



By
STECK, SHEPHERD & SCHROEDER.

Communications of a personal character charged for as advertisements.

Obituary notices and tributes of respect, of not over 100 words, will be printed free of charge. All over that number must be paid for at the rate of one cent a word. Cash to accompany manuscript.

WALHALLA, S. C.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1918.

KAHN A TRUE AMERICAN.

Born in Germany, Great Financier
Now American to Core.

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 14.—Americans of German birth will not permit the blood in their veins and the call of race to go beyond the call of honor in this war, but will show their allegiance to the United States and wear as a badge of honor the abuse and spite of the few in this country who love Germany better than they love America, Otto H. Kahn, New York banker, declared in addressing a mass meeting here last night.

"It is not enough for us Americans of German birth merely to do our duty and be loyal to the United States," said Mr. Kahn. "We must speak out. Fair-minded men will understand that we are not merely blatantly patriotic in so speaking, but that we are proud to let it be known that the blood in our veins cannot drown the conscience in our breasts; that the taint of Germany is not in the blood, but in the system of rulership."

"I was born in Germany; I served in the German army. I was closely connected with German business interests until the outbreak of this war. I know Germany, and I know the real causes of this war. Thirty years ago—almost to the day—Germany began laying her plans for world conquest. The true German saw this war coming and fought against it, but there was no chance against the system."

"Germany cannot offer the Russian mobilization as an excuse. It was provoked by Berlin and was a menace only to Austria."

"I know of my personal knowledge that the stage was set for it six or seven years ago, in connection with the Agadir episode. I know that the pan-Germans meant to have a footing in South America and, once there, would have threatened and had prepared plans to threaten this very country of ours."

"In 1913 Austria planned to conquer Serbia, and so informed Italy, then her ally."

"The spirit which brought about this war was expressed by Nietzsche, a great German, who wrote, years before the war started, the following:

"You shall love peace as a means to prepare for new wars. You say that a good cause may hallow even war, but I say to you that it is a good war which hallows every cause."

"And Vorwarts, before the war started, declared:

"The Camarilla of war lords is working with absolute, unscrupulous means to carry out their fearful designs to precipitate a world war."

"Americans of German blood know that it was not the old Germany—of which we are proud—that brought about war, but the German system."

FEW CENTS DESTROYS
YOUR DANDRUFF AND
STOPS FALLING HAIR

Save Your Hair! Make It Thick,
Wavy and Beautiful—Try This!

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scourge.

There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine to-night—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter, and after the first application your hair will take on that life, lustre, and luxuriance which is so beautiful. It will become wavy and fluffy and have the appearance of abundance, an incomparable gloss and softness; but what will please you most will be after just a few weeks' use, when you will actually see a lot of fine, downy hair—new hair—growing all over the scalp, ad-

NATION HEADING TOWARD
ALARMING FOOD FAMINE.

(By Richard H. Edmonds.)

Discussing the need for increased food production, and for greatly increased food conservation, Richard H. Edmonds, editor of the Manufacturers' Record, recently said:

"This nation is heading directly toward a possible food famine of alarming proportions, and as our success in the war will depend upon food it is vitally important that our people should know the real situation and face the issue."

"Long before the beginning of the European war there were evidences of a decrease in food production in proportion to the population. We are raising less wheat than we did sixteen years ago, notwithstanding an increase during that time of 20,000,000 to 25,000,000 people in our population. This year's wheat crop is 88,000,000 bushels less than the crop of 1901. We have about 15,500,000 less head of sheep than we had some fourteen or fifteen years ago. North Carolina, for instance, has several hundred thousand head of sheep less than it had as far back as 1860. We have 8 per cent less hogs than we had only a year ago. We have some 7,000,000 or 8,000,000 less beef cattle than we had some ten or twelve years ago. To a large extent the reason for this decline in food production is due to the enormous movement of population from the country to the cities. Between 1900 and 1910 city population increased by about 12,000,000, while country population increased only 4,000,000, and the growth since 1910 in city population has been even more rapid. In 1880 only 29 per cent of the population of this country lived in cities. Now about 50 per cent are city dwellers. We have been, in this way, steadily and enormously increasing the number of food consumers and lessening the number of food producers. Repeatedly during the last few years I have called attention to the evident outcome of this trend of population away from the country to the cities. It is one of the great economic issues in the nation's life."

