



"TO THINE OWN SELF BE TRUE, AND IT MUST FOLLOW AS THE NIGHT THE DAY: THOU CANST NOT THEN BE FALSE TO ANY MAN."

By STECK, SHELOR & SCHRODER.

WALHALLA, SOUTH CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 28, 1916.

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SILK SILK

We have just received a full line of All Silk Taffeta, Rep and Messaline. We are making leaders of these Silks at \$1.00 per yard. They would be cheap at \$1.50 per yard.

C. W. & J. E. BAUKNIGHT,
WALHALLA, S. C.

"IT PAYS TO BUY FOR CASH."

MEXICANS FIRED FIRST SHOT.

Wounded Captain Writes Dispatch and Orders Men to Leave Him.

San Antonio, Texas, June 25.—Mexican troops fired the first shots on the troopers of the Tenth United States Cavalry at Carrizal, but not until the American force, fearing an ambush, had advanced in battle formation, according to a letter written on the day of the fight by Capt. Lewis Morey, commanding Troop K of the Tenth, and forwarded to Gen. Funston by Gen. Pershing to-night.

Capt. Morey wrote the letter at 9.15 a. m., June 21, while hiding in a hole about 2,000 yards from the scene of the battle. Capt. Morey was wounded and had another wounded man and three un wounded troopers with him. The three un wounded men were picked up by a detachment under Lieut. Henry A. Meyers, Jr., of the Tenth Cavalry, and the letter brought to Gen. Pershing to-day.

Abandoned at Own Request.
Capt. Morey was left to die upon the desert from thirst and his wounds. The men abandoned him at his own order. The three un wounded men had carried him, according to their stories, to Lieut. Meyers, from the hole where he had hidden, and made their way nearly two miles from the battlefield.

They were forced to stop, and Capt. Morey, believing himself hopelessly wounded, ordered them to leave him. They also thought him about to die from loss of blood and thirst, and obeyed.

Sent Courier into Carrizal.
Capt. Morey's letter told of the joining of Troop C, under Capt. C. T. Boyd, and Troop K, under his own command, at Ojo Santo Domingo, on June 20, and the advance together toward Carrizal on June 21.

He arrived in an open field a mile from Carrizal at 7.30 in the morning. There they halted, and Capt. Boyd sent a courier into Carrizal asking permission of Gen. Felix Gomez to enter the town, saying he was going to Villa Ahumada. Gomez replied that he would not be allowed to enter the town, but might make a detour around it.

Fearing that they were about to be trapped by the Mexicans, who had sallied out from the town during the parley, the American troops deployed in battle formation, mounted and moved forward. The Mexicans then opened fire. Capt. Boyd ordered his men to dismount and returned the fire, the engagement lasting about an hour.

Carranza Loses Ammunition.
Laredo, Texas, June 25.—Two million rounds of ammunition, consigned to Carranza military authorities in the interior of Mexico and recently confiscated by United States customs officials, were sent by special train to the government supply stores at San Antonio to-day.

Kill Two Americans.
Douglas, Ariz., June 25.—William Robertson and Tom Snyder, American cattlemen, have been killed by Mexicans southwest of Nacozari, Sonora, according to the statement to-day of military officials from Agua Prieta.

Officials at Arispe have telegraphed Gen. Calles confirming the death of A. R. Dickson, a British subject, wounded in the fight with Mexican cowboys, in which Jim Parks, an American prospector, was killed.

Capt. Morey is Safe.
San Antonio, Texas, June 25.—Capt. Lewis Sydney Morey is safe, having reached the main body of American troops with two of his men, according to a message to Gen. Funston, which was received to-night from Mrs. Morey, at Austin, Texas, who said that she had had a wireless message from him from "somewhere in Mexico" to that effect.

WRECK AMERICAN CONSULATE.
Mexicans at Torreón Batter Building. Want Americans Ousted.

Eagle Pass, Texas, June 26.—The United States consulate at Torreón, Mexico, was demolished June 18 by a mob of several thousand civilians led by the mayor of the city and a Carranza army band, according to American refugees arriving here late to-day.

De facto government soldiers incited the mob, the refugees stated, and forced a crowd attending a bull fight to join in the demonstration. The mob rushed through the streets shouting "Death to all the gringos," and upon reaching the

CARRANZA NOTE AND REPLY.

Release Immediately of Prisoners Taken is Demand of U. S.

