

D. F. BRADLEY, Editor and Proprietor.

Terms of Subscription.

One Year \$1 50
Six Months 75

Advertising Rates.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of \$1 00 per square, of (9) nine lines, or less, for the first insertion, and 50 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Contracts made for three, six or twelve months, on favorable terms.

Advertisements not having the number of insertions marked on them, will be published until for and charged accordingly.

These terms are so simple any child may understand them. Nine lines is a square—one inch. In every instance we charge by the space occupied, as eight or ten lines can be made to occupy four or five squares, as the advertiser may wish, and is charged by the space.

Advertisers will please state the number of squares they wish their advertisements to make.

Business men who advertise to be benefited, will bear in mind that the SENTINEL has a large and increasing circulation, and is taken by the very class of persons whose trade they desire.

PICKENS C. H., S. C.

Thursday, March 16, 1876.

Editorial Correspondence.

COLUMBIA, S. C., March 10, 1876.

Dear Sentinel: The Legislature having recess last week, I did not write a letter for your columns, as there was nothing of interest to lay before your readers.

The Senate went into the impeachment trial of Montgomery Moses Tuesday, with a large array of counsel for the defence, consisting of Messrs. Campbell, of Charleston; Rion, of Winnsboro; Yeomans, of Columbia, and Johnson and Baxter of Newberry. The managers on the part of the House to conduct the impeachment, consists of Messrs. Elliott, Wallace, Meetze, Couch, Barnwell and Bampfield. Elliott opened for the prosecution, and made a very strong arraignment. The counsel wrangled for two days over the mode of procedure, and are making very slow progress. The House, by request of the Senate, has been attending the sitting of the impeachment court. Each day at 12:30, the Clerk of the Senate appears before the House and informs it that the "Senate is now ready to proceed with the impeachment of Montgomery Moses, Judge of the 7th Judicial Circuit of South Carolina." The House resolves itself into a Committee of the Whole, forms in line and marches to the Senate chamber, when the members take seats prepared specially for them outside the bar. Here, some of them remain a while, but a large majority repair to their boarding house, peanut stands, bar-rooms, or somewhere else and do not return to take part in the important legislation of the country. The consequence is, that when the House returns to its chamber, there is no quorum, and the only thing that can be done is to adjourn, the result of which is, that scarcely anything of consequence in the way of legislation is being done. Really there is no necessity for the House to remain in session any longer, and it might adjourn—go home, and leave the Senate in session to dispose of the impeachment case.

A resolution to investigate the official conduct of Solicitor Buttz, of the first Circuit, with a view to his impeachment, has passed the House.

A circular, containing fifteen charges against Judge Mackey has been laid on the desks of the members of the House, and a committee to investigate is, I understand, to be appointed, and if the charges are substantiated, he is the next official to be impeached. You would not have room to publish these charges were I to give them here, but I will say that they are of a much graver character in some respects than those brought against Moses. But I do not know that there is any truth in them, or that parties can be found to swear to them as was the case on the charges against Moses. Mackey had laid upon the desks of the members this morning, a circular, denying each and every charge brought against him, and characterizing them as malicious and slanderous, concluding (which I think a little singular) by asking this Legislature not to appoint a committee to investigate him. His reasons for making this singular request is, he says, on account of the motives which prompted the individual who got them up. His accuser, he says, is Yeocum, the County Treasurer of Fairfield County, and a man of bad character, who is guilty of malfeasance and theft in office, and is to be indicted and

tried in his court at Chester next week. This, he claims to be a dodge of Yeocum's, to shield him from prosecution and conviction. Gov. Chamberlain has taken Mackey on his shoulders, and proposes, I presume, to carry him through. The members of the bar in Mackey's Circuit, I am informed, are very generally opposed to his impeachment, while they do not approve of many of his official acts. How the matter will terminate it is hard to conjecture at this time. As I before stated, not much legislation is being perfected.

The House to day, passed a concurrent resolution, almost unanimously, to adjourn sine die, on the 17th inst., but it will doubtless receive the same fate when it reaches the Senate, that all similar resolutions have received at the hands of that body—an indefinite postponement.

The usury bill came up in the House to day, and two sections of it received a second reading. It will evidently pass the House, but I have but little hope for it in the Senate.

