

FOR PRESIDENT,
HORATIO SEYMOUR.
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
FRANCIS P. BLAIR.
OF MISSOURI.

Look Out for the Taxes.

The new State Government is bankrupt. The sealwags and carpet baggers at Columbia are fast running the machine of their own construction, to ruin. Their so-called Governor, Scott, with the faith and credit of New South Carolina pledged by the so-called Legislature, and with their authority to effect a loan of \$500,000, cannot raise \$25,000, even at a discount of sixty cents on the dollar. The Radicals in the State have no money, and Radical capitalists abroad are not willing to run the risk.

This means of raising funds having failed the next step taken by the Legislature is to vote themselves pay in Bills Receivable at the rate of seventy cents on the dollar. They do this, in utter disregard of the Constitution of their own framing, which provides that the Legislature shall not be empowered to increase their own compensation, during their term of office. This, of course, makes no difference to the members of that hybrid body: but it does make a great difference to the Treasury of the State. We are glad, therefore, to announce, that this act of monstrous and corrupt legislation is having its legitimate effect. We learn by our exchanges that the merchants in Columbia are refusing to take the Bills Receivable; and we have no doubt, in a week or two, they will become as uncurrent as Confederate money.

This being the case, the Legislature will be driven to its last resource,—the taxation of the WHITE PEOPLE of the State. We say the white people, because the new constitution provides that negroes, who are not property-holders, shall never be taxed more than a dollar apiece, and then only for the purpose of establishing schools.

The question is, whether this mode of raising money will be any more successful, than the two plans above alluded to, which have so signally failed? We think not. The great doctrine of a popular government is, "NO TAXATION, WITHOUT REPRESENTATION;" and in our present State organization, the CAPITAL of the country has no voice, and should not, therefore, be burdened with its support. When we pay taxes, we do so for our protection and benefit; but we are utterly unwilling to do so, for the protection and benefit of our enemies. We are not willing to support a government, which legislates against our property; and is an engine, which is being used entirely for our destruction. We will not furnish "a stick to break our own heads."

If the great mass of the property-holders of the State will, with one accord, tighten their purse-strings, and refuse to put any good money into the hands of the carpet-bag crew, the great power which holds them together will be destroyed. With the departure of the hope of plunder, the carpet bags of political adventurers will be as scarce in the land, as musquitoes at a Christmas Dinner.

We make these remarks, because the Columbia Radicals are hurrying a Tax Bill through both houses, at telegraph speed, which will make the burden of taxation at least THREE TIMES as heavy as it has ever been in South Carolina. We view their course with considerable interest; but we don't see any money in that speculation. We think it likely that the Union Leaguers will have to raise a big subscription to pay the fare of their Senators and Representatives back home, at the close of the present farce. Let them play out their low comedy: soon the days of mountebanks will pass away; and actors will appear upon the stage, to redeem the character of the State, repudiate the base fabrications of these evil times, and act noble parts in the political drama.

Democratic Gains.

Our readers all remember Col. Kozlay, who was in command at this place shortly after the war. We observe in the Daily Eagle, published in Brooklyn, New York, the following paragraph, which we clip as matter of interest in this connection:

CONSERVATIVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.—The regular weekly meeting of the Soldier's and Sailor's Association of the Orangeburg District of Kings County, was held last evening at Democratic Headquarters, Court street. The President, General E. A. Kozlay, occupied the chair, and Captain Hogan, acted as Secretary. We find also, in the same interesting jour-

al, the gratifying statement, that in the Fourth Assembly District of Kings County, New York, containing thousands of returned Union Soldiers, an organization was started in favor of "Grant and Colfax," styled "The Boys in Blue," and so few soldiers could be induced to join, that it was necessary to take in civilians, under the title of "loyal friends of the soldiers," in order to form a club of sixty members.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Mr. Editor:—As the condition of crops, &c., have been heard from, from several portions of our District through your paper, I will trouble THE NEWS with some observations, while on a "little tramp" through the upper portion of the Fork.

The people generally are "wide awake" in view of the coming election, and are promptly organizing Democratic Clubs. A few days ago, one was organized at Jockey Grove Church; and great interest was manifested in its success by the large number who have enrolled themselves, under the banner of "Seymour and Blair." The subject of "Foreign Immigration" seems to have considerable attention; and many are willing to offer inducements, as soon as it is properly and fairly laid before the public.

