LOOK OVER YOUR WANTS

COME TO SEE US. SPECIAL PRICES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

Sacrificing Profits on Ladies', Misses' and Chil-

dren's Hats. About 25 Ladies' Ready-to-

Wear Hats that sold for \$2.50 and \$3, now at \$2.48.

About 50 Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Hats that sold for \$2 and \$2.50, now at \$1.25 and

About 25 Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Hats that sold for \$1.50 to \$2, now at 75c. and \$1.

Children's Hats from 25c. up. About 100 Ladies' Sailors, the 25c. and 50c. kind, all old and shop-worn, but good for out-door wear, at only 10c.

ming.

Big lot of many kinds to

Men's Hat Sale.

Men's Panama Hats, in all styles, best \$6 values, at only

Men's Straw Hats, 25c. and

Men's Silk Hats, all colors and styles, only 50c. Men's and Boys' Caps, from

25c. to \$1.

Men's Summer Underwear.

in Short or Long Garments. Prices from 25c. up.

About 100 Men's Shirts and Drawers, slightly shop-worn, to close out at 25c.

Flowers for Trim- Boys' 25c. Summer Under-shirts and Drawers, only 15c. the garment.

Ladies' Suits.

Ladies' Summer Underwear.

Ribbed Gauze Vests from

Ladies' Gauze Union Suits, 25c. and 50c.

Silk Hosiery

for the family. Ladies', Misses' and Men's for 25c, and up. Full line of colors.

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

We are still offering Close Prices in this line, Call and see the goods and you will be pleased as to quality and price.

Dress Goods.

Here is the place for the select from. Come and get your choice at only 10 cents per Bunch.

We are still offering a few ladies to buy the Goods. We are offering all the new fabrics at unheard-of prices.

See Us for Shoes, Furniture, Cook= ing Stoves, Rugs, and Everything that You Wear or Goes in Your Home!

ANDERSON. SENECA, S. C.

LOUIS PUCKHARMR BESCHED.

Losing His Life. Came Near

(Charleston Post, April 29.) A striking demonstration of the effectiveness of the pulmotor in reviving persons who have been overcome and rendered unconscious by gas poisoning, was presented late yesterday afternoon at the shops of the Southern railway, at Meeting and Columbus streets, when Louis Puckhaber, a 19-year-old mechanic, was rescued from death. He had been working on a pipe, one end of which was resting in a kiln that generates oil vapor. The poisonous fumes passed through the pipe and were inhaled by Mr. Puckhaber at the other end. Gradually he was overcome by the poison and finally sank into unconsciousness and apparently into date of its meeting from Thursday before the second Sunday in each

A physician was called immediately upon discovery of the plight of the young man, and the physician at once requested the Consolidated Company to send its pulmotor to the scene of the accident. Jennings Fos-ter, foreman of the gas department ter, foreman of the gas deposition of the Consolidated Company, responded with the machine. When they had reached Mr. Puckhaber he was totally unconscious, and if he was breathing it could not be de-

The apparatus was applied immediately, and within a minute and a half Mr. Puckhaber was breathing. This action having been started, oxygen was supplied from the pulmotor, and within a short time the man's lungs were performing their normal functions. To-day the young man is functions. To-day the young man is back at his work, little the worse for his experience, it is said.

The Consolidated Company purchased the pulmotor primarily for use in cases of gas poisoning, though the apparatus can be used upon persons who have come near drowning. The machine is kept ready for instant use, and at the service of the

Louis Puckhaber is well known and pleasantly remembered in Wal-halla, where he has numerous friends who rejoice at his good fortune in being revived after his harrowing ex-perience. Mr. Puckhaber is a grandson of Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Brandt.

Advertised Mail.

The following is a list of letters remaining uncalled for in the Walhalla post office for the week ending May 5, 1914:

Hershey, Geo. W.; Laurens, Sam; Walker, Maggie. When calling for the above please

say they are advertised. N. Fant, P. M.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

Office Clerk and Treasurer, Town of Walhalla, 3. C., April 20, 1914 .-Notice is hereby given that the Sanitary Tax for the quarter beginning April 1st and ending June 30, 1914, is now due and payable at the office of the Clerk and Treasurer. All parties will please pay same promptly and avoid inconvenience and penalty.

