



"TO THINE OWN SELF BE TRUE, AND IT MUST FOLLOW AS THE NIGHT THE DAY: THOU CANST NOT THEN BE FALSE TO ANY MAN."

By STECK, SHELOR & SCHRODER.

WALHALLA, SOUTH CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, JULY 29, 1914.

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ALL WHITE SHOES REDUCED.

- \$3.00 White Canvas Queen Quality Pumps reduced to \$2.25.
\$2.25 White Canvas Pumps reduced to \$1.75.
\$2.00 White Canvas Button Oxfords reduced to \$1.50.
\$1.50 Children's 2-Strap Pumps reduced to \$1.20.
\$1.25 Children's 2-Strap Pumps reduced to \$1.00.
\$1.00 Children's 2-Strap Pumps reduced to 80c.

C. W. & J. E. BAUKNIGHT, Walhalla, S. C. IT PAYS TO BUY FOR CASH.

KEEP YOUR HEAD COOL

though the weather is hot and though you have trouble like the rest of us, with the assurance that

Your Savings Are Adequate

to meet your necessities. Extreme hot and extreme cold weather increase the expense of existence but you can very easily be tided over the extremes if you can have put your savings

In The Bank

The extreme cold will come and you can be prepared for it by opening a savings account WITH US.

Yours truly

WESTMINSTER BANK.

"Open An Account With Us and Receive Proper Service"

Reunion at South Union.

The families, relatives, friends and acquaintances of Asa Leathers are invited to come to South Union on Friday, August 28, 1914, for a reunion. Come early, bring dinner and let us all have a good time.

To Clean Return Cemetery.

All persons interested in Return cemetery are requested to meet there on Monday morning, August 10th, for the purpose of cleaning off the grounds and putting them in good condition. Please come early and bring tools to do the work with.

HARRY R. HUGHS,

Candidate for

The House of Representatives,

Will make the race upon the following issues, viz.:

- 1. Flat rate of two cents per mile on railroads.
2. Penitentiary reform, by which the convicts will either be worked on the public roads, or taught some useful trade, by means of which they may become independent and useful citizens when released.
3. Reform in the adoption of school books, by which fewer books will be placed in the course of study in the common schools, and such reform as will stop the incessant change of school books.

State Issues

- 1. Re-establishment of rural police for Oconee.
2. Placing constables back on the fee system instead of the salary they now receive.

County Issues

- 3. A road tax placed on all vehicles upon the basis of horsepower—twenty-five cents per horsepower—in order that those who use the roads may do most to support the roads.
4. Reduce the road tax to one dollar.

STATE FARMERS' MEETING ENDS

Anderson Convention Pronounced Success—Important Resolutions.

(Anderson Mail, 24th.) Shortly after midnight the annual convention of the State Farmers' Union concluded its business, and adjournment was made. It was expected that the convention would last through Friday, but it was seen yesterday afternoon that all the business before the union could be disposed of last night provided the session would continue for several hours. With a determination to dispatch all business so that adjournment could be reached, in order that the delegates might be able to get back to their homes by Friday night, the convention assembled in the court house last night at 8 o'clock.

Visit to Clemson College. The delegates to the convention and about 100 visiting farmers spent yesterday at Clemson College, the guests of President Riggs. They arrived at the college some time during the forenoon and remained there until after 4 o'clock. Every minute of the time was spent pleasantly and profitably. The college plant was thrown open for the inspection of the members of the union. The farms of the college, the barns, the dairy barns, and in fact everything pertaining to the college plant were inspected. The live stock was especially attractive to the visitors.

Fruits of all kinds were served the visitors on their arrival there, and there was a superabundance of it—grapes, apples, peaches, figs, etc., galore. The tour of inspection was then made, and the crowd gathered in the chapel auditorium, where an informal experience meeting was held. There were short and snappy talks by E. W. Dabbs, president of the State Union; Dr. Riggs, president of the college; P. A. Whaley, secretary of the Anderson Chamber of Commerce, and several others. Dinner was served in the mess hall. 160 guests being seated at the table. The menu was of the very best, and the crowd certainly did show their appreciation. Dr. Riggs was voted as being a most genial and generous host.

A Standing Invitation. Before the crowd departed on their return trip to Anderson—and by the way, many automobiles stopped at some of the farmers' homes between here and Clemson in order that the visitors from the other sections of the State might see with their own eyes what experts Anderson county farmers are—Dr. Riggs extended an invitation to the union to have its next meeting or all of its annual meetings at Clemson College. He made it clear that the union has a "standing invitation" to meet there.