We came near coming in contact with one of the "Grant Emigrants" who passed through that section; and who I suppose has passed or will pass, through your village. He relates (to the Black Rads) that he is sent for the purpose of securing the names of those colored men, who voted the Democratic ticket; so that our Pump Congress may put them in bondage for one hundred years. This piece of villany has been pronounced with such candor, earnestness and deceitful prejudice, that it has done a great deal more mischief than one would suppose. Those who were hot and confirmed Radicals are still more closely joined to their idol; while those who voted with us or did not vote at all seem doubtful as to how the game will end. I did not have the pleasure of seeing this gentleman of the Grant stamp; but he is represented as being a huge mulatto; but calls himself a Frenchman. When he arrived at the plantation (the negro-quarter, late at night) of Mr. J. A. Salley, he was in a state of shoes, hat and coat, which garments he reported as being lost, in chasing a (white) Democrat, a few miles above there, who being of the same nativity, had made an Essu of himself, and deserved death at his hands. He failed to secure his prize, on account of the Democrat "taking the swamp." The "Headman" among the Rads summoned a caucus; and after "Mature deliberation," it was agreed that all on the plantation should contribute to equip this "Monsieur" gentleman, in order that he might proceed without delay on his all-important business. It was decided that, as chicken-roost were less dangerous of approach at a late hour of the night, and not so weighty, squally and easy of detection, as a contribution of pigneat, the necessary funds should be raised by contributions of chickens, to be sent to the nearest barter-depot of such things, generally. One on the plantation,—a hard-working fellow, having a slight sprinkle about him of Democracy,—refused to have anything to do with the affair; but "Ole Man" with rifle in hand, and the "Monsieur" man with pistol girded to side, followed; and coming upon the poor fellow in his field, hard at work, demanded the contribution. "Chickens or Death" being the cry. The chickens were "forked over," much to the dissatisfaction of the troubled mind and hungry stomach of the freedman. Would it be anything amiss for our clubs to appoint a "Vigilant Committee" to attend to such characters? It is evident they are prowling about the country continually, doing serious injury and should be arrested as "Vagrants."

We had the pleasure of being present at the meeting of the Pine Log Democratic Club. It has been recently gotten up, but can show a long roll of sound Democrats. The meeting was addressed by Captain John C. Humphries, of Alabama, on the Phrenological, Ethnological, Anatomical and Natural difference between the Anglo-Saxon and negro races. A great deal of deep thought and close investigation was evinced by the speaker; and the subject was handled, as well as we were able to discern, with much ability.

The planters all through this section have fine corn crops, although somewhat injured by the hot weather a few weeks ago. Proportionately, very little cotton is planted. In every instance where the crops have been properly worked they are better than last year. One very good reason for this, is, that the planter has not only learned to manage free labor to greater advantage, but the experience of the last two years has shown, conclusively, that he cannot tend near as much to the horse or to the land as formerly. When we can annihilate Radicalism, (which I hope will be next November) demolish Freedman Bureaus, and demonstrate practically, that the negro is dependent on the white man,—then I hope our fields will blossom as of yore, and the smiles of peace and plenty be seen on every face.

T. O. N.

[To the query of our enterprising correspondent, we would say that each character should not be allowed to prowl through the country, but that means strictly lawful should be adopted for the suppression of this evil. An arrest under the Vagrant Law, or for ROBBERY in the case of the freedman's children, would do much to prevent a recurrence of such Radical practices.—E. News.]

Speaking of the newspaper discussion concerning the adulteration of milk. Punch gives his opinion that the best article is—cream.

[COMMUNICATED.]
Willow Swamp Democratic Club.

Proceedings of a meeting of the citizens of Willow Swamp and vicinity, July 29th, 1868, convened pursuant to previous notice for the formation of a Democratic Club at Willow Swamp Church.

On motion of Rev. S. B. Sawyer, J. R. Milhouse Esq., was called to the Chair and W. L. W. Riley Esq., requested to act as Secretary. The object of the meeting having been explained by the Chairman, after the enrollment of those present, he proceeded to appoint the following committee to nominate officers of the Club, viz. V. Bates, J. W. Reed, and A. D. Dowling, who reported the following, who were elected:

- President,
J. R. MILHOUSE.
- Vice-President,
S. B. SAWYER,
A. P. GUE,
J. E. MOSS.
- Recording Secretary,
W. W. EVANS.
- Corresponding Secretary,
J. M. MOSS.