Some time since, some colored people in Edgefield County, who perhaps had been guilty of bad conduct in the community, were taken up by some rash men and pretty severely dealt with. No doubt the parties violated the law, but the opportunity to make a little cheap Radical capital, and wave the bloody-shirt, was too good to be lost by the colored Solons of the Legislature. A great deal was made over the matter, and the House went into Committee of the Whole, to consider it. It was amusing, as well as disgusting, to see how eager some of them were to speak upon the question, and gravely inform their less informed brethren, that we were just on the eve of a "tremendous" struggle, and that the Ku Klux miscreants had already offered rewards for their assassination, because they were prominent leaders in their County, in order to carry the next election, and how great danger their precious carcasses were in—the Edgefield affair was only a premonitory symptom of what they might expect during the coming campaign. Davis, of Charleston, the "independent and coalition" member, "and the bloody-shirt man of the House worked himself up to the highest pitch, and made one of the most inflammatory and incendiary speeches I ever heard fall from the lips of any one. He said that—"One drop of the blood of his people," (the negroes,) was worth every dwelling house, cotton gin, and barn in the State, and he advised his people to apply the torch without hesitation. Why he should advise this course, in face of the fact that the parties charged with committing the whipping have surrendered and given bond for their appearance at court, is easily enough explained, when the bad teachings of the negro by such men as have been their leaders since reconstruction is taken into consideration, and together with the slim chances they know they have of carrying the next election. They know they have a desperate case, and it needs a desperate remedy. The idea of March will soon be here, then there will be a general reckoning and shaking among the dry bones. The developments made in Washington by a Democratic Congress in the last few days is only an earnest of what they expect when the Democracy is enthroned in this State. The National Government is corrupt from head to foot, and the whole body is a mass of corruption, and South Carolina is only one of the limbs which is thoroughly impregnated from the body, and when the body has become so thoroughly putrid that it falls to pieces, of course the limb falls with it. This is plainly foreseen by the Radical ring-masters—hence their desperate efforts. If our people will only be true to themselves, rise up like men and assert their manhood, they need not fear the results. The young men of the country must come to the front, and all old political hacks who favor coalition, and never had but one political idea in their heads—and that was to rule and be looked up to—must be laid on the shelf, and give room for men of energy and practical common sense. Until this is done, we can hardly hope to succeed. When it is done our course is clear, and we have nothing to do but push forward to success. I have already written more than I expected when I started, and must now close for this week. B.

The Democratic party in Columbia passed a resolution that every Democrat be required to abide by the action of the party.

No Laggards. Next Saturday the Pickens Democratic club meets in the Court House at 8 P. M. All persons who have any political faith in the Democratic party, and who desire an honest and economical administration of public affairs, are cordially invited to come forward and register their names to the constitution, and thereby show themselves worthy of the freedom, purchased by their ancestors. The Democracy of South Carolina, in no election since the war, have shown themselves an undivided unit. By division and a want of organized action, they have signally failed. Let the Democracy be organized and ready for any emergency that may arise. Organization is the life-blood of political parties in our day. Republicanism has ever been thoroughly organized through its Union Leagues, and this has been the secret of its success in the past. The Democracy can hope to succeed only by a counter-organization and by the honesty and purity of its political heart. We must "fight fire with fire," if we hope ever to secure a victory at the polls.

The entire rottenness and irremediable corruption of the Republican party is daily becoming more manifest. The very air that we breathe seems, as it were, tainted with its utter corruption; and dishonesty in the highest officials in the General Government is beginning to display itself as never before in the history of this country, and unless something be done to stop this avalanche of political dishonesty in the public service, the Government both National and State will be utterly ruined. There is no reformation in the Republican party. The people have patiently waited for fourteen years, but have waited in vain. To day it is worse than ever before. And were it not for the Democratic victories in the Northern and Western States two years ago—giving a Democratic majority in the House, the recent unearthing of the villainies in the President's Cabinet, would not now be brought to light. These are the results of Democratic success thus far. There seems to be only one prominent idea uppermost in a Republican official, and that is, how much public money he can extort from the people—the generality of them, how much he can steal. And when he is detected, he goes scott free—the other officials covering up his crimes, and allowing him a loop hole through which he may escape. The fact is,—a notorious and undisputed fact, the roguery and dishonesty of public officials both in national and State affairs, is a crying shame and a national disgrace to the American people.