Washington, June 25.—President Wilson called the ranking members of the congressional foreign affairs committees to the White House to-night and informed them of a communication sent to-day to Gen. Carranza. He told them he would take no further action and would not desire to address Congress before a reply was received.

As he left Senator Stone said: "The situation is exceedingly acute." None of the conferees would discuss the contents of the note, which the State Department had arranged to have published in the Monday morning papers.

Text of Note to Carranza.
Washington, June 25.—The text of the note to the Mexican de facto government, transmitted to-day to Jas. Linn Rodgers, special representative of the American government in Mexico City, says:

"Mr. Arredondo yesterday delivered to this government the following communication:

"I am directed by my government to inform your excellency, with reference to the Carrizal incident, that the Chief Executive, through the Mexican war department, gave orders to Gen. Jacinto B. Trevino not to permit American forces from Gen. Pershing's column to advance further south, nor to move either east or west from the points where they are located, and to oppose new incursions of American soldiers into Mexican territory. These orders were brought by Gen. Trevino to the attention of Gen. Pershing, who acknowledged the receipt of the communication relative thereto. On the 22d instant, as your excellency knows, an American force moved eastward quite far from its base, notwithstanding the above orders, and was engaged by Mexican troops at Carrizal, State of Chihuahua. As a result of the encounter several men on both sides were killed and wounded, and 17 American soldiers were made prisoners."

Demands Made by U. S.
"You are hereby instructed to hand to the minister of foreign relations of the de facto government the following:

"The government of the United States can put no other construction upon the communication handed to the Secretary of State of the United States on the 24th of June by Mr. Arredondo, under instructions of your government, than that it is intended as a formal avowal of deliberately hostile action against the forces of the United States now in Mexico, and of the purpose to attack them without provocation whenever they move from their present position in pursuance of the objects for which they were sent there, notwithstanding the fact that those objects not only involve no unfriendly intention towards the government and people of Mexico, but are on the contrary, intended only to assist that government in protecting itself and the territory and people of the United States against irresponsible and insurgent bands of rebel marauders.

"I am instructed, therefore, by my government to demand the immediate release of the prisoners taken in the encounter at Carrizal, together with any property of the United States taken with them, and to inform you that the government of the United States expects an early statement from your government as to the course of action it wishes the government of the United States to understand it has determined upon, and that it also expects that this statement be made through the usual diplomatic channels, and not through subordinate military commanders."

consulate destroyed the furniture and then wrecked the building. Afterward the mob congregated in the central plaza of the town, where a mass meeting was held. The mayor and other prominent Mexicans, it is said, addressed this meeting, inciting the populace against Americans, advising that all citizens of the United States be run out of the country.

Report Reaches Washington.
Washington, June 26.—A report that the American consulate at Torreón was stoned by a Mexican mob was received at the State Department to-day from an El Paso agent. The information was brought by a traveler and did not disclose the extent of damage. The consulate was closed several days ago.

"TIME IS INOPPORTUNE."

Says Bolivian Diplomat—May Yet Suggest Mediation, However.

Washington, June 26.—Efforts toward a Latin-American mediation in the Mexican crisis, favored by Carranza officials, collapsed to-day without having reached the stage of a formal proposal to the United States. It was made plain by Secretary Lansing to Ignacio Calderon, minister of Bolivia, that the Washington government sees nothing in the situation that would warrant arbitration proceedings.

Mr. Lansing talked with the minister for half an hour and is understood to have told him that the blame for the grave outlook rested squarely upon Gen. Carranza. The attitude of the United States was so fully outlined that Mr. Calderon did not mention directly the original purpose of his visit, which was to ask if the United States would entertain an offer of the services of its southern neighbors to aid in averting war.

When the minister left the State Department he said the time "seemed inopportune," and that for the present the diplomatic representatives of the six South and Central American countries who had approached the Mexican embassy on the subject of mediation and received assurances that the Carranza government was favorable to the principle, would not tender their good offices to the United States. He indicated that the attempt to arrange mediation might be renewed if Gen. Carranza's reply to Secretary Lansing's last note furnished any basis on which the proposal could be founded.

Millions Needed for Troops.
War Department activities during the day covered a wide field. Supplemental orders to departmental commanders called for greater haste in getting the national guard to the border. Authorization went out to accept men under the physical examinations on which they entered the State service, postponing final examination until they are en route or have reached the border. Those found unfit will be sent back at once.

