

SOME LEGISLATIVE MATTERS.

Senator Shelor Begins a Resume of Work in Assembly.

To the People of Oconee:
The 1919 session of the General Assembly has ended after a forty-seven days' session, and your Representatives are again at home among you, with some kind of record behind them. An account of their stewardship seems now in order. There is probably some virtue in our conduct as Representatives, and most likely many mistakes. Human nature is prone to err; mistakes are incident to human conduct. If such are intentional or corrupt, there should be no pardon, but if honest, then I am sure a generous public will not too severely condemn.

Your Senator, at least, is now ready to give a reason for the faith that is in him and for the motive that prompted him in his every action. As he sees it now, he has no act for which to apologize, as he is conscious of the fact that every move made by him was prompted by a supreme desire to further the best interests of a generous public who reposed such complete confidence in him as was shown by the great majority of people in nominating him as Oconee's Senator. Your Senator submerged every other consideration in a supreme effort to serve the State and her whole people in a fair and equitable effort to benefit all without hurting any, and to this end has advocated and voted for many measures and opposed and voted against many others. He has no apology to make for his advocacy or vote, and when his motives and actions become known, he feels assured the people will approve his every move, because he has consulted their very best interests and has not in a single instance played politics or corruptly followed the lead of any man to their hurt. Every measure advocated has been with the sole purpose of making the people more prosperous, contented and happy, and the county a better country in which to live.

I, as your Senator, desire that you know all my acts and purposes, and to this end I am going, in a few articles in The Keowee Courier, to give you a statement of what I have undertaken to do as your representative and striven to prevent being done, and just leave it to my constituency to judge me, whether I was right or not, and whether the insinuations thrown at me were just and fair.

In the first place, it was my desire to build a road across the county to demonstrate what good roads would do for a progressive people; and to this end I selected the road that would cost the least money to build and at the same time accommodate the greatest number of people. The road selected, to-wit, from Salem to Knox's Bridge, would have furnished a graded road for more than half the voters in Oconee county, to every market in the county, and would have taken to build it very little more than it takes to keep up the roads as now located. The road would have given a graded road to Seneca, Westminster and Walhalla from the following points: Salem, Tamassese, Oconee Station, Oconee Creek, Ebenezer, Wolf Stake, New Hope, Return, Cross Roads (Tokeena), Townville, Oakway, South Union, Fair Play, and all that part of the county lying to the south of South Union; and all this I calculated could be achieved with less than ten thousand dollars. The bill to accomplish this I introduced in the Senate, and it was killed by our delegation in the House, to my great disappointment and regret. The excuse for killing the bill, as one of our delegation in the House gave it to me, was "because I had planned the whole thing in my office before we went down." In the same bill was a provision for the repair of the Stumphouse Mountain road, which is now impassable; and this bill died in the House with the other provisions. We have never stood in greater need of good roads than we do right now. We badly need roads from the farms to the markets, and while so many of the political leaders are now striving to put through a bill to tax all the people and automobiles to build a road

LEMON JUICE IS FRECKLE REMOVER.

Girls! Make this cheap beauty lotion to clear and whiten your skin.

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles and blemishes disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless.—adv.

from Court House towns to Court House towns (a bill for which our Mr. McDonald, after voting against our own good roads bill, voted for), I stood pat for roads from the farms to the markets first. For years our county authorities have been scraping the dirt in the roads, where the very first rain that comes carries it into the streams. I felt sure that this practice of waste should be abandoned and a system of a permanent nature and of special benefit to those of our people who make the bread and meat for the world should be adopted first, and then roads for joy-riders provided if desired. I gave all this serious consideration, and concluded that the only way to give our people the roads which they so much need and desire was to allow them the privilege of voting bonds with which to grade and drain their own roads; and to this end I introduced a bill submitting the question of issuing the bonds, for the building of such roads, to the people for their decision. I held a consultation with the House members about this bill, and they, or one of them, suggested that we put over the bond issue without submitting the same to any vote at all, to which I replied: "Never; a satisfied people is worth more than the money. I'll never put bonds on my people without their consent." After consulting over the matter we all concluded that we would put the bill through, and that as we were going to put a tax on property, a higher commutation tax should be imposed. I had introduced the bill for a bond issue, and Mr. McDonald introduced a bill to raise the commutation road tax to two dollars and a half, and he made it a crime not to pay this tax. We separated with the understanding that we would put these bills through. On motion of Mr. McDonald, the bond bill was killed in the House, but nevertheless, after he had killed the bond bill he introduced the commutation road tax, and when it came over to the Senate I attended its funeral without much ceremony.