"My persistent advocacy for years of good roads was largely based on the fact that until we give to the man in the country the same advantages of good roads and ease of communicating with his neighbors, and of hauling his stuff, which the city dweller has in improved streets, there will be a continued movement of population away from the country. If there were no other reason for good roads than this economic issue, it would be supremely important for individual States and for the national government to do their utmost toward the encouragement of building good roads as the only possible way in which to guarantee increased food production. So long as country life, by reason of impassable roads of sand or mud, is less attractive, especially to the women and children, than the city, so long will the trend of population be away from the country, and there is no power on earth to change this condition except by making country life attractive through the building of good roads. This is as important in war times as in peace, for road building must go on in order to secure increased food production as well as to supplement the railroads, which have completely broken down."

"But to return to the decreasing food supply of the country. Because the total grain and food crops this year exceeded by about a billion bushels the crops of last year, we are apt to forget that last year's crops fell short of the 1915 yield by nearly 1,400,000,000 bushels. This year's yield, therefore, does not near fill up the vacuum created by the yield of 1916. Moreover, while the country has had a large increase in corn, much of this cereal, mainly in the West, was seriously damaged by early frosts, and its feeding value has therefore been greatly decreased. There was also an enormous shortage in the hay crop, amounting to about 19,000,000 tons, as compared with 1916. The aggregate wheat and corn crops of 1916 and 1917 was nearly 500,000,000 bushels less than the aggregate of 1914 and 1915, notwithstanding the enormous increase in consumption by reason of the war. Unfortunately there has been an effort to minimize the seriousness of this situation, and to create the impression that this year's crops would insure an ample food supply, intentionally or ignorantly, I know not which, overlooking the vacuum created by the tremendous shortage in the yields of 1916."

"Notwithstanding the seriousness of the situation the winter wheat acreage for the present season is only 4 per cent greater than that of last year, or a gain of 1,600,000 acres, of which more than 1,000,000 was the South's share of the increase. To this small increase in acreage is added the alarming fact that the con-

dition as reported by the United States Department of Agriculture on December 1 was 79.3 per cent, as compared with the 10-year average of 89.3 per cent. Possibly kind nature, which covered the earth with an abundant layer of snow, with its protecting and fertilizing power on wheat, will come to our assistance by improving the wheat condition in this way, but a billion-bushel crop next year would be far below our actual needs and those of our allies, and the allies' needs are our needs just as much as are the needs of the people of this country. Indeed, it is incumbent upon us to feed the allies before we feed ourselves, because for three years they have been battling against tremendous odds, pouring out millions of lives and billions in treasure, in our behalf as well as their own."

"They have saved us from destruction, and duty and even selfishness itself should compel us not merely to divide the last crumb with the allies, but if necessary, to give the last crumb to them and sacrifice ourselves in order to save ourselves. Until the seriousness of this situation is fully realized by the people of all classes and all sections, until the importance of sacrificing in order to bring about food conservation is taught from the pulpit, is taught in every school and proclaimed day after day in every newspaper, we shall not fully comprehend the danger of a famine which we are facing, and which can only be prevented by the utmost conservation. We cannot, off hand, increase the amount of food in the country, but we can, by extreme care, conserve that food and make it go the farther. Every spoonful of sugar, every pound of flour, or beef or mutton or pork wasted, or even unnecessarily used, is prolonging the war and making certain the death of more of our soldiers than would otherwise have to lose their lives in our defense."

"Some weeks ago I listened to a stirring appeal by a man abundantly able to present the subject before a religious convention, showing how the conservation of flour and meats and sugar were absolutely essential to our winning the war. It so happened that two ministers who sat beside me at a dinner shortly thereafter, indeed, one of them that very night. The latter, though he had heard the appeal for saving sugar, emptied spoonful after spoonful of sugar into his coffee until there was more undissolved sugar left in his cup than the coffee could possibly take up. The other put into one small cup of coffee three big lumps of sugar, emptied that cup, and put into one-half a cup two large lumps. These men thought they had been impressed with the presentation of the need of conservation, but, as a matter of fact, it had not touched their souls, it had not reached their conscience, and they are typical of a very large proportion of our people. I can speak from experience when I say that no matter how much sugar one may have loved to have in his coffee, he can absolutely cut out the use of sugar and soon become accustomed to drinking his coffee without a particle of sugar. The same is true of many other things which we have been accustomed to indulge in. We can lessen the use of flour bread by the means of substitutes, no matter how much we may have loved flour bread. We can cut out to a large extent the use of beef, mutton, lamb and pork products of all kinds, no matter how much we love to indulge in these things. The question is merely whether we propose with our teeth to dig the graves of our soldiers, whether we propose to let our appetites control us to our individual damnation, and the damnation of the country, by Germany's success, or whether in a spirit of self-sacrifice, and of self-control we are going to do our very utmost to lessen the consumption and the waste of food, knowing well that food will settle the destiny of our soldiers, our nation and civilization."

