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WALHALLA, S. C.:

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 22, 1915.

REV. HOWARD L. JONES DEAD.

His Passing a Loss to Education in State and South.

Hartsville, Sept. 15.—Rev. Howard Lee Jones, D. D., president of Coker College, died at 7 o'clock this morning in a hospital at Florence. The well known educator had been in ill health for several months and had sought rest and treatment away from home, hoping to recover before the beginning of the new college session on September 23. Following a decline a few days ago he was taken to a hospital in Florence, but his frail constitution could not respond and the end came this morning. Members of the family were at his bedside.

He is survived by his wife and four children—two girls and two boys—his mother and four brothers.

Howard Lee Jones was born April 29, 1871, at Lexington, Va. His father was Rev. John William Jones, D. D., who married Miss Judith Page Helm. His father was chaplain of Washington College, Lexington, during the presidency of Gen. Robert E. Lee and served as chaplain in Gen. Lee's army. Dr. Jones' youth was spent in Richmond, Va., where for 20 years his father was secretary of the Southern Historical Society. He attended the famous school of John Paten McGuire and secured his collegiate education at Wake Forest College and Washington and Lee University. His theological education was acquired at the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary in Louisville, Ky.

In 1894 he married Miss Mary Brockebrough Semms, daughter of Col. Thos. M. Semms, professor of modern languages at the Virginia Military Institute. His pastorates included three years at David Fork, Ky.; seven years at the Baptist Church of the Epiphany, New York; four years at the First Baptist church, Chattanooga, Tenn.; six years at the Citadel Square Baptist church, Charleston. He resigned the latter charge in May, 1914, to become president of Coker College.

He entered upon his duties here in June, 1914, and although his career was of short duration, he accomplished much for the institution and endeavored himself to the people of Hartsville. His death is a loss to education, not only in South Carolina, but in the South.

Germany Sets Figures High.

Geneva, Switzerland, Sept. 17.—The number of Russians taken prisoner since May 1 by the Austrians and Germans is reckoned by La Suisse at 2,571,750. It is stated that 6,000 guns and 1,900 machine guns have been captured. The newspaper states that these figures have been compiled from official bulletins issued at Berlin and Vienna. It adds: "The official Austrian and German figures given out to May 1st showed a total of 1,395,000 Russian prisoners, not including civilians or the dead and wounded. Gen. Polivanoff, the Russian minister of war, informed the press that the total of officers and men at the front since the beginning of the war was 5,050,000. Consequently the present total of Russian forces is 1,693,250."

EVER SALVATED BY CALOMEL? HORRIBLE.

Calomel is Quicksilver and Acts Like Dynamite on Your Liver.
Calomel loses you a day! You know what calomel is. It's mercury; quicksilver. Calomel is dangerous. It crumbles into sour bile like dynamite, cramping and sickening you. Calomel attacks the bones and should never be put into your system.
When you feel bilious, sluggish, constipated and all knocked out and believe you need a dose of dangerous calomel just remember that your druggist sells for 50 cents a large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tonic, which is entirely vegetable and pleasant to take and is a perfect substitute for calomel. It is guaranteed to start your liver without stirring you up inside, and cannot salivate.
Don't take calomel! It makes you sick the next day; it loses you a day's work. Dodson's Liver Tonic straightens you right up and you feel great. Give it to the children because it is perfectly harmless and doesn't gripe.—Adv.

ENGLAND SEIZES FOUR CARGOES

Bulk of Goods Declared Forfeited to British Crown.

London, Sept. 16.—The British Prize Court to-day condemned the greater part of the American products forming the cargoes of four steamships. The products, valued at several million dollars, are declared forfeited to the crown.

The judgment was delivered by Sir S. T. Evans, president of the court. It involves the cargoes of the Norwegian steamships Kim, Alfred Nobel, Bjornstjerne Bjornson and Fridland. All the goods, consisting principally of American meat products, are confiscated except a small proportion which the court released to claimants.

The case has been pending for several months. The steamships were seized last November, and although efforts were made by the American owners to obtain an early trial, the British authorities set the time for June. The hearing closed last month and judgment was reserved until to-day.

