

THAD. G. ANDREWS, Editor. MALCOLM I. BROWNING, Associate J. FELDER MEYERS, Associate.

The Coming Township Elections.

On the 14th of this month the election of officers for the several Townships of this County, provided for in an Act passed by the Legislature at the Special Session of 1868, to organize Townships, &c., will come off, and we admonish those who feel an interest in the local affairs of our County, to be up and doing.

Already we hear of meetings being called in several portions of our County under Democratic auspices, and over whose deliberations the goddess Democracy, or aristocracy—terms synonymous—is more invoked to preside. From the pale of some of these meetings, we understand, the colored people are excluded, and none but white men are invited, or allowed to attend.

The Daily News may rave and turn its type up side down, the Chester Reporter may denigrate us "radical," or attach to our paper any other vile cognomen or epithet for what we are going to say about these Democratic Township elections, but we don't care; we are sincere, we are earnest, and not to be deterred or swerved from pursuing the course which we conceive to be the right one.

Our duties we consider paramount, and we should not be faithful in discharging the obligations which we owe to the community, were we to neglect to speak of impending evils, were we not prompt in trying to avert issues, and questions, which if furthered, must prove detrimental to the material prosperity of our nation.

Then, in the first place, we protest against the policy adopted by the whites in some of the local Townships of this County—a policy at war with, and diametrically opposite to our best interests. The exclusion of the colored people from participation in these meetings, extending to them no invitation when their color is known to be in the minority. An assertion of so much independence, so palpable a manifestation of the animus of a spirit bent on ruling, and showing them no quarters where they are not in the majority. This, this is what we utter our solemn protest against.

We don't say the colored men must occupy these offices, far from it, but we say show by your actions that you are willing for them to select in part with you the men who shall fill them, and if you do not, it will be giving them good and ample cause to believe that it is only when they are in the majority that you have any use for them or their votes, and that wherever invitations have been given to them, it was for policy's and not their interest's sake.

And where the whites are in excess of the colored voters, you call your meetings with the distinct understanding that it is to be a white man's meeting. This is wisdom—this is the course by which you expect to adjust the differences existing between the two races, to bring about an amicable feeling among the different classes; this way to secure their votes for some white men of probity and intelligence in some future occasion, when there will be more important questions at stake than the trifling issues involved in a Township election.

tions and facts incontrovertibly established; truths the permanence of which everything around us testifies to, more or less; the inevitable and irrevocable hand of destiny has freed, has enfranchised the black man, and victory, against the wishes of many who now accept the situation, has placed at his exercise all the privileges and immunities which the white men enjoy, so far as law is concerned. His freedom, his enfranchisement made one of the fundamental principles of the American Constitution, then why alienate, or estrange him absolutely and forever from voting with the whites? It has been proved that when, in a general election, one race is arrayed against the other, they can outnumber us. Hence we say that we should endeavor to show them we are not in opposition to their race. Our duty, our interest, our nation's prosperity demands it of us, and surely we can forego the little milky conceit of our own, for the benefit of questions so important as these!

Now, there is no better time for making a demonstration of these than in the coming Township elections—call your meetings, extend to the black man an invitation, and show him that you are solicitous of his voting with you and we doubt not that he will do it.

This is the course we advise as being in our opinion the best for us all. We know that many liberal and sensible readers of the NEWS, after reflecting over the matter calmly, will agree with us that this is the proper course for our people to pursue.

Will one Township follow the road dictated by us, and some friend of the NEWS give us the result?

State Taxation—Two Hundred Per Cent. Added to the Assessment of Real Property in Orangeburg County.

A perusal of the tabular statements of the valuation and assessment just prepared by the State Board of Equalization, reveals the startling fact that two hundred per cent. has been added to the assessment of Real Property in Orangeburg County. This has been added by the State Board to the Assessment made by the County returns and assessments.

The return of the County Assessors made the valuation of Real Property in this County \$1,444,069, and the State Board made it 4,332,207.

The Charleston Daily News in commenting upon the additions made by the State Board says: "whether the increased assessment was made by simple rule of thumb or from information in possession of the Board," it has no means of knowing.