Officers Are Elected. The election of officers was the first business of importance to come before the convention. E. W. Dabbs, of Mayesville, Spartan county, who has served the convention as president so acceptably four or five years, and before that time as vice president, was unanimously re-elected. J. B. Whetsell, of Dorchester county, was elected vice-president. The retiring vice president refused to allow his name to go before the convention for re-election.

J. Whitner Reid, of Columbia, who holds the affairs of the union as being first, and who has served as secretary-treasurer so efficiently for several terms, was re-elected for another term without opposition. President Dabbs was chosen as delegate to the National Union Convention, which will be held in Texas this year. Two alternates—J. W. Shealey and C. P. Moor—were named.

Towns Want Convention. Six towns submitted bids for the 1915 convention of the union. Rock Hill, Isle of Palms, Clemson College, Sumter, Lexington and Columbia are anxious for the next convention. The matter was left to the executive committee to make the choice. Sumter will win in all probability.

Resolutions Adopted. A number of resolutions of importance to the members of the union were adopted, after which informal discussions on many subjects were made. Following are the texts of the resolutions adopted:

- Congressman Lever Thanked. Whereas, the agricultural extension bill, commonly known as the Lever bill, has passed Congress and has received the approval of the President of the United States; and, Whereas, the bill is of vital importance to the development of agriculture in South Carolina; and, Whereas, credit for origination, design and successful passage of this bill is due to Congressman A. P. Lever, of South Carolina, therefore, be it Resolved, That the South Carolina State Farmers' Union, in convention in Anderson, extends to Mr. Lever the sincere appreciation of his successful efforts in behalf of the bill, the provisions of which so profoundly affect the agricultural development of the State and nation.
Clemson and Anderson Thanked. Resolved, That this body desires

A BIG CROWD IN SALUDA.

Many Attend Campaign Meeting—Candidates Got Good Hearing.

Saluda, July 25.—The candidates for Senatorial honors were greeted in Saluda county to-day by probably the second largest audience of the campaign, the crowd being variously estimated at from 2,000 to 4,000, about 500 of whom were women and children.

The meeting was characterized by no special features except the enthusiastic reception tendered Governor Blease at the conclusion of his speech. He was lifted upon the shoulders of his admirers and carried from the grove in which the meeting was held to the center of the town, about one-half a mile distant, by several hundred of his cheering followers.

The audience was otherwise undemonstrative, but there was some attempt to heckle Senator Smith and Governor Blease. Governor Blease made his usual characteristic speech, which was principally an attack on Senator Smith's record and the May convention, which drafted the new rules governing the Democratic primary.

Senator Smith, although his voice was in poor condition and he was frequently interrupted, made an eloquent speech on cotton and his record in the Senate.

W. P. Pollock the last speaker, exploited the record of Governor Blease.

L. D. Jennings was not present, the county chairman announcing that he was unable to come.

Pythian Picnic August 13th.

Arrangements are being perfected for the Pythian picnic to be held at Richland on August 13th. A great day is anticipated by the Pythians of Oconee, who anticipate having as their guests on this occasion Grand Chancellor H. K. Osborn as the chief speaker, and probably other Pythians of State-wide note. Harry A. Dargan, of Greenville, and E. P. McCravy, of Easley, will also deliver speeches. The following gentlemen will be called on for five-minute addresses: W. S. Myers, of Townsville; Dr. W. A. Strickland, of Westminster; Wade C. Hughes, Esq., of Walhalla, and Dr. E. C. Doyle, of Seneca.

All Pythians of Oconee are urged to bear this date (Thursday, August 13.) in mind and to so arrange their affairs as to take this day off from business to mix and mingle with their fellow-Pythians.

Kills His Divorced Wife.

Atlanta, Ga., July 25.—W. J. Nell late to-day shot and killed his divorced wife and then shot himself, dying two hours later. The shooting occurred at the woman's apartment, and is said to have resulted from a quarrel over the possession of the Nell's child, awarded to the mother by the court when the divorce decree was granted. Letters found in Nell's pockets indicated that he had been employed as a railroad brakeman.

to record our hearty thanks to Dr. W. M. Riggs and Clemson College for the splendid entertainment given to it to-day and to the Chamber of Commerce and to the good citizens of Anderson for transportation and other courtesies extended, and to the Anderson County Union for making these things possible by their invitation to meet here this year.