In a lengthy judgment Judge Samuel said it was plain these ships were carrying to Copenhagen when the ships were captured more than 13 times the amount of goods which under normal conditions would have been taken into that port. That fact gave practical and overwhelming assurance that the goods were intended for Germany, although, of course, it did not prove conclusively that they were destined for any enemy of Great Britain. One circumstance throwing light on the real destination of the goods, Sir Samuel said, was that the exportation of lard by one American company alone to Copenhagen in three weeks after the outbreak of the war was more than 29 times that in peace times. In this case, he said, it had been shown they had not been sent to Denmark in any quantity before the war, yet hundreds of thousands were on the way when the vessels were captured. These tins could not have been meant for any persons other than German soldiers, he asserted.

Referring to the consignments of rubber, described as gum, the president said: "I have come to the conclusion that gum is not a true commercial description for rubber and that it was used in the ship's manifests in order to avoid the difficulty which would rise in its capture by a belligerent. A concealment of this sort will, while I sit in the prize court, weigh heavily against those who adopt such courses.
"Neutrals are expected to conduct their neutral trade during the war without false papers and with candor, and belligerents are entitled to expect from neutrals a frank course of conduct."
Sir Samuel allowed one claim of a Danish manufacturer for a quantity of rubber which he said had been shipped in good faith for use in his factory. Another claim was allowed.

The rest of cargoes, shipped by the great American packing companies, and valued by them at \$15,000,000, were found by the president to be destined, except for some small items, for delivery in Germany. He held that their eventual destination was the German government, for the use of its naval and military forces. To rule otherwise, Sir Samuel said, would be to allow one's eyes to be blinded by theories and technicalities.
The court disallowed sixteen claims, including those of the Armour, Morris, Hammond, Swift and Sulzberger companies. It allowed eight claims, including that of the Cudahy Company, of Chicago. The others were Danish consignments.
Sir Samuel gave leave to appeal, fixing security for the costs at \$25,000, divisible among the appellants. He also gave the crown attorneys leave to appeal in the cases of Cudahy and other claims allowed.
Sir Samuel's decision has aroused intense interest among all the representatives of American packing firms here as well as those immediately involved, as no American meat products have been shipped to European neutrals since last May, and the unfavorable result of the packers' case is likely to cause further stoppage of this trade.

Expect to Win.
"We intend to carry the case to the privy council, where we expect to win," said A. R. Urion, attorney for the Chicago packers, "but should the decision there be adverse we shall carry it still further."
It is known that the packers, in the event of losing in the privy council, will turn further appeals into diplomatic channels, with an international commission as a possible court of final appeal. The packers contend that as the orders in council of last March were not in force when the ships were seized last October, it is not even incumbent on them to prove that the cargoes were not destined for a nation at war with Great Bri-

tain, and they expect this contention would be upheld by an international tribunal.

Since the cargoes were seized, in October, many efforts have been made to settle the matter out of court. The approximate value of the cargoes actually owned by Chicago packers and shipped to order was \$15,000,000, virtually all of which had been confiscated by the prize court order.
An additional \$7,600,000 worth of products consigned to, and already paid for by Danish consignees, has been turned over in great part to the owners. The Cudahy consignment, valued at \$110,000, and consigned direct to the Danish owners, has also been released.

Packers Issue Statement.
Chicago, Sept. 16.—"England's confiscation of \$2,500,000 worth of American meat products, as announced in the brief press dispatches today, is not justified by the facts or any principle of international law," declared a statement issued here today by attorneys for big packing interests. "It can only be construed as another step in England's policy to interfere with the trade of American citizens with the citizens of neutral countries. All these shipments were destined to neutral countries, and the ship's papers at the time of their seizures clearly showed such fact. They were not destined to or for the enemy of Great Britain, and upon trial of the case no evidence showing they were destined to such enemy of Great Britain was adduced and none could have been. This makes necessary further presentation of stronger protests to the department of State for an equitable adjustment of the claims.
"There are a number of other shipments of packing house products, valued at \$12,000,000, being held up by England, which have never been brought to the prize courts.
"The situation is such that the packers are making light shipments to neutral countries for fear of further seizure.
"It is of paramount importance that our government protest promptly and vigorously against England's interference with our trade with neutral nations, and also insist upon the opening of neutral markets as to unrestricted shipments from this country as were enjoyed previous to the outbreak of the war."

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury
as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.
Sold by druggists. Price 75c. per bottle.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.—Adv.

