HOW & PAPER IS MADE.

"I ray, how is a paper made ?" Lite question is only to ask, a
But to any reading fully, any desay,
Viere quinter a difficult task ; And yet in a schittling way, As the whip-poor-will sings in the glade. I'll venture a bit of a lay To tell how a paper is made.

An editor sits at his desk, And ponders the things that appear To be claiming the thoughts of the world-

Things sole in, and comic and queer-And when he has hit on a theme the judges it well to parade. He writes, and ho writes, and he writes, And that's how a paper is made.

An editor situat his desk, And puzzles his brain to make out "Telegraphic" so synabbled and mixed, it is hard to tell what it's aboat. Exchanges are lying broand... While waiting dispatches delayed, He clips, and he clips, and he clips, And they's how a proces is under And that's how a poper is made.

An editor out in the town, An editor out in the town, In search of the things that are new— The things that the people have done The things they're intending to do--Coes peering and prying about, For items of many a grade ; He transps, and he transps, and he transps, And that's how a poper is made.

And all that those workers propare, Of every conceivable stripe, Is sent to desprinter, and he Proceedeth to stick it in type. His lines, all respecting his will, in snew-moving columns parade— He sticks, and he sticks, and he sticks, And that's how a paper is made.

In short, when the type is all set, And arrow cleared up more or less, is clocked in a form," as we say, And hurrial away to the press. 'l'is The pression erranges in the press. The pression erranges in a cheets, this his gives the copulate shade, These is prints, and he prints, And that's how a paper is made

----LOVE, DRINE AND DEST.

Son of mine! the world before you Spreads a thousand secret suarcs, Spreads a thousand secret surres, Round the feet of every mortal Who through life's long highway fares. Three especials let me warn you, Are by every traveler met: Three to by your taight of virtue— They are hove, and brink, and Debt.

Love, my boy, thend's no escaping, This the common fate of men; 'its the common fate of men; Father had it: 1 have had it— But for love you had not been. Take your chances, but be cautions; Know a squab is not a dove : Be the upright man of honor-All deceit doth murder love.

As for Drink, avoid if wholly ; As for Drink, avoid it wholly : idle an adder it will sting : Crush the entitlest iten; infon, Handle not the daugerous thing. See the wreches of men accord us— Once as fair and pure is you— Mark the warning! Show the pathway, And the helt they're tottering through.

Yet though love he pure and gentle. And from drink you may be free, With a yearsing heart i warm you "Galuat the worst of all the three. Many a demon in his journey Bunyan's Christian Dilgrim met ; They were hunds, e'en old A sollyon. To the awful denson, Dobt !

With quality heart and face abashed, The wretched debtor goes : He starts at standows, less they be The shades of mon he owes. Down silent streets he fartive steals, The race of man to shun. He shivers at the portional's ring. And fears the dreadful dan.

Beware of Pebt! Once in, you'll be A slave forevermere ; A slave increasing you, thunder "No !" And show it is the doar. Cold water and a stast of bread flay be the best you ll get; Accost them like a nam and swear-"Pll asver ran in debt !"

DYSPEPSIA FROM HOT BEEAD. .

him I said, 'You are looking much better.' Yes,' he replied, bursting into a hearty haugh; I followed your advice, and took to

eating light brend and I am as well as I ever was in my life.' "I am inclined to think that within ten years, as many persons have died prema-turely in this State from had coskery as were slain in the war. Dyspepsia is robbed of much of the credit of its operations. A certain individual, more remarkable for the length of his horns and tail than for his friendship for humanity, is said always to catch the hindmost. His agents acted on this principle. Diseases are covardly things and avoid attack ing robust or viger-ous constitutions but when they find a woor ous constitutions, but when they find a poor devil enfeebled by dyspepsia, acting on the principle that when a man is down then is the time to gouge him, they pounce upon the disabled creature and soon finish him. It thus happens, cholera, consumption or their co-laborers, carry off the credit that is due to indigestion."

ANECDOTE OF A NORTH CAROLINA JUDGE.---I will relate a little incident which Judge. He could be tempted by no bribe. He would not even dine with a friend if he had a case in court. He administered the law in such a way that it awed the evil-door and at the same time received the merited judge. commendation of the lover of peace. His peculiar characteristic were impetuosity and intrepidity. Col. John Randolph, of Jack-son, N. C., whose death is still lamented by the circle of friends and acquaintances where he lived, was a man of excellent qualities and even temperament, though quick to resent an intended injury. He was an espe-cial friend of Judge Cald vell. Before the way he was the general agent of the Mutual Fire and Life Insurance Companies of Raleigh. On one occasion, at Fayetteville, he was insulted by some pugnacious fellow, who catled him a d-d liar, whereapon he turned upon him, and with his cane gave the fellow upon him, and with his cane gave the fellow quite a thrashing. He was indicted, and the case coming up before Judge Caldwell, to a lady in your company, bow to him in rehe plead guilty and submitted. In the eve- | turn.

SOMETHIN

JAMES

Table and other Cutlery,

UNDER THE S(O)N.

Friends and Customers

GROCERY BUSINESS

At the Old Stand,

PLANTATION SUPPLIES.

WOODEN WARE.