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP

will quiet your cough, soothe the inflammation of a sore throat and lungs, stop irritation in the bronchial tubes, insuring a good night's rest, free from coughing and with easy expectoration in the morning. Made and sold in America for 52 years. A wonderful prescription, assisting nature in building up your general health and throwing off the disease. Especially useful in lung trouble, asthma, croup, bronchitis, etc. For sale by Bell's Drug Store in 30 and 90-cent bottles.—Adv.

Three Officers Dead of Meningitis.

Alexandria, La., Jan. 16.—Capt. Jacob Stein, of Bessemer, Ala.; Capt. Otis Hopkins and First Lieut. D. W. Beall, of Mississippi, died to-day of meningitis, according to an announcement made at the base hospital at Camp Beauregard to-night.

MORRIS FERTILIZER COMPANY
RESIST LEACHING
CHICAGO ST. JOSEPH E. ST. LOUIS KANSAS CITY S. C. OMAHA OKLAHOMA CITY
MANUFACTURERS OF
BLOOD, BONE AND TANKAGE FERTILIZERS.
HOME OFFICE ATLANTA BRANCH OFFICES WILMINGTON MONTGOMERY
Why Morris Brands Are Best
Our SUPREME and PACKING HOUSE BRANDS being ammoniated 100% with the highest grades of genuine old time Packing House Tankage and Blood, are not leached away by excessive rains like ordinary fertilizers. Their ammoniates, being slowly soluble, insure constant feeding of the plant till late maturity, thus preventing shedding and promoting vigorous, healthy growth. The Tankage in them is rich in potash and also liberates idle potash in the soil, thus supplying the potash requirements of ordinary field crops without extra cost. Read what our customers say about them in our Year Book.
We use the same grade of Tankage and Blood in our GOLD BOND BRANDS which insures their high quality and continuous service.
FOR SALE BY
J. G. BREAZEALE,
Westminster, S. C.
PREVENT SHEDDING

Are Your Business Affairs Secure?
Have you provided for the members of your own household—not their present needs only, but for their needs in the future, when they may not have you to depend on? Have you things so fixed that in your absence there would be without question a certain and sufficient income to provide them with the comforts of life?
If you have not, you will find on investigation that among the numerous policy forms of
The Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Company
there is at least one within your reach that will exactly suit your case. You can make no mistake in allowing us to explain these liberal policies in detail.
J. W. DICKSON, State Agent, - - Anderson, S. C.
B. H. DEASON, District Agent, - - Greenville, S. C.
REFERENCES:
The Bank of Walhalla, - - - - Walhalla, S. C.
Mr. O. C. Lyles, - - - - West Union, S. C.

When the Skin Seems Ablaze
With Itching and Burning
There's just one thing to do.
If your skin seems ablaze with the fiery burning and itching of Eczema, real and lasting relief can only come from treatment that goes below the surface—that reaches down to the very source of the trouble. So-called skin-diseases come from a disordered condition of the blood, and the proper treatment is through the blood.
Search far and near, and you can not find a blood remedy that approaches S. S. S. for real efficiency. It has been on the market for fifty years, during which time it has been giving uniform satisfaction for all manner of blood disorders. If you want prompt and lasting relief, you can rely upon S. S. S. For expert advice as to the treatment of your own individual case, write to-day to Chief Medical Adviser, Swift Specific Co., Dept. C Atlanta, Ga.

Avoid Dangerous Drugs
Don't dose yourself with poisonous drugs that destroy the delicate lining of the stomach and the intestinal tract, when you can stimulate your sluggish liver by using Granger Liver Regulator. This standard medicine contains no poisonous coloring. It contains no injurious alcohol. It does not cause unpleasant after effects. A dose or so will soon relieve sick headache, indigestion, constipation, depression, languor and all other ailments caused by a torpid liver. Granger Liver Regulator is composed entirely of selected roots, herbs and herbs of special medicinal value. It may be freely taken by any member of the family. Just try a few doses, and see for yourself what a splendid medicine this is and how thoroughly it cleanses the system of impurities. Price, 25c a box. Sold by all druggists. Demand Granger Liver Regulator and accept no substitute.
Now for Junior R. C. Drive.
Washington, Jan. 17.—A call to the school teachers of the country to aid in a campaign to be conducted from February 12 to 22 to increase the junior membership of the Red Cross was issued here to-day by Mrs. Mary C. Bradford, president of the National Educational Association.

