

SENTENCED TO THREE YEARS.

Mrs. Pankhurst Will Refuse to Eat, and Thus Shorten Term.

London, April 3.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the leader of the militant suffragettes, was to-day found guilty and sentenced to three years' penal servitude at the Old Bailey sessions, on the charge of inciting persons to commit damage.

The trial required two days. The jury added to its verdict of guilty a strong recommendation for mercy, and when the judge pronounced the heavy sentence of three years, the crowd of women in the court room rose in angry protest.

Cheered by Crowd.

As Mrs. Pankhurst stood up in the prisoners' enclosure her sympathizers cheered wildly, and then fled out of court, singing: "March On! March On," to the tune of the "Marseillaise."

Mrs. Pankhurst's closing address to the jury lasted fifty minutes. She informed the court that she did not wish to call any witnesses. In her address she frequently wandered so far from the matter before the court that the judge censured her.

Mrs. Pankhurst denied any malicious incitement. "Neither I nor the other militant suffragettes are wicked or malicious," she said.

"Women are not tried by their peers and these trials are an example of what women are suffering in order to obtain their rights. Personally, I have had to surrender a large part of my income in order to be free to participate in the suffrage movement."

Criticises Laws.

Speaking with much feeling, Mrs. Pankhurst fiercely criticised man-made laws, and said that the divorce law alone was sufficient to justify a revolution of the women.

In impassioned tones she declared: "Whatever may be my sentence, I will not submit. From the very moment I leave the court I will refuse to eat. I will come out of prison dead or alive at the earliest possible moment."

Justice Lusch, in summing up, told the jury that Mrs. Pankhurst's speeches were an admission that she had incited to the perpetration of illegal acts.

Mrs. Pankhurst almost broke down when the jury pronounced its verdict. Leaning over the front of the prisoners' enclosure, she said:

"If it is impossible to find a different verdict, I want to say to you and to the jury that it is your duty as private citizens to do what you can to put an end to this state of affairs."

Hints at Suicide.

She then repeated her determination to end her sentence as soon as possible, saying:

"I don't want to commit suicide. Life is very dear to all of us. But I want to see the women of this country enfranchised. I want to live until that has been done. I will take the desperate remedy other women have taken and I will keep it up as long as I have an ounce of strength. I deliberately broke the law, not hysterically and not emotionally, but for a set and serious purpose. I honestly believe this is the only way. This movement will go on whether I live or die. These women will go on until women have obtained the common rights of citizenship throughout the civilized world."

Justice Lusch said: "I must pass a severe sentence on you. If you would only realize the wrong you are doing and use your influence in the right direction, I would be the first to use my best endeavors to secure a remittance of your sentence. I cannot and will not regard your crime as trivial. It is a most serious one."

Dropped Baby on Track.

Yorkville, April 2.—Mary Tate, a young negro woman about 21 years old, lost her left leg and had her left arm broken while attempting to rescue her 18-months-old daughter from death by an approaching passenger train on the Southern Railway, near Tizah, in this county, on Saturday night. Mary started out to go to her father's home, and it was necessary for her to cross the railroad track. When she reached the crossing she saw a train approaching, and while attempting to rush across the track ahead of it she dropped her baby on the track, and it was while she was frantically endeavoring to rescue it that both were struck by the locomotive. The baby's left leg was cut off below the knee. Both mother and child were placed on the train and brought to Yorkville, where they were given surgical attention. They are getting along as well as could be expected and both, the doctors believe, will recover.

Sometimes the early bird has a long wait before breakfast is served in the dining car.

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IS AFTER MITCHELL'S SCALP.

State Board Votes Down Resolution Offered by Governor.

Columbia, April 2.—A resolution requesting the resignation of Dr. S. C. Mitchell, president of the University of South Carolina, was presented by Governor Bleasdale at a meeting of the board of trustees in the office of the Governor this morning. The resolution was overwhelmingly rejected, only Governor Bleasdale voting for it. Those voting "nay" were: W. T. C. Bates, St. Matthews; C. S. Spencer, Yorkville; J. Q. Davis, Winnsboro; P. A. Wilcox, Florence; David R. Coker, Hartsville; August Kohn, Columbia; C. T. Wyche, Prosperity, and Superintendent of Education J. E. Swearingen, of Columbia.