Estimates to cover the pay and maintenance expenses of the State troops, totaling \$28,000,000 up to January 1, were laid before Congress. With them went figures of \$13,000,000 for the purchase of horses and mules for army use. The total estimates of the quartermaster general alone pass the \$100,000,000 mark.

The House passed the annual army appropriation bill after adding \$26,000,000 for emergency purposes during the brief debate that preceded the vote. An urgent deficiency bill carrying \$25,000,000 for national guard pay, equipment and transportation was framed in committee for presentation to the House to-morrow.

Must Release by To-Night.
Washington, June 27.—Unless Gen. Carranza surrenders the 23 American troopers held at Chihuahua City before to-morrow night, President Wilson probably will go before Congress Thursday to ask for authority to rescue them by force. Pending their release, the United States government will not consider any offer of mediation or arbitration.

The State Department had no intimation to-night as to when a reply to the note sent Sunday demanding immediate release of the soldiers might be expected. It was delivered yesterday at 11 a. m. Special Agent Rodgers has been unable to forecast the action of the de facto authorities.

Prompt compliance by Congress with any request the President may make as to Mexico was foreshadowed to-day by the calm which prevailed in both Houses. Although measures designed to prepare for war were under consideration and the corridors of the Capitol hummed with rumors, there was no excitement, and discussion of the subject on the floor was avoided. The legislative branch of the government was plainly waiting to do its part when what the majority regarded as inevitable should come.

Mexicans Urged to Drink Blood.
El Paso, Texas, June 26.—American refugees brought to the border Mexican newspapers to show to what extent the anti-American feeling is growing. An editorial in La Reforma, a semi-official paper published in Saltillo, captioned "Blood," makes a violent attack upon the United States, its people and its policies, and continues:

"Above all, do not forget that at a time of national need humanity is a crime and frightfulness is a virtue. Pull out eyes, snatch out hearts, tear open breasts, drink—if you can—the blood in the skulls of the invaders from the cities of Yankee-land.

"In defense of liberty, be a Nero, be a Caligula—that is to be a good patriot.

"Peace between Mexico and the United States will be closed in throes of terror and barbarism." A refugee from Mexico City arriving at the border to-day, said that at stations in Northern Durango men and women who no longer had clothing to cover themselves crowded about the train and cried for food. He said they fought over bits of orange peel which a fellow traveler threw from the coach.

ALABAMA GRAND JURY ACTS.

Hands Down Eight Indictments, Three Charging Murder.

Huntsville, Ala., June 24.—The special grand jury which has been investigating the murder of Probate Judge W. T. Lawler made its report to Judge A. B. Foster this morning. Eight true bills were returned. Chas. M. Nalls, former circuit clerk, was indicted, as was Percy Brooks, owner of the Whitesburg Ferry, both being in the Jefferson county jail. Although it is impossible to learn on an affidavit, it is believed that David D. O'ertan, former circuit clerk, and at least half a dozen others have been indicted and will be arrested when found.

Coroner Robert Pool has taken charge of the office of Sheriff Phillips, who succeeded yesterday, and has appointed Judge S. M. Stewart office assistant. Lonnie T. Bates is reappointed chief deputy, and all other regular and special deputies are retained.

It is understood that only three indictments were returned in the murder case, and that the other five bills were against alleged violators of the prohibition law.

The report says that there has been an unprecedented lawless condition in the county for a number of years, culminating in the horrible tragedy. The blame is placed on no special department of the law, but there has been a general laxity of enforcement. On account of the death of the sheriff the report contains no criticism of that office.

Boats Supply Tigers.
The blind tiger trade is said to be supplied from boats on the Tennessee river, where cargoes are transported in taxicabs, some of which belong to the chief of police. The chief is asked to disassociate himself from the taxicab business or from the police department.

The latest sensation was the suicide in the county jail of Sheriff Robert Phillips. It is the second suicide following and caused by the murder of Judge W. T. Lawler, whose body was found last Saturday, sunk in a slough near the river. Shely S. Pleasants, prominent attorney, killed himself a few days ago.

Sheriff Phillips went to a cell in the rear of the jail, of which he had charge, late Friday afternoon. Deputies heard a pistol shot and hurried to investigate. They found Phillips dead, with a note by his side. It was unsigned, but identified as his writing.

Phillips wrote that he had been suspected of the murder of Judge Lawler, whom he had opposed in politics, and, though innocent, could not live under such suspicion.