JAS. M. MOSS,

Clerk and Treasurer.

CONEROSS AND COMMUNITY.

J. M. Hunnicutt Greatly improved. Other Local News.

Concross, May 4 .- Special: J. M. Hunnicutt, who has been quite ill at the home of his son, Clifton Hunnicutt, in Seneca, is able to visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Hunnicutt, of this place.

We urge every one to attend more regularly the Sunday night services great shock. at Concross. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas. of

Hope, spent the week-end with their daughter, Mrs. Jim George, Mr. and Mrs. Stone and children,

The Y. W. A., Jr., has changed the

month to Wednesday. All members will please bear in mind and attend the meetings. Miss Rosa Dilworth has resigned as Sunbeam leader here and Miss

Hunsinger has been elected. Miss Dilworth has been to the Sun-beams an excellent and enthusiastic leader, and we feel Miss Hunsinger will be the same.

Miss Katie Abbott spent last

week in Westminster with her sister, Mrs. W. W. Mitchell. Mr. and Mrs. McAlister, of near

Seneca, were recent visitors at the home of J. B. Burdett and family. T. D. Alexander spent a day re-

ently in Anderson on business. Mr. and Mrs. Fricks, of Stone Mountain, Ga., spent last Tuesday and Wednesday very pleasantly with Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Hunnicutt here. They also visited at the home of Mrs. C. W. Beatty, near Walhalla.

Little Miss Henrietta Todd, who has been with her aunt, Mrs. J. D. Todd, for the past year, left last Wednesday to live with her father, who recently married. Mrs. Todd

also spent a few days visiting here. Clifton Hunnicutt and wife, of Seneca, were recent spend-the-day guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Hunni-

W. S. Frasier, of Columbia, who has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. J. D. Todd, returned to his home last

Miss Rozetta McLain and brothers. of Oakway, were among friends here

the week-end. Several of the Blue Ridge boys and girls stood the teachers' exami-

nation Friday. Blue Ridge school will close Friday, May 15th, with a short program. A number of the boys and girls will enter the contest for medals.

The teachers' meeting Sunday evening was very interesting. Our pastor gave us some very helpful suggestions.

A number of the Royal Ambassador boys enjoyed themselves fishing Saturday afternoon.

Fair Play Masons to Meet.

Fair Play Lodge, No. 132, A. F. M., will meet next Saturday night. Work in the E. A. degree. Visitors welcome. By order of J. B. Harris, W. M.

DEATH OF MRS. B. H. COLE.

Good Woman Called to Her Reward. Death Deeply Deplored.

South Union, May 2 .- Special: This community was very much saddened last Wednesday by the death of Mrs. B. H. Cole. She had been ill for some time with paralysis, and her friends had known for some time there was no hope for her recovery, yet the news of her death came as a

Mrs. Cole's maiden name was Miss Nancy Campbell. She was born December 14, 1860. She was married to Benjamin H. Cole on February 6, Mr. and Mrs. Stone and children, of Pelzer, were guests of Claude and E. M. Gambrell last week. Robert, Jesse, Leonard and Aden, of this community; Mrs. Will Hanvey, of Westminster; Mrs. S. H. Lewis, of South Union, and Misses Hattie, Leona and Cleora Cole. Besides her husband and children she leaves se .eral grandchildren and many relatives and friends to mourn her death,

The interment took place in South Union cemetery. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. H. M. Fallaw, of Westminster. The tributes were numerous and beauti-

All that loving hands could do was done for this good woman, but to no avail. God has called her to her reward, and we submit to Him who doeth all things well.

