

NEW HEAD FOR ASYLUM.

Dr. G. F. Sargent, Expert in Care of the Insane.

(The State.)

George F. Sargent, M. D., an expert in the care and treatment of the insane, was yesterday appointed by Governor Manning as superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane.

Governor Manning made the following announcement:

"I have appointed Dr. George F. Sargent superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane. I have taken this action after several weeks' endeavor to find the man best fitted by training, experience and equipment for this position—one who is an expert in mental diseases and care of the insane."

The New Superintendent.

Dr. Sargent is 36 years old and has been married two years. He was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, in 1903. He served for two years as an assistant physician at the Worcester State Hospital for the Insane at Worcester, Mass. For some time he served as an assistant physician at the Northern Michigan State Hospital for the Insane at Traver, Mich.

"Dr. Sargent was highly recommended for the position," said Governor Manning. "He was recommended by Dr. Bureh, superintendent of the Sheppard and Enoch Platt Hospital; Dr. Munson, of the Northern Michigan Hospital; Drs. Heard and Barker, of Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, and by Dr. A. P. Herring, secretary of the Maryland Lunacy Commission."

The board of regents of the asylum met in Columbia on Thursday, when they were officially informed of the selection of Dr. Sargent as superintendent.

Dr. Strait was appointed superintendent of the hospital more than a year ago by former Governor Heale, to succeed J. W. Babcock, M. D., who had resigned. Several weeks ago Governor Manning informed Dr. Strait that it was his intention to select a new superintendent for the institution. Since that time the Governor has been studying the proposition very carefully. Many physicians have been considered. Several well known specialists in mental diseases came to Columbia for conferences with Governor Manning. The Governor believes that he has selected the very best man available for the position. He believes that Dr. Sargent is well equipped to carry forward the work of improving the conditions at the asylum.

The last General Assembly voted a special tax of one-half mill to erect new buildings and improve the old plant.

Constitutional Question Raised.

Columbia, April 8.—Doubt as to the constitutionality of the appointment of Dr. George F. Sargent, of Maryland to be superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane was raised here this morning on the examination of the constitution of the State. The constitution forbids the appointment or election of any person to office who is not an elector. Article 17, Section 1, says:

"Qualification of Officers.—No person shall be elected or appointed to any office in this State unless he possess the qualifications of an elector: Provided, the provisions of this section shall not apply to the offices of State Librarian and departmental clerks, to either of which offices any woman, a resident of the State two years, who has attained the age of 21 years, shall be eligible."

An "elector" is thus defined in Article 2, Section 3: "Electors.—Every male citizen of this State and of the United States 21 years of age and upwards, not laboring under the disabilities named in this constitution and possessing the qualifications required by it, shall be an elector." Article 2, Section 4, prescribes the qualifications necessary for suffrage, which are two years residence in the State, one year in the county, and four months in the polling precinct, and the payment six months before any election of any poll tax when due and payable, except that ministers and teachers can vote after six months' residence in the State.

The office of superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane is a constitutional office, for Article 12, Section 2, says: "State Hospital for the Insane—Officers of—The Regents of the State Hospital for the Insane and the Superintendent thereof, who shall be a physician, shall be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. All other physicians, officers and employees of the hospital shall be appointed by the regents,

unless otherwise ordered by the General Assembly."

In the view of several lawyers the State Board of Charities and Corrections will be stopped by the constitution from going without the State to employ a man for secretary. They point out that this office was created by an act of the General Assembly and it will not be possible for the secretary to be other than a resident and elector of the State of South Carolina.

The sections of the constitution referred to were very much discussed here to-day in political circles.

American Arrested as Spy.

London, April 9.—A man giving the name of Kuepferle, arrested here on a charge of having sent military information to Germany, was found to-night to have in his possession an American passport, which gives his address as 1661 DeKalb avenue, Brooklyn.

Charged with sending military information to Germany by means of invisible ink, three men have been arrested and will be tried in a civil court. The authorities intimate that the case is one of gravest importance.

One of the suspects, Kuepferle, professes to be an American. Another, Muller, claims he is a naturalized Englishman. The third, who gives his name as Hahn, admits he is a German subject.