The Democratic party are determined to carry the State at the next election. We have been imposed upon at each election in the past, but never again should we quietly allow the Democracy to be beaten by taking side issues. Let the party organize thoroughly, and come down in solid phalanx upon the harpies at the next election; and to be ready to do this, let every good citizen respond by registering his name in the nearest Democratic club. Every good citizen is expected to take a deep and unswerving interest in these organizations. There is much to do, and every man is justly expected to do his whole duty to his County and State.

Sign the Roll.—All persons who desire to enroll their names as Democrats, are notified that Mr. W. T. McFall, Secretary of the Pickens Democratic Club, will take pleasure in enrolling all who call on him for that purpose. Come forward and register your names, and be white men and cling no longer to a rotten putrifying mass of moral and political corruption, whose whole soul and heart is a cesspool of all political iniquities and moral defections—a national disgrace before the world.

We print on our first page this week several pieces containing the developments of official rascality at Washington.

Abbeville has a fire extinguisher.

Abbeville is organizing the straight-out Democracy. Her people are in earnest. So should all good citizens everywhere.

Some of the darkies in Anderson refuse to work for parties belonging to Democratic clubs. There are two sides to every issue, and the "longest pole knocks down the perpendicular."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE

An Election will be held on MONDAY, the 21st day of April next, for Intendant and Four Wardens, for the Town of Pickens, for the ensuing year.

J. H. CARLISLE, Intendant. W. M. HAGOOD, Clerk.

Candidates On Dry Ticket.

D. F. BRADLEY, Intendant. WARDENS: W. A. LESLEY, John L. Thornley, Alonzo M. Folger, W. T. McFall.

March 16, 1876 28 3

Notice!

GENTLEMEN, come up and SETTLE. If you don't, look out. No excuse hereafter. A word to the wise is sufficient.

DR. A. J. ANDERSON, ALSO, All persons indebted to Drs. A. J. Anderson & Son will call and settle.

A. J. ANDERSON & SON. March 16, 1876 28 4

FINAL SETTLEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mathew Mansell, Administrator of the Estate of Godfrey Mauldin has this day applied to me for leave to make a Final Settlement of said Estate and a discharge therefrom, and the same will be heard at my office at Pickens Court House on Monday, 17th day of April next.

I. H. PHILPOT, J. P. P. C. March 16, 1876 28 4

FINAL SETTLEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that Lucy H. Brock, Administratrix of the Estate of W. C. Brock, has this day applied to me for leave to make a Final Settlement of said Estate and a discharge therefrom, and the same will be heard at my office, at Pickens Court House on Monday, 17th day of April next.

I. H. PHILPOT, J. P. P. C. March 16, 1876 28 4

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. PICKENS COUNTY.

By virtue of an order from Hon. T. H. Cooke, Judge of the 8th Judicial Circuit, I will sell before the Court House door at Pickens, S. C., on Saturday in April next, the following Property to wit:

Two Hundred and Twenty-five Acres more or less, situate in Pickens County, on Twelve Mile River, adjoining lands of the Estates of Martha Parrott, deceased, R. Y. H. Griffin, deceased, and others. Sold as the property of E. H. Griffin, Jr., deceased, for payment of debts and partition.

TERMS—One-half cash, and the balance on a credit until the 1st of December next; credit portion to be secured by a note with two good securities, and a mortgage of the premises. Purchasers to receive the rents for the present year.

ALSO, The Mill Place, containing Ten Acres more or less, bounded by lands of W. A. Lesley.—On this place is a good Mill, a Cotton Gin and other machinery. This Mill is within one mile of the Court House, and is a valuable place. Sold as the property of E. H. Griffin & Brother, for partition and payment of debts.

TERMS—One-fourth cash, and the remainder on a credit until the 1st of December next; credit portion to be secured by a note with two good securities, and a mortgage of the property.

ALSO, By virtue of an order from I. H. Philpot, Judge of Probate for Pickens County, I will sell at the same place, and on the same day, One Lot of Land in the Town of Pickens, on the corner of Main and Ann streets, fronting Fifty Feet on Main and One Hundred Feet on Ann street. Sold as the property of E. H. Griffin, Jr., deceased, for payment of debts and partition. This Lot is nearly opposite the Court House, and the most desirable Lot for a store in town.

TERMS—One-fourth cash, and the remainder on a credit until the 1st of December next; credit portion to be secured by a note with two good securities, and a mortgage of the premises. Purchasers to pay for titles to the above lands.

