

Charleston and Darlington Wheel into Line.

The election for Representatives from Charleston county, and for a Senator from Darlington county came off on last Tuesday, the 26th ult. and as had been anticipated, resulted in signal victory for the Democrats.

In Darlington, Capt. Colter, the Democratic nominee was elected with out much opposition, and we heartily congratulate the good people of Charleston and Darlington upon their complete victory and deliverance from carpet-bag rule.

Hayes and the Republican Party. President Hayes has issued an order forbidding Federal office-holders taking an active part in politics, and the assessment of office-holders and employees for political purposes, stating that politics shall not be a requisite to Government employment.

"Ohlory" Carpenter in trouble again. The joint investigating committee, now in session, in Columbia, in their investigation discovered, on the 27th ult., the evidence of a swindle by which the State was mulcted of \$1,200, in 1872.

Yellow Jack. A dispatch to the board of health New Orleans, dated the 27th ult. says: That there have been 186 deaths in the past two weeks from yellow fever at the military hospital a hundred miles from Havana.

The Hampton Democrat has been changed to "The Colleton Democrat."

That "Cool Suggestion."

In a recent article the News and Courier suggests that if the Commission, appointed at the recent session of the Legislature, to investigate the indebtedness of the State, have it in their power to visit New York, to examine the bonds, it would would be cheaper for the bondholders there to pay the expenses of the Commission than to ship their bonds to Columbia; and says the suggestion is worthy the consideration of the Commission.

"If it is so that the body of the bonded debt is held by New York brokers, then the plea of the appropriators, in the recent session of the legislature, that the treasury would be flooded with coupons, if the interest on the public debt was not specifically provided for, falls flat to the ground, and it appears that the advocates of the \$270,000 tax levy either did not know what they were talking about or that they were playing into the hands of the bondholders against the interests of the taxpayers and the honest creditors of the State."

"The advocates of the \$270,000 tax levy" did know what "they were talking about," and were not "playing into the hands of the bondholders against the interests of the taxpayers and the honest creditors of the State," as the Medium would have its readers believe.

Hubbard Arrested.

A warrant was recently forwarded from Pickens County, directed to Justice Marshall, of this city, against John B. Hubbard, a Deputy United States Marshal, stationed at this point. The charge made against Hubbard was that of assault and battery with intent to kill upon a white man, Mr. J. M. Porter, who resides in Pickens County. Justice Marshall demanded \$500 bail of the accused, and he being unable to secure a bondsman was committed to jail—Columbia Register.

The Fire Fiend.

A terribly destructive fire occurred in St. John's, New Brunswick, on the 20th ult, destroying over half the city. A telegram dated June 21st says: "St. John's is almost totally destroyed. All the public buildings are burned. Few business houses are left. Fully one half of the residences are in ashes. 15,000 people are homeless.—Women and children are in the streets crying for bread. Thirteen dead bodies have been recovered—many others are missing. The area burned covers 500 acres. Loss estimated at \$15,000,000. Insurance, \$6,000,000. The only American risks are: Aetna, \$22,000; Hartford, \$200,000; Phoenix, of Brooklyn, \$60,000." Aid for the sufferers has been sent from various points in the United States.

A fire occurred in Marblehead, Mass., on the 25th ult., destroying 72 buildings, including all the large shoe-manufactories, except three.—Hundreds of men and women are thrown out of employment. The loss is a half million.

Southern Cultivator.

This sterling agricultural magazine, for July, has been received, replete, as usual, with valuable information to the planter. Send your subscription to W. L. Jones, Athens, Ga. Price \$2.10 per annum in advance, postage paid.

Regenerated Carolina.

