

READING MATTER ON EVERY PAGE.

Washington News.

MARCH 19.—About any action on the House... The Committee on Commerce reported an amendment to the House tax bill, retaining...

A group of suggestions were offered... Bingham begged them not to load the bill... W. W. Holden would be next Governor of North Carolina...

Logan denounced Governor Brown... of Georgia as a mere politician... Kelley said that Brown worked anxiously and ought to be forgiven...

The McArdo opinion, it is said, is prepared... Miller and Swain dissenting... The opinion is said to be strongly adverse to the constitutionality of the Reconstruction acts...

The Impachment Trial. Punctually at 1 o'clock on the 13th inst., Mr. Wade snatched his gavel and vacated his chair; punctually at 1 o'clock Mr. Chief Justice Chase, in his robes, entered from the rear...

Mr. Stanbery, then read in a low and measured tone, the reply of the President and the request for forty days time in which to answer... This request was received with dissatisfaction...

Mr. Bingham and his colleagues made bitter opposition... After a brief discussion of this matter the Senate retired for consultation... Finally, after an absence of two hours, the Senate returns to its chamber...

A NATIONAL BANK IN COLUMBIA.—The Phoenix of the 15th inst., says: We are pleased to learn that arrangements have been perfected for a National Bank at this place...

THE ORANGEBURG NEWS.

SATURDAY, MARCH 21, 1868.

While we reserve to ourselves the right of defining our own political position, by means of our editorial columns, we will be pleased to publish contributions from our fellow-citizens upon the grave questions which agitate the public mind...

A Visit to Charleston.

A trip of our local to the city has enabled him to gather a few items, which may be interesting to our readers... And first, he was glad to find the money market easier, and much more confidence existing in mercantile circles...

While in the city, he was the guest of that favorite resort of travellers, the Pavilion Hotel, where he enjoyed all the comforts, which the ample accommodations, the tables loaded with the best the market can afford...

The Coming Elections.

Our readers will find in another column an order issued by General Canby, establishing regulations for the conduct of the elections for State officers and members of Congress, to be held on April 14, 15 and 16 next...

Items.

Butter has gone up in Albany and Troy, New York, to sixty-seven cents pound. Seventy cents is the price of the golden article in Washington.

The Columbia Phoenix publishes an appeal to the people of this State to call a convention to elect delegates to the New York National Democratic Convention.

Sergeant Bates, with his flag unfurled, arrived in Columbia on Wednesday afternoon. Hundreds awaited his arrival on the banks of the Congaree. He was welcomed by Mayor Melton on behalf of the citizens, and escorted to Nickerson's Hotel.

With reference to trade in Boston, the Traveller of that city says that "the market for Cotton goods continues firm, with an upward tendency, and the dealers are rejoicing at the prospects of the Spring trade."

An English financier is said to be in Alabama, advising the land-owners there to form joint stock companies for the improvement of their surplus lands and the sale of them to European emigrants.

In Virginia the Conservatives are making extraordinary efforts to carry the State. It will be remembered that there was a white majority of 12,000 on the old registration lists, and the Conservatives count on putting 20,000 new names on the new lists.

in Canada that they are a drug in the market. \$7,000,000 of these coins are now circulating in Canada, and the Canadian are anxious to get rid of them, and impose a duty of 15 per cent. on further importations.

Minnesota recently had a snow storm so furious and blinding, that it is said that several engineers on the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad ran their trains past stopping stations without seeing them; and in fact, one engine driver had gone five miles beyond, before he discovered his error. It was impossible at times to see five feet from the locomotive.

In Philadelphia, six women physicians return incomes ranging from \$2000 to \$10,000 a year. In Orange, New Jersey, there is a number, whose annual income ranges between \$10,000 and \$15,000. In this city, there is one whose income is rarely less than \$20,000 a year. Some of these physicians are successful surgeons as well as capable medical practitioners.

The members of the Wisconsin Legislature formerly were paid by the day, and the consequence was very long sessions. Now, however, they get three hundred and fifty dollars a year, and the result is that business is dispatched more promptly. The system of paying by the job is quite as good a one in law-making as elsewhere. In the new constitution for New York it is provided that the legislators are to be thus paid, the members getting one thousand dollars each.

Important Order.

LETTERS, IN MILITARY DISTRICT, Charleston, S. C., March 13, 1868.