Buy Water at Meat Prices. It has come under our notice that there is a practice among retailers and wholesale dealers of watering salt meats and that water is at a very dear price at 10 and 12 cents per pound. Therefore, be it Resolved, That we, the members of the South Carolina State Farmers' Union, assembled at Anderson, do hereby call upon the Federal authorities and the State Legislature to pass such rules and regulations as will stop these practices.

Reclamation of Lowlands. Resolved, That the South Carolina Union urges upon Congress of the United States the speedy enactment of legislation looking to the early reclamation of the lowlands of the nation, the lack of which withholds from development some of the best lands and is a constant and dire menace to the public health.

Union to Buy Fertilizers. Resolved, That the president of the State Farmers' Union, together with the executive committee, be selected as a committee to effect arrangements by which the various unions of the State may purchase their fertilizers direct from the manufacturers at first cost.

Government Improve Roads. Resolved, That inasmuch as one of the most vital costs of the hour to the rural population is the continuation and maintenance of the public highways, this union most earnestly urges that Congress of the United States and the State Legislature do enact such legislation as will forthwith and immediately begin to furnish adequate relief from the great economic burden now borne by the producers. Adjournment was reached shortly after midnight.

SAYS SIGNATURE NOT GENUINE.

Dr. McIntosh Makes Statement as to Richey Examination.

Columbia, July 25.—Dr. James H. McIntosh to-day gave out the following signed statement:

"The Knowlton Hospital, Columbia, S. C., July 25, 1914.—On Thursday, July 23, 1914, I was still so much under the influence of the anesthetic and of anodynes from the operation of the night previous that I did not see the afternoon paper, and consequently did not know until Friday morning what had been said at the campaign meeting on Thursday. As soon as I saw on Friday morning the certificate set out in The State purporting to have been read from the platform by Governor Blease, I immediately sent my father, Dr. James McIntosh, and a friend to the Governor's office to request that he send the certificate to the Knowlton Hospital by his private secretary, Mr. Aull, that I might have an opportunity of seeing and inspecting it. Mr. Aull told these gentlemen that the certificate was not in the office, but that Governor Blease had it in his pocket at the Lexington campaign meeting, but that he would obtain it, and that it would be in the Governor's office on Saturday morning.

"On Saturday morning, on application at the Governor's office, Mr. Aull told my father, Dr. James McIntosh, that Governor Blease had come to the city Friday night, but had not come to the Capitol, and consequently he had not secured the original certificate.

"The only certificate I signed in this case bears date of January 9th, 1912, that being the date of our visit to the South Carolina penitentiary, and of our examination of R. A. Richey," says Dr. McIntosh. "It was prepared and signed in the office of the South Carolina penitentiary immediately after our examination. It is written with pen and ink on one of the letter heads of the South Carolina penitentiary. It is in my handwriting, and it contains no recommendation of pardon or parole. It was signed both by Dr. Knowlton and myself, and I understand that it was turned over by Dr. Knowlton to W. R. Richey.

"When this true certificate is produced I will identify it and will stand by its statement. And this is the only certificate that I have ever signed in the Richey case. Unfortunately, there is no copy of this certificate in existence to my knowledge—we made no copy of it that afternoon, and I have not seen the original since.

"This certificate as written by us was not satisfactory to W. R. Richey, and several days subsequent to our examination various typewritten modifications of our certificate were submitted to Dr. Knowlton and myself for our approval and signature. Each of these, after reading carefully, I returned unsigned, as in my opinion they did not cover the case properly.

"The certificate published in the newspapers as having been read by Governor Blease, purports to be written on the letter paper of the Knowlton Hospital and bears date of January 19, 1912, whereas the only certificate I signed was written on letter paper of the penitentiary and bears the date of January 9, 1912. The certificate set out in the newspapers is not the true certificate; I did not sign it, and any signature thereto purporting to be mine is not genuine. (Signed) "James H. McIntosh."

KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENT.

Anderson Young Man Meets Death at Toccoa, Ga.

(Toccoa Record.)

Guy Compton was injured in an automobile accident here late last Thursday afternoon, receiving injuries from which he died at 4 o'clock Friday morning.

While riding in an automobile near W. M. Kilgo's residence with Sanford Vandiver, Henry Freeman and Tom Bridges, the machine struck a water pipe, throwing Compton and Bridges, who were in the rear seat, out of the car.

The party was on the extreme right of the street trying to avoid a collision with a passing team which had pulled over in front of them, and when Compton was thrown from his seat he struck a telegraph pole. As the machine passed by he was terribly crushed about the abdomen and legs. He was immediately taken to a physician's office, where his right leg was amputated, and at the time it was thought that by the operation the accident would not prove fatal. The direct cause of his death was from bleeding internally from injuries received in the crash.

