleman, and therefore ill at ease don't fail to perform the act of grace. Duty is duty, whether duty is success or not. To a lady, use kind words. They are easier and cheaper, and ought to mean more than others. You have or once had a mother; you may or may not have, or had, a sister. It is better, under the circumstances just named. It is an investment that always pays.

THE ORANGEBURG NEWS

J. FELDER MEYERS—EDITOR, GEORGE BOLIVER, FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS MANAGER. SATURDAY, APRIL 29, 1871.

[COMMUNICATED.] ORANGE TOWNSHIP, April 25th, 1871.

Mr. Editor—I have, from time to time, been looking for some proposition from your party, having some semblance of conservatism or justice, and at last there seems to be a little "waking up" in that direction. Your correspondent, "Leo in the Fork," (who, you say is a Republican,) at least, makes what I conceive to be one of the most sensible suggestions which has emanated from the party in this State, viz: That the Convention shortly to be held in Columbia, elect a State Central Committee composed of Democrats, Reformers and Republicans, with power to call a Grand Nominating Convention in the Spring of 1872, on the following basis: Issue a proclamation to the people of South Carolina to assemble at the Court House of their respective Counties, and elect ten Democrats, ten Reformers and ten Republicans to represent each County in this Grand Nominating Convention, from Governor down to Road Surveyor, irrespective of party; and the man who opposes the nomination in any way, Ku Klux him on the spot.

This certainly seems as though every citizen of the State would have a voice in the government, and it is strictly Conservative, and meets with your correspondent's most hearty approval for it is believed that the whole people a true Republican form of government, and not a so-called one. Such as Senator Chandler and Morton would foist upon our people—a miserable abortion of Republicanism, at once unwarranted, unconstitutional, centralizing and revolutionary.

Mr. Editor, your correspondent, "Leo," as well as yourself, has vented considerable spleen upon the undevoted head of the "carpet-bagger," and I do not think improperly; but we will expect the other class, commonly termed "scalawags," to so acquit themselves in the future as not to be worthy of the epithet, but to be the best of the "herd." It is left with this class, Mr. Editor, to utterly ignore the recent action of Congress in refusing to grant amnesty to our best citizens, which is in consonance with the liberal persecuting policy that has characterized the course of that miserable band of partisans, who control there. So long as the Radical party of Messrs. Chandler, Morton and Butler, remain in power, just so long as it must resort to expedients of coercion, such as the Ku Klux bill, to maintain itself. And it is only such men as Senators Robertson and Sawyer and Representative DeLarge, supported by the good and honest people of all parties and classes, who can once more restore concord and prosperity in our State. Having been divided in the past, we have never fallen to the dust, but let us (as "Leo" suggests,) Democrat, Reformer and Republican, unite for the redemption of our Country, then we will, in the future, stand as firm as the rock of ages.

As already intimated, we can effect nothing of those rabid, uncompromising Radicals at Washington, who tamper and trifle with justice and the public welfare from motives of sheer revenge, and in the interest of party ambition. Nor of the miserable, peddling carpet-baggers, (assisted by some of the scalawags and negroes,) who are trifling also with justice and the public welfare, making a mockery of honesty, and pilfering the people's rights and money, from motives of greed and a self gratification, and, therefore, Mr. Editor, the people naturally turn to such as yourself and "Leo in the Fork," who have voluntarily

taken the responsibility on yourselves, of aiding in the protection of their rights hereafter.

The writer earnestly hopes that the Convention to be held will be composed of men of all political complexions, and that every County will be represented; that a spirit of the utmost harmony will exist; that a plan of reform will be instituted, which will bring our whole people upon one grand common platform—that of "Honesty and equal rights to all men."

I rest in the hope that darkness cannot always prevail the State, but that at no distant day—the sunlight of justice, self-government, and real Republicanism will burst forth.

Let all our efforts be for the accomplishment of the great end.

AMICUS.

[COMMUNICATED.] BALICO BRANCH, NEAR GOODY'S HOLE, April 26th, 1871.

Mr. Editor—Our people are considerably amused by some of the questions asked and answered by "Leo in the Fork."

Perhaps it is well for "Leo," that he answers these questions himself, for if some parties we know were to answer them for him, they possibly might not answer them so satisfactorily as he does—to himself at least.

Perhaps, Leo will favor the readers of the ORANGEBURG NEWS, with a peep behind the scenes and point out to them how it is that these "honest Republicans," have been made the scape goats by this horde of carpet-baggers. How it is that they have to "bear the burden, and share the odium without any of the spoils," in the huge swindle.