Kuepferle came here from the United States, first visiting Dublin and then coming to London, where he is said to have been awaiting passage across the channel.

Whole Family Dependent.

E. Williams, Hamilton, Ohio, writes: "Our whole family depend on Pine-Tar-Honey." Maybe some one in your family has a severe cold—perhaps it is the baby. The original Dr. Heli's Pine-Tar-Honey is an ever-ready household remedy—it gives immediate relief. Pine-Tar-Honey penetrates the linings of the throat and lungs, destroys the germs, and allows nature to act. At your druggist, 25c.—Adv.3.

"Puffily Content, Sah."

(Atlanta Constitution.)

Claude Walton, a negro convict sent up from Fulton county for a term of six years for burglary, now serving in the Newton county gang, has elected to finish out his term, which ends the last of this month, instead of accepting a month of freedom which Governor Slaton recently offered him by way of parole. The parole has been returned by the warden of the Newton county gang with the statement that the negro has declined on the ground that he is very well content in his present circumstances.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Groves'

The Old Standard Groves' Tasteless Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well-known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

Lady Dies from Wound.

(Charleston News and Courier, 8th.)

Mrs. G. W. Fennell, who was fatally wounded in the right temple accidentally a week ago this morning at her home in Hampton, died yesterday morning about 4 o'clock at the Baker Sanatorium, where she was brought last Thursday night for treatment. Coroner Mansfield held an inquest yesterday and a verdict of accidental death was returned. Mrs. Fennell was starting a fire in her home, when she accidentally knocked a pistol, supposed to be unloaded, off the mantelpiece. The lone cartridge was discharged when the pistol struck the hearth. The bullet lodged in the right temple.

The body was shipped to Hampton, where the funeral will take place to-day. Mrs. Fennell is survived by her husband and seven children, the oldest of which is fourteen.

EVER SALIVATED BY CALOMEL? HORRIBLE!

Calomel is Quicksilver and Acts Like Dynamite on Your Liver.

Calomel loses you a day! You know what calomel is. It's mercury; quicksilver. Calomel is dangerous. It crashes into your bile like dynamite, cramping and sickening you. Calomel attacks the bones and should never be put into your system.

When you feel bilious, sluggish, constipated and all knocked out and believe you need a dose of dangerous calomel just remember that your druggist sells for 50 cents a large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tonic, which is entirely vegetable and pleasant to take and is a perfect substitute for calomel. It is guaranteed to start your liver without stirring you up inside, and can not salivate.

Don't take calomel! It makes you sick the next day; it loses you a day's work. Dodson's Liver Tonic straightens you right up and you feel great. Give it to the children because it is perfectly harmless and doesn't gripe.—Adv.

The European War Day by Day.

Austrian Bombs Were Deadly.

Paris, April 8.—Twelve women and children were killed and forty-eight others injured by bombs dropped by Austrian aviators in the market place at Podgoritzta, Montenegro, yesterday, according to a Cetinje dispatch to Havas Agency. Many buildings were destroyed by missiles, seven of which were dropped from one aeroplane.

Austrian Army Cut in Two.

Petrograd, April 8.—The advance of the Russians in the Carpathians has cut the Austrian army under Gen. Boerovitch in two pieces. The eastern wing of this army is in a precarious position.

The Russians have captured Smolnik, East Lupkow Pass, and also have thrown back the Austrians in the district of Bartfield and in the district of Lupkow. Having advanced through Rostock Pass, a wedge has been forced between the Austrian armies.

Smolnik controls the only road through the Beskid mountains between Mezolaboroz and Uzsok, a distance of 60 miles.

Both Make Claims in Carpathians.

London, April 8.—Fights for the Carpathians is proceeding bitterly; both sides claim local successes. The Russians are fighting their way over four passes—Dukla, Lupkow, Uzsok, Rostock, the last named being in their possession.

The Austrians seem to have only enough men to hold the Russians in check and evidently are unable to make an effective counter stroke from Bukowina, hence their hope must again center on the Germans, who may force back the Russians, the invaders, as they did once before when the Russians reached a point further within Hungary than they have thus far gained at this time.

Russian Airships Wrecked.