W. M. Hamer, of Dillon, a new member of the board, was excused from voting on the ground that he had been absent from the State the most of the time and sick, and not familiar with the matter at issue.

The following is the resolution submitted by the Governor requesting the resignation of Dr. Mitchell:

The Resolutions.
"Whereas, at the recent session of the General Assembly certain investigations were had in reference to the connection of Dr. S. C. Mitchell, president of the South Carolina College, with the distribution of certain funds belonging to the Peabody estate among the colleges of this State, and it being shown by a written instrument signed by Dr. Mitchell that he requested that certain money therein be used for the education of negro teachers, stating in said paper 'we most earnestly request that your honorable body (trustees of the Peabody Education Board) donate \$100,000 to each State university in these States participating in this fund, for the training of white teachers and the remainder for the training of negro teachers in same States'; and

"Whereas, it is to the best interests of the educational department of this State that there shall be no friction among the colleges, and that there shall be no one at the head of any of the colleges who is in favor of using white people's money to educate free negroes, and especially that there should be no one at the head of any of the colleges who is in favor of taking money from the white girls of South Carolina for the education of free negroes; and

"Whereas, Dr. Mitchell acted without the authority or advice of this board, thereby exceeding his jurisdiction and going far beyond his duties as president of the college, who he signed said instrument; and

"Whereas, this college is not a common beggar, but is supported by the tax-payers of South Carolina with the people's taxes, and the trustees would prefer never to receive one dollar of outside aid if principle must be sacrificed, as was done here in the effort to secure outside aid. Therefore be it

Resolved, That it is the sense of this board that Dr. S. C. Mitchell should tender his resignation as president of said institution."

Record Vote Taken.

As soon as this resolution was offered by the Governor a motion was made that a record vote be taken, which was done, and it was overwhelmingly rejected.

The Governor said that the object of his grievance against Dr. Mitchell was his understanding that Dr. Mitchell had requested the faculty to pass a resolution to the effect that the Governor be not requested to sign the diplomas of the college which are presented to the students on graduation, it being customary to sign the diplomas at the June meeting of the board. Immediately on the Governor making this statement Superintendent Swearingen offered a resolution that this charge be investigated by the committee on organization and report at the June meeting. The motion was seconded by August Kohn and unanimously adopted. The members of this committee are Superintendent Swearingen, C. E. Spencer, Yorkville, and David R. Coker, of Hartsville.

The report of the building committee through its chairman, August Kohn, was adopted. The contract for the new dormitory to be erected at the university was let to George W. Warrington for \$23,489. This dormitory will be three stories, contain thirty-nine rooms and is an exact duplicate of the one just being completed. It is known as a "Unit," and is the style which will be used in building the new dormitories from now on.

The board adjourned to meet again in the Governor's office on June 10th.

County Farmers' Union, April 12.

The County Farmers' Union will meet with South Union local on Saturday, April 12th.

Let all bear this in mind and turn out. It may be a busy time, but we can't afford to overlook the financial affairs of our union. There are matters of importance to look after.

J. W. Alexander, President.
H. A. Wood, County Secretary.

CONTEST SAME AS LOTTERY.

Supreme Court Hands Down Widely Interesting Decision.

Columbia, April 2.—"His claim has for its sole foundation a title alleged to have been acquired by reason of the fact that he held, in violation of the laws of the State, the winning card in a lottery contest, and that the range was drawn as the prize in violation of the laws of the State," says the Supreme Court to-day in a decision by Associate Justice Woods, reversing the Union county court, in the case of T. J. Rountree against Ardella Ingle and W. F. Ingle from Union county.

According to the Supreme Court the Bailey Furniture and Lumber Company of Union issued a printed circular announcing that a \$65 range would be given free to the customer holding a certain numbered card. This circular is alleged to have been issued in 1911.

