

The European War Day by Day.

Germans Shell British Towns.
London, Dec. 16.—The Yorkshire Evening News reports that two German cruisers were sunk in to-day's engagement and that the British flotilla was damaged.

The Evening Standard's Hartlepool correspondent says of the German raid on the English coast: "Two German warships are believed to have been sunk. The captain of a ketch lying off Saltburn says he saw three German ships engaged. One of these was blown up, another bolted and the third was still fighting."

First Time to Suffer.
London, Dec. 16.—For the first time in modern history, English towns have suffered from the attack of a foreign enemy.

A German squadron, the size of which is not yet known, crept upon the northeast coast of England during the darkness of a misty night. When the fogs cleared between 7 and 9 o'clock this morning the vessels opened fire on the towns of Scarborough, Whitby and Hartlepool. A distance of about 40 miles separates the first named port from the last. This stretch of coast is about 200 miles long.

British flotillas engaged the invaders, and the fortress of West Hartlepool, off the mouth of the River Tees, fired upon the enemy.

Official reports do not reveal the number of the attacking force, nor do they say whether the seacoast towns were fired upon simultaneously or one after another.

Fifty Shells Landed.
An eye-witness at the seaside resort of Scarborough estimates 50 shells landed in the town, enveloped it in smoke, and destroyed the Balmoral hotel, a number of houses and the railroad station. One of the objectives of the attack was St. Martin's church, which was damaged. A woman behind the counter of a shop was killed, and her husband was wounded.

Messages from Hartlepool say the local gas works and the lumber yards were set afire by the shells of the German ships. The estimate of the casualties at Hartlepool—nine people killed—probably is guess work and greatly exaggerated.

Two German ships threw 30 shells into Whitby and wrecked several houses, according to a message from that place, and one civilian resident of Whitby died of a wound. The sound of the German guns was heard at towns as far inland as 20 miles, according to some reports.

People Fled in Droves.
People from Scarborough hurried in droves to the railroad station and boarded the first train for Hull, where they circulated alarmist stories as to what was happening on the coast.

Thousands of people witnessed the firing from Redcar, across Tees Bay from Hartlepool, according to a message from that watering place. Several German ships were engaged and the fort north of the mouth of the River Tees replied.

Scarborough is wholly unfortified, except for a small battery, popularly believed to be obsolete. Whitby also is unfortified, and Hartlepool has only a small fort, but it is a large shipping center and tempting to an invading fleet.

The ruined castle on the cliff 300 feet above the sea, together with the Grand Hotel and the tower of the municipal amusement hall, make Scarborough an easy target. One report says the old castle was shelled.

Russians on Retreat.
Vienna, Dec. 17.—An official announcement says the Russians are retreating along the entire front in Galicia and Poland.

A great battle is in progress at Sochaczow, 30 miles west of Warsaw. The German wedge, which is proceeding in a southeasterly direction from flow, has managed, after heavy fighting, in which serious losses are reported to have been inflicted, to establish itself a quarter of a mile west of Sochaczow. The Polish campaign now centers at that point.

The German column was met at Sochaczow by fierce resistance by the Russians. Fighting was extremely severe, sometimes hand-to-hand encounters. Artillery fire was heavy and continuous.

Reinforcements are being poured in rapidly on both sides. The Russians are bringing in troops from Warsaw, while the Germans are moving forces from the Lodz region.

Notwithstanding the conflicting nature or reports concerning the character of German operations, it is evident their manoeuvres, which, according to some reports, include as many as five army corps, are being conducted along a line to the north of Lodz.

Defeat of Russians Claimed.
Washington, Dec. 17.—One of the greatest victories of the war is claimed to-day by Germany. The Berlin

official statement contains these words:

"The Russian offensive against Sillesia and Posen has completely broken down. In the whole of Poland the enemy was forced to retreat after fierce and stubborn frontal battles, and is being pursued everywhere."

A semi-official statement from Berlin speaks confidently of the eastern situation, and says the Austrians appear to have achieved their first actual successes against the Russians in the last few days, in western Galicia. Petrograd admits the German flanking movements threaten the Russian lines of communication, and that it has been necessary for the Russians to draw back their lines in certain sections, but it gives no intimation of such reverses as are reported from Berlin.

In Belgium and France.
The great battle in Belgium and Northeastern France is the subject of conflicting claims. The German war office announces all allies have made new attacks, but they have been beaten back with heavy losses. The French statement says several German trenches in Belgium have been captured by infantry assaults, and that at other points to the south and east the allies' artillery has done effective work.