Berlin, April 8.—An extraordinary aerial flight is described in a dispatch from Budapest. An Austrian aeroplane, it is said, encountered three Russian aeroplanes, and, mounting above its adversary, dropped a bomb which struck one of them and sent it plunging 1,500 yards to earth. The resulting atmospheric disturbance upset and wrecked the other two Russians.

Another dispatch says French aviators during a nocturnal flight over Strassburg dropped bombs in a prison camp where 500 French soldiers were confined, wounding five of them severely.

Aviators Pursue Train.

Geneva, Switzerland, April 7.—Two French aviators pursued a German military train yesterday from Marbach to Villingen, in the Black Forest, damaged the railway and stations along the line and dropped bombs on Muelheim and Neubourg.

A French biplane, pursued by German aviators, lost its way in the mist last night and landed near Premunry, Switzerland. The two men aboard will be interned.

London, April 8.—Russian troops are pushing forward rapidly in the Carpathians. Petrograd claims that the road to the plains of Hungary now lies open before them.

The Russians are said to have captured Smolnik, east of Lupkow Pass, and driven a wedge between the western and eastern wings of the Austrian army in the Beskids, placing the eastern wing in a precarious position.

The Austrians seem to have only enough men to hold the Russians in check, and evidently are unable to make an effective counter stroke from Bukowina. Therefore their hope again must center on the Germans, who may force back the Russians as they did when the invaders had reached a point further within Hungary than they have gained this time. On that occasion an Austro-German force attacked the Russian flank in the country south of Cracow, and threatened its lines of communication, quickly bringing about a retreat. A similar movement might be attempted now, but its chances of success probably would not be as great as before, for the Russian positions now are heavily entrenched.

In the west the French are hammering away at the German wedge extending to St. Mihiel. Both the French and German official statements show the new battle between the Meuse and the Moselle has developed into a very severe struggle. The Paris announcement says the gains made heretofore by the allies have been maintained in the face of violent counter attacks, in which the Germans suffered enormous losses.

The German account of this fighting mentions French attacks at eight points, and says all were repulsed. The Berlin statement says the losses of the French were very heavy.

Land Forces at Dardanelles.

Paris, April 8.—French troops from Africa are ready to assist the

allied fleet and British expeditionary forces against Turkey. This official statement was issued by the war office to-night.

"The expeditionary corps to the Orient, which was placed under command of Gen. A. G. D'Amade and concentrated at Bizerta (a fortified seaport of Tunis, Africa), to perfect its organization, has effected the voyage to the Levant under the best of conditions. It has been ready since March 15 to aid the allied fleets and British expeditionary corps.

"In waiting, it was deemed advisable not to prolong the stay of the troops aboard transports, and for this reason the hospitality of Egypt was accepted. The French forces have been debarked at Alexandria and are installed at Ramleh, where they are resting and perfecting their organization. They are ready to proceed without delay to any point necessary."

Said to Be Disembarking.

London, April 9.—The Daily Mail's Athens correspondent says he learned from Dedeaghatz that several transports of the allies, escorted by warships, were seen Wednesday off Enos, and that it was supposed troops were being disembarked along the Turkish coast.

Germany Prohibits Exports to Italy.

Geneva, Switzerland, April 9.—The German government to-day, besides prohibiting exports from Germany to Italy, is stopping at the frontier stations all empty Italian freight cars homeward bound. Passenger trains arriving in Switzerland to-day from Italy are crowded with German families.

French Advance Against Germany.

London, April 9.—A further advance between the Meuse and the Moselle, where a concerted action was begun by the allies several days ago, is announced to-day by the French military authorities. It is said trenches were captured at several points and in some instances they were worked with the dead.

The German war office says the battle is proceeding with increasing fierceness and heavy loss of life, but that the efforts of the allies have been unavailing. On the contrary, it is said, the Germans succeeded in capturing trenches from the French.

The village of Drei Grathen, which the Germans captured only to lose on the following day, has been again taken from the Belgians, the Berlin statement announces.

In the German campaign against Russia new fighting has developed north of Suwalki, the result of which is not announced. Otherwise there is no change along the front.