"The card numbered 1616 was drawn from the box and upon that card being presented by the defendant, Ardella Ingle, the range was delivered to her," says the court.

The decision sets out that T. J. Rountree, the plaintiff, then brought this action in a magistrate's court to recover the range from Ardella Ingle. At the trial he offered testimony of substance as follows: "Plaintiff made purchase from Bailey Furniture and Lumber Company and received cards numbered from 1604 to 1629; in consequence of hearing that 1616 was the number of the card drawn, he dropped all of his cards in the yard; when he found out that the card drawing the range was 1616, which he had held, he tried to find it among those thrown out, but failed, says the decision.

Ardella Ingle gave testimony to the effect that the card numbered 1616 had been secured by her following a purchase.

The magistrate held as matters of fact, "that the plaintiff originally held the card; that it was among those which he dropped in his yard; and that some one had found it there and had given it to the defendant, Ardella Ingle; and he adjudged the range to be the property of the plaintiff, J. T. Rountree." The case was appealed to the circuit court, which affirmed the verdict of the magistrate.

"There can be no doubt that the scheme under which the winning card was drawn was a lottery," says the Supreme Court.

"Our statute makes not any lottery promoter of a lottery, but the promoter is liable to indictment. The purchase being a criminal act, the purchaser can base no legal claim thereon for the money paid to the seller or to the prize allotted to his ticket. Indeed his whole transaction is without the pale of law, and he cannot invoke the aid of the courts in the enforcement of any claim depending upon it."

Democrats Sweep Chicago.

Chicago, April 2.—Democrats swept the city in yesterday's municipal election, returning 22 aldermen, the Superior Court Judge, city clerk and city treasurer. The proposed bond issue of \$2,880,000, urged by the Hearst-Harrison factions of the Democratic party, carried by a small margin.

Republicans elected eleven aldermen, Progressives 3, Independents 1. The Progressives had candidates in every ward, but failed to show strength, being outvoted by the Republicans by nearly 3 to 1 throughout the city. The Socialist vote was consistently scattered through all the wards, and was not far below the Progressive total.

Alderman Michael Kenna, known as "Hinky Dink," was returned, as usual by an impressive total, getting 4,358 votes to the Progressives 711 and the Socialists 201. He had no Republican opposition.

A MESSAGE

To Feeble Old People.

As one grows old the waste of the system becomes more rapid than repair, the organs act more slowly and less effectually than in youth, the circulation is poor, the blood thin and digestion weak.

Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron tonic without oil, is the ideal strengthener and body-builder for old folks, for it contains the very elements needed to rebuild wasting tissues and replace weakness with strength. Vinol also fortifies the system against colds and thus prevents pneumonia.

A grandniece of Alexander Hamilton, over eighty years of age, once remarked: "Vinol is a godsend to old people. Thanks to Vinol, I have a hearty appetite, sleep soundly, feel active and well. It is the finest tonic and strength-creator I have ever used."

If Vinol fails to build up the feeble old people, and create strength, we will return your money. J. W. Bell, Druggist, Walhalla, S. C.

UNION MEETING AT CONERROSS.

Report of Proceedings of a Very Interesting Session.

The union meeting of the upper and lower divisions of the Beavertown Association met with Conerross Baptist church on the fifth Sunday in March and Saturday before.

The meeting opened with devotional exercises conducted by Rev. L. M. Lyda, and after devotional exercises the delegates from the different churches were enrolled.

The query, "The Bible and Missions," was then taken up and was discussed by Rev. C. S. Blackburn.

The second query, "Characteristic Features of a Standard Missionary Church," was discussed by Rev. L. D. Mitchell, T. M. Elrod and Rev. J. D. Crane.

After discussion of the second query the meeting adjourned for dinner.

The meeting reassembled after dinner and was opened with prayer by Rev. J. D. Crane.

The afternoon program opened with "A Report of the Chattanooga Convention," but as the speaker on this subject was absent it was not taken up, and the next query, "The Home Mission Problem" was considered. This query was discussed by Rev. J. D. Crane and Rev. J. J. Payseur.