ALL BRANDS OF TOBACCO, &c., &c.,

Plows and Plow Steel,

of the former owner that he will continue the

H. RODGER

ning, after the adjournment of court, the Judge and he were taking a walk, when the

following conversation occurred: Judge Caldwell—John, you did wrong. You should not have struck the fellow; you

me a d-d liar, and I -Judge Caldwell-Never mind, John, I tell you that you did wrong; the law points out a different course, John, and I -Col. Randolph-But Judge, he called me a d-d liar, and I did nothing to bring on

Judge Caldwell-John, I tell you again you did wrong ; you broke the peace ; words do not excuse it ; and besides, the law gives you an-

Col. Rando'ph-But, Judge, you just think of it. Just suppose he had called you a d-d liar, and-

Judge Caldwell-Damn his infernal bide, John, if he had called me a d-d liar, I would have broken that stick a dozen times over his head! I would have given him ten times as much as you gave him, John-the impodent, worthless villain !

Col. Randolph lived several years to laugh over this little incident of his life. He admired the Judge's temper and spunk, but could not understand the rule that would'at work) both ways, if it was laid down by a

Hours have wings and fly up to the Au-thor of time, and carry news of our usage. All our prayers cannot entreat one of them either to retain or slacken his pace. The misspents of every minute are now a record against us in heaven. Suro, if we thought thus, we would dismiss them with better reports, and not suffer then to fly away empy, or laden with dangerous intelligence .-How happy 's it when they carry not only the message but fruits of good, and stay with the Aucient of Days to speak for us before his glorious throne.



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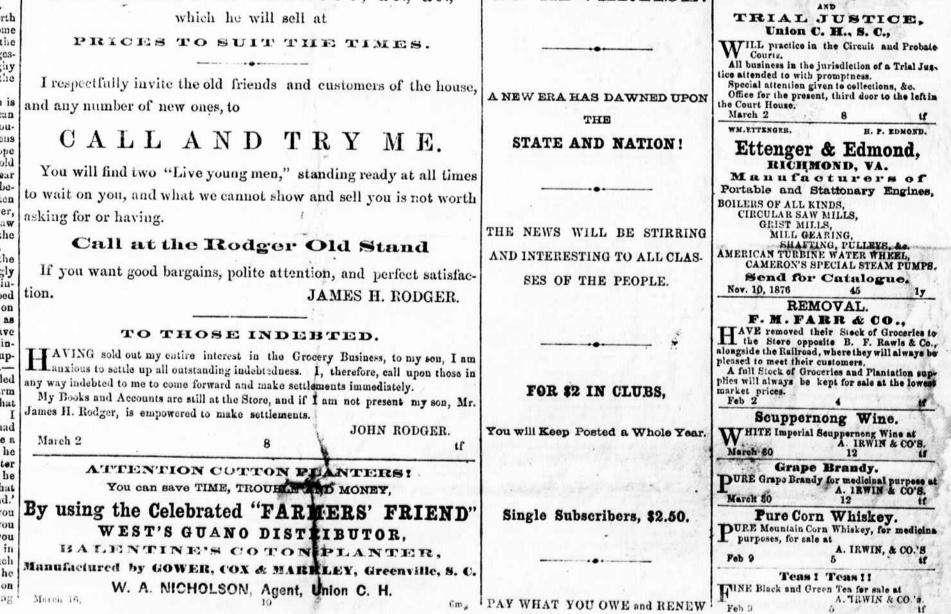
SAMUEL S. STOKES,

Attorney at Law

con emgnao, ting to the .vortn Carolina Agricultural Journal, tells some truths and oners some suggestions about the causes and results of dyspepsia and indigestion-with especial reference to hot, doughy

bread—which will apply to all parts of the country. Read, digest and head : "It has been said that the frying pan is the great enemy to our people. There can be no doubt but that it has slain its thousauds; but bad bread is the slayer of tens of thousands. While traveling in Europe for eight months, I saw nothing but cold bread, nor did I, while there, see or hear anything that tended to induce me to believe that anybody in Europe had over eaten a piece of hot bread. I invariably, however, found the bread good, and the people I saw appeared healthy and robust. Some, as the

appeared healthy and robust. Some, as the English and Germans, were especially so. With respect to the United States, the condition of things may be more strikingly and pointedly presented by references to in-dividual cases. Many years since, I stopped at the house of an acquaintance, and on seeing him I said : 'You are not looking as well as usual.' 'No, no,' he replied, 'I have the dyspepsia powerfully bad.' When din-ner was ready, there was an abundant sup-ply of meats and well-baked corn bread. ply of meats and well-baked corn bread. There was also, however, something called biscuit, which was in fact rather warm dough, with much grease in it. I saw that my host ate this freely with his meats. I remarked that I did not wonder that he had the dyspepsia, for that I could not live a month in this way. I suggested that if he would eat well baked corn bread, or better would eat wen baked corn bread, or better still, light bread, he would not suffer as he was doing. He auswered vehemently, that he 'would rather die than to eat light bread.' I replied, this is a free country and you have a right to die in this mode if you choose, and I have no dubt but that you will soon die. I then referred to case in will soon die. I then referred to cases in which I had known people to die from such practice. My cool mode of discussing the question evidently made an impression on his wife. The part summar, on meeting



TO ADVERTISE.