Russian tariff officers regard the Austrian operations in the Carpathians as having collapsed, and are considering the best route for an invasion of Hungary. It is said in Petrograd that all the main summits and slopes of the Beskid mountains now are in the hands of the Russians.

Italy Hurrying War Preparations.

Italy continues rapidly her military preparations, but no decision has been reached whether she will participate in the war. It is reported from Geneva that Italy is withdrawing railroad equipment from the Swiss frontier for the movement of troops to the territory adjoining the Austrian tyrol. The border fortresses have been garrisoned and equipped.

King Constantine of Greece is reported as saying his country is in a position similar to Italy, having made military preparations without abandoning neutrality. The King expresses confidence that Greeks all over the world would fight enthusiastically should war be decided upon, but counsels a policy of prudence.

Further negotiations between Bulgaria and the Triple Entente powers may be initiated for the purpose of ascertaining the intentions of Bulgaria. A Rome dispatch says the pro-Russian party in Bulgaria, favoring the country's participation in the war on the side of the allies, is seeking to bring about an understanding.

Complete Success Claimed by Russia.

Petrograd, April 9.—With Russian forces in possession of all the main summits and slopes of the Beskid mountains, army officers here say the Austrian operations in the Carpathians have collapsed. The Russian general staff now is considering the best approach into Hungary.

The operations about Mezolaborz, Bartfeld, Lupkow and Uzsok, appear virtually to have ended, with the Austrians on the defensive along the whole line and perceptibly weakened.

Deep snow bars any rapid advance into Hungary, but once that difficulty is overcome and the Russians reach the southern slopes, where signs of spring are appearing, the most serious obstacle to a further advance will be the artificial defenses which

it is assumed have been erected.

The country between the San and the Laboreza is believed to provide the best route, but the Russian staff thinks the Germans have already transferred all available troops from other fronts to defend that region.

It is expected the German answer to the Russian offensive will be a new movement in Poland, starting from Thorn or Cracow. But invasion of Hungary is regarded here as a foregone conclusion, unless the Germans are able to transfer a formidable force of first line troops to stiffen the Austrian armies.

Under these conditions the possibility of a separate peace for Austria-Hungary is discussed widely in the Russian press and in diplomatic circles, particularly the reported attempt of Emperor Francis Joseph to enlist the influence of the Pope in that direction.

Austrians Declare Heavy Russ Losses

Vienna, April 9.—The following official communication was issued to-day:

"In the east Beskid mountains the situation is generally quiet.

"In the wooded mountains the enemy is prosecuting frontal attacks, storming without regard for life. High heaps of dead or wounded mark the battlefield which lies within effective range of our guns and machine guns. Yesterday we captured 1,600 un wounded prisoners.

"On the remainder of the front no particular events have taken place."

State of Ohio, City of Toledo,

Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. Frank J. Cheney.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.—Adv.

BETTER BUSINESS BEGINS.

Outlook as Evidenced by National Bank Examiners is Good.

Washington, April 8.—Business conditions throughout the country are showing marked improvement in almost all lines, according to reports from national bank examiners, a de public to-night by the Treasury Department. Eighty of the ninety examiners in the United States reported a permanent improvement, and Maine is said to be the only State where real depression exists.

"Pronounced hopefulness is prevalent in nearly every district," says the announcement. "Agricultural conditions are generally excellent, and commercial lines, with comparatively few exceptions, are enlarging their activities, mainly through an increased demand, but in some cases preparation for activity is expected to develop with the coming of good weather. Manufacturing is on the increase, and those industries having orders for supplies from foreign countries continue especially active.

"Further orders have been placed for cars and rails by the railroads, and some large contracts have been made for structural iron for large buildings in different portions of the country."

Marked Improvement in South.

The statement attributes depression to unusual conditions abroad, but says that business here has been stabilized through the application of economy. "The South," it continues, "is showing marked improvement. The sale of cotton is active at advancing prices, with the result that all business in that section is feeling a steady improvement. The prospects for large crops generally are excellent, and there will be greater diversification.

"The New England and Middle Atlantic States and portions of the Central West, although generally reporting an improvement, seem to feel the past depression to the greatest extent. Farmers, however, generally have had satisfactory results; but manufacturing, with the exception of that to fill foreign orders, is feeling the improvement to the least extent. There is improvement, however, in most lines. Savings bank deposits are increasing and generally banks have an abundance of money."