Now it must be noticed that the addition to the assessment made in the case of Orangeburg County is greater by 100 per cent. than that made in any other County in the State.

made to the taxes of our people, and we protest against it as a wrong and demand a redress of the grievance.

BAD ADVISERS.—Some of the extreme Democratic papers of the North, with the so-called Democratic World at the head are still lavish of their disinterested (?) advice to the people of the South. They are especially extravagant in counsel to the "unreconstructed" voters of Virginia, Mississippi and Texas begging them to reject their State Constitutions whenever and in whatever form presented.

One of their principal real objects is to prevent the ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment, as they do not wish the mere handful of negroes at the North to vote.

The reader will remember that Congress has made the ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment a condition precedent to the restoration or admission of Virginia, Mississippi and Texas to the Union. So our dear Democratic friends of the North would have those States remain "out in the cold" indefinitely if they will only reject all the terms offered by Congress—terms, we admit, not acceptable to them, but certainly the best terms they can get.

It will be a long time, we imagine, before the Southern people will again be found under the influence and leadership of such journals as the New York World—journals which have no real interests in common with us, and which are simply actuated by motives of personal interest.

It has now been more than four years since the work of reconstruction commenced. During that time all the Southern States except Virginia, Mississippi and Texas has been, after a fashion, admitted into the Union. It is presumed, therefore, that all our people have learned something from experience, that greatest of all teachers; and especially, that the voters of the three "unreconstructed" States are now the best judges of the course proper for them to pursue.

In view of these facts, the impudent dictation of the Marble-hearted World and its coadjutors will, and of right should not exert the slightest influence.

Let these advisers of the South attend to their own business, and we will attend to ours. They have already done us incalculable harm, as we all know to our sorrow.—Wilmington Star.

THE TAX BILL.—Somebody proposes the following new amendments to the tax bill:

For kissing a homely one, two dollars—the extra amount being added probably for the man's folly.

For ladies kissing one another, two dollars. The tax is placed at this rate in order to break up the custom altogether, it being regarded by our M. C.'s as a piece of inexcusable absurdity.

For every flirtation, ten cents. For every young man who has more than one girl is taxed five dollars.

For courting in the kitchen, twenty-five cents.

Courting in a romantic place, five dollars, and fifty cents thereafter.

Seeing a lady home from church, in twenty-five cents.

Going from church without accompanying a lady, five dollars.

Seeing a lady home from the Mine Society, five cents—the proceeds to be devoted to the relief of disabled army chaplains.

For ladies who paint, fifty cents.

For wearing a low-necked dress, one dollar.

For each curl on a lady's head above ten, five cents.

For any unfair device for entrapping young men into matrimony, five dollars.

For wearing hoops larger than eight feet in circumference, eight cents for each hoop.

Old bachelors over thirty are taxed ten dollars, and banished to Utah.

Each pretty lady is to be taxed from twenty-five cents to twenty-five dollars; she is to fix the estimate of her own beauty. It is thought a very large amount is to be realized from this provision.

Each boy baby, fifty cents.

The Siamese Twins, Again.

