



"TO THINE OWN SELF BE TRUE, AND IT MUST FOLLOW AS THE NIGHT THE DAY: THOU CANST NOT THEN BE FALSE TO ANY MAN."

By STECK, SHELOR & SCHRODER.

WALHALLA, SOUTH CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 21, 1916.

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SILK SILK

We have just received a full line of All Silk Taffeta, Rep and Messaline. We are making leaders of these Silks at \$1.00 per yard. They would be cheap at \$1.50 per yard.

C. W. & J. E. BAUKNIGHT,
WALHALLA, S. C.

"IT PAYS TO BUY FOR CASH."

MUDDLING MEXICAN MATTERS.

"Only One Way to Move, and That's Out," Says Mexican.

Washington, June 17.—Gen. Funston has advised the War Department that he was informed by Gen. Bell at El Paso that Gen. Pershing had been warned by Trevino, the Carranza commander at Chihuahua, that any movement of the American expedition south, east or west would be the signal for attack by the Mexican forces. There is nothing direct from Gen. Pershing.

Officials say that Pershing is ready to deal with any force, and will probably hold his present lines, making no move to precipitate hostilities.

Gen. Funston also reported that Major Gray, commanding the troops attacked by bandits at San Ignacio, Texas, had returned from his effort to pick up the bandits' trail. The cavalry rode some distance down the American side on reports of bandit homilization in progress, turned north again on the Mexican side for several miles, and recrossed to American soil without encountering outlaws or finding their trail. Two additional prisoners were captured, and one body found on the American side.

Major Gray reported that he had received assurances of co-operation from the Carranza commanders across the line. Mexican officers said they had captured 20 men believed to have been engaged in the attack on the American camp. Major Gray said he believed the band was broken up.

Silliman and Hanna Out.

San Antonio, June 17.—It was learned there that Philip C. Hanna and J. H. Silliman, the consuls at Saltillo, were ordered to the American side of the river by the State Department.

Hanna Reaches Texas.

Laredo, Texas, June 17.—Philip C. Hanna, United States consul general at Monterey, one of the two remaining American consuls in Mexico, accompanied by half a dozen Americans, arrived here to-day. He was reticent, but reported all was quiet. He will remain two or three days.

More Gunboats Sent.

Washington, June 18.—Secretary Daniels to-night ordered several additional gunboats and other small craft on both the east and west coasts to Mexican waters.

Mr. Daniels described the movement of ships as "precautionary." He directed Rear Admiral Winslow, commander of the west coast division, to make a selection of several available vessels and dispatch them to join other vessels at ports which he is now watching.

THE MAZATLAN AFFAIR.

Report Received Gives No Record of Any American Casualties.

Washington, June 19.—Communications from the Mexican embassy, announcing that there had been a clash between a boat crew from the gunboat Annapolis and Carranza soldiers at Mazatlan yesterday, and asking that in the present tense situation no men be landed in Mexico from American warships under any circumstances, were delivered to the State Department to-day by an embassy secretary.

First News of Trouble.

The embassy communications brought the Washington government its first news of trouble at Mazatlan.

According to the Mexican version confusion came after an attempt to land marines from a warship. There was an exchange of shots and two American officers were arrested and held until explanations had been made. The embassy presented a report from the military commander at Mazatlan, Gen. Mezto, telling of the incident, accompanied by instructions from the Mexico City foreign office urging that the Americans be kept aboard their ships.

Gen. Mezto's report said the men landed at Mazatlan were marines, but as the gunboat Annapolis, the only ship known to be stationed there, has no marines aboard, it is presumed that bluejackets were involved. The Mezto report told this story:

Mexican Story.

"A boat from the warship approached the Mazatlan wharf, and was warned off until permission to land could be obtained from the military authorities. It departed, but several hours later returned, with its crew armed. The officer in command was told permission for landing had not been given and an argument ensued. Soldiers and civilians had gathered on the wharf, and in the midst of the discussion a drunken

CARRANZA HOPES FOR PEACE.

Will Lead Army Personally if "Forced to Resort to Arms."

Mexico City, June 19.—Gen. Carranza, addressing a mass meeting in front of his residence last night, urged the citizens to refrain from hostile acts against Americans and declared that he had hopes of peacefully arranging the difficulties between Mexico and the United States. The first chief said in part:

"This is not the time for hasty action. I am trying to arrange our difficulties with the United States peacefully and have hopes of succeeding. I want you to aid me.

"The encounter between American soldiers and Mexicans near Matamoros has been temporarily solved with the withdrawal of American troops from that region. The matter is now being taken up diplomatically. There was some trouble in Mazatlan caused by the intrusion of American sailors, and that has also been adjusted for the time being.