Popoff Found Guilty.
Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 16.—Dimitar Popoff, a Bulgarian, was found guilty of murder in the first degree "without capital punishment" by a jury in Federal Court here to-day, and given a life sentence in the Atlanta Federal prison for the killing there on December 27th of Dr. Jas. R. Brock, deputy warden. The prisoner, who is serving a five-year sentence for counterfeiting, killed Dr. Brock with an iron bar. He testified he committed the act because he was being "persecuted" and that "guards at the prison were prejudiced against him because he was a Bulgarian."
Now for Junior R. C. Drive.
Washington, Jan. 17.—A call to the school teachers of the country to aid in a campaign to be conducted from February 12 to 22 to increase the junior membership of the Red Cross was issued here to-day by Mrs. Mary C. Bradford, president of the National Educational Association.

BLUE RIDGE RAILWAY.
Between Belton and Walhalla.
Time Table No. 27—Effective Dec. 9, 1917.

STATIONS	1st-Class Pass. Daily.		2nd-Class Pass. Daily.		2nd-Class Mixed Daily.		2nd-Class Mixed Daily Ex. Sun.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
EAST-BOUND								
Ly Walhalla	7:20	3:22	11:20	6:00				
" West Union	7:25	3:27	11:25	6:05				
" Seneca	7:30	3:32	11:30	6:10				
" Jordania	7:35	3:37	11:35	6:15				
" Adams' Crossing	7:40	3:42	11:40	6:20				
" Cherry's Crossing	7:45	3:47	11:45	6:25				
" Pendleton	7:50	3:52	11:50	6:30				
" Autun	7:55	3:57	11:55	6:35				
" Sandy Springs	8:00	4:02	12:00	6:40				
" Denver	8:05	4:07	12:05	6:45				
" West Anderson	8:10	4:12	12:10	6:50				
" Anderson, P. Dep.	8:15	4:17	12:15	6:55				
" Anderson, F. Dep.	8:20	4:22	12:20	7:00				
" Erskine's Sliding	8:25	4:27	12:25	7:05				
Ar Belton	8:30	4:32	12:30	7:10				
No. of Train	12	10	24	8	7	5		

WEST-BOUND

STATIONS	1st-Class Pass. Daily.		2nd-Class Pass. Daily.		2nd-Class Mixed Daily.		2nd-Class Mixed Daily Ex. Sun.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Ly Belton	6:50	11:30						
" Erskine's Sliding	6:55	11:35						
" Anderson, F. Dep.	7:00	11:40						
" Anderson, P. Dep.	7:05	11:45						
" West Anderson	7:10	11:50						
" Denver	7:15	11:55						
" Sandy Springs	7:20	12:00						
" Autun	7:25	12:05						
" Pendleton	7:30	12:10						
" Cherry's Crossing	7:35	12:15						
" Adams' Crossing	7:40	12:20						
" Jordania	7:45	12:25						
" Seneca	7:50	12:30						
" West Union	7:55	12:35						
Ar Walhalla	8:00	12:40						
No. of Train	11	9	20	25	7	5		

Train No. 6, Mixed Daily except Sunday, (not scheduled above) leaves Walhalla at 1:20 p. m., West Union at 1:35 and arrives Seneca at 2 p. m. Train lies over at Seneca until following day and runs from Seneca to Belton as No. 8.
Flag Stations: Anderson Freight Depot, West Anderson, Denver, Sandy Springs, Autun, Cherry's Crossing, Adams' Crossing, Jordania.
Steam trains will stop on flag at Welch, Tuxaway, Elinney's, James.
J. R. ANDERSON, Supt.

MAKE YOUR TAX RETURNS.
Auditor's Office, Oconee County, S. C.
The Auditor's office will be open to receive returns of real and personal property for taxation from the 1st day of January, 1918, to the 20th day of February, inclusive.
The real estate—lots and buildings—are to be assessed this year. Tax-payers will be careful to list exactly the number of acres, number of lots and number of buildings on their returns, as the assessment made now will stand for the next four years.
The Township Assessors are required by law to list for all those who fail to make their own returns within the time required by law. Hence the difficulty of delinquents escaping the 50 per cent penalty, as well as the frequency of errors resulting from this practice. By all means make your own returns and thereby save expense and confusion.
All able-bodied men 21 to 60 years of age are taxable polls.
Please don't neglect returning your dogs.
For the convenience of tax-payers the Auditor, or his deputies, will receive returns at the following times and places:
Jan. 17—Cherry's Crossing, 10 a. m. to 12 m.; Clemson College, 1 to 3 p. m.
Jan. 24—Tamassee.
Jan. 25—Mountain Rest.
Jan. 26—Whetstone.
Jan. 28—Long Creek.
Jan. 29-30—Westminster.
Jan. 31 and Feb. 1—Seneca.
Feb. 2—Madison.
Feb. 4—Tugaloo Academy.
Returns will be taken at all places from 10 o'clock in the morning until 3 o'clock in the afternoon, unless otherwise noted.
D. A. SMITH,
Auditor Oconee County, S. C.
Jan. 2, 1918.