I will also sell for cash, the following property belonging to the Firm of E. H. Griffin & Brother, to wit:

The Running Gear of a Sash Saw Mill, comparatively new and complete, except the Saw. Also, the Running Gear of a Grist Mill.

J. RILEY FERGUSON, S. P. C. March 16, 1876 18 3

GUANO!

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY call the attention of their friends to the fact, that, in addition to their

Stock of General Merchandise,

Which is always full in its varied branches. They have on hand a quantity of different Standard Fertilizers, at the following prices:

Bradley's Ammoniated Phosphate.

Cash Price, \$45 00 Time Price, payable in Currency, 61 00 Time Price payable in Middling Cotton, at 15 cents, 60 00

Atlantic Phosphate.

Cash Price, \$44 00 Time Price, payable in Currency, 50 00 Time Price, payable in Middling Cotton at 15 cents, 65 00

Mapes Phosphate.

Cash Price, \$48 00 Time Price, payable in Currency, 53 00

Wileox & Gibbs' Manipulated Guano.

Cash Price, \$55 00 Time Price, payable in Middling Cotton, at 17 cents, 70 00 Freight to be added from Factory, and payable in CASH. All time sales to be closed by note, due 1st day of November next.

Respectfully, HUDGENS & BOLT. Easley, S. C., Feb. 23, 1876 26

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DRY-GOODS!

I WOULD AGAIN RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the public to my well selected and assorted stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY-GOODS

consisting of DRY & FANCY GOODS, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

Gents' Clothing Made a Specialty.

GROCERIES,

HARDWARE, & C.

All of which I will sell cheap for cash.

I am still Agent for the "EUREKA" FERTILIZER, one of the best in the market.

Price payable in cotton at 15c. 1st Nov., \$60.00 per ton.

Price payable in currency 1st Nov., \$55.00 per ton.

Price payable in cash on delivery, \$47.50 per ton.

Freight \$6.00 per ton, to be added to this point, and must be paid in cash.

Last but not least, let me impress it upon those who are due me on account for 1875, that I need the money and MUST HAVE SETTLEMENTS. Pay up at once and favor me as I favored you.

M. W. FORD.

EASLEY STATION, S. C.

Feb 17, 1876 24 1

COME ALL!

EASLEY STATION, S. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED FIRM (SUCCESSORS TO T. W. RUSSELL) have opened out business at Easley Station, A. L. R. R., and propose to keep a first class stock of

Dry-Goods and Groceries,

Which they propose to sell at bottom prices, as the following prices indicate:

Factory Yarn, \$1.20 per bunch. 7-8 Shirting, 8 cents per yard. 3-4 Shirting, 6 1/2 cents per yard. Liverpool Salt, \$1.65 per sack.

Sugars, 9 to 10 pounds to the dollar. Rio Coffee, best, 4 lbs to the dollar. Good Tobacco, at 65 cents per lb. Flour, Family, \$7 00 per barrel. C. R. Baltimore Bacon, 13 cents per pound.

All other things in proportion. Always in the Corn and Cotton Market, and other produce taken in exchange for Goods.

Guanos of the best on hand. Call and examine before purchasing.

Respectfully, RUSSELL, MARTIN & CO., March 2, 1876 26

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS!

AT EASLEY STATION, S. C.

The undersigned have opened a House in Easley, near their Livery Stable, for the purpose of conducting a fancy and heavy

GROCERY BUSINESS.

Under the Firm, name and style of RICHEY & WYATT. They guarantee bottom prices, as they intend selling strictly for cash. Give them a call.

H. A. RICHEY, A. G. WYATT. Easley, Nov 22, 1875 13 4

Notice.

WILL be sold at Pickens Court House on Saturday in April next, A LOT OF LAND in the town of Pickens, known in the Plat of the Town as Lot No. 11. Sold as the property of E. H. Griffin, Sr., deceased.

TERMS CASH—Purchaser to pay extra for titles.

ALSO, On the same day, we will sell all the Notes and Accounts appraised worthless, due said Estate.

S. D. KEITH, J. A. GRIFFIN, J. C. GRIFFIN, Adm'rs. March 2, 1876 26 5

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Southern Home.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNGLADIES.

Greenville St., Anderson, S. C.

Principals, Mrs. J. Y. MOORE, Mrs. S. Y. ROBINSON, Miss L. BUTLER, Music Ther.

