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Advertisers will please state the number of squares they wish their advertisements to make.

Business men who advertise to be benefited, will bear in mind that the SENTINEL has a large and increasing circulation, and is taken by the very class of persons whose trade they desire.

PICKENS C. H., S. C.

Thursday, April 13, 1876.

Hon. D. F. Bradley, on Monday last, returned to his duties in the Legislature, which reassembled on the 10th instant.

We publish on our outside, the articles of impeachment against Belknap, preferred by the House of Representatives, and his trial before the Senate will soon commence. The managers of the impeachment are seven in number, five Democrats and two Republicans.

In the impeachment trial of Andrew Johnson, the Republicans did not give the Democrats a single manager. The Democrats, discarding the "Lex talionis," have magnanimously given the Republicans two out of the seven, but we fear that they have cast pearls before swine. The Southern Democrats declined to allow any one of their number to act as a manager, considering, and perhaps justly, that it was none of their funeral, and that the Northern and Western men who were "under fire" for high crimes and misdemeanors in office should be investigated by Northern and Western Republicans; and knowing, furthermore, that, if they were placed as a manager that a universal howl would be raised in the North about a "rebel" prosecuting a "Union soldier"—notwithstanding, the Union soldier in question is a confessed bribe taker.

The Connecticut Election

Has resulted in a complete Democratic victory, though with a less majority than last year. The total vote was 98,485; last year it was 100,983. There was four candidates in the field for Governor—Ingersoll (Democrat); Robinson (Republican); Smith (Temperance); Atwater (Greenbacks). Ingersoll's plurality is 7,514; his majority 3,957. The Legislature is overwhelmingly Democratic by a majority of 87 on joint ballot, against 17 last year. This will give us in Congress two more Democratic Senators for six years. Connecticut is all right.

Ballou's Magazine.

We have received the May number of Ballou's Monthly Magazine, published by Thomes & Talbot, 23 Hawley street, Boston, Mass., and for sale at all periodical depots in the country or sent at \$1.50 per year, postpaid. The present number of this valuable magazine is filled, as usual, with a superabundance of very interesting reading upon quite a variety of subjects and novelets.

Miss Parker, daughter of Dr. J. W. Parker, of Columbia, who was seriously burned at Williamston, while passing from her boarding house to the college, died on the 8th inst., after ten days of most intense suffering. How very crushing to the parents and sisters is this mysterious, sudden, and untimely end!

We learn from the Spartan that the whole line of the Spartan and Asheville Railroad has been let out under contract, to be finished to Asheville, N. C., in 18 months from April 1st.

This is an important enterprise to Spartanburg, and indeed to the whole State, affording, as it will, communication direct with the great Northwest. We will be glad to hear of its completion.

The Greenville Libel Case.

The libel suit of W. E. Earle against J. C. and Edward Bailey, proprietors of the Greenville Enterprise and Mountaineer, for \$10,000 damages was begun Wednesday 29th ult. This case really originated from a malicious article, from the pen of Earle, published in the Greenville Republican, intending to injure and reflect upon the granges, and upon Col. Crittendon, their Chief Marshal. Earle, hiding behind the Republican, commenced the attack, and only acknowledged the authorship after Rinion, the editor, had been beaten by Crittendon for the publication. After acknowledging the authorship, he refused to make reparation, but continued his malicious attacks, really hiding himself behind the law. Crittendon, having no other resource left, exposed Earle's character in the Enterprise and Mountaineer, by saying that he was "destitute of honor, principle, and every instinct of a gentleman—in fact a moral bankrupt." Now, instead of attacking or prosecuting Crittendon, who acknowledges the authorship, Earle puts his damages at \$10,000 and sues the Messrs. Bailey, the proprietors of the Enterprise and Mountaineer.

The burden of proof is on the Defendants to show that Earle is guilty of all that was alleged against him.—The alleged libel asserts that Earle has been guilty of "horse stealing," compounding a "felony," and various other crimes, and that he is a "moral bankrupt."

The evidence given by the Defendants in support of these charges, was strong and substantial, and the Defendants put up 36 of the most prominent and high toned men of Greenville, who said that Capt Earle's character is "bad, very bad." And on the contrary, the Plaintiff put up 47 prominent and high toned men, who said that Capt Earle's character was good. The Defendants had 30 witnesses besides, whom they wished to put on the stand to testify to his bad character, but the Judge ruled them out. There seems to be a variety of opinion on this subject among the people of Greenville.

After the evidence on both sides closed and the counsel made their arguments, the jury retired, and remained the entire night, and early next morning brought in a verdict for the plaintiff for \$50 damages. Their verdict according to the law threw the cost on the Defendants. Legally Earle is victorious, but we are not sure that he is a gainer even in the victory.