Sir James Simpson, the Professor of Medicine and Midwifery in the University of Edinburgh, has examined very minutely and from every point of scientific interest these twins, and has delivered a lecture to the students of the University class on these and other recorded cases of united twins, of whom there are in many respects the most remarkable on record. In this lecture, which he publishes in the British Medical Journal, he gives first their history and description. Chang and Eng or as they now sign themselves, Chang and Eng Banker, are now fifty-eight years of age. They were two of several children, the rest being naturally formed. When infants they were attached face to face, but instinctive efforts from the earliest age have so far elongated the band as to enable them to adopt an imperfect lateral relation to each other. They are short but wiry-looking men; Eng, the taller of the two, being only five feet two and a half inches—Chang an inch shorter. They use the outer legs more than the inner, by standing, and these are the larger in circumference. There is no inversion of position of the heart and other organs, as Professor Allen Thompson, of Glasgow, has shown to be the general law in relation to united twins. Neither do the respirations nor circulations of the twin brothers are synchronous. Examined in Edinburgh by Dr. Aitken, when they were suffering from influenza, the pulse of one was twenty-four beats to the minute quicker than the other. Examined this week in London by Sir Henry Thompson and Mr. Ernest Hart, there was less difference—four pulsations in the minute. In their chemical as well as their organic functions, they are shown by Sir James Simpson to be two separate and distinct individuals. They can walk, swim and run; they are keen sportsmen, and good shots; intelligent, well-informed, and good men of business. They are naturally much accustomed to join in the same conversation, but can each easily carry on a conversation with two different individuals. They sometimes read separately; each to himself, more often one aloud to the other. Their minds, indeed are more dual than their bodies; the latter are united together, but the former are not. The band of union is formed partly by the extension of the cartilages of the breast bone; it is four inches and a half long and eight inches and a half in circumference. When the twins have suffered from blood diseases, as small-pox, measles, &c., they have been affected simultaneously. As deduced from experiments which Sir James Simpson has made with drugs, he concludes that the vascular connection between the two brothers is comparatively very small. On the question of the surgical separation of the Siamese Twins, "Chang and Eng," says Sir James Simpson, "have themselves no desire to be surgically divided from each other. But some of their relatives and families have become anxious that they should be separated, if it were possible to do so. The operation is certainly possible, and would be attended with little, or indeed, no difficulty, but it would be so perilous in its character, that the twins could not, in my opinion, be justified in submitting to it, or any surgeon be justified in performing it." He then enters into details to justify this opinion. Chang and Eng are married to two sisters, the daughters of an American clergyman. Each brother has nine children. The family of Eng consists of six sons and three daughters; the family of Chang consists of three sons and six daughters. Their first children were born within three or four days of each other; the other at irregular intervals. Chang's ninth child was born three months ago.

Sir W. Ferguson has carefully examined the twins, and understood, concurs in the general opinion of surgeons that any surgical separation would be most likely attended with fatal consequences, not so much on account of any obstacle presented by the structure of the uniting band of flesh as the moral effect of the disunion on the two brothers.—London Star.

The following is said to be a most excellent receipt for making tattlers: "Take a handful of the weed called Run-about, the same quantity of a root called Nimbale-tongue, a sprig of the herb Backbite, (either before or after dog days) a tablespoonful of Don't-you-tell it, six drachms of Malice, a few drops of Envy, which can be purchased in any quantity at the shops of Mrs. Betsy Teatable and Mrs. Lucy Bewilderment. Stir them well together, and simmer them for half an hour over the fire of discontent, kindled with a little jealousy, then strain it through the rag of Misconception, and cork it up in the bottle of Malevolence and hang upon a skein of Street Yarn; shake it occasionally for a few days, and it will be fit for use. Let a few drops be taken before going to meals, and the party will be enabled to speak all manner of evil and that continually.

A colored man stowed himself away in the hole of the steamer Rising Star at Aspinwall. She sailed to New York, and after eight days' confinement he was taken out almost starved to death.

The New Jersey State prison authorities have just contracted for the labor of about three hundred convicts, to be employed in shoemaking, at sixty cents a day.

A German got drunk in Winchester last week, went to a photographer and had his picture taken, then came back and tried to shoot the artist.

The saw in the mill is engaged in sawing lumber for the bridge to be built across East River, to connect the cities of New York and Brooklyn.

On the day of his jubilee the Pope received a telegram from the frozen regions of Lapland, the bearer of which had to traverse six hundred miles in order to reach Helsingfors, the extreme telegraph office in North Europe.

New York ladies have discovered that they can easily sour milk by covering the pan containing it with one of the daily papers of that city whose disposition is acidulous.

A printer, named Robert Penman, committed suicide in Washington on Saturday last, by drowning himself in the canal. He was about 35 years of age, and a Scotchman by birth.

Mrs. Hannah E. Andrews, of Lovel, Me., who was 100 years old last April, has had eighteen children, eight of whom are now living, and two hundred and twenty descendants, of whom ten are great-great grandchildren.

A letter from Turkey says that some time ago the Ottoman Bank received a lot of greenbacks from an American traveler, which were sent to New York for negotiation. They have been returned as spurious and counterfeit, and the bank is in for several thousand dollars.