Experts Fighting Boll Weevil.
Washington, Sept. 17.—Every available cotton demonstration worker has been ordered by the Agricultural Department into Southeastern Georgia and Florida to aid in halting the advance of the Mexican boll weevil, which has brought the pest to the edge of the valuable sea island cotton territory.
The wind attending the Galveston storm a few weeks ago is blamed for the surprising advance. Coming just at the beginning of the migration period the storm carried the weevil from Alabama 75 miles into Georgia in a few days. Ordinarily the average is 35 to 50 miles yearly.
For years efforts have been made to save sea island cotton from the weevil. Low lands are recognized as an ideal location for the weevils to hibernate.

Ed. Smith to Fight Weevil.
Washington, Sept. 17.—Because of the unusual advance of the boll weevil north and eastward this season to the very limits of the sea island cotton zone, Senator Smith, of South Carolina, has announced that he would again urge upon Congress the advisability of establishing a non-cotton zone in front of the cotton fields at present infested.
Senator Smith urged such a measure unsuccessfully two years ago when the weevil had advanced only a short distance in Alabama.

Munition Makers Strike.
Lowell, Mass., Sept. 16.—About 4,500 employees, out of 5,000, at the United States Cartridge Company's plant here, struck to-day. They asked 15 per cent wage increase, an eight-hour work day, abolishment of night work and Sunday work for men. The women demand eight hours and a 20 per cent wage increase. It is understood the company has large orders from the allies.

COLUMBIA HAS NEAR RIOTS.

Street Car Men at War With Their Employers.

Columbia, Sept. 16.—A riot was narrowly averted on Main street, in front of the State House, this afternoon following the efforts of the strikers to induce men who were running the street cars to leave their places. General Manager A. A. Wallace, of the street railway, who had jumped on the street car, which was surrounded by the strikers and their sympathizers, struck H. A. Stack, a policeman, over the head with a switch rod, thinking that he was a member of the crowd trying to rush the car and attack him. A crowd which had gathered massed around the car and there were cheers and jeers when Mr. Wallace was carried off by the police to the station house. Later he was released under bond.
This incident came directly after a car was stopped on Main street and A. W. Oxner, who was running as motorman, was taken from the car. When this car turned from Gervais street into Main, in front of the State House, several strikers tried to induce the motorman to quit his place. Just what followed is not known, but some remark was made and a big crowd followed the street car for two blocks and caught it in front of the National Loan and Exchange Bank.
Mr. Wallace and policemen came to the scene, and after some time Mr. Oxner was escorted to the sidewalk.
Run Over by Automobile.
A lane wide enough for automobiles to pass through was kept open with difficulty, and finally an automobile ran over G. C. Warner, manager of the Ideal Theater, who was in the crowd. He was removed to the hospital and given attention.
After some time Mr. Oxner, accompanied by Mr. Wallace, came back to the car and getting on took it up the street, while some in the crowd cheered and others jeered. Policemen finally got the crowd to disperse.
Charges were entered by General Manager Wallace against John Goldman, S. C. McKissick and J. W. Brunswick, who are said to be among the strikers and who are charged with being the ones who attempted to take Motorman Oxner off the car.
This car had barely gotten a block up street when a big crowd was seen two blocks down the street, at the transfer station, which is just in front of the city hall and State House. Strikers were trying to get the motorman and conductors of two cars, which were just turning into Main street, to get off and quit. A tremendous crowd, which had gathered, were pressing close and Policemen Stack, who was in plain clothes, it is claimed, was trying to keep the crowd back by urging them to disperse.
General Manager Wallace arrived on the scene in an automobile and at once went to the assistance of the men on the cars. He told the crew to stand back, and, it is said, that several threats were made against him by some persons in the crowd. On account of the threatening attitude and the menacing way at which they were trying to climb on the car he thought they were going to attack him. He defended himself with a heavy iron rod, and struck Policeman Stack over the head, the blow making blood flow freely. It is said that Mr. Stack, being in citizen's clothes, Mr. Wallace took him for one of the strikers and hit in self-defense.

Manning Settles Torley Strike.
Columbia, Sept. 17.—Through the mediation of Governor Manning the street car strike, which for a week has tied up Columbia traction and has led to some slight disturbances, was settled to-night.

Invigorating to the Pale and Sickly
The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out Malaria, enriches the blood, and builds up the system. A true tonic. For adults and children. 50c.

To Raise More Egyptian Cotton.
London, Sept. 17.—Egypt apparently intends to expand the cotton industry. The council of ministers has removed the prohibition against growers devoting more than one-third of their acreage to this crop, according to a dispatch from Cairo.