Under the above head, the Charleston Journal of Commerce is giving "brief biographies of our new law makers," and in its issue of the 14th instant we find the following sketch of Representative Bradley of this County:

THE HON. D. F. BRADLEY, Of Pickens, was born September 5th, 1842, in Pickens County, S. C., and received in youth such an education as the schools in the community afforded. He studied only the English branches, and never had the advantages of a collegiate education. He went to Florida in 1859, and remained in that State till the breaking out of the war, when he entered the army as a private, in May, 1861, in the Pensacola Rifle Rangers, Company A, Second Florida Regiment. He participated in all the battles of that famous regiment, except when disabled by wounds. Under the act of the Confederate Congress awarding medals to those who distinguished themselves in battle, he was awarded a medal for gallantry in the battle of Seven Pines, and his name placed on the roll of honor and published in the Richmond papers. The medals, however, were never issued to the soldiers. He was made orderly sergeant of his company in 1862; was severely wounded in the right shoulder in the Seven Days battle, at Frasier's Farm, and was absent from his regiment sixty days in consequence. He rejoined his command at Martinsburg, Va. After the Maryland campaign he was unanimously elected second lieutenant of his company in 1863, and commanded the company till disabled by wounds, and retired from active field service. He was in command of the company in the battle of the Wilderness; was wounded in the hip, but remained on the field till his left arm was shattered by a minnie ball, when he was carried off, and had his arm amputated the same day. After recovering, he was assigned to enrolling duty, and ordered to report to General Miller at Tallahassee, Fla., and reached Columbia, en route, but in consequence of "Sherman's march to the sea," was prevented from reaching his destination. He returned to his home in Pickens County, and remained until the war was over. After the close of the war he went to school, and then commenced teaching and studying to improve his own education. In 1868 he was nominated by the county Democratic convention for county school commissioner, and elected. He was nominated and elected to the same office in 1870-72 by the Democratic party, and elected to the Legislature in 1874, and re-elected in 1876. He took charge of the PICKENS SENTINEL as editor in 1871, and continued to conduct that journal up to the date of the last campaign.

A meeting of the State Grange will take place at Anderson C. H. on the 8th of August next. Members of the order are urged to attend, and the public generally are invited.

Under the recent act of the Legislature, we notice that the white militia in many parts of the State is being rapidly organized. Can't Pickens get up a "militia"? Suppose the Pickens Rifle Club, disbanded by Grant and Chamberlain last fall, reorganize and tender themselves to the Governor and go in as a part of the regular militia. What say you company.

A destructive storm has passed over portions of Ohio and Illinois, doing incalculable damage to the growing crops.

The latest programme of the administration is to give Postmaster General Key the Supreme Judgeship, General Pillow the mission to Mexico, and Bristow the Circuit Judgeship, Tyner will then become Postmaster General.

The Republicans stole the Presidency, and then their President stole the Democratic platform to carry out his Southern policy and civil service reform.

Walhalla has lost the Newberry College, but the good citizens of that place are determined to have another college, and subscribed over \$10,000 in one day as an endowment fund.—The Newberry College goes back to Newberry to try its fortunes once more at that place.

There is a general educational revival in North Carolina since the Democrats came into power. One of their first acts was to establish two normal schools for the training of teachers, one for each race, and the newspapers give abundant proof that the people are very generally waking up to the advantages of the common school system and anxious to improve it.

Capt. Wm. Choico, one of the most prominent men of Greenville, is dead.

A Democratic Meeting.

It is asserted on good authority that Messrs. Cox, Morrison, Saylor, Goodo and Blackburn have signified their intention to be on hand at the Democratic gathering at White Sulphur Springs next month, which promises to be large.

Gov. HAMPTON ON SOUTH CAROLINA PROSPECTS.—On his way to Auburn, Governor Hampton conversed with a Herald reporter on the situation in South Carolina, and gave a cheering account. He says that all classes of the people are contented and secure in their rights; that the colored people have once more gone to work; that a fair proportion have been appointed to offices, and that all proscription for any cause has disappeared. That all parties are now agreed upon the wisdom of the policy which gave the State self government; and he anticipates a considerable emigration into the State, being in the receipt of numerous letters of inquiry on the subject of lands. The credit of the State, he says, will be honestly maintained, and all its debts paid. All this seems a little hard on the people who oppose the President's Southern policy. But such is life.—New York Herald.

Many a woman thinks she can do nothing without a husband, and when she gets one, finds she can do nothing with him.

The Baptist Theological Seminary has been removed from Greenville to Louisville, Kentucky.

The Turko-Russian war is progressing slowly. The Russians have crossed the Danube, but no decisive battle has been fought yet.