I also introduced a bill to provide for an advisory board to the Supervisor, to be composed of two of the best men in the county, and provided that no expensive work should be entered upon without the approval of this board, composed of the two men above mentioned and the Supervisor. This bill became a law and is now in force. It is the only one of my attempted progressive measures to find its way through.

**The Joy Recipe!
Take Cascarets**

Regulate liver and bowels,
and sweeten the stomach—
spend 10 cents and see

Enjoy life! Straight up. Your system is filled with an accumulation of bile and bowel poison which keeps you bilious, headachy, dizzy, tongue coated, breath bad and stomach sour—Why don't you get a 10-cent box of Cascarets at the drug store and feel fine—Take Cascarets to-night and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced—Give Cascarets to children also, they taste like candy—Never give but never fail. Sick, bilious children love to take this laxative.—adv.

COLORED RACE CONFERENCE.

Will Meet This Year at Greenwood, March 25-26.

Come to Greenwood and attend the Piedmont Race Conference at Mt. Pisgah A. M. E. church and Morris Chapel Baptist church. (They are close together.)

The colored citizens of Greenwood think this is the best time to entertain the conference on account of farming interests. Notify people in ledges, churches and Sunday schools about this great conference. Governor R. A. Cooper will deliver the first address, March 25th, at 10 a. m.

It is worth walking one hundred miles to hear Mr. Woods, who speaks on the first day.

Dr. B. D. Gray, of Atlanta, Ga., will spend both days at the conference.

The first day will be devoted to the discussion of "Grievances of the Negro," "Race Relations," "Race Adjustment."

The second day will be devoted to "Evangelism." Colored and white speakers are as good as can be found in America.

Railroad accommodations in and out of Greenwood are good. If you are going, write Rev. Hemingway, Chairman, or C. R. Stuart, Chairman, Greenwood, S. C.

Richard Carroll, Columbia, S. C. Pres. S. C. Race Conference.

Piles Cured In 6 to 14 Days
Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Instantly relieves Itching Piles, and you can get restful sleep after the first application. Price 60c.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM CHINA.

Mrs. L. H. Lancaster Writes—
Formerly Miss Eliza Neville.

Some time ago The Courier received the following letter for publication. It has "lain dormant" in our office not because we did not care to publish, nor yet because we felt that it would not find many to read it with interest. We have been worked to an extent almost beyond endurance, and we know this letter would both "keep" and hold its full interest. Mrs. Lancaster's very interesting communication follows:

Letter from Missionary,
Hsuehoufu, Kt.,
September 28, 1918

Dear Friends:
So much has happened since I wrote to you last fall that I hardly know where to begin. I have studied Chinese for one year. Of course I can't talk much—in fact, not nearly as much as I would like after a year's work—but it is great to know that you can say something and that the language no longer sounds like Greek or Hebrew or some such language that you know absolutely nothing about. We stood examination in June and then still had about eight weeks of work to do in the summer before we finished our year's work. I stood my examination on the summer work two weeks before leaving Kuling, so I had two weeks free from language study.

China's New Year with its many guests, who come in to congratulate you and wish you a peaceful year, has been so long ago I won't write about it, except to say that I realized as never before that China must have four hundred million people! We went to the old Examination Halls, and I have never seen so big a crowd, and I think I can say I hope I will be spared from such a crowd again. Most of the beggars of Nanking were dead for the occasion. I mean by that, if it was possible for them to show off any deformity they did it, some of the sights most made us sick, but we realized they had done their best to look as awful as possible, hoping to get all the more money.

It was splendid being at the language school our first year of work. We were very fortunate in that we heard some very fine speakers and we met some of the biggest men of China on account of the constant special conferences that meet in Nanking. We got an idea of what the missionary work as a whole is, the breadth and extent. We wrote friends there whom we will always be glad to meet in later years.