Mr. Compton's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Compton, of 1024 W. Market street, Anderson, S. C., were at once notified of the serious nature of the accident. Mrs. Compton arrived here about 20 minutes before the end came, his father not reaching Toccoa until Friday afternoon, being absent from home at the time. Mr. Compton was 26 years of age, and was employed in the yards here by the Southern Railway Company. He was a very affable young man, being held in high esteem by the

DRS. BARCOCK, POPE, JENNINGS

Also Examined Richey and Advised Against His Release.

Columbia, July 26.—That Dr. Jas. W. Babcock had in 1911 urged Governor Blease not to liberate R. A. Richey, serving a sentence for a grave crime, from the penitentiary, and that he was concurred in this by Dr. D. S. Pope, who considered Richey a man dangerous to a community, were developments of particular interest yesterday in the exchange of statements between Dr. Jas. H. McIntosh and Governor Blease relative to the Governor's justification, in physicians' reports of Richey's condition, for paroling Richey.

Dr. Babcock authorized the following:

"Dr. Jas. W. Babcock said yesterday that while superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane he had reported to Governor Blease about the condition of R. A. Richey. He said that to the best of his recollection he had advised against Richey's release from the State penitentiary, where he was serving a sentence for a grave crime.

"Dr. Babcock further said that he had been approached more than twice by W. R. Richey, a brother of R. A. Richey, who sought to have him examine R. A. Richey, but whose importuning was refused.

"When Governor Blease later asked Dr. Babcock to examine R. A. Richey, in the company of Dr. D. S. Pope and Dr. R. T. Jennings, the State penitentiary physician, he said he consented, as he always did when directed by a Governor to make such an examination. After making the examination Dr. Babcock said a report, telling in substance, that Richey should not be liberated from the penitentiary was written, signed by them and presented to Governor Blease.

"In conversation with Governor Blease, Dr. Babcock not only told him not to liberate Richey, but said 'if you free that man you will have all the women of the State down on you. It is bad politics.' He said he made this examination probably before a similar examination was made by Dr. Jas. H. McIntosh, and about the close of 1911."

Pope Agrees With Babcock.

When Dr. D. S. Pope was asked regarding this visit with Dr. Babcock and Dr. Jennings to the State penitentiary to examine R. A. Richey, he stated that the facts related in the statement of Dr. Babcock, which is printed above, were true to the best of his remembrance.

Dr. Pope further said: "I was satisfied that Richey was a malingering and was even more emphatic than Dr. Babcock that he should not be liberated from the State penitentiary. I believed he would be dangerous to the State if at liberty. A man whose mental condition is so law as was Richey's should be taken care of by the State. I went there at the request of Governor Blease, brought to me through Dr. Babcock, as I understood it at that time, and signed the report in that capacity."

Richey Feigned Fits.

"Richey feigned fits, but I soon cured him of that practice," declared Dr. R. T. Jennings, State penitentiary physician, when interviewed in connection with the statements of Dr. Babcock and Dr. Pope. "Richey was brought to the penitentiary one Sunday afternoon, by Sheriff Lyons, and Mrs. Richey accompanied them. Within a few minutes after they arrived Richey feigned a fit, and I gave him medicine which after repeating the dose forced him to change his tactics for the time being, though he continued to feign fits and became a nuisance around the penitentiary. "As I understood the commitment papers, he was brought to the penitentiary for confinement only.

"He became such a nuisance that I wanted to get rid of him. I was called out of bed at all times of the night to go to the penitentiary and doctor him while feigning fits."

"Vox Populi, Vox Dei."

Editor Keowee Courier: Learning through the columns of your paper of the desire of Hon. E. E. Verner to make a speech in opposition to compulsory school attendance, in order to get the voice of the people, please let us inform him through the same medium that he will learn "with a vim." This section of Oconee is advancing educationally and otherwise, and we look upon compulsory attendance as the "one thing needful" to make conditions ideal.

Yours for better education, Oakway, July 27. "A Voiceer."

officers of the company and his large number of acquaintances of railroad men and citizens in general. The deceased is survived by his father and mother and three brothers and three sisters, one of the sisters being Mrs. Pitch Stephens, of this city. Interment was made at Toccoa cemetery Saturday afternoon, the services being conducted by Rev. W. W. Stowe, assisted by Rev. W. S. Robison.