The Constitutional Convention of the State of South Carolina, in conformity with the act of Congress of March 23, 1867, supplemental to the act of March 2, 1867, do provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, having framed a constitution and civil government according to the provisions of the above cited laws; and having, by an ordinance adopted on the 9th day of March, 1868, provided that the said constitution shall be submitted for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act [March 23, 1867, section 4] at an election to be conducted by the officers appointed or to be appointed by the Commanding General as hereinafter provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days after the notice thereof to be given by the said convention; and having further provided, by the aforesaid ordinance, that at the same time an election shall be held for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Adjutant and Inspector General, Secretary of State, Comptroller-General, Treasurer, Attorney-General, Superintendent of Education, and members of the General Assembly, and further that in each Congressional District of the State an election shall be held for a member of the House of Representatives of the United States Congress, and for two members at large; it is ordered:

First. That an election be held in the State of South Carolina, commencing on Tuesday, the 14th day of April, and ending on Thursday, the 16th day of April, 1868, at which all registered voters of said State may vote "For Constitution" or "Against Constitution," and also on the same ballot for the State officers and Members of the House of Representatives specified in the aforesaid ordinance.

Second. It shall be the duty of the Boards of Registration in South Carolina, commencing fourteen days prior to the election herein ordered, and giving reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise for a period of five days the registration lists; and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the lists, and such person shall not be entitled to vote. The Boards of Registration shall also during the same period, add to such registers the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by said acts, who have not already been registered.

Third. In deciding who are to be stricken from or added to the registration lists, the boards will be guided by the law of March 2, 1867, and the laws supplementary thereto, and their attention is specially directed to the supplementary act of July 19, 1867.

Fourth. All duly registered voter of this State who may have removed from the district in which he was registered, shall be entitled to vote in the district [county] to which he has removed and has resided for the ten days next preceding this election, upon presentation of a certificate of registration from the district in which he was originally registered, or upon his affidavit or other satisfactory evidence that he was so registered, and that he has not voted at this election. It shall be the duty of the registrars, upon the application of any duly registered voter who has removed or is about to remove from the precinct in which he was originally registered, to furnish him with a certificate that he was so registered, and to note the fact in the registration books of the precinct. In default of the certificate, the affidavit of the voter must set forth the district and precinct in which he was originally registered, and the length of time he has resided in the county in which he desires to vote. In doubtful cases, the registrars or managers of elections shall require such additional evidence as may be necessary to satisfy them that the applicant is legally entitled to vote. Blank forms for the certificates and for the affidavits herein required, will be furnished the registrars and the managers of elections and when used will be attached to the ballots cast by such voters, and will be transmitted to District Headquarters with the returns required by law.

Fifth. The said election will be held in each district at such places as may hereafter be designated, under the superintendence of the Boards of Registration as provided by law, and in accordance with instructions hereto to be given to said boards in conformity with the acts of Congress and as far as may be with the laws of South Carolina.

Sixth. The polls shall be opened at such voting places at six o'clock in the forenoon, and closed at six o'clock in the afternoon of each day, and shall be kept open during those hours without interruption or adjournment.

Seventh. All judges and clerks employed in conducting said elections shall, before commencing to hold the same, be sworn to the faithful performance of their duties, and shall also take and subscribe the oath of office prescribed by law for officers of the United States.

Eighth. No member of the Board of Registration, who is a candidate for election to any office to be filled at this election, shall serve as a judge or manager of the election in any precinct which he seeks to represent.

Ninth. The sheriff and other peace officers of each county are required to be present during the whole time that the polls are kept open, and until the election is completed, and will be made responsible that there shall be no interference with judges of elections, or other interruption of good order. If there should be more than one polling place in any county, the sheriff of the county is empowered and directed to make such assignments of his deputies and other peace officers to the other polling places as may in his judgment best subserve the purposes of quiet and order, and he is further required to report these arrangements in advance to the commander of the military post in which his county is situated.

Tenth. Violence, or threats of violence, or of discharge from employment, or other oppressive means to prevent any person from registering or exercising his right of voting, is positively prohibited; and any such attempts will be reported by the Registrars or Judges of Elections, to the Post-Commander, and will cause the arrest and trial of the offenders by military authority. The exhibition or carrying of deadly weapons in violation of General Order No. 10, of 1867, at or in the vicinity of any polling places during the election herein ordered, will be regarded and treated as an additional offence.