There are living in Chattanooga County, Tenn., Mr. T. P. Carroll, aged fifty-two years, and his wife, fifty-three years of age, who have had twenty-four children, twenty sons and four daughters, in twenty-four years, all single births.

St. Louis, Mo., has a taxable valuation of \$230,553,000.

Cuba is said to be getting into a bad way financially.

Saratoga hotel keepers have come down from last year's prices.

The widow of Mr. Colt, of pistol fame, has an income of \$400,000 a year.

It is predicted that the plains will be stripped of buffaloes in five years.

The whole number of divorces in the State of Connecticut for 1868 was 468.

According to the Trenton True American, the New Jersey peach crop will be unusually large.

Leverrier, the astronomer, has a daughter whose voice is said to be far superior to Patti's.

Romero wants the Mexican Congress to issue eighteen millions of paper money.

A Newburg servant girl routed a burglar last week with a pail of boiling water.

A negro man named Davis is applying for a position on the police force of New York city.

In the near neighborhood of Goldsborough, N. C., there are one hundred acres of land devoted to the cultivation of strawberries.

The Easter collection of the Catholic Churches of New York City, for the orphan asylums of that church, amounted to 22,137.49.

The Washington Star says that the new issue of paper money, of all denominations, will be ready for distribution to the public on the 1st of July.

Two wealthy brothers living in Hudson county, N. J., have been sentenced to two years in the State prison for "kleptomania." They stole nearly all the turkeys in the neighborhood.

An old man of sixty, who recently poisoned himself in New Haven, left a note requesting his minister to preach in his funeral sermon the same discourse that had been delivered over his wife.

The New York papers complain that servant girls, sewing women and other real laborers are never allowed to have anything to say at the so-called "working women's assemblies" in that city.

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AMERICAN TONTINE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

JOHN KIRKLAND, GENERAL AGENT. DR. T. L. OGIER, MEDICAL EXAMINER. CHARLESTON BOARD OF REFERENCE: Hon. ALFRED HUGER, W. J. MAGRATH, Esq., President So. Ca. R. H. Co., Hon. J. B. CAMPBELL, Attorney at Law, T. D. WAGNER, Esq., Messrs. John Fraser & Co., Attorneys, Messrs. S. M. SIMMONS, Esq., President First National Bank, ROBERT MURE, Esq., Messrs. R. Mure & Co., W. A. COURTNEY, Esq., Messrs. Courtney & Treuholm, H. B. OLNEY, Esq., DR. H. W. KENNERLY, MEDICAL EXAMINER. KIRK ROBINSON, LOCAL AGENT.

TONSORIAL.

THE SUBSCRIBER RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has opened a first class BARBER SHOP in the basement of the "Cannon House," where he is prepared to give satisfaction in SHAVING, SHAMPOONING and HAIR DRESSING. The patronage of the public is solicited. JOHN ROBINSON.

DR. TUTT'S Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight.

The great Alterative and Blood Purifier. EXPECTORANT, A Pleasant and Sure Cure for Coughs, Asthma, &c.

VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS, For Dyspepsia, Biliousness, &c.

Improved Liquid Hair Dye. Warranted the best in use. For sale in Orangeburg by DR. E. J. OLIVEROS.

JUST RECEIVED. FRESH GROCERIES.

Consisting of BACON, LARD, FLOUR of all grades. SUGAR, COFFEE, MOLASSES, HERRINGS, &c.

FISHING TACKLE.

Of the best variety, such as Lines, Hooks and Bobs. PIPES, assorted, TOBACCO and SEGARS.

SCHOOL BOOKS and STATIONERY. DRY GOODS and SHOES.

Of the best make, and quality. All of the above articles are offered low down for cash. Give a call and examine for yourselves at J. W. PATTERSON'S, Opposite Bull & Seville's.

Look Out for Bargains. AUCTION SALE.

PURSUANT to an order of Court, I will sell at Auction, on the fourth Saturday in June instant, (and on every succeeding Saturday until the whole stock shall be disposed of,) at the Store at Feeder's Cove, formerly used by J. H. Felder & Co., the Stock of Goods, Wares and Merchandise, now held in said Store under an injunction in Equity. Terms cash. THOMAS COLLETT, June 1st, 1869. Receiver.