Mrs.Cole united with the Baptist

church at Fair Play in her girlhood, but later moved her membership to South Union, where she had been a faithful member and a good Christian worker for many years. She was a faithful wife, loving mother and a friend to all who were in need. She will be sorely missed from home, church, community and everywhere she was known. The husband, children and relatives have the deepest sympathy in the loss of their dear

Olney to Head Reserve Board.

Washington, May 3.—The Federal reserve board, as selected by President Wilson, is as follows: Richard Olney, Boston, Mass., gov-

nor of board. Paul Warburg, New York city. Harry A. Wheeler, Chicago. W. P. G. Harding, Birmingham,

Each of the above will receive a salary of \$12,000 a year.

Secretary McAdoo and John Skel-ton Williams, comptroller of the currency, are ex-officio members, Although the President has offered the governorship to Mr. Olney, word of his acceptance was being awaited Friends here, however, were

inclined to believe he would not de-cline. Mr. Olney was offered the am-bassadorship to Great Britain by President Wilson early last year, but expressed an unwillingness to leave the country on account of his business interests.

Olney Declines.

Boston, May 5.—Richard Olney has written the President declining the governorship of the Federal currency reserve board.

(Announcements of candidate, for office in Oconee county will be accepted and printed at a uniform rate of \$3, strictly in advance. At ouncements at this rate must be confined to six lines. Extra charge for all in excess of that space.)

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR TREASURER:

I hereby announce myself a candidate for nomination to the office of Treasurer of Oconee County, subject to the action of the Democratic party in the ensuing primaries.
R. H. ALEXANDER.

On the same platform advanced by me in 1912-thorough competency for the duties of the place-I hereby announce myself a candidate for the position of Treasurer of Oconee County, subject to the action of the Democratic party in the primary elections. JOHN H. BROWN.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:

I hereby announce myself a candidate for election to the House of Rep resentatives of South Carolina from Oconee County, subject to the action of the Democratic party in the primary election.
HARRY R. HUGHS.

STRANGEST FAMILIES IN WORLD Record for Longevity Has Not Been Beaten Since Parr Died at 124.

(New York Press.)

There is at the present time living who between them possess no fewer than 164 fingers. One of them has 23 fingers, another 21, while the remaining five each can boast of a couple of hands with 12 fingers apiece.

The last surviving member of what was perhaps the record family with regard to weight was Charles Atkins, who died a few years ago at Harrow He weighed 476 pounds, his brothers, who predeceased him, being no less than 504 and 560 pounds. Another heavy family was the Dudfields, one of whom, Robert, a brewer's drayman, weighed at his death 448 pounds, 28 pounds heavier than his twin brother, whose 420 pounds was equalled if not topped, by their two

For loftiness of stature the family of Hassan Ali, who some while since was on exhibition in this country, father, the tallest of the family, stood 8 feet 11 inches, seven inches more than his father, whose height was 8 feet 4 inches; Hassan Ali himself being content with a modest 8 feet

The family record for longevity has not been beaten since Robert Parr. the great-grandson of the celebrated Thomas Parr, died in 1757 at the age of 124. His father lived to celebrate

annot in the mere number of years ompote with the Parcs, it assuredly lds the record for golden weddings. the family within comparative?

One of the most notable instances of prolificness is that mentioned in the Harleian Miscellany of a Scotch weaver and his wife, who were the parents of 62 children, 50 of whom reached their majority. Fortunately four men of the neighborhood each

adopted 10 children, the remainder being brought up by their parents. Large as this family was, its fame pales before that of a Russian, Ivan Wasslif, who was the father of 87. He was married twice. By his first vife he had 69 children in the folowing order: Four times quadruples at a birth, seven times triplets and sixteen times twins. By his second he twice had triplets and si

imes twins. Undoubtedly the record for misfortune belongs to a Belgian family named Adnet. The father, Jean Adnet, was drowned; his wife committed suicide by throwing herself from the roof of her house, while of his two sisters, who lived respectively at Chent and Paris, one was killed by he kick of a horse and the other by blow received from a falling scaf-

Jean Adnet had six children, four sons and two daughters. Of these the latter perished through the overturning of a pleasure boat. One of the sons was stabbed in a drunken brawl, another was crushed to death by a heavy wagon, while the remaining two, who had emigrated to America, were slain in 1891 while fighting or Balmaceda against the Congress

But of peculair records the strang est was that held by a family nick-named the "Odd Family," that lived at Ipswich at the commencement of the 18th century. The names of the father, mother and seven sons each ontained an odd number of letters.