Four steamers were sunk by mines off the east coast of England, in the territory covered yesterday by the raiding German warships, which were said in England to have scattered mines to cover their retreat.

Austrians Shatter Russians.
Vienna, Dec. 17.—The following official communication was issued to-day:

"The latest news permits of no further doubt that the resistance of the Russian main force has been shattered. After the defeat of the southern wing in the battle of Limanovo, which lasted several days, our allies also gained a victory near Lodz."

"The Russians now are completely routed on the river Bzura."

"Threatened by our advance across the Carpathians from the south, the enemy began a general retreat, which they are trying to cover by stubborn fighting in the regions before the Carpathians."

"Our troops are attacking on the line of Grodno-Zakliczyu."

"Along the other parts of the front the pursuit has begun."

German Trenches Taken.
Paris, Dec. 7.—The French war office gave out the following official statement to-day:

"Between the sea and the Lys we have occupied several German trenches at the point of the bayonet; consolidated our positions at Lombaertzyde and St. Georges, and organized the territory taken from the enemy to the west of Cheluvelt."

"We have made progress at some points in the region of Vermelles."

"There has been no infantry action along the remainder of the front, but we report very effective shooting on the part of our heavy artillery in the environs of Tracy-le-Val, on the Aisne, and in Champagne, as well as in the Argonne and in the region of Verdun."

"In Lorraine and in Alsace there is nothing to report."

Allies Claim Steady Progress.
London, Dec. 18.—German armies which invaded France and Belgium are said by the allies to be yielding slowly but steadily. To-day's official French statement, like its recent predecessors, reports victories here and there along the battle line. It is stated that the allies have made further advance in Belgium, although the report that they had captured Westende, near Nieupoort, on the Belgian coast, was not confirmed. Several German trenches have been taken, it is also stated, although the admission is made that the Germans blew up a French trench in the Argonne.

The German war office denied that further ground had been won by the allies. It states that French attacks have been repulsed and that in the Argonne 7,500 prisoners were captured.

Russians in Full Retreat.
Again the Germans and the Austrians seem to be on the crest of a wave of battle as the interminable struggle in the east continues; again Berlin is gay with flags and again Petrograd declines to concede victory to the invaders. Berlin and Vienna contend, however, that the Russians are falling back along the entire front, from the Baltic to the Carpathians, with the invading center less than 30 miles from Warsaw.

To the south, where a few weeks ago Russians were pouring over the Carpathians into Hungary, combined Austro-German columns have now forced them back through the passes, and it is asserted have advanced two-thirds of the way across Galicia and are nearing the fortress of Lemberg, occupied by the Russians early in the Gallican campaign.

The Russian official announcements admit none of this. They dismiss the happenings in Galicia as engagements of no importance, and class the operations to the west of Warsaw in the same category. It is claimed, however, that the extreme Russian right near Mlawa has thrust the Germans back and that Russian cavalry has swung across the southern border of East Prussia.

British Ships Sunk by Germans.
London, Dec. 18.—An Amsterdam dispatch contains a German official statement, which claims that some of the British destroyers, which attacked the German raiding squadron off the British coast, were sunk. The communication follows:

"The retreating cruisers were attacked by four British destroyers, one of which was sunk. Another disappeared badly damaged."

"At another point another English destroyer was sunk."

Dead Austrians Cover Ground.
Paris, Dec. 18.—In a dispatch from Nish, Serbia, the Havas correspondent says the Serbian authorities have re-established themselves in the vicinity of Podrinie, where the Austrian troops surrendered to them. Prisoners affirm that the Austrian losses in the recent engagements in killed and wounded have been very large and they exceed the losses in prisoners. Heavy casualties are shown by the innumerable unburied bodies of Austrian soldiers found on the line of their retreat.

Loznitza, where there has been no fighting recently, was burned by the Austrians.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's
The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

Forty Men on High Sea.
Manilla, P. I., Dec. 17.—Forty men from the German cruiser Emden, who were left on the Cocos Island when the Australian cruiser Sydney forced the Emden ashore, and destroyed her, have captured a collier, mounted two Maxims on her and now are raiding commerce in the Pacific, according to a report received here.

The report came through officers of the British steamer Malacca, just arrived at Jolo, and has not been confirmed officially.