A Committee to prepare business for the meeting composed of J. E. Moss, S. B. Sawyer, A. J. Evans, A. P. Gue and C. B. Hutto, submitted Resolutions and a Constitution which were adopted.

The Executive Committee consists of the President and Vice-Presidents of the Club, together with A. J. Evans, A. D. Dowling and W. L. W. Riley.

After the appointment of a Committee of Correspondence of J. M. Moss, W. L. W. Riley, and W. W. Evans, and the ordering of the proceedings to be published in the ORANGEBURG NEWS, and the Charleston Mercury, the Club adjourned.

Time for regular meetings every alternate Wednesday.

- J. R. MILHOUSE,
President.
- W. W. EVANS,
Recording Secretary.

[COMMUNICATED.]

St. Georges' Democracy Moving.

A considerable number of the citizens of St. Georges' Parish, Colleton District, assembled in the Temperance Hall, at George's Station, on Saturday the 13th inst., for the purpose of taking the initiatory steps towards forming a permanent Democratic Club. Capt. L. A. Harper was called to the Chair, and M. C. Conner Esq., requested to act as Secretary. The Chairman briefly stated the object of the meeting. On motion of Dr. Wm. M. Shuler, the Chairman appointed a committee of twelve to recommend permanent officers, draft a constitution and prepare business for a general meeting of the Democracy of the Parish, on the 4th Saturday in this month, at George's Station. The Chairman appointed the following gentlemen, Maj. David Gavin, Dr. Wm. M. Shuler, Wm. Ussey Esq., Sam. D. Rempl. Esq., Dr. Thos. Appleby, Capt. A. C. Appleby, John Pendarvis Esq., Wm. D. Conner, Esq., Dr. P. L. Moore, J. D. C. Pendarvis Esq., Capt. T. E. Raysor, Thos. Westbury.

Proceedings were ordered to be sent to the Charleston Mercury and the ORANGEBURG NEWS. There being no further business before the meeting, it adjourned to meet on the 4th Saturday.

- L. A. HARPER,
Chairman.
- W. C. CONNER,
Secretary.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Rocky Grove Democratic Club.

At a call of the citizens of Rocky Grove to form a Democratic Club, a goodly number assembled at Rocky Grove Church, July 11th, and proceeded to organize by John Jordan being requested to act as Chairman and D. H. Salley as Secretary.

On motion, it was Resolved, That the Chair appoint a Committee of Three to nominate permanent officers of this Club.

The Chair appointed Wm. Van, B. A. Corbit and J. O. E. Hooker, who nominated the following gentlemen as permanent officers of the Club. The Committee nominated the following gentlemen:

- President,
JOHN JORDAN.
- Vice-President,
E. A. PRICE.
- Treasurer,
JESSE JOHNSON.
- Secretary,
D. H. SALLEY.

The Chair appointed the following Committee on Correspondence, E. A. Price and J. J. Salley.

The regular meetings of the Club will be held on the second Saturday of each month, at 9 o'clock, A. M.

- D. H. SALLEY,
Secretary.

What Democrats Should Do.

First of all they should understand that in this contest is involved the question whether our Government shall remain Republican or become a Despotism.

They should brace themselves for the fight, with a determination to win.

They should be vigilant, earnest, active, and leave as little as possible to chance.

They should nominate good men for all offices to be filled this year, and then work for them with a will.

They should make it their business to refute every slander circulated about their candidates.

They should organize clubs in every county, village and township, and attend the meetings regularly.

They should engage popular speakers whenever they can, and invite their Republican neighbors to hear them.

They should discountenance all disorderly proceedings, and show by example that they are friends of law and fair dealing.

They should subscribe for, read, and get their friends to read, good Democratic papers, and distribute such papers, among their Republican acquaintances.

They should realize that newspapers are useful engines to move public opinion, and deal with them accordingly.

They should support their local papers first and then support a good Democratic paper, which can generally give them much more information than papers published in small towns. But their first duty is to subscribe for the local paper, and pay for it.

Men who think that editors can give time and labor for nothing still have a good deal to learn, and should set about learning it as soon as possible.

Democrats should keep their eyes wide open and not be afraid to look at the future.

They should also glance occasionally at the past and take note of how the ship is drifting from her moorings.

They should not be afraid to talk plainly and boldly and let their opponents know that they are ready for action.

They should contribute to the support of Democratic organizations and understand that the money will return to them in reduced taxes.

Day and night they should be on the alert, and see that not a single Democratic vote is lost by indifference.