The youngest son. Ezekiel, enlisted as a grenadier in 1703, and was wounded 23 times. Five other sons Roger, James, Matthew, Jonas and David—died in different places, and by an extraordinary coincidence. were buried on the same day in the year 1713. Ten years later another son, Solomon was with Ezekiel, drowned in crossing the Thames.

For Sale!

Choice White Tennessee Milling Corn, \$1 per Bushel.

Loose Hay, 50c. per Hundred.

Westminster, S. C.

Side-Dressing Is Profitable!

June. If you get it started off growing nicely in these months, given the crop. You can see this difference good preparation, you stand a very much better chance of making a good erop, and your crop will stand adverse conditions better in July and

If a pig gets stined in its early youth it is almost impossible to make a good, rousing hog out of it later. sore shin or any of the other ailments to which cotton is liable, it has to recover from this before it it had not suffered these troubles. Side-dressing, by supplying plant healthy and strong, and it grows off arm and set it, and get it properly food, for sustenance, or, you might set and properly knitted together, it is never as strong as before it was broken. "A bird with a broken wing never soars so high again."

And so it is with your cotton, Early attention and early fertilization is more than half of the battle. There is no question of side-dressing paying. You notice what top dressing did for grain this spring; as soon as the top dressing was administered too? the grain came out of the kinks, and if you administer side-dressing to that has been entered into for years your cotton it will come out of the kinks. The preparation for a crop has been unusually fine this spring. There is no accident about this; it is and where the preparation is fine the farming is good, and side-dressing is bound to pay.

Some farmers have found sidedressing unprofitable; that is because it was applied too late. should be applied early—as soon as you bring your cotton to a standbecause you do not care to side-dress | dent, either; it was another consecotton that you are going to cut out; quence. You do not expect to give and as soon as you get the grass out your mule enough corn and oats Monof your cotton, because you do not day morning to last it until Saturhis 109th birthday anniversay; his great-grandfather was 152 at the time of his death. If a long-lived family of Wisbech, named Stockdale, As soon as this is done, then the care to side-dress grass. Grass takes day, and you have no notion of givcare of itself in a crop if let alone. ing it enough corn and water in April

you are not going to apply too much cotton in April and expect it to feed of it. Up to a few years ago France used more fertilizer than the whole ited States of America, and they not use it all at once, either. The

making crops. Joel Keys told the writer of a Mr. Rogers, down in pounds of fertilizer to the acre; and when he wound up gathering his crop, he had gathered 880 pounds of lint cotton to the acre; not seed cotton-lint cotton, two bales weighing 440 pounds each, to the acre. Now, side-dressing and the profit in it. If if this is not profitable, the most of us had better quit farming.

Side-dressing your cotton prevents disease to which cotton is liable be-cause it is stronger and better able to withstand these troubles. It is stronger because it is better fed. A to withstand these troubles. It is stronger because it is better fed. A well-fed pig or a well-fed child can resist disease better than a little, stunted child or pig. tunted child or pig.

Then, when a man's cotton crop grows off well—when it is green and greasy and growing—it makes him feel better; it encourages him to work it better, and he will have a better crop. Then, too, a man feels his oats a little more with a good crop than he does otherwise. It gives him better credit and it gives him better standing in his community having a good crop of green, greasy and growing cotton, than having a little yellow, rusty, stunted bumble-bee cotton. The time is past when a man can maintain his respectability grow bumble-bee cotton. Some people complain that they cannot get their hands to side-dress crops, but this Mr. Rogers had no trouble of that sort. He is like the centurion spoken of in the Good Book—when ne tells a man to do a thing he does side-dressing.