And then, what a brilliant idea seems to have flashed through the fertile brain of Leo, when in fancy that Grand Nominating Convention meets—that trio of "ten" Delegates that is to settle things just as we want them. No more taxes to pay—no more shoulder straps nor "hordes of understappers" to desecrate the Legislative Halls of our "beloved" State. Surely Leo would have us believe that the melenchum had been removed from the Republican party in this County, controls about two thirds of the entire vote, and can it be, that Leo and the rest of the Republicans are so magnanimous as to give the Democrats and Reformers two thirds Representation, and they content themselves with one third? We trow not.

But Mr. Editor, seriously, if Leo is a Republican of which he avers, he certainly is one of the most liberal that I have ever encountered—too much so I fear, ever to become a politician. Does Leo for one moment think that this Convention of his imagination, will nominate him for an office—say Sheriff? Does he not know that his theory can never be practically carried out by either party? If he does not, then we give him more credit for being an egregious ass than for possessing any judgment as a politician. Mr. Editor, we of the "Branch" don't know Leo, and unlike your correspondent from the Swamp of unmistakable odors, we shall not "bust our bellus" if we never know him.

MINORITY.

Magazines, &c.,

RURAL CAROLINIAN FOR MAY.—Varied, fresh, instructive, decidedly the best Agricultural monthly on our table. The frontispiece, handsome engraving of General Johnson Hagood, President of the South Carolina Agricultural and Mechanical Society, is worthy of the Magazine and General. General Hagood is no Military General, but a Confederate officer, who won his spurs upon the field of battle, and in taking in the lead in favor of improved agriculture, he is only following his old habit of being always in the front. Dr. E. M. Pendleton of Sparta, Ga., Dr. C. U. Shephard Sr., the celebrated chemist, and B. Mason, of Fla., Col. D. Wyatt Aiken, and a score of other well posted planters, make their contributions to this number. A glance at the names of the various places at which correspondents date their contributions is convincing proof of the wide circulation and extensive influence of the Rural Carolinian. The only wonder is that such a Magazine can be supplied at the low rate of \$2 per annum, and yet afford a reasonable profit to the publishers, Messrs. Walker, Evans & Cogswell, Charleston, S. C.

THE EDITOR'S SHIRT.—It has long been regarded as strange by the people of a certain New Jersey town, that whenever there was a wreck on the coast, and the vessel went to pieces, the editor of the paper there always came out next day with a new white shirt on. Whenever anybody asked him where he got it from, he invariably answered that a rich aunt of his had just died in Maine. The circumstance occurred so often that the people began to think it was extraordinary how many rich aunts the editor had in Maine, and still more singular that so large a portion of their wealth should have been invested in shirts.

So a magistrate called on him to ascertain if he had not been in the habit of swimming off shore surreptitiously on dark nights, and pushing vessels ashore in order to rob them of shirts. The indignant editor revived his anxiety by removing his shirt-bosom. It was simply a piece of paper printed in plates, and containing button-holes traced with a pen. And now the people want to know how a man can be trusted to form public opinion when he is guilty of such base deception.

A PRINCE BIDS FOR A YANKEE WOMAN'S HORSE.—Prince Humbert, heir apparent of Italy, hunts, while his wife dances and makes merry. Like his father, he is a mighty Nimrod. His Royal Highness has set a coveting eye on Miss Hosmer's fine horse Bruno, so well known to American visitors to Rome. He has said he must have the horse in his stables. Accordingly an offer was dispatched to our clever country woman—clever in many ways, both in head and heart. Four hundred guineas was the sum the Prince was willing to pay. Miss Hosmer's reply was characteristic, and any one who knows her can readily imagine exactly how she said it—the curt, concise, plucky tone of refusal:

"If the four hundred guineas were doubled and then trebled, the Prince could not have Bruno."

TAX NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the CORPORATE TAX for the Town of Orangeburg, ON REAL ESTATE, being (2) TWO MILLS ON THE DOLLAR—OR TWENTY CENTS ON the One Hundred Dollars, &c., &c., shall be collected at the DRUG STORE OF DR. OLIVERO from this date (April 29th,) and shall continue to receive the same, each day, until the 20th May, when, the Books will be closed. Defaulters shall be amenable to the Law. E. J. OLIVERO, Clerk Town Council.

April 29th, 1871.—29—M

C. A. CARROLL, Administrator of Eliz. Rumph, and Adm'r de bonis non of John Rumph, gives notice that on the 1st of June next, he will apply to Hon. T. C. Andrews, Judge of Probate for his Final Discharge.

NOTICE TO PLANTERS! JUST RECEIVED A LARGE LOT OF SMOKED AND DRY SALT BACON. Prices to Suit the Times AT ONCE CALL AT VOSE'S GROCERY, FRESH GROCERIES ALWAYS ON HAND.

april 29

NOTICE.