They should endeavor for Seymour and Blair whenever they have a spare hour, and make it a point to bring out every anti-Radical vote in their districts.—Metropolitan Record.

Caught in their Own Trap.

It is proposed, says the New York Herald, that the carpet-bag legislature elect the Presidential electors. If they do, the 14th amendment deprives their respective States of representation in Congress. In its second section that amendment says of each State that

"When the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State."

When the right of voting for Presidential electors is denied to all the voters of a State, then the basis of representation in such State must be reduced by the number of all the voters, which is to say that it is to have no basis of representation at all.

HON. D. W. VOORHEES ON THE NATIONAL DEBT.—Hon. Daniel W. Voorhees made his first speech of the campaign at a Democratic meeting in Terre Haute, Ind., on Saturday, on the subject of the payment of the national debt. He said he would have the bonds paid as they fell due, in the lawful money of the country. If he again entered Congress he would support a financial plan which gave the people one kind of money and the bondholder another. He would not give the bondholder bread and the laboring man a stone. Republicans had charged that the New York Convention was controlled by the bondholders, but he said, in a very clear and unequivocal resolution that Convention proclaimed one currency for all, and equal taxation of all property, according to its real value, including Government bonds and other public securities. Never before, in all the history of this or any other country, were the interests of the laboring men and tax-payers so distinctly recognized and defended as by the New York Convention.

The ingenuity of the arch-dead himself could contrive no equal to the tortures inflicted upon the whites of the South by the itinerant vagabonds sent by the Radicals to force them into resistance. What is called a "School System" is about to be forced upon the people of Louisiana, which, among other equally diabolical features, contains the following: "Section 3 of chapter 6 provides for the compulsory attendance at school or places of correction of all children between the ages of eight and fourteen who are without fixed employment, such places of correction and schools to be provided by the Board of Education at the expense of the parents or guardians, or, in case of their poverty, at the expense of the school fund, in the discretion of the board." This provision, with its context, needs no elucidation. Its purpose is patent and its terms abundantly effective. It plainly compels the whites not only to educate the negroes, but forces their children, male and female, into a promiscuous commingling with the negro race in schools common to both, and in "places of correction" provided for the punishment of such as refuse the monstrous contamination.

THE LOUISIANA RICE CROP.—The New Orleans Price Current, of the 15th instant, says the rice crop of Louisiana for the present season promises to be not only the largest ever grown in the State, but of superior quality also. On the 9th instant, a lot of flour barrels of the new crop, the first receipt of the season, came to Firmin Martin, and on the 11th instant a consignment of thirteen barrels new crop was received, consigned to Angelo Socola. The samples which have been exhibited of these lots are very fine, being remarkably clean, of firm white grain and very little broken. The first receipt of the new crop last year was on the 21st August, and of the year before on the 10th September. Last year Plaquemine alone sent to this market fourteen thousand four hundred and fifty-three barrels and ten thousand one hundred and eighty-two sacks, the barrels averaging two hundred and thirty pounds, and the sacks one hundred pounds each. Last year Plaquemine produced forty-five thousand barrels rough rice, and the estimates for this season reach sixty thousand barrels.—Charleston Daily News.

The Washington Star has the following, which is not surprising in view of the desperation of the political element which undertakes to govern and perpetuate its power in the South:

A movement is on foot among Southern politicians looking toward a call from the Southern Legislatures for Congress to reasonable in September. They profess to have no faith that the military will be used in good faith to protect the existing State governments without further legislation, and expect, when the Presidential election arrives, to see carried into effect a most extensive system of terrorism and fraud. Several new Governors of Southern States recently made requisitions on the Secretary of War for arms under a law passed in 1793; but the Secretary has declined to furnish them until further legislation is had on the subject. The Governors, in consequence, have united in an appeal to Congress to meet on the day to which they had adjourned, to take action in the matter.

The Radical meeting held in Atlanta on the 19th inst., closed with a procession. About eleven P. M. two drunken and unruly negroes were arrested by the police and carried to the guardhouse. A mob of negroes pursued them and attempted a rescue. The police resisted and a fight with clubs ensued. The police were knocked down and the prisoners escaped. At this time some one in the mob gave the word to fire. The negroes fired, wounding one of the policemen. The police returned the fire, and discharges followed in rapid succession. One negro was killed and two wounded. The negroes then fled in all directions. Afterwards, however, they rallied near the guardhouse and moved forward to attack the police. By this time the whole police force and a large number of citizens were on the ground prepared for the conflict. The negroes seeing the determination existing to put down the riot, rapidly dispersed. At one time it was feared that the trouble would assume a very serious character.