THE CROPS.—After copious and seasonable showers for several days, the clouds cleared away last Sunday night, since which time the weather has been dry and warm. Corn is growing finely. Cotton is reported generally as doing tolerably well. The most serious complaint is that the crop is from two to three weeks backward. Wheat and oats are being rapidly harvested, and already the hum of the threshing machine is heard in the land. The wheat crop is fulfilling the expectations of the farmers and we have heard of but little being injured by the rains.—Yorkville Enquirer.

The voters of the various townships of Chester county will soon be called upon to decide in reference to the momentous question of "fence" or no fence." The colored people are, for the most part, opposed to any change in the present fence law, but, with the help of some colored votes, the whites expect to triumph at the polls, and in the future be troubled with no more fencing, save for stock. There are two or three townships in which the negro vote predominates to such an extent that the wise measure of no fence may be defeated.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption. The reputation of this medicine, in consequence of the marvellous cures it has produced during the last half century, is a sufficient assurance to the public that it will continue to realize the happiest results that can be desired.

A considerable oil field is being developed in Overton county, Tennessee. Work was commenced as early as 1866, and has been continued with greater or less success, the works yielding from 500 to 5,000 barrels before petering out.

Musical and Sabbath School Convention will be held with Mt. Tabor church, two miles South of Central, commencing on Friday before the 5th Sabbath in July instant. Every Singing School choir and Sabbath School in the County are entitled to two delegates, and we ask them to send them with certificates of their appointments and they will be cordially received. By order of the President. W. G. FIELD, Sec'y.

EASLEY HOTEL.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL, which has been closed a short time, is now re-opened for the accommodation of the traveling public. The rooms are well furnished, the table supplied with the best in the market, and no pains spared to render guests comfortable. Transient Board, \$2.00 per day; permanent Board, \$18.00 per month. Patronage of the public solicited. MRS. SOPHRONA NIX. June 28, 1877 42 3m

RUSSELL, MARTIN & CO.

DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, BOOTS, SHOES, &c., &c., &c. Headquarters for Cheap Goods. Will exchange Goods for any kind of Country Produce. EASLEY STATION, S. C. June 28, 1877 42

VEGETINE. REV. J. P. LUDLOW WRITES: 178 BALTIMORE STREET, BROOKLYN, N. Y. Nov. 14, 1874. H. R. STEVENS, Esq. Dear Sir—From personal benefit received by its use, as well as from personal knowledge of those whose cures thereby have been almost miraculous, I can most heartily and sincerely recommend the Vegetine for the complaints which it is claimed to cure.

JAMES P. LUDLOW, Late Pastor Calvary Baptist Church, Sacramento, Cal. SHE RESTS WELL. SOUTH POLAND, Me., Oct 11, 1876. MR. H. R. STEVENS—Dear Sir: I have been sick two years with the liver complaint, and during that time have taken a great many different medicines, but none of them did me any good. I was restless nights, and had no appetite. Since taking the Vegetine I rest well, and relish my food. Can recommend the Vegetine for what it has done for me. Yours respectfully, Mrs. ALBERT RICKER. Witness of the above. Mr. GEO. M. VAUGHAN, Melford, Mass.

VEGETINE. GOOD FOR THE CHILDREN. BOSTON HOME, 14 TYLER STREET, Boston, April 1876. H. R. STEVENS—Dear Sir: We feel that the children in our home have been greatly benefited by the Vegetine you have so kindly given us from time to time, especially those troubled with scrofula. With respect, Mrs. N. WORMELL, Matron. REV. O. T. WALKER, SAYS: PROVIDENCE, R. I., 164 Transit Street. H. R. STEVENS, Esq.—I feel bound to express with my signature the high value I place upon your Vegetine. My family have used it for the last two years. In nervous debility it is invaluable, and I recommend it to all who may need an invigorating, renovating tonic. O. T. WALKER, Formerly Pastor of Bowdoin-square Church, Boston.

VEGETINE. NOTHING EQUAL TO IT. SOUTH SALEM, Mass., Nov. 14, 1876. MR. H. R. STEVENS—Dear Sir: I have been troubled with Scrofula, Canker, and Liver Complaint for three years. Nothing ever did me any good until I commenced using your Vegetine. I am now getting along first-rate, and still using the Vegetine. I consider there is nothing equal to it for such complaints.—Can heartily recommend it to everybody.—Yours truly, Mrs. LIZZIE M. PACKARD, No. 16 Lagrange Street, South Salem, Mass.