I suppose the most of you to whom this letter goes know by now that I was married on the 14th of June to L. H. Lancaster, who is stationed here. I was very glad that I didn't have to change my station. We were married in the home of Dr. and Mrs. Price. They are perfectly lovely to us, doing everything that could be done. They took the place of our loved ones as nearly as any one could have done. It was hard to realize that I was way out here in China. About three months before we were married our engagement was announced very much like it would have been done in America. Then a few weeks later the girls in the language school gave me a shower. The night of the shower I would have thought I was in America if we had not seen the ricksha men at the gate when we went home. The home in which it was given had the most beautiful pink and red roses. We have beautiful flowers in China, just as pretty as at home. There were about 35 guests at our wedding, most of them from Nanking, and a good many of them language school students. I was very fortunate in having two of my first cousins and their wives there. We were married by Dr. Price, who was assisted by Dr. J. L. Stuart. I suppose most of you know that in China, instead of having license, the American consular has to be present. As one lives in Nanking we were able to be married at a time that suited us rather than having to suit the consular.

We left for Kuling the day after the wedding, getting to Kuling in the afternoon of the 21st. We had a most delightful trip up the Yangtze for a day and a half. The scenery is beautiful and we enjoyed it thoroughly. When we got to Kuling we got in an auto and rode across the plain for eight miles, it has just been the last two years that they have had an auto to take you across the plain. Formerly it had to be made in a chair and, of course, was very tiresome, as it was usually quite hot. When we got to the foot of the mountain we got in chairs and were carried by four men eight miles up the mountain. The scenery is as fine as any I ever saw, and it was great to get in the mountains and breathe the good, pure mountain air. I missed the bamboo trees that were so plentiful on the trip to Mokaushan. There is quite a rivalry between the people

that go to the two places, each praising his place. They are both great and are blessings to the missionaries. Kuling is more beautiful than I had imagined existed in China. The sunsets are gorgeous. We lived on Sunset Ridge and we enjoyed them more than we can say. A wide expansion of plains, with the great Yangtze and several tributaries on the west and the Panyang Lake (one of the largest in China) on the east, added much to the beauty of the scenery. The conferences held on Kuling were unusually fine. Several of the big problems of the missionaries were discussed, and I believe every one feels that they were helped greatly.

We have been in Hsuehoufu a little over two weeks. Mr. Lancaster starts into regular work this fall, having had two years of language study. I have one more year of study before I have regular work. I just long to get in the work, and will be glad when I have had two years of language so that I can. We are living with Mrs. Grier this year. There are four families here besides us, and we (I don't feel I ought to say "we," as I am not doing any of the work yet) have a boys' school, a girls' school, a men's hospital and a women's hospital, and evangelistic work is done among men and women in and out of the city. We feel that Hsuehoufu is an important city, as it is a railroad junction.

I suppose you would like to hear something about the political condition of China, but I fear that nothing which I could say would give any idea of the situation. It is said that a man who had written a book on the political condition of China had to rewrite half of it because half of it was not true by the time he had all of it written, and that he was afraid by the time he had the book printed the other half would not be true! In this part of Kiangsu Province, and in many others, armed bandits have terrorized the country people, at times even attacking trains and walled cities. It is the darkest age for China, politically, and the brightest time, spiritually. China has done, and is doing, a

good deal for the Red Cross. We observed the "drive week" last spring and we were all proud of what Nanking did. Several of the missionaries gave a month's salary and some joined as life members, besides a good many British, who took out life memberships in the American Red Cross. A great deal of work was done to show the Chinese what the Red Cross is doing and some of them gave well. A good many doctors and nurses left this summer for Siberia, and some evangelistic workers have gone. The news that we are getting now is certainly encouraging. If we could just get on German soil before winter!

I hope that you will each accept this as a personal message, and will, if you appreciate it at all, answer it, for I want to hear from you. I hope this letter will reach you nearer Christmas than the one that I wrote last year. It takes to each and all of you the old wish—"A merry Christmas and a bright New Year." From Eliza N. Lancaster.

The Strong Withstand the Winter Cold Better Than the Weak
You must have Health, Strength and Endurance to fight Colds, Grip and Influenza.

When your blood is not in a healthy condition and does not circulate properly, your system is unable to withstand the winter cold.

GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC
Fortifies the System Against Colds, Grip and Influenza by Purifying and Enriching the Blood.

It contains the well-known tonic properties of Quinine and Iron in a form acceptable to the most delicate stomach, and is pleasant to take. You can soon feel its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. 60c.

Francis E. Brown.

(Clayton, Ga., Tribune).

Francis E. Brown, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Brown, of Dillard, Ga., died in France, of wounds received in action, on September 13th, 1918.