"Go to your homes and be good Mexicans, remembering also that I will do my utmost to preserve the dignity of the Mexican nation. If we are forced to resort to arms I will lead you in person."

A crowd composed of several thousand people cheered the remarks of the first chief. Early in the evening a big demonstration had been made in front of the national palace, and afterward the demonstrators paraded through the principal streets of the city. The metropolis is perfectly calm and Gen. Carranza's words are expected to have a good effect in maintaining this condition.

Calling Mexicans to Arms.

Chihuahua City, Mexico, June 19.—Fervent efforts to bring every unit of the Carranza army of the north to the greatest possible strength for service in the event of hostilities with the United States were being pushed forward here to-day. A message from Gen. Obregon, Mexican minister of war, directed Gen. Jacinto Trevino, commanding the northern division, to urge patriotic citizens to volunteer that they may be available to fight the American army, in case of a rupture of relations," and to prevent "the further raiding of American territory by armed bandits."

American Expulsion Reported.

Galveston, Texas, June 19.—The Mexican government in Yucatan has issued a proclamation ordering all Americans out of the country and declaring a state of war existing between the two countries, according to passengers arriving here this morning on the Norwegian steamer Nils from Progreso. Americans and other foreigners are being taken on board an American gunboat at Progreso. Great excitement is said to prevail.

Prof. Daniel Declines.

Columbia, June 17.—D. Wistar Daniel, head of the English department in Clemson College, yesterday declined to accept the presidency of Columbia College, to which position he was elected by the board of trustees of that institution on June 1st. Dr. Daniel explained in a letter to F. H. Hyatt, a member of the board, that conditions at this time were such as to preclude the possibility of his acceptance.

The office was made vacant by the resignation several weeks ago of Rev. W. W. Daniel, D. D., who has been president of the school fifteen years. Falling health induced his resignation last month, but he will remain at the head of the institution until his successor has been chosen. Prof. Daniel, of Clemson, is a nephew of the retiring official. Mr. Hyatt said yesterday that no plans of the trustees had yet been formed.

Meeting Oconee Creek R. S. I. A.

The Oconee Creek R. S. I. A. will hold its regular meeting Saturday evening next, June 24th, at 7.30 o'clock. There will be an ice cream supper, to which the public is cordially invited. Please remember the date—June 24, at 7.30 p. m.

Japanese fired a shot at the Americans, who fired into the crowd. Carranza soldiers returned the fire, and the boat withdrew, leaving behind two officers, who were arrested. Explanations then were exchanged, by the warship commander and the Carranza general, and the American officers were released.

The report makes no mention of American casualties, but says two Mexican soldiers and one civilian were wounded.

Winslow Reports One Wounded.

Admiral Winslow has sent the following brief report of the Mazatlan affair:

"The Annapolis at Mazatlan reports that a boat went in shore for parleying with Mexicans. Ensign O. O. Kessing and Assistant Paymaster Andrew Mowat taken prisoners. Boat fired on. Boatwain's mate, second class, I. M. Laughter, gravely wounded. Crew returned fire and report killing or wounding about six Mexicans."

GENERAL SESSIONS COURT.

List of Jurors Drawn for Service in July Term.

The July term of General Sessions Court will convene in Walhalla on the first Monday, July 3d. Judge Geo. E. Prince, of Anderson, will preside. The Common Pleas Court will open on the following Monday, the 10th.

The Jurors

drawn this morning for the Sessions branch are as follows:

General Sessions—First Week.

- A. L. Ellison, Wagener.
- Ottie Burris, Center.
- L. O. Brock, Center.
- W. C. Rogers, Keowee.
- W. H. Burton, Wagener.
- W. J. Keown, Chattooga.
- W. F. Orr, Keowee.
- R. H. Kerr, Wagener.
- J. S. Rutledge, Walhalla.
- E. M. Barron, Seneca.
- F. R. Sweeney, Clemson College.
- S. H. Orr, Wagener.
- J. E. Ward, Keowee.
- P. M. Adams, Tugaloo.
- L. R. Robins, Chattooga.
- L. G. Lusk, Keowee.
- A. R. Stewart, Wagener.
- S. H. Collins, Wagener.
- J. E. Campbell, Center.
- F. M. Biemann, Walhalla.
- Turner Smith, Tugaloo.
- F. O. Skelton, Center.
- E. T. Price, Center.
- J. Fred Alexander, Seneca.
- H. O. Morris, Center.
- H. M. Harkins, Keowee.
- W. N. Woolbright, Center.
- Hampton Melburg, Walhalla.
- Marcus C. McDonald, Wagener.
- G. A. Kelley, Walhalla.
- J. Eustace Hopkins, Seneca.
- A. C. Smith, Keowee.
- J. Q. Couch, Tugaloo.
- W. C. Barker, Chattooga.
- Oscar Harris, Westminster.
- R. K. Hood, Tugaloo.