The men of the Emden had gone ashore on the Cocos Island to dismantle the wireless and fled when the Emden was destroyed. Headed by Lieut. von Mueck, they left Cocos Island with a commandeered schooner and plenty of provisions, together with their own armed launch and two boats, according to the report. Where they captured the collier is not stated.

The Malacca reports that she steamed to Jolo without showing lights at night.

MANY RUINED LIVES
Hundreds can point to the use of calomel as the cause of physical decay. Its strenuous effects upon liver, kidneys and even the heart are known to every practicing physician. Medical science has found a vegetable compound that eliminates the poisons from the liver and accumulations from the bowels in a safer and saner way than does calomel and leaves no ill after-effects.

This remedy in the form of GRIGSBY'S LIV-VER-LAX is a proven success. It is for sale in 50c. and \$1 bottles by Norman Company, Wall-halla, S. C., who guarantee to refund purchase price if you want it. It is always protected by the likeness of L. K. Grigsby.—Adv.

Postal Savings Self-Supporting
Washington, Dec. 11.—The postal savings system was self-supporting during the past year for the first time, according to a report sent to Congress to-day by Postmaster General Burleson. Deposits increased during the year from \$33,818,870 to \$43,444,271. The average balance to the credit of depositors was increased from \$10.20 to \$11.82.

"While there was a substantial increase in business during the year," the Postmaster General reported, "it was accomplished with less expense than in the previous year, and the system, for the first time, was on a self-supporting basis."

How To Give Quinine To Children.
FEBRILINE is the trade-mark name given to an improved Quinine. It is a Tasteless Syrup, pleasant to take and does not disturb the stomach. Children take it and never know it is Quinine. Also especially adapted to adults who cannot take ordinary Quinine. Does not nauseate nor cause nervousness nor ringing in the head. Try it the next time you need Quinine for any purpose. Ask for 2-ounce original package. The name FEBRILINE is blown in bottle. 25 cents.

A total of 318,569 electrical horsepower is supplied the various industries in Chicago.

SHIP NEARLY STRUCK A MINE.

Cunard Liner Had Close Call off the North Coast of Ireland.

New York, Dec. 16.—The big Cunard Transylvania, in to-day from Liverpool with 366 passengers, had a narrow escape from destruction. Early December 6, when, during a storm off the north coast of Ireland, two mines, dashed together by waves, exploded about 25 feet ahead of the steamer's bow.

A fragment of steel from one of the mines shot across the liner's deck and tore away a part of the railing.

The explosion, it was said, lifted the liner's bow several feet out of water. The Transylvania left Liverpool December 5, and a few minutes after 4 o'clock the next morning a terrific explosion shook the ship. The passengers rushed on deck.

Officers told them what they had heard was a thunderclap. Then the passengers noticed the space torn out of the deck railing and one of them picked up a fragment of the mine.

Among the passengers was Sir Chas. Allom, chairman of the British prisoners-of-war help committee. He said he came to the country to have a committee of Americans and neutrals appointed to investigate conditions of the allies' soldiers in German detention camps and military prisons. The committee, he said, proposed that remedial measures should be taken.

A Test for Liver Complaint, Mentally Unhappy—Physically Dull.

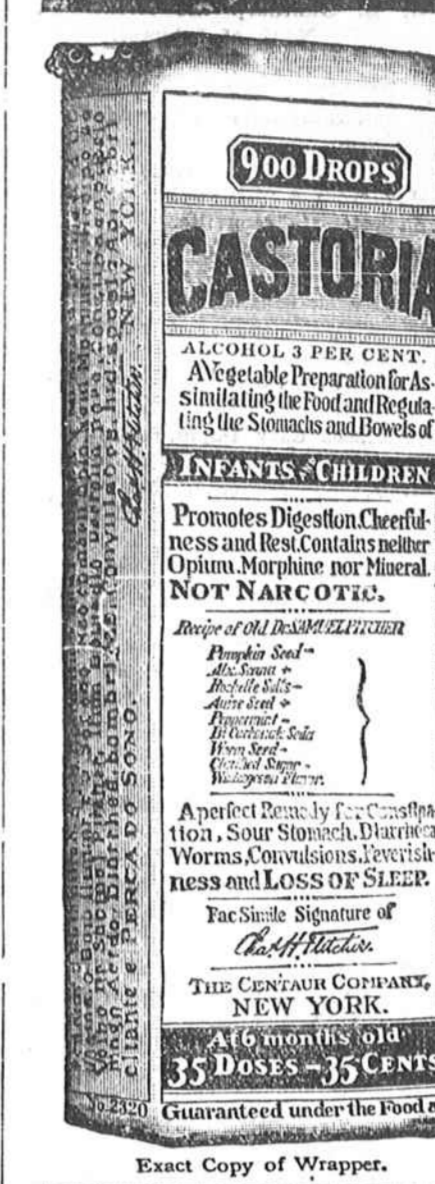
The liver, sluggish and inactive, first shows itself in a mental state, unhappy and critical. Never is there joy in living, as when the stomach and liver are doing their work. Keep your liver active and healthy by using Dr. King's New Life Pills; they empty the bowels freely, tone up your stomach, cure your constipation and purify the blood, 25c. at druggists. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, excellent for piles.—Adv.