Frank, as he was familiarly called, was one of Rabun's truest and bravest young men and was loved by all who knew him. He enlisted for army service at Norfolk, Va., on June 8th, 1917, in the National Guard, serving in first enlistment period as a carpenter. By reason of Bulletin 150, H. E. D., he was transferred to the regular army on August 2d, 1917. He was 20 years of age when he enlisted and entered from Dillard, Ga., in Company E, 116th Infantry, as first-class private, was trained at Camp McClellan, Ala., and sailed for France on June 14th, 1918.

Frank had many friends in Clayton, who were grieved to learn of his death. He attended school here in the spring of 1914. He has two other brothers now in the service—Henry Brown, who is in the Coast Artillery Corps, Fort Warden, Wash., and Harry G. Brown, in the United States Navy on ship Pittsburg.

Besides his father and mother he leaves three other brothers, Ernest, Willie and Albert, and one sister, Miss Beaula, of Dillard. He was a member of Wesley Chapel Methodist church and also a member of the Y. M. C. A. He was buried in France with military honors by the side of other American soldiers. He gave his life for the protection

EVER SALIVATED BY CALOMEL? HORRIBLE!

Calomel is Quicksilver and acts like dynamite on your liver.

Calomel loses you a day! You know what Calomel is. It's mercury; quicksilver. Calomel is dangerous. It crashes into your bile like dynamite, cramping and sickening you. Calomel attacks the bones and should never be put into your system.

When you feel bilious, sluggish, constipated and all knocked out and believe you need a dose of dangerous calomel just remember that your druggist sells for a few cents a large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone, which is entirely vegetable and pleasant to take and is a perfect substitute for calomel. It is guaranteed to start your liver without stirring you up inside, and can not sallow.

Don't take calomel! It makes you sick the next day; it loses you a day's work. Dodson's Liver Tone straightens you right up and you feel great. Give it to the children because it is perfectly harmless and doesn't gripe.—adv.

**Bake More
Save More**

More and more, thoughtful women are decreasing the cost of living by increasing the variety of their home baking. They have learned to bake the Royal way with fewer eggs. They have found that more baked foods mean less meat. They have further discovered that their baking keeps fresh longer when made with

ROYAL Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

In many recipes, only half as many eggs are required, in some none at all, if an additional quantity of Royal Baking Powder is used, about a teaspoonful in place of each egg omitted.

Try it with your favorite recipes

Royal Contains No Alum—
Leaves No Bitter Taste

of American homes, and his memory will ever be sweet to all true, patriotic Americans.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Brown, parents of the deceased young man, were formerly residents of Oconee, having moved to Georgia from the Mountain Rest section. There are many friends of the family who will regret to learn of Mr. Brown's death.

No Worms in a Healthy Child

All children troubled with worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC given regularly for two or three weeks will wash out the blood, improve the digestion, and act as a General Strengthener to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dispel the worms, and the child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take. 60c per bottle.

Pay in advance—Courier \$1 year.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

- C. L. DEAN,
- Surveyor and Civil Engineer,
- R. E. D. No. 3,
- CENTRAL, S. C.
- BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS.
- DR. W. R. CRAIG,
- Dental Surgeon.
- WALHALLA, S. CAROLINA.
- Office Over C. W. Pitchford's Store.

- MARCUS C. LONG,
- Attorney-at-Law,
- Phone No. 99, Walhalla, S. C.

- Office Over Oconee News.
- J. R. EARLE,
- Attorney-at-Law,
- WALHALLA, S. C.

- State & Federal Court Practice.
- FARM LOANS.
- BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS.

- E. L. HERNDON,
- Attorney-at-Law,
- WALHALLA, S. C.
- PHONE NO. 61.

- BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS.
- R. T. JAYNES,
- Attorney-at-Law,
- WALHALLA, S. C.

- State & Federal Court Practice.
- J. P. Carey, J. W. Shelor,
- Plekens, S. C. W. C. Hughes,
- CAREY, SHELOR & HUGHES,
- Attorneys and Counsellors,
- WALHALLA, S. C.

- State & Federal Court Practice.
- SURVEYING.

- I have purchased the entire Surveying Outfit and Implements of the late I. H. Harrison, and am prepared to do accurate Surveying. I will be subject to your call. Write or call on me.
- J. L. MOSER,
- Walhalla, S. C., Rt. No. 1.

Roofing - Repairing.

Kurfes Paints and Oil.
Gutter and Repair Work.

D. E. GOOD,
TINNER. - WALHALLA, S. C.