Eleventh. All bar-rooms, saloons, and other places for the sale of liquors by retail, will be closed from six o'clock of the evening of the 13th of April, until six o'clock of the morning of the 17th of April, 1868, and during this time, the sale of all intoxicating liquors at or near any polling places, is prohibited. The police officers at cities and towns, and the Sheriffs and other peace officers of Counties, will be held responsible for the strict enforcement of this prohibition, and will promptly arrest and hold for trial all persons who may transgress it.

Twelfth. Military interference with elections "unless it shall be necessary to repel the armed enemies of the United States, or to keep the peace at the polls, is prohibited by the act of Congress approved February 25, 1868, and no soldiers will be allowed to appear at any polling place, unless as citizens of the State, they are qualified and are registered as voters, and then only for the purpose of voting; but the commanders of posts will keep their troops well in hand on the days of election, and will be prepared to act promptly if the civil authorities are unable to preserve the peace.

Thirteenth. The returns required by law to be made to the commander of the district of the results of this election will be rendered by the boards of registration of the several registration precincts, through the commanders of the military posts in which their precincts are situated, and in accordance with the detailed instruction hereafter to be given.

Fourteenth. The State officers to be voted for at this election are:

- 1. Governor.
2. Lieutenant-Governor.
3. Adjutant and Inspector-General.
4. Secretary of State.
5. Comptroller-General.
6. Treasurer.
7. Attorney-General.
8. Superintendent of Education.
9. Members of the General Assembly, as follows:
County of Charleston, 2 Senators and 18 Representatives.
County of Colleton, 1 Senator and 5 Representatives.
County of Beaufort, 1 Senator and 7 Representatives.
County of Georgetown, 1 Senator and 3 Representatives.
County of Horry, 1 Senator and 2 Representatives.
County of Williamsburg, 1 Senator and 3 Representatives.
County of Marion, 1 Senator and 4 Representatives.
County of Darlington, 1 Senator and 2 Representatives.
County of Marlboro, 1 Senator and 2 Representatives.
County of Chesterfield, 1 Senator and 2 Representatives.
County of Sumter, 1 Senator and 4 Representatives.
County of Clarendon, 1 Senator and 2 Representatives.
County of Barnwell, 1 Senator and 6 Representatives.
County of Edgefield, 1 Senator and 7 Representatives.
County of Orangeburg, 1 Senator and 5 Representatives.
County of Kershaw, 1 Senator and 3 Representatives.

- County of Richland, 1 Senator and 3 Representatives.
County of Lexington, 1 Senator and 3 Representatives.
County of Newberry, 1 Senator and 3 Representatives.
County of Laurens, 1 Senator and 3 Representatives.
County of Abbeville, 1 Senator and 5 Representatives.
County of Anderson, 1 Senator and 3 Representatives.
County of Greenville, 1 Senator and 4 Representatives.
County of Pickens, 1 Senator and 1 Representative.
County of Spartanburg, 1 Senator and 4 Representatives.
County of Union, 1 Senator and 3 Representatives.
County of York, 1 Senator and 4 Representatives.
County of Chester, 1 Senator and 3 Representatives.
County of Fairfield, 1 Senator and 3 Representatives.
County of Lancaster, 1 Senator and 2 Representatives.
County of Oconee, 1 Senator and 2 Representatives.

Fifteenth. The First Congressional District is composed of the Counties of Lancaster, Chesterfield, Marlboro, Darlington, Marion, Horry, Georgetown, Williamsburg, Sumter, Clarendon and Kershaw; the Second is composed of the Counties of Charleston, Colleton, Beaufort and Barnwell; the Third is composed of the Counties of Orangeburg, Lexington, Richland, Newberry, Edgefield, Abbeville and Anderson; the Fourth is composed of the Counties of Oconee, Pickens, Greenville, Laurens, Spartanburg, Union, York, Chester and Fairfield; in each of which one person shall be elected as Representative to the Congress of the United States. In addition, two other members of that body will be elected by the ballots of the registered voters voting at large throughout the State.

By command of Brevet Major-General, R. S. CANBY, Commanding General, Military District of South Carolina. LOUIS V. DIBBLE, A. D. C. and A. A. G.

NOTES.—(1) The territorial subdivisions heretofore known as "Districts" are designated as "Counties" by the new constitution. (2) The Districts of Charleston and Berkeley are united and constitute the County of Charleston. (3) The County of Oconee is formed by the division of Pickens District.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed proposals for Materials, also for Building Engine House, will be received by the Building Committee of the Young American Fire Engine Company until March 28, 1868. For further particulars apply to Committee.