FIRST Session commencing the 4th of January, 1876.

TERMS PER SESSION OF 3 MONTHS, for all the Higher Branches, including French Latin and Greek, and Mathematics \$15 00 Intermediate Classes 12 00 Primary Classes 8 00 Music 20 00 Sewing and Painting 20 00 and per month, exclusive of cashing and lights 12 50 Parties boarding with principals will receive tuition free for one son. For further information, address Mrs. J. MOORE, Anderson, S. C. March, 1876 4

SHERIFF'S NOTICE.

TAX EXECUTORS.

THE Treasurer has lodged my office, a number of Tax Executives which by law, I am required to levy.

Parties will please call and save further costs and inconvenience J. RILEY FERRON, S. P. C. March 9, 1876 4

SHERIFF'S LES.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. COUNTY OF PICKENS.

By virtue of an execution directed, I will sell before the Court House door, at Pickens, S. C., on Saturday next, the following property, to wit: One Hundred acres, more or less, situate in Pickens County, on Weaver's Creek, waters of Ooleney River, adjoining lot of Levied on as the property of A. Howard, vs. W. S. Kicksy, Adm'rator of James Keith, Deceased.

TERMS CASH. Purch to pay extra for papers. J. RILEY FERRON, S. P. C. Mar. 9, 1876 4

It is Found as!

SOMETHING NEW UNDER SUN.—A new era is dawning upon the woman. Hitherto she has been called a sufferer the ill of mankind and how besides.—The frequent and distressing irregularities peculiar to her sex have been to her the "direful spring of woe numbered."—In the mansion of the rich in the hotel of poverty alike woman has been the constant yet patient victim of a third ill unknown to man—and these with remedy. "Oh Lord, how long!" in thy mercy, O God, hasten to her relief. But not hour of her redemption is come. She suffers no more, for Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator—Woman's Best Friend—for sale by all respectable Druggists throughout the land at \$1.50 per bottle. In every column of this newspaper will be for some interesting particulars concerning Female Regulator and other information of importance to woman.

NEAR MARHETTA, March 21, 1876. Messrs. Wm. Root Sons.—About one year ago I bought a box of Bradfield's Female Regulator from you, for one of my daughters who had been suffering with suppressed menses for some time. I have had several physicians attend, but met with no success until I was enabled to buy a bottle of the Regulator, and the very thing for which it is recommended. She is now in perfect health. I hope suffering females will at least try one bottle and have health again. Very respectfully D. DOBBINS. March 9, 1876 27 4

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to S. D. Keith, Clerk of the Court, for a Charter (commencing from day) for the Mechanical Union at East Station, South Carolina, February 29, 1876.

O. I. C. SMITH, President, P. WEECHIE, Vice-President, J. COX, Sec'y & Treasurer. March 2, 1876 26 4

ZYKALZYO!

We are now prepared to furnish permanent situations for a large number of persons, male and female who are "Out of Work!" Particulars sent free on application. Address, with stamp, Southern Co-operative Co., Nashville, Tenn.

ZYKALZYO!

Homestead and Exemption.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Nancy C. Stewart, widow of A. J. Stewart, deceased, has made application to me, to have a Homestead set off to her, out of the Estate of said deceased, and that I will pass upon the same at my office in the Court House at Pickens, South Carolina, on Wednesday, April 5th, A. D. 1876, at 11 o'clock, a. m.

I. H. PHILPOT, J. P. P. C. Feb 17, 1876 24 6

Homestead and Exemption.

NOTICE is hereby given, that O. H. C. Smith, of Pickens County, South Carolina, has applied to me for Homestead and Exemption in the Real Estate and Personal Property of the said O. H. C. Smith; and that I will pass upon the same at my office in the Court House at Pickens, South Carolina, on Monday, April 3d, A. D. 1876, at 11 a. m.

I. H. PHILPOT, J. P. P. C. Feb 17, 1876 24 6

E. J. POTTER, M. D.

EASLEY STATION, S. C.

GRADUATE of a regular chartered school. The Dr. will respond to all calls with dispatch. All cases strictly confidential. Private diseases treated in all their varied forms, with the errors of youth and the diseases of women and children.

Jan 6, 1876 18 3m

ISAAC M. BRYAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

GREENVILLE C. H., S. C.

Practices in Courts of Pickens County, and in United States Courts