Common Pleas—Second Week.

- J. O. Barton, Keowee.
- G. G. Crenshaw, Center.
- W. L. McClellan, Seneca.
- R. S. Childress, Keowee.
- J. R. McMahan, Seneca.
- J. L. Mareit, Seneca (Town.)
- Lowell M. Smith, Seneca.
- J. L. Sheldon, Center.
- Pearl Woodall, Pulaski.
- W. H. Smith, Tugaloo.
- M. L. Jones, Tugaloo.
- W. G. Hunter, Keowee.
- Robert Wilbanks, Tugaloo.
- J. W. King, Wagener.
- Chas. W. Lyle, Tugaloo.
- C. B. Moss, Center.
- W. H. Armstrong, Center.
- D. P. Butler, Westminster.
- Geo. W. Shelor, Seneca (Town.)
- W. F. Hughes, Walhalla.
- R. F. Carter, Madison.
- Paul Callas, Newry.
- W. H. Cole, Jr., Center.
- C. E. Gibson, Center.
- J. D. Farmer, Westminster.
- Edward Hamilton, Seneca.
- W. J. Hunt, Wagener.
- W. H. Mauldin, Keowee.
- J. A. Lawrence, Westminster.
- Oscar Land, Tugaloo.
- R. H. Crumpton, Wagener.
- L. H. Richey, Center.
- J. L. Rholetter, Pulaski.
- J. P. Powell, Tugaloo.
- R. W. Grubbs, Jr., Center.
- B. C. Brock, Center.

Austrians Evacuate Czernowitz.

Vienna, June 18.—The evacuation of Czernowitz by the Austrians after the Russians had forced the passage of the Pruth and penetrated the city was announced by the war office to-day.

"Yesterday," says the official statement, "the garrison of the bridgehead at Czernowitz withdrew before superior enemy fire. During the night the enemy at several points forced a passage of the Pruth, and penetrated Czernowitz, which we evacuated."

The statement claims the repulse of the Russian counter attacks in Volhynia and the gaining of ground north of Gorochoff, north of the Lipa, with the capture of 900 Russian prisoners and three machine guns. It reports the Germans successful to the north of Torva, where eleven Russian officers, 3,446 men, one gun and ten machine guns were taken.

Weds Hoke Smith's Daughter.

Washington, June 15.—Miss Callie Hoke Smith and J. Lyman Grant Pratt were married at noon to-day at the home of the bride's parents, Senator and Mrs. Hoke Smith. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father E. L. Buckley, of St. Matthew's church, in the presence of a large company of relatives and friends.

Advertised Mail.

The following is a list of letters remaining uncalled for in the Walhalla post office for the week ending June 20, 1916:

Gadson, Libbie; Moore, Eugene L.; Moore, Miss Tint; Poor, Sarah; Stewart, J. D.

When calling for the above please say they are advertised.
N. Fant, P. M.

FUNSTON WANTS TROOPS NOW.

Speeding Up National Guardsmen Units—Looking for Horses.

San Antonio, June 1.—Gen. Funston to-day requested the War Department to send to him, as soon as possible, a large part of the national guardsmen to be stationed along the boundary "from Brownsville to the Pacific Ocean."

Gen. Funston did not make public the exact number requested, but said he had asked for enough to provide "adequate protection" of the border. He also withheld the names of the stations to which the guardsmen would be sent, although admitting that a considerable force would be mobilized at San Antonio as a reserve.

Gen. Funston explained that in making this request he acted only on the presumption that he was securing an army for defense and that the stations selected had been chosen with that idea in mind; that if it became necessary to organize an army of invasion he would supplement the request of to-day with one for the remainder of the guard.

It became known to-day that the quartermaster department here has been instructed to advertise for 26,500 cavalry horses, 15,100 artillery horses, 8,000 wheel mules, 8,100 load mules and 8,000 pack mules.

Will Move at Once.

Washington, June 20.—Gen. Funston's request for national guardsmen reached the War Department after noon and resulted in telegraphic requests for information as to when the forces of certain States would be able to move. Orders for entrainment of units ready for service were expected before night.

May Clash Any Moment.

Columbus, N. M., June 20.—American and Carranza troops are in close proximity south of Namiquipa, with the Mexicans taking a provocative attitude, according to reports reaching here to-day from the front. Dispatches received here were interpreted as meaning that there might be a clash in the immediate future, although Gen. Pershing is said to be making every effort to avoid a conflict.

Hunger Swells Carranza Army.

El Paso, Texas, June 20.—Hunger is swelling the army that Gen. Carranza is recruiting in Northern Mexico, in preparation for possible hostilities with the United States, according to stories brought here to-day by Americans arriving from the interior.