The New York Herald asserts that the proposition is entertained of reassembling the National Republican Convention, to receive Grant's resignation, which he is ready to give in, and nominate another candidate more available.

The Charleston News, in speaking of Justus K. Jilson, a white Radical, who is Superintendent of Education in this State and also Senator from Kershaw, intimates that he is the prospective son-in-law of another white Radical. "There's many a slip betwixt the cup and the lip," as has been often proved, and this same Jilson was seen on the streets of Columbia about ten days ago, paying especial attention to a mulatto girl.

It is stated that over ten millions of Northern capital has been invested in North Carolina since the war.

The Augusta Chronicle predicts that the Democrats will carry the State of Georgia by forty or fifty thousand majority.

The citizens of Sumter will not buy beef butchered by radicals. Talk enough and of the right kind.

Henry Ward Beecher's salary as pastor of Plymouth Church is \$10,000 a year, and the profits of his Peekskill farm are \$5000 more.

There is a man in a lunatic asylum in England who believes that the British Government wishes to build an iron foundry in his stomach.

An Englishman who had been troubled by mosquitos in Italy, writes to the London papers that he drove them from his room by placing in it a branch of wild rosemary.

Hon. Geo. H. Pendleton and General Tom Ewing, Jr., are to speak in Bangor, Maine, on the 20th inst., in Augusta on the 21st, and in Portland on the 22d, in behalf of Seymour and Blair.

The Underground Railway in New York city, it is stated, will be commenced very shortly. The subscribers books for the stock have been opened, and the route has been determined on.

A Democratic tradesman in Memphis complains that his friends have ruined his business, but says he means to vote for Seymour and Blair all the same. He is a manufacturer of carpet-bags.

Whoever votes the Radical ticket this fall votes to make a negro his civil, political and social equal. He may prate as much as he pleases about loyalty—and such miserable cant—his vote is to lower himself to the level of a negro.

The Bishop of Winchester, England, has been seized with another attack of paralysis, and lies at Eastburne seriously ill. The venerable prelate, who is seventy-eight years of age, is the senior Bishop in the House of Lords.

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During my absence from the State, my brother, T. K. Legare, Esq., is authorized to act for me in all business transactions, and my Clients will find their papers in his hands.

W. W. LEIGHTON,
Attorney at Law.

aug 22—11

ORANGEBURG PRECINCT DEMOCRATIC CLUB.

The Regular Monthly Meeting of the Club will be held at Masonic Hall, this evening, 22d inst., at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is requested. Committee and Delegates will come prepared to report. By order of the President,

F. S. DIBBLE, Secretary.

aug 22

Attention Young America.

YOU ARE HEREBY ORDERED TO ATTEND your Regular Parade to-day at 4 o'clock P. M. Also your regular Monthly Meeting on next Wednesday Evening.

By order of the President,

THEODORE KOHN,
Secretary.

aug 25—11

DISSOLUTION.

The Firm of MULLER & DAVIS was this day Dissolved by mutual consent.

W. T. MULLER,
JOHN DAVIS.

W. T. MULLER will carry on the business as heretofore, and all payments will be made to him.

aug 22—31

DRY AND FANCY GOODS

AT AUCTION PRICES. \$500 worth of DRY and FANCY GOODS saved from the late fire, are now offered

AT LESS THAN COST.

Come soon and get bargains.

ALSO

Received since the fire a good assortment of

GROCERIES

Which will be offered low for Cash.

JOHN D. STOCKER & CO.,
Main-Street, next to the Old Stand.

aug 22

REDUCTION IN WHISKEY.

R. D. WOLFE has now on hand a lot of WHISKEY of the best brands which he will sell, under the New Tax Bill, at reduced prices.

Fresh FAMILY GROCERIES of every kind constantly on hand. Call and examine his Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

YARN! YARN!! YARN!!!

60 Bunches just received and for sale low.

ALSO

FRESH SUPPLY OF GROCERIES, which I offer to my Friends and the Public generally as cheap as they can be bought elsewhere.

ALSO

A good assortment of SHOES which is offered very low. My terms is cash. Give me a call.

ALSO

Always on hand FRESH MEAL and CRIST COUNTRY PRODUCE wanted for which I will give the cash or Goods at cash prices.

J. W. PATTERSON'S,
Opposite Bull & Sewell's.

may 30—1y