We have had a number of farmers

If you apply all your fertilizer when you plant your cotton the ton that has been side-dressed will spring rains get a part of it, the grass turn out as heavy a bale of cotton as gets a part, and the cotton that you cut out in reducing your crop to a not been side-dressed, and besides it stand has taken a part, so your re-maining crop gets probably not more than half of what you put Now, suppose you use 400 pounds

to the aere of 10-2-2 goods. You will have 128 ounces of ammonia. Half of this has been taken up by the rains, the grass and cotton you have taken out, so you would have about 64 ounces of ammonia, and you have 14,700 cotton stalks to fer-

Your crop will be largely made or | tilize with this 64 ounces of ammomarred in the months of May and nia. The wonder is that so little fertilizer will make such a difference in by comparing a field fertilized with a field of cotton that is not fertilized. You will come to the conclusion that fertilizer man are giving you good goods or so little would not make such a difference.

As your cotton grows, your fertilizer is absorbed and used up, and If your cotton is stunted, or if it gets along in July and August your cotton is putting on its fruit, and when this is going on the strain on the cotton plant is greatest. Now, just at the can take on its natural growth, and time when the strain is greatest, the it never does as well as it would if supply of plant food, which is already reduced, is weakening, so just as the strain is increasing by the adfood, makes this plant vigorous and ditional fruit that the stalk takes on, just at the time when your plant is from the start. If you break your hungering and thirsting for plant say, for "vittles," as the hart panteth after the water brook, the supply is reduced and is decreasing and your crop sheds. What else can it do? When your farm work is heaviest on the mules, you increase the food and then they do not hold their own; suppose you did not increase their foed when you increased their work; wouldn't you expect them to shed.

In every contest for corn or cotton past, the one who got the prize sidedressed his crop, and more than once. a consequence. A man does not stand a snost of a chance of getting the prize in a crop contest who does not side-dress.

In 1911 this county made the biggest cotton crop it has ever grown, and there was more side-dressing used than ever. That was no accito last it until October, but that is

erop until it matures in October. In a man's farming, his cotton crop-his money crop-his way of mak-

French farmers make very fine crops. cotton crop a year. That being the In a few years people will wonder case, it will pay him to nurse his crop, why we use so little fertilizer now in making crops. Joel Keys told the writer of a Mr. Rogers, down in Florence county, who side-dressed his cotton every time he cultivated it, and when he wound up cultivating his crop he had used about 1,800 pounds of fertilizer to the acre; and side-dressing the crop gets every ounce of fertilizer, where it gets not over half of that which is applied

when the crop is planted.

Few people realize the value of they did, we feel sure they would and farming very much more profitable. To change the reading of the text of the Good Book a little, we will say when you know the truth,

dressing than it does for that which is applied at the time the crop is planted; it requires quicker action, for whatever is done to improve the crop in May or June must be done quickly. The business of this crop quickly. The business of this crop requireth haste, so we have compounded a fertilizer especially adapted to side-dressing. We manufac-ture an 8-4-4 which is excellent; we also have 4-7-2 which is better, because it acts a little quicker; we have 4-10-2 which is better still; then we have a 9-6 which is a prescription. It is a combination medi-cine and tonic, makes a crop grow and wards off disease to which cotton is liable. It will cost you something, but it will bring you more than it costs. You get back more than three times what you pay out in any of these fertilizers that you get for

tell us that 1,300 pounds of seed cot-1,500 pounds of seed coton that has makes a better sample, and a better

sample brings a better price.
Now, lest we forget, the fertilizer made by the ANDERSON PHOSPHATE AND OIL COMPANY boys is the best put in sacks, or barrels, or tubs or pots. It is the best fertilizer for side-dressing or for any other

ANDERSON Phosphate and Oil Company,

J. R. VANDIVER, President.

D. S. VANDIVER, Manager.

Oconee Local Agents

- WALHALLA, S. C. - MADISON, S. C. WESTMINSTER, S. C.