OFFICE SCHOOL COMMISSIONER, ORANGEBURG COUNTY, Orangeburg, S. C., April 21, 1871. NOTICE is hereby given to TRUSTEES and TEACHERS that they are notified to CLOSE all PUBLIC SCHOOLS by the 20th of April, 1871, under their Jurisdiction. E. I. CAIN, S. C. O. C.

pal 22—3t

NOTICE.—The Undersigned will sell on Saturday, the 6th day of May next, at the Drug Store of Dukes & Shuler, Orangeburg, S. C. for the purpose of settling up the business of the late firm, all the Drugs, Medicines and other Stock of the said firm.

Terms cash. J. W. H. DUKES, Surviving Partner.

april 22—3t

NOTICE. ORANGEBURG S. C., April 1, 1871. During my TEMPORARY ABSENCE from Orangeburg, Mr. H. B. JOHNSON is authorized to ACT as my AGENT. T. K. SASPORTAS.

april 8 3t

A Fine Walnut Expansion TABLE for sale at W. A. MERONEY & CO.

FLOUR! FLOUR!! FLOUR!!! EXTRA AND FAMILY FLOUR FROM GEORGIA AND NORTH CAROLINA MILLS. SUGARS, COFFEES AND POTATOES. CRUSHED, POWDERED, A WHITE, C YELLOW, AND BROWN SUGARS AT REDUCED PRICES. ANOTHER SUPPLY OF CHEAP COFFEE 5 LBS. FOR 21 GOOD TABLE POTATOES. CHOICE NAVY TOBACCO—POCKET PIECES. For sale by JOHN A. HAMILTON, Fire Insurance Agent. ap1 22—1y

THEODORE KOHN & BRO., ARE NOW OFFERING IN DECIDED BARGAINS DRESS GOODS FOR SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR, WHICH WILL BE FOUND FULL LINES OF POPLINS, MOHAIRS, GRENADINES, MUSLINS, AND EVERY NEW AND DESIRABLE NOVELTY JUST RECEIVED. JAPANESE GOODS, LAVINS, JACONETS, &c.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF PONGEE AND SILKS PARASOLS!! AT PRICES NOT TO BE EXCELLED. THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS EVER OFFERED IN THIS PLACE AT VERY LOW FIGURES. Gents Ready-made Clothing, CASSIMERES, FURNISHING GOODS AT NEW YORK PRICES. DOMESTIC GOODS—HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, IN GREAT VARIETY AND PRICES UNUSUALLY ATTRACTIVE. THEODORE KOHN & BROTHER.

25 cts. SAVED IS 25 cts. MADE! GEO. H. CORNELSON, IS NOW OFFERING THE LARGEST STOCK OF SPRING GOODS AT THE LOWEST PRICES! GREAT BARGAINS can be secured!! Call before buying elsewhere, and examine his STOCK, consisting of all the LATEST and MOST DESIRABLE STYLES of every VARIETY of DRESSES, GOODS, PRINTS, COTTONS, CASSIMERES, &c. Also the LARGEST SELECTION of Ready-made Clothing, Boots and Shoes OF EVERY STYLE and PRICE. Call, one and all, and convince yourselves, NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS. GEO. H. CORNELSON. ap1 22 oct 3 k 1y

SPRING OPENING! JOSEPH M'NAMARA, RUSSELL STREET, Have just opened an entire new STOCK of SPRING GOODS, complete in the various Departments. DIAGONALS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, LINENS, DRESSES and COATINGS. COST NAKES and READY-MADE CLOTHING, well selected and of manifold Styles. DRESS GOODS in variety, MUSLINS and CALICOES, the latter 16 yds for 25, or as Cheap as any in the market, all of the most Fashionable Patterns. YARD WIDE brown and black DOMESTICS, at 12 1/2, and a complete line of all kinds at corresponding prices. SHOES, GAITERS, HATS, SHIRT FRONTS, YANKEE NOTIONS, &c. Also GROCERIES, HARDWARE and CROCKERYWARE, which will be sold CHEAP as can be bought in any house in this State for the CASH. ap1 22 1y

D. LOUIS HAS JUST ARRIVED FROM NEW YORK With a LARGE and WELL SELECTED STOCK of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, Not to be SURPASSED in the Market either in QUALITY or PRICE, consisting of LADIES READY MADE DRESSES, LADIES, MISSES and CHILDREN HATS and SHOES, LADIES DRESS GOODS Of every VARIETY STYLE and PRICE. READY MADE CLOTHING Well Assorted MEN and BOYS HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES. Also a WELL SELECTED Stock of HOUSEKEEPER'S GOODS. Our GROCERIES are Fresh and Cheap. CRADLES for Wheat Cutters and CRADLES for the Babies. And many other Articles TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION, all of which are offered LOW DOWN for CASH. If you want Bargains call soon. D. LOUIS, AT THE CORNER

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