War Inevitable.
El Paso, Texas, June 27.—The border is convinced that war is inevitable. Interest centers in Gen. Pershing's change of base from Namiquipa to Elvalle and Carranza's reply to President Wilson's note. It is believed that Carranza cannot yield without being deposed by his army chiefs. Should he concede it is believed he will meet Madero's fate.

17,000 U. S. Militiamen Entrain.
Seventeen thousand militiamen from Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey and Connecticut entrained late Monday afternoon. Seventy-six thousand and five hundred will be patrolling the border by Friday or Saturday. The campaign has all been planned, but naturally the details are kept a secret for strategic reasons.

Call for Volunteers.
A call for volunteers will be one of the first steps if President Wilson decides that war is unavoidable. Two hundred and fifty thousand are the number that will be needed, roughly estimated. This would bring the armed force up to 393,000.

Children's Day at Fairfield.
Children's Day exercises will be held in the Fairfield school auditorium on July 9th, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m. The afternoon will be given over to singing. Messrs. Morton and Murphree, and all other good singers and lovers of music, are especially invited; also the neighboring Sunday schools. Let everybody attend and take well-filled baskets.

Railroad Agent Murdered.
Bessemer, Ala., June 24.—Special Agent D. C. Burnett, of the L. and A. Railroad, was murdered here between 2 o'clock and daylight Saturday morning, his body being found in the Central Lumber Company's yard at 9 o'clock with knife wounds in the left side.



June 28, 1916.
102 Years Ago To-day

The U. S. sloop of war, the "Wasp," made a gallant capture of the British warship "Reindeer."

THIS little Wasp certainly had a sharp sting for the Reindeer. In our slangy American way of saying, have you ever been stung? As it is not a pleasant experience, beware of crooked investment deals, fake mining stock and other shady enterprises. If you are one of our depositors our advice is ever at your disposal.

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CLASH CAME AT CARRIZAL.

Twenty-Three American Soldiers Known to Have Lost Lives.

Field Headquarters, Mexico, June 26.—(By Wireless to Columbus, N. M.)—Twenty-three American soldiers are known to have lost their lives on the battlefield at Carrizal, according to a report to Gen. Pershing from Major Jenkins, commanding the Eleventh Cavalry column, ordered to scour the country in that vicinity for survivors.

The report told of the rescue in safety of Capt. Lewis S. Morey, after he had made a daring stand in the face of heavy Mexican odds and heroic personal sacrifices in an effort to save the lives of his men. Major Jenkins said he had evidence that nine American troopers, in addition to those previously reported dead, had been killed.

A note found on the body of Capt. Charles T. Boyd, the American commander, who lost his life in a charge on the Mexican machine gun trench, proved that Gen. Felix Gomez, the Mexican commander, invited him into the town of Carrizal, and that he had refused and afterward conferred with Gomez outside the town. Neither the note book of Capt. Boyd nor that of Capt. Morey, both of which were recovered, threw any new light on the clash, according to the report. After the first firing Troop K, under Capt. Morey's command, took refuge in a nearby adobe, Major Jenkins reported. Realizing that they were surrounded and outnumbered by Mexican troops, he ordered his men to

leave the hut in small detachments that their chances of escape might be increased.

Capt. Morey, himself suffering with slight wounds, with four men, remained hidden throughout the day in the house, which was within 2,000 yards of the Carranza line.

That night the party of four started afoot in an attempt to make their way back to the expeditionary command. However, Capt. Morey soon became so weak from loss of blood that he was unable to walk, and, believing he was dying, he ordered his men to leave him and save themselves.

This they did, but shortly the wounded officer managed to rally enough strength to crawl to the ranch house of an American named McCabe, living about nine miles from Carrizal.

Major Jenkins reported that he had found Capt. Morey hidden in McCabe's house and that his wounds were not dangerous. Upon the receipt of the dispatch Gen. Pershing said 43 members of the command engaged had been accounted for and that one other is known to be alive, but is lost in the desert. The remainder of the 84 men who made up the detachment are believed to have been killed or made prisoner.

Germans Have Taken 11,000 Russ.

Berlin, June 26.—Near Skul the Germans have inflicted new defeats on the Russians, it is officially announced. Since June 16th, 61 Russian officers, 11,000 men, two cannon and 54 machine guns have been taken by the Germans.

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