The array of counsel on both sides was splendid—the Plaintiff being represented by Gen. McGowan, Col. Cochran, Simpson, J. P. Moore and J. H. Whitney; the Defendants, by Gen. Butler, Ex-Gov. Bonham, Whitner Symmes and Col. W. H. Perry.

Richard C. Watts, a young lawyer of Laurens, in a communication to the Laurensville Herald, charges Cullen Lark, now Auditor, but once Probate Judge of Laurens County, with committing perjury at the late impeachment trial of Montgomery Moses. This has been the common talk ever since the trial, but Lark has never been so directly and publicly charged with the base crime.

Governor Chamberlain ought not to allow any perjured man to hold the office of County Auditor. He should at once decapitate this Lark and consign him to the privacy of an ignominious and less harmless life.

Mr. Lamar of Mississippi is in delicate health, so much so that he will not be able to continue his services in Congress this session. This is a great source of regret not only to the nation, but especially to the South, whose interest he ever watches with a jealous eagle eye. Mr. Lamar is a host in himself, from whose trenchant steel the "bloody shirt" Radicals of the North involuntarily shrink.

The Treasurer forwarded to the Centennial Board a quarter of a million in fifty cent notes, to be used as tickets of admission. The admission to the exhibition is fifty cents, to be paid in one note, so as to dispense with the trouble and confusion in such a great crowd, of making change.

GOOD NEWS FOR THE TEACHERS.—The Union Herald says: The Treasurer informs us that he will be able to pay during this month two-thirds of the school money due the various counties under the recent appointment made by Superintendent J. K. Jilison.

Railroad Meeting.

A large and enthusiastic meeting in the interest of the Blue Ridge Railroad was held at Anderson, S. C., on 30th ult. A number of influential and representative men from the several sections interested, namely, Tennessee, North Carolina, Georgia, and South Carolina met in convention, whose object was to elect permanent officers. The convention was called to order by Col. R. A. Thompson, of Walhalla.

Then followed an enrollment of the names of delegates; after which, on motion of J. A. Hoyt, a committee of five was appointed: Messrs. J. A. Hoyt, of Anderson, S. C.; W. L. Love, of Franklin, N. C.; R. I. Wilson, of Tennessee; Geo. R. Walker, of Charleston, S. C.; R. E. Cannon, of Rabun, Georgia.

PERMANENT OFFICERS.

After an absence of twenty minutes, the committee returned, and reported the following officers, who were unanimously elected:

President—Col. J. W. Gaat, of Tennessee; vice-Presidents, J. L. Robinson, of N. C.; Maj. H. W. Cannon, of Ga.; Capt. J. M. Geer, of Tennessee; Jas. T. Welsman, and J. S. Murray, of S. C.; Secretaries—W. W. Humphreys, J. W. Livingston, and John W. Daniels, Col.

Col. Thompson called the President elect to the chair, Col. Gaat, who, on assuming the chair, made an appropriate address. He then called for the report of committees. The standing committees asked to be allowed until next morning to submit their written report; it was granted.

Mr. Hoyt offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That a committee of seven be appointed from the several States represented to report to this Convention upon the condition and future prospects of the Blue Ridge Railroad.

The following is the committee appointed under this resolution: Prof. C. D. Smith and Dr. W. Love, N. C.; Col. R. I. Wilson and W. G. McAdoo, Tenn.; Col. H. W. Cannon, Ga.; and Messrs. G. R. Walker and J. A. Hoyt, S. C. The President and Mr. Louis Zimmer wore, upon motion, added to the committee.

The different committees made their reports, and sundry resolutions were adopted, all looking to the completion of the Blue Ridge Railroad, after which, the President returning thanks, declared the Convention adjourned to meet in Charleston on the 25th day of May next.

The Columbia municipal election which was held on the 4th, resulted in the election of Mr. John Agnew for Mayor of the city. The Stansley ticket, which more than any other represented the different classes and interests of the city, we think ought to have been elected. A very large number of white citizens failed to vote.

WHAT IT MEANS.—The call for the organization of the Democracy at this time means a return to the stronghold of the constitution and combined strength and organized effort in its defense. It means, further, a declaration of war against the "Ring." It is made not without hope that our honest efforts for the welfare of the State and all contained therein will command the confidence and support of the good and true of all parties and races.—Gen. Brattons address.

The Mansion House, in Columbia, a popular hotel, was closed on 3d inst., having proved a financial failure. Mrs. Brazzaele, the proprietor, will re-open her establishment in Greenville at an early day.