THE BEST PRICES. ARE PAID IN CASH or BY NOTE at the Court House Store.

POULTRY and EGGS. BEESWAX, HIDES and WOOL. Another fresh supply of CHEWING TOBACCO.

Lately received—for sale by the Package or Box. SUGARS and MOLASSES. And Fresh Supplies Generally.

FRESH ESSENCE of COFFEE At reduced rates. JOHN A. HAMILTON, Court House Store, Market Street, June 5, 1869.

Orangeburg---In Equity.

John B. Phelps et al. Bill for Relief. James M. Carson et al. Bill for Relief.

By the Decreeal Order in this Case, the Creditors of the above named John B. Phelps are required to present and prove their demands before me on or before the second Monday in July next, or he barred the benefit of the Decree in this case. GEO. BOLIVAR, Clerk of the Court, Orangeburg, S. C., C. C. P. June 1, 1869.

Groceries, Hardware, &c.

Just received a fresh supply of SUGARS, COFFEE, BACON, FLOUR, &c. Good MOLASSES at 65 cts. per gallon.

COCONUTS, ORANGES, LEMONS, &c. BOOKS and STATIONERY of all descriptions at low prices.

TO RENT—A set of Rooms suitable for a small family, with Kitchen and Stable, on the Premises. KIRK ROBINSON, Russell Street, April 17—ly.

IN THE District Court of the UNITED STATES—For South Carolina—May Term 1869.—In the Matter of W. W. Legare, of Orangeburg County Bankrupt—Petition for Full and Final Discharge in Bankruptcy.—Ordered that a hearing be had on the 17th day of June, 1869 at Federal Court House in Charleston, S. C., and that all Creditors, &c., of said Bankrupt appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they can, why the prayer of the Petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court, the 21st day of May, 1869. DAN'L HOLBECK, Clerk of the District Court of the U. S. for S. C. May 29.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, ORANGEBURG COUNTY.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that we John D. Stocker as general partner and Paul S. Felder as special partner, both residing in Orangeburg County, do hereby certify that we have this day entered into a LIMITED PARTNERSHIP to transact a general business as merchants, in the Village of Orangeburg, for five years from the date hereof, under the provisions of the Act of Assembly, 1837, 6 Statutes at Large, page 578—et sequens—each Partner having contributed five thousand (\$5000) dollars in cash.

Witness our hands this 19th day of April, 1869. JOHN D. STOCKER, PAUL S. FELDER.

Office County Commissioners

ORANGEBURG, S. C., MAY 27, 1869. The Commissioners for Orangeburg County, in accordance with 11 and 12 Sections of the Act Defining the Duties and Jurisdiction of County Commissioners, having had the same laid out into Twenty-Four Townships, the following named persons are appointed Electors for the same, and will hold an Election for Town Officers on the 14th day of June next, at the places herein designated.