BLUE RIDGE RAILWAY—BETWEEN BELTON AND WALHALLA.

TIME TABLE NO. 15—EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 18, 12.01 A. M. 1914.

EAST-BOUND—		WEST-BOUND—	
First Class Passenger Daily.	First Class Passenger Daily.	First Class Passenger Daily.	First Class Passenger Daily.
Leave Walhalla	7.00	11.40	6.15
Leave West Union	7.05	11.45	6.20
Leave Seneca	7.23	1.20	7.02
Leave Jordania	7.26	1.22	7.05
Leave Adams's Crossing	7.41	1.36	7.19
Leave Cherry's Crossing	7.44	1.38	7.21
Leave Pendleton	7.56	1.50	7.33
Leave Autun	8.04	1.58	7.41
Leave Sandy Springs	8.07	2.01	7.44
Leave Denver	8.12	2.06	7.49
Leave West Anderson	8.26	2.18	8.01
Leave Anderson (Passenger Depot)	8.31	2.42	8.05
Leave Anderson (Freight Depot)	8.34	4.50	8.18
Leave Erskine's Siding	8.50	5.10	8.35
Arrive Belton	9.00	5.20	8.45
NUMBER OF TRAIN	12	24	30

Flag Stations: Anderson (Freight Depot), West Anderson, Denver, Sandy Springs, Autun, Cherry's Crossing, Adams's Crossing, Jordania. Steam trains will stop at following flag stations to take on and let off passengers: Welch, Toxaway, Plinney's, James. Motor trains will stop at following points to take on and let off passengers: One-Mile Crossing, Keys' Crossing, Erskine's Siding, Welch, Robbins' Crossing, Harper's Crossing, Broyles' Crossing, Toxaway and Jefferson Avenue. J. R. ANDERSON, Superintendent.



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TRESPASS NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the public that any trespass upon any lands owned by me or under my control will be dealt with to the fullest extent of the law. Trespassers are warned particularly against pasturing stock, cutting any timber whatsoever, hunting, fishing or in any way committing any act of trespass on any of my lands.

R. W. BURGESS, Salem, S. C., R. F. D. No. 1. Nov. 24, 1914. 47-50*

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The State of South Carolina, County of Oconee. In Court of Common Pleas. S. Lee Crow, Plaintiff, against Louis Crow et al., Defendants. Pursuant to a decree of the aforesaid Court, made in the above stated case, notice is hereby given to all and singular the creditors of the estate of Luther Crow, deceased, to render an account of their demands against said estate to the undersigned, duly attested, on or before the 24th day of December, 1914, or that such creditors be barred.

W. O. WHITE, Master for Oconee County, S. C. Dec. 2, 1914. 48-50

Dr. King's New Life Pills The best in the world.

You Need a Tonic

There are times in every woman's life when she needs a tonic to help her over the hard places. When that time comes to you, you know what tonic to take—Cardui, the woman's tonic. Cardui is composed of purely vegetable ingredients, which act gently, yet surely, on the weakened womanly organs, and helps build them back to strength and health. It has benefited thousands and thousands of weak, ailing women in its past half century of wonderful success, and it will do the same for you. You can't make a mistake in taking

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Miss Amelia Wilson, R. F. D. No. 4, Alma, Ark., says: "I think Cardui is the greatest medicine on earth, for women. Before I began to take Cardui, I was so weak and nervous, and had such awful dizzy spells and a poor appetite. Now I feel as well and as strong as I ever did, and can eat most anything." Begin taking Cardui today. Sold by all dealers.

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