CAPTURE OF STOLEN PROPERTY.—One Henry Hopkins, a notorious colored thief of the city, has been raiding upon citizens living between this place and Union Court House, as well as in Greenville. Capt. J. G. Grier and constable White were apprised of his performances in Spantenburg, where he raided upon Col. Bobo and others, and yesterday made a descent upon his cabin in Buck Town, and found three or four hundred dollars worth of goods, such as jewelry, grindstones rakes, clothing, peas and corn, and a wagon and mule. The wagon and mule were stolen from a party, near Spantenburg. The goods are in possession of the officers, but Henry Hopkins managed to make his escape, but is being pursued vigorously.—Greenville News.

Thirty four governments will be represented at Philadelphia.

Acid Phosphate.

If the farmers wish to have a cheap and powerful fertilizer, we would, from our knowledge of the chemical constituents, say to them that the acid phosphate, when manipulated and thoroughly mixed with barn-yard manure, cotton seed, or in fact with any animal or vegetable matter, forms a superior fertilizer. The excess of sulphuric acid contained in the acid phosphate rapidly decomposes either barn-yard manure or cotton seed, and at the same time this acid seizes and retains in a soluble but solid form all the ammonia evolved by the decomposition. This ammonia, as is well known, is the great food and stimulant of all kinds of crops. Hence, as the acid phosphate is cheaper than other guanos, a superior fertilizer is in the reach of every farmer, and at far less cost. It enables the farmer to utilize his cotton seed and barn-yard manures; and, furthermore, the acid it contains so thoroughly pulverizes the barn-yard manures that they are more easily handled and applied—equally as easy to be distributed as the impalpable commercial fertilizer. By this process every farmer could make immense quantities of a very superior fertilizer, at comparatively small costs. The sulphate of ammonia, which is formed in great quantities from the decomposition of barn-yard manures and cotton seed, sulphuric acid being present, is a powerful fertilizer, as is well known by all chemist. Ammonia is a volatile alkali; and, if there is no acid present to seize and combine with it, it escapes as soon as it is generated from the decomposing animal and vegetable matter. By mixing this acid phosphate with stable manure, the escape of the ammonia is entirely prevented—a result to be secured by all possible means.

Greenville Trial

1. That on the 27th day of May, 1865, Wm. E. Earle, disguised as a United States officer, leading a band of raiders, stole from John Dill, living in this County, a horse, never returning it, nor in any way paying for it.

2. That the same band of raiders, of which Earle was the leader, proceeded the same night to the house of a man named Crane, 65 years old, and whipped him unmercifully.

3. That in January, 1868, John Henry Earle, the brother of Wm. E. Earle, committed robbery in Anderson County by stealing from one S. J. King \$36 in currency, while sleeping in the same room with him. The money was found on his person, Wm. E. Earle, then a magistrate of Greenville County, compounded a felony by compromising with King, paying \$100 to discontinue the prosecution against his brother.

It is always thus, when a member of a once honored family sinks so low in his political status as to associate with alien thieves and ignomias and assist them in robbing, disgracing and oppressing the people of his native State. There was a time when the name of Earle was the synonym of truth; but, alas! what a terrible blow it has received by the defection of some of its descendants who have embraced Radicalism for the purpose of obtaining office.—Union Times.

A large Catamount was killed by a colored man (Hodge Thompson) about three miles below Greenville, on Reedy river, says the Greenville News, during the recent snow fall.—Hodge, with his dogs, tried the "critter," and conferred together how they should get him. The "perps promised to take care of him if Hodge would dislodge him. Whereupon, Hodge having no gun at hand, "fetched" him with a rock, and the dogs dispatched him.

The prospects of the English iron trade are gloomy.

Pickens Prices Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY W. T. McFALL.

Cotton per pound, packed.	11 1/2 @ 11 3/4
Cotton per pound, seed.	4c
Bacon per pound.	16 1/2
Lard per pound.	20c
Pork per pound.	10c
Corn per bushel.	75c
Wheat per bushel.	\$1.50
Flour per barrel.	\$8 @ \$10
Apples, Dried, per bushel.	\$1.00
Apples, Green, per bushel.	\$1.00
Peas per bushel.	90c
Butter per pound.	16 @ 20c
Beef per pound.	5 @ 6c
Beeswax, per pound.	25c
Tallow, per pound.	6 1/2c
Chickens, per head.	15c
Hides, Dried per pound.	12 1/2c
Hides, Green, per pound.	6c
Eggs, per dozen.	10c
Feathers, per bushel.	\$1.00
Feathers, per pound.	50c
Wool, per pound.	40c

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A FINE LINE

OF

DRY GOODS,
AND NOTIONS AT

McFALL'S,

HATS—LADIES', MISSES', AND GENTS, at prices to suit the times.

At McFALL'S.
 BOOTS AND SHOES.
 Good and Cheap.

At McFALL'S.
 CROCKERY, TIN AND HARDWARE. Prices WAY DOWN.

At McFALL'S.
 FANCY & FAMILY GROCERIES.