YOUR BODY
PROTESTS AGAINST CALOMEL.
You have noticed the disagreeable effects of calomel, that sickening nausea that is characteristic. There is no reason for tearing up your system in such a drastic manner.
LIV-VER-LAX, that wonderful vegetable compound, is just as useful as calomel for toning up your liver and ridding your system of stagnating poisons, and it does not make you feel badly like calomel. It is pleasant to take with no unpleasant after effects. Keep it in your home for health's sake.
If LIV-VER-LAX is not entirely satisfactory, your money will be returned without question. The original bears the likeness of L. K. Grigsby. For sale at 50c. and \$1 by Norman Drug Co., Walhalla.—Adv.



The following prices, f. o. b. Detroit, effective August 2d:
Ford Runabout, \$390
Ford Touring Car, \$440
—No assurance given against an advance in these prices at any time and no further reduction prior to August 1st, 1916.
Call, Phone or Write
Piedmont Auto Co.,
Factory Distributing Agents for Oconee County, WALHALLA, S. C.

TYPEWRITER SUPPLIES

Ribbons - Paper - Carbons

We can supply all Demands in Typewriter Papers—Bonds, Heavy, Light and Feather Weight—any size, any quantity.
High quality Carbon Paper always in stock.
We represent locally a Standard Typewriter Ribbon Sales House. Best Silk Ribbons 75c. Fresh Ribbons for all machines with but little delay.
Orders for Supplies Handled Promptly.

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The kind that looks right and is right, in Style, Workmanship, Quality and Price Write or call.

KEOWEE COURIER,

WALHALLA, S. C.

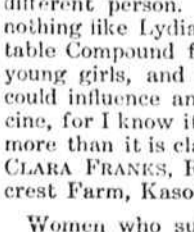
Horse Sense.
(Anderson Mail, 16th.)
Romaine Q. Merrick, deputy revenue officer, was in the city on official business to-day, and while here told a joke on himself and Rube Gosnell, chief of the rural police of Greenville county. Several days ago the newspaper editors told of Rube's riding up behind a mountain wagon and scaring the horses, which made a spurt, causing the wagon to spill its load. The load turned out to be nothing less than a compelled still outfit owned by a notorious blockader of that section.
"Well, Rube captured the team and brought it on to Greenville, along with the two men," said Mr. Merrick. "Rube noticed that the horse did his best to turn a certain road leading up Paris mountain, so he concluded that the horse was 'homeward bound' and would lead to the home of the blockaders and incidentally to a still. Rube and I decided to try the horse, so hitched up and started out in the hot sun Saturday afternoon.
"We got to the turning off place, and the horse dashed up a mountain side. We felt sure we were on the trail of a big still, and wondered which road the horse would take when it came to a cross-road or to the intersection of another road. The horse kept up the pace for miles and miles. All of a sudden we discovered the horse had encircled the mountain, and was about to land us in Greenville—our starting point. We didn't get much information out of the horse which promised so well, and the boys around Greenville have been making life a burden for us ever since."

grasshoppers, crickets, weevils, caterpillars, moths etc. In 24 hours the toad consumes enough food to fill its stomach four times. A single toad will in three months devour over 10,000 insects. If every ten of these would have done one cent damage the toad has saved \$10. Evidently the toad is a valuable friend to the farmer, gardener, and fruit-grower, and can be made especially useful in the greenhouse, garden, and berry patch.

FARMER'S WIFE TOO ILL TO WORK

A Weak, Nervous Sufferer Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Kasota, Minn.—"I am glad to say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done more for me than anything else, and I had the best physician here. I was so weak and nervous that I could not do my work and suffered with pains low down in my right side for a year or more. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and now I feel like a different person. I believe there is nothing like Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for weak women and young girls, and I would be glad if I could influence anyone to try the medicine, for I know it will do all and much more than it is claimed to do."—Mrs. CLARA FRANKS, R. F. D. No. 1, Maplecrest Farm, Kasota, Minn.



Women who suffer from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should be convinced of the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health by the many genuine and truthful testimonials we are constantly publishing in the newspapers.
If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

Cures Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure.
The worst cases, no matter how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. J. C. Ayer's Antiseptic Healing Ointment. It relieves Pain and Heals at the same time. 25c. 50c. \$1.00.

The Toad.
The toad lives from 10 to 40 years, and it can lay over a thousand eggs a year. It has lived two years without food, but cannot live long under water. It never takes dead or motionless food. It captures and devours wasps, yellow-jackets, ants, beetles, worms, spiders, snails, bugs,