VEGETINE. RECOMMEND IT HEARTILY. SOUTH BOSTON. MR. STEVENS—Dear Sir: I have taken several bottles of your Vegetine, and am convinced it is a valuable remedy for Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and General Debility of the system. I can heartily recommend it to all sufferers from the above complaints. Yours respectfully Mrs. MUNROE PARKER.

VEGETINE. PREPARED BY H. R. STEVENS, Boston Mass. VEGETINE is Sold by All Druggists. June 21, 1877 41 4

THE NEW FIRM HAGOOD & ALEXANDER HAVE this day associated with them Mr. J. FRANK FOLGER, as a third partner, and will continue the mercantile business under the name and style OF HAGOOD, ALEXANDER & Co

THEY RESPECTFULLY ASK the continued patronage of their friends, and request all to give them a call before buying, as they are selling

GOODS AT "HARD-TIMES" PRICES. Parties indebted to HAGOOD & ALEXANDER on accounts, must close them by cash, barter or note, as their old business must be settled up. June 7, 1877 39

STOP! AT THE GREENVILLE HOTEL GREENVILLE, S. C. A. M. SPEIGHTS, Proprietor. BELLS IN THE ROOMS. June 14, 1877 40

DENTISTRY. THE undersigned is located at Central, and is prepared at all times to dispatch work with neatness. Special attention to SETTING or RESETTING ARTIFICIAL TEETH, either temporary, partial or permanent. Filling done with neatness. All the materials commonly used in filling. GEO. BOROUGHS, Dentist. June 14, 1877 40 6m

Notice! ALL persons having demands against the Estate of Sarah Burgess, deceased, will present them to the undersigned properly attested, and those indebted to the Estate will please settle at once. JUS. A. BATES, Ex'or. June 28, 1877 42 3

The Attention of Farmers is Called to Our AMERICAN Mammoth Rye; or Diamond Wheat, for Fall or Spring sowing. A new variety, entirely distinct from the common rye or any other grain ever introduced. It was first found growing wild on the Humboldt River, Nevada, since which time it has been successfully cultivated wherever tried. It yields from sixty to eighty bushels to the acre. Mr. A. J. Dufur, United States' Centennial Commissioner from Oregon, asserts that he has known it to yield eighty seven and a half bushels to the acre. It was awarded the highest and only premium at the United States' Centennial exposition, and pronounced the finest and only grain of the kind on exhibition. It has been grown as a Fall and Spring grain with equal success. Single grains measuring one half inch in length, and the average close to that. Price per package 25 cents; Five packages \$1.00; One dozen packages, \$2.00. Sent post paid by mail. Agents wanted everywhere to introduce this wheat. NOTICE.—We are in no way connected with any other seed house in Cleveland or Chattanooga. All orders, letters, etc., should be plainly addressed, thus: S. Y. HAINES & CO., Cleveland, Bradley Co. Tenn. Branch house, Sweetwater, Monroe Co. Tenn. Sample sent free on receipt of a three cent stamp. June 14 1877 40 4

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. COUNTY OF PICKENS. By W. G. FIELD, JUDGE OF PROBATE. Whereas, W. H. Anderson, has applied to me to grant him Letters of Administration, upon the Estate and Effects of Mary Anderson, deceased.—The kindred and creditors of the said Mary Anderson, deceased, are therefore cited to be and appear before me, in the Court of Probate to be holden at Pickens C. H., on Saturday, the 7th day of July next, at 11 o'clock, a. m., to show cause, if any they have, why the said administration should not be granted. Given under my hand and seal this, the 17th day of June A. D., 1877. W. G. FIELD, J.P.C. June 21, 1877 41

NOTICE. All persons having demands against the Estate of Nathaniel Lynch, deceased, are requested to prove the same before us, and those indebted to the said Estate, will come forward and settle forthwith. G. M. LYNCH, J. T. BURDINE, Ex'ors. June 7, 1877 39

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the Estate of Elias Hollingsworth, deceased, that I will apply to W. G. Field, Judge of Probate for Pickens County, for a Final Settlement and discharge as Executor of said Estate, on Saturday, the 25th of August, 1877. R. E. HOLCOMBE, Ex'or. May 24, 1877 37