At McFALL'S.
 DRUGS AND MEDICINES. Pure and genuine—will cure the sick and make the well feel better. Try me—Don't be backward—but ask for what you want.

Respectfully,
 W. T. McFALL.
 March 30, 1876 30

Sheriff's Sales.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.
 PICKENS COUNTY.

Z. Smith Plaintiff, vs. James A. Boggs, Defendant.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed, I will sell to the highest bidder, at Pickens Court House on Saleday in May next, One tract of Land situate in Pickens County, on branch-waters of 18 Mile Creek, adjoining lands of S. W. Clayton, Mrs. Fielden, Moore and others, containing 290 acres, more or less. Levied on as the property of James A. Boggs, at the suit of Z. Smith. TERMS CASH.—Purchasers to pay extra for titles.

J. RILEY FERGUSON, s.p.c. ap 13, 1876 32

SHERIFF'S SALES.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.
 COUNTY OF PICKENS.

Martha A. Steele and Susan M. Alexander Plaintiffs, vs. D. M. Alexander, Adm'r—L. N. Robins, Executor, Defendants.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed, I will sell to the highest bidder, before the Court House door, at Pickens C. H., on Saleday in May next, One tract of Land, situate in Pickens County, on Mile Creek, waters of Keowee River, containing 200 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of L. N. Robins and others. Levied on as the property of Hardin Price, deceased, at the suit of M. A. Steele and Susan M. Alexander. TERMS CASH. Purchasers to pay extra for papers.

J. RILEY FERGUSON, s.p.c. ap 13, 1876 32

NOTICE

ALL parties having claims against the Firm of E. H. Griffin & Bro. are required to present them before me on or by the 28th instant, or be barred, and those indebted to said firm must pay the same by that time, or pay the costs of a suit. J. C. GRIFFIN, Survivor. ap 13, 1876 32

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Edward F. Allgood and Samuel J. Hester, Executors of the Estate of T. A. Rodgers, has this day applied to me for leave to make a Final Settlement of said Estate, and to be discharged therefrom; the same will be heard at my office at Pickens Court House, on Thursday, the 11th day of May next. I. H. PHILPOT, J.P.E.C. ap 13, 1876 32

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DRY-GOODS!

I WOULD AGAIN RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the public to my well selected and assorted stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY-GOODS, consisting of DRY & FANCY GOODS, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES, Gents' Clothing Made a Specialty. GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &C.

All of which I will sell cheap for cash.

I am still Agent for the "EUREKA" FERTILIZER, one of the best in the market. Price payable in cotton at 15c. 1st Nov., \$60.00 per ton. Price payable in currency 1st Nov., \$55.00 per ton. Price payable in cash on delivery, \$47.50 per ton. Freight \$6.00 per ton, to be added to this point, and must be paid in cash. Last but not least, let me impress it upon those who are due me on account for 1875, that I need the money and MUST HAVE SETTLEMENTS. Pay up at once and favor me as I favored you. M. W. FORD.

EASLEY STATION, S. C.
 Feb 17, 1876 24

COME ALL!

EASLEY STATION, S. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED FIRM (SUCCESSORS TO T. W. RUSSELL) have opened out business at Easley Station, A. L. R. R., and propose to keep a first class stock of

Dry-Goods and Groceries,

Which they propose to sell at bottom prices, as the following prices indicate: Factory Yarn, \$1.20 per bunch. 7-8 Shirting, 8 cents per yard. 3-4 Shirting, 64 cents per yard. Liverpool Salt, \$1.65 per sack. Sugars, 9 to 10 pounds to the dollar. Rio Coffee, best, 4 lbs to the dollar. Good Tobacco, at 65 cents per lb. Flour, Family, \$7 00 per barrel. C. R. Baltimore Bacon, 13 cents per pound.

All other things in proportion. Always in the Corn and Cotton Market; and other produce taken in exchange for Goods.

Guanos of the best on hand. Call and examine before purchasing. Respectfully, RUSSELL, MARTIN & CO., March 2, 1876 26

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from active practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India Missionary the formula of a simple Vegetable remedy, for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung affections, also a Positive and Radical Cure for Nervous Debility and Nervous Complaints, after having thoroughly tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, feels it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a conscientious desire to relieve human suffering, he will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, this recipe, with full directions for preparing and successfully using. Sent by return mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. Dr. W. C. BRVMS, Munroe Block, Syracuse, N. Y.

EASLEY HOTEL.

THIS POPULAR HOUSE is conveniently located to the Depot; Rooms well furnished and the table supplied with the best in the market. Board reasonable. Conveyance furnished to Table Rock, Caesar's Head, or any other point which parties may wish to visit. CLYDE & MOTES, Proprietors. Mar '76, 1876 30 600