Peons who have for some time been on the verge of starvation have been flocking to his standard in the last few days, in return for promises of food and clothing, they said. No applicants have been rejected, according to stories, which told of boys of ten and twelve years of age and old men being recruited.

VERY PLAIN NOTE IS SENT.

Washington Government Lays Blame at Carranza's Door.

Washington, June 20.—The issue of war or peace with Mexico hung in the balance to-night, awaiting Gen. Carranza's decision as to the course he will pursue. Officials here believe that 48 hours might bring a clear understanding of what the immediate future has in store.

A note signed by Secretary Lansing, conveying President Wilson's rejection of the demands for withdrawal of American soldiers from Mexico, accompanied by a specific warning that an attack on the troops "will tend to the gravest consequences," was telegraphed to Mexico City to-day by Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican ambassador designate.

In plain terms it accuses Gen. Carranza of having brought matters to the verge of war by open hostility toward the United States and failure to safeguard even the lives of Americans in Mexico or on the border from the lawless elements among his countrymen.

In sternest terms the note repudiates and resents imputation of bad faith and ulterior motives brought against the Washington government in the Mexican communication to which it is a reply. Gen. Carranza is informed in so many words that protection of its own borders is the only object sought by the United States, and is told that that object will be pursued, whatever the consequences may be.

When the note had been handed to Mr. Arredondo for delivery to his chief copies were sent to all embassies and legations for their information. A summary was telegraphed to Special Agent Rogers in Mexico City, that he might wisely counsel American residents there.

Tennessee Judge Impeached.

Nashville, Tenn., June 16.—Gulley under eight of 25 articles of impeachment was the decision of the State Senate, sitting as a trial court, against Judge Jesse Edgington, judge of the criminal court of Shelby county, rendered to-day after eight hours of deliberation in secret session. The charges chiefly alleged official misconduct.

Acting upon the decision of the court, Judge M. M. Neil, the president, read the judgment removing Judge Edgington from the bench of the Shelby county court.

June 21, 1916.
84 Years Ago To-day

The first case of Asiatic Cholera in the United States swept over the land, hurling thousands into eternity.

At the present time epidemics are not as prevalent as they were a century ago, sanitation and serum playing the important roles in the saving of mankind from pestilence. However, we are by no means free from exposure to contagious diseases. Have you a bank account, money in reserve, in case you are laid up for two or three months with some fever or germ disease? Save with this Bank while you are able.

WESTMINSTER BANK
When You Think of Banking Think of
THE WESTMINSTER BANK.

TWELVE RECEIVED DIPLOMAS.

Statement of Superintendent and Board Trustees Westminster H. S.

We hereby certify that we issued diplomas to the following twelve graduates of the Westminster High School at the session which ended May 23d, 1916, and to no other person:

- Lillian Frances Breazeale,
- John Sam Dickerson,
- Alfred Milledge Dorn,
- Selma Olive Driver,
- William Lucius England,
- James Haskell Haley,
- Bertie Ellie Lawrence,
- Pauline Elizabeth Miller,
- Victoria Miller,
- Walter William Reeves,
- Lola Regina Singleton,
- William Thomas Willis.

W. C. Taylor, Principal.
J. G. Breazeale, Chairman,
T. P. Peden Anderson,
W. L. England,
Board of Trustees.
June 13th, 1916.

Heart Failure Takes Von Moltke.

Amsterdam, June 18.—Lieut. Gen. Count Helmuth Von Moltke, chief of the supplementary general staff of the army, died of heart apoplexy this afternoon during a service of mourning in the Reichstag for the late Field Marshal von der Goltz, says a Berlin telegram to-night.

TROOPS FOR BORDER SERVICE.

State Militiamen Called—About 145,000 New Men to Field.

Washington, June 18.—President Wilson has called out the militia of every State for service on the Mexican border.

Brig. Gen. Alfred Mills, chief of the division of militia affairs, estimated the minimum militia force to be called out to be 145,000 men.

Statement by Baker.

Secretary Baker issued the following statement: "In view of the disturbed conditions on the Mexican border and in order to assure complete protection for all Americans, the President has called out substantially all the State militia and will send them to the border wherever and as fully as Gen. Funston determines them to be needed for the purpose stated.

"This call for militia is wholly unrelated to Gen. Pershing's expedition and contemplates no additional entry into Mexico, except as may be necessary to pursue bandits who attempt outrages on American soil.

"The militia are being called out so as to leave some troops in the several States. They will be mobilized at their home stations, where necessary recruiting can be done."

If You Want GOOD SHOES Buy
W. L. DOUGLAS' Shoes,
THE BEST IN THE WORLD. FOR SALE AT
L. BLUMENTHAL'S Bargain Store,
Westminster, S. C.