- Electors. No. 1. BRANCHVILLE TOWNSHIP—A. Loryea, W. V. Meyers, Henry Riley. Place of Election Branchville. No. 2. PROVIDENCE TOWNSHIP—Dr. F. W. Voght, L. E. Meyers, June Voght. Place of Election Voght's Store. No. 3. COW CASTLE TOWNSHIP—David L. Connor, Joshua A. Huff, Andrew King. Place of Election Ebenezer Church. No. 4. MIDDLE TOWNSHIP—T. P. Stokes, Samuel Fairry, J. P. M. Fournes. Place of Election Middle Penn Academy. No. 5. PINE GROVE TOWNSHIP—Dr. A. T. Darby, D. J. Zeigler, Harry Stuart. Place of Election D. J. Zeigler's. No. 6. GOODBY'S TOWNSHIP—J. H. Felder, Styles R. Mellichamp, Shad Felder. Place of Election Felder's Store. No. 7. POPLAR TOWNSHIP—Wm. Snider, James Felder, Scipio John. Place of Election at Snider's Store. No. 8. VANCE'S TOWNSHIP—D. K. Norris, D. Avinger, Jerry Martin. Place of Election Avinger's Store. No. 9. LYCN'S TOWNSHIP—Dr. J. A. Keller, John Sellers, M. K. Holman. Place of Election Dr. Keller's Store. No. 10. ORANGE TOWNSHIP—W. E. Williams, M. Abrecht, David Gillancy. Place of Election Orangeburg C. H. No. 11. CAW CAW TOWNSHIP—L. A. Zeigler, Wm. Bennett, Godfrey Murph. Place of Election Kennerly's Mill. No. 12. AMELIA TOWNSHIP—W. C. Hane, Lawrence Clark, Samuel Wright. Place of Election Louisville. No. 13. NEW HOPE TOWNSHIP—James Stokes, M. L. Browning, Phillip Gray. Place of Election Rowe's Pump. No. 14. ELIZABETH TOWNSHIP—Dr. R. V. Danbury, Jos. A. Minnick, R. Whetston. Place of Election Knott's Lower Mill. No. 15. EDISTO TOWNSHIP—B. Z. Smoke, George Lynch, Edward Collier. Place of Election Oakman's Store. No. 16. ZION TOWNSHIP—H. H. Barton, Henry Smoke, Jr., J. M. Mace. Place of Election Zion Church. No. 17. CHAPLIN TOWNSHIP—Emmanuel Qu, W. A. Lasterlin. Place of Election Quatbaum's Mill. No. 18. LIBERTY TOWNSHIP—J. J. Douglas, John Bolen, Wm. Blum. Place of Election J. C. Kennerly's. No. 19. GOODLAND TOWNSHIP—Vince Bates, Andrew Sturkey, John Scott. Place of Election Corbettville. No. 20. WILLOW TOWNSHIP—H. H. Bonnett, Henry Rickenbaker, George Yon. Place of Election Gregory's Old Store. No. 21. FOKKY GROVE TOWNSHIP—William O'Dowd, Stephen Oliver, Richard Peck. Place of Election Johtown. No. 22. HEBRON TOWNSHIP—Martin Livingston, J. W. Joiner, David Carson. Place of Election Daniel Livingston's Mill. No. 23. HOWELL TOWNSHIP—Wm. Peck, Jacob Schofield, Samuel Hoffman. Place of Election Peck's Store. No. 24. TABERNACLE TOWNSHIP—Smauel Kitchens, John Brodie, Prince Glover. Place of Election Tyler's Mill.

The above named Electors are required to give Notice of the Election in Four Public places within each Township, and whose Duty it will be to Open and Keep the Polls, &c.

[Signed] WM. N. MOUNT, Chairman B. C. C. C. S. BULL, C. B. C. C. May 29.

E. J. Oliveros, M. D. DRUGGIST AND PHARMACEUTIST. INVITES THE ATTENTION of the Public to his splendid and extensive assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumeries, Paints, Oils and Garden Seeds, &c., Queen's Delight, Rosadalis, Radways Medicines, Catholicon Uterine, Sarsaparilla, Hair Vigor, Hostetter's Bitters, Hall's Hair Restorer, Plantation Bitters, Mrs. Chevalier Hair Wash, Carolina Bitters, Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer. Remember that Dr. OLIVEROS'S DRUG STORE is the place where you can save your Money!—MONEY!—MONEY!

E. J. OLIVEROS, M. D., Druggist and Pharmaceutist, may 2, 69—ly Orangeburg C. H., S. C.

The State of South Carolina, ORANGEBURG COUNTY.

In Equity. William C. Moss vs. George W. Barton, et al. Bill for Foreclosure of Mortgage.

It appearing to my satisfaction that J. B. Humbert and M. Emma Humbert his wife, and George H. Pooser, three of the defendants in this case, are absent from, and reside beyond the limits of this State, on motion of Messrs. Isher & Blythe, Complainant's Solicitors, it is ordered; That the said J. B. Humbert, M. Emma Humbert and George H. Pooser do appear and plead, answer or demur to the Complainant's said bill within the time prescribed by law, or the said bill will be taken pro confesso against them. Clerk's Office. GEO. BOLIVAR, Orangeburg, S. C., C. C. P. May 14, 1869.

may 22

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