White Man With Black Liver.

The liver is a blood purifier. It was thought at one time it was the seat of the passions. The trouble with most people is that their liver becomes black because of impurities in the blood due to bad physical states, causing biliousness, headache, dizziness and constipation. Dr. King's New Life Pills will clean up the liver and give you new life. 25c. at your druggist.—Adv.3.

WIDOW CAUSES COURT SCENE

When Jury Frees Negro Who Had Slain Her Husband.

(Atlanta Constitution, 9th.)

The acquittal of the negro who shot and killed W. E. Ormond last November created a tensely dramatic scene in the court house Thursday afternoon when the wife of the slain man hysterically accused the freed man, almost precipitating a near riot, and necessitating an ambulance trip to Grady Hospital.

The slayer, Walter Ballard, after five months' of imprisonment, admitted the shooting, but was acquitted on the defense that he had answered Mrs. Ormond's cries for help, and had shot her husband under the belief that he was her assailant. Judge Ben Hill paid a tribute to the jury's verdict, pronouncing it fair and worthy.

As the negro walked from the court house, a free man, Mrs. Ormond, who was accompanied by members of her family, arose unsteadily from her seat. She was weeping and the arms of relatives led her to the doorway. The court room was crowded, and as the crowd filed out, Mrs. Ormond encountered the acquitted man.

She fell into a convulsion of hysterics, seeking to tear herself from the hold of those about her and rush upon Ballard. She shouted accusations, screaming that he had murdered her husband in cold blood.

The scene attracted crowds from the adjoining floors. Mrs. Ormond was in a frenzy of excitement, and policemen and court attaches carried the negro to the next floor. An ambulance was summoned and Mrs. Ormond was carried to Grady Hospital, where she soon recovered.

A squad of policemen from headquarters was hurried to the court house, and protected the negro from the huge crowd that had gathered upon the sidewalk and steps leading to the court house.

The acquitted negro was represented by Attorney John Boykin. He testified that he had been attracted on the night of the shooting by the screams for help from Mrs. Ormond when a negro snatched her purse on Woodward avenue, near Cooper street, as she was returning home.

Her outcries also attracted her husband, who came from the Ormond home with a rifle. The negro Ballard also had a gun. In the darkness, he said, he mistook Ormond for the robber. Simultaneously, Ormond caught sight of Ballard, and believing him to be the negro who had attacked his wife, opened fire. A fusillade ensued, in which both men were struck by bullets.

Parachute Falls, Falls on Tomb.

Louisville, Ky., April 8.—When his parachute failed to work John Henry, an aeronaut giving exhibitions at Hopkinsville, fell 200 feet and landed on a tombstone in the potters' field. It was said to-day his injuries probably would cause his death.

TEN WEEKS IN BED—

EMINENT PHYSICIANS FAILED. WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

I wish to inform you of the great benefit I have derived from the use of Swamp-Root. I had been a sufferer for more than twenty years from kidney and liver trouble and was almost constantly treated by the most eminent physicians who could only give me temporary relief. I had been in bed ten weeks when I began the use of Swamp-Root. Inside of twenty-four hours I could see that I had been greatly benefited. I continued to use Swamp-Root until I had used several bottles, when I really felt that my old trouble was completely cured and I am positive that any person suffering with kidney or liver trouble can be cured by the use of this preparation.

I am now in the best of health—better than I have been for ten years or more. I do not know how to express myself as strongly as I desire, in favor of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, as I am sure that it saved my life and that my good health is due entirely to this great remedy. I heartily recommend it to every sufferer, and am confident they can be benefited as I have been. It is a pleasure for me, gentlemen, to hand you this recommendation.

MRS. H. J. PRICE, 1140 Center St., Portsmouth, Ohio. Personally appeared before me this 13th of September, 1909, Mrs. H. J. Price, who subscribed the above statement and made oath that the same is true in substance and in fact.

R. A. CALVERT, Notary Public.

Letter to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do for You.

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince any one. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention the Walhalla Weekly Keowee Courier. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.