NATIVE WINES: WARRANTED PURE.—I have on hand 10 barrels of NATIVE WINES, of the vintage of 1867, Juice of Madera and Port. These wines are the Pure Juice of the Grape, and will compare with any in this or other markets in Taste and Quality. I will sell by the Bottle, Gallon, or Half-gallon, at very low rates. Orders will be promptly filled for occasional purposes at reduced prices. Apply to J. W. BURGESS, No. 117 Russell Street.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.—IN THE MATTER OF C. R. THOMSON, BANKRUPT.—TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of C. R. Thomson, in the District of Orangeburg and State of South Carolina, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District. Dated at Orangeburg, S. C., the 17th day of March A. D. 1868. P. V. DIBBLE, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.—IN THE MATTER OF MADISON P. WAY, BANKRUPT.—TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Madison P. Way, in the District of Orangeburg and State of South Carolina, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District. Dated at Orangeburg, S. C., the 17th day of March A. D. 1868. P. V. DIBBLE, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.—IN THE MATTER OF DAVID STEVENS, BANKRUPT.—TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of David Stevender in the District of Orangeburg and State of South Carolina, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District. Dated at Orangeburg, S. C., the 19th day of March A. D. 1868. P. V. DIBBLE, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.—IN THE MATTER OF JAMES T. BARKER, BANKRUPT.—TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of James T. Barker, in the District of Orangeburg and State of South Carolina, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District. Dated at Orangeburg, S. C., the 19th day of March A. D. 1868. P. V. DIBBLE, Assignee.

ORDINARY NOTICE.—ADMINISTRATIVE: Executors and Administrators who have not made their Annual Returns in this Office, are called on to do so Without Delay. All defalcations will be proceeded against in a few days, according to law. Office Days—Mondays and Fridays. Ordinary Office, P. A. McMICHAEL, March 4, 1868. J. W. BURGESS, O. D.

Commissioner's Sales.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. ORANGEBURG DISTRICT.

Under decree in Equity, will be sold in the City of Columbia, S. C., on Monday the 24th day of April next, at the office of the Commissioner of the District of Columbia, on the premises situate on the corner of Richmond Street, south of the intersection of J. J. Childs, east of the intersection of the street in front on Garden Street, two hundred and forty-eight (248) feet by one hundred and six (106) feet in depth, by the same party as above.

John T. Inabnet, Adm'r. Ann C. Inabnet. Will be sold before the Court, Orangeburg District, on the 24th day of April next, a lot of land with the dwelling house and other buildings thereon, in the City of Orangeburg, and bounded on the east by N. A. Smith, on the north by the Railroad, on the south by the City of Orangeburg, and on the southwest by lands of W. N. Scott.

Will be sold before the Court, Orangeburg District, on the 24th day of April next, a lot of land with the dwelling house and other buildings thereon, in the City of Orangeburg, and bounded on the east by N. A. Smith, on the north by the Railroad, on the south by the City of Orangeburg, and on the southwest by lands of W. N. Scott.

Will be sold on the 24th day of April next, before the Court, in the County of Orangeburg, the premises, with a covenant of title in favor of a branch of the condition of the bond. Purchasers to pay for papers and revenue stamps. Commissioner's Office, P. A. McMICHAEL, Orangeburg, S. C., the 17th day of March, 1868.

Will be sold at the same time and place, the real estate which was sold by Phillip Phillips, Esq., on the 14th day of March, 1868, and which is described in the following manner: One tract containing 120 acres more or less, bounded by lands of Andrew Phillips, Lewis Bridge Road, lands of John Brady, Elijah Austin and the City of Orangeburg.

Another tract of land containing 200 acres, more or less, levied on as the property of W. A. McGrew, at the suit of Magistrate Johns and L. C. Jones.

By virtue of Decreeal Order from P. A. McMICHAEL, Esq., Ordinary in Equity, I will sell on the first Monday in April next, the following property to wit: One Tract of Land—acres, belonging to the Estate of J. V. Bair, to be more particularly described on the day of sale.

Another tract of Land containing 200 acres, more or less, levied on as the property of D. R. Bokhart, at the suit of Samuel Henry, Adm'r.

Another tract of Land containing 100 acres, more or less, levied on as the property of A. Rusk, at the suit of Samuel Henry, Adm'r.