"Every Member of Every Church in our Association Contributing to Missions," was discussed by J. B. Harris, W. N. Bruce and Rev. Z. I. Henderson.

The last feature of the program Saturday was a missionary address by Rev. D. F. Carter, after which the union meeting adjourned until 10 o'clock Sunday morning.

Sunday Morning.

The meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. Blackburn, but the query, "The Sunday School and Missions," which was the first on the program for Sunday morning, was not discussed because of the absence of the speakers to whom this subject had been assigned.

The missionary sermon was preached by Rev. J. J. Payseur, of Westminster, after which a collection was taken for home and foreign missions. The contribution amounted to \$11.10.

There was to be an address by some outside speaker Sunday afternoon, but as no speaker could be secured it was decided to adjourn the meeting at dinner time.

Business was then taken up. A motion was made and carried that the union meeting ask the executive committee of the association to confer with the members of Shiloh church about the advisability of changing the place of meeting of the association. This change is wanted on account of the church at which the association is to meet being in the extreme southern corner of the association.

It was also decided by the meeting to have the Sunday School Convention on the next fifth Sunday instead of the union meeting.

A resolution of thanks was then expressed by the meeting to Conerross church and community for their kindness and hospitality in entertaining the delegates from the various churches.

The union meeting then adjourned. Everybody went away feeling fully repaid for their visit to the union meeting at Conerross. Every one was especially delighted with the talks given by Rev. J. D. Crane, who is a missionary, working in the Piedmont section of the State under the State and Home Mission Boards.

(Rev.) L. M. Lyda, Moderator.
L. L. Davis, Clerk.

(Other county papers and "Beavertown Baptist" please copy.)

North Carolina Editor Dead.

Greensboro, N. C., April 3.—Robt. Masten Phillips, associate editor of the Greensboro Daily News, died suddenly of heart failure at his country home near Carthage, N. C., last night. He went there last week for a ten days' rest after strenuous work during his attendance at the late session of the State Senate, in which body he served as reading clerk.

Mr. Phillips was a practical printer and rose to the editorial desk from the ranks. After a short career in Moore county he aided in the establishment of the Greensboro Telegram in 1896, was later city editor and associate editor of the Raleigh Morning Post and editor of the New Bern Daily Sun. He came to the Daily News as associate editor in 1909. He was one of the best known and most popular newspaper men of this State.

Mexicans Do Honor to Diaz.

Mexico City, April 2.—The name of Porfirio Diaz, ex-President of Mexico, was heard everywhere today in the celebration of the anniversary of the taking of Puebla by the forces of Gen. Diaz in the French war of 1867. Gen. Diaz is still in Europe, although he keeps constantly in touch with home affairs.

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GOVERNOR REFUSES TO ACT.

Will Not Sign Note for \$30,000 Needed to Continue Terms.

Columbia, April 2.—According to an announcement this afternoon the Governor has finally refused to sign the note for \$30,000 for the continuance of the rural schools of the State. It was stated that the Governor had sent the note to J. Pope Matthews, cashier of the Palmetto National Bank, stating that he had no objection to the paper, but that he would not place his signature to it with the State Treasurer and the Comptroller General.

Many schools in the State have already closed and many more will close before the end of the week if the money is not secured. The borrowing of the money is made necessary by the one mill school tax act of the last General Assembly. The money under this act for the schools will not become available until next October, and in the meantime the sum of \$150,000 will have to be borrowed. The Governor refused to act with the Treasurer and the Comptroller General in the preparation of the note.

Governor Comes Across.

Columbia, April 3.—Governor Bleasdale to-day affixed his name to a note for \$30,000 to borrow money to run the common schools of the State.

The Governor yesterday declined to sign the note along with State Treasurer Carter and Comptroller General Jones.

Attorneys doubted whether the money could be borrowed unless the Governor signed the note, and this would have meant that many of the common schools would have been forced to close earlier than usual.

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Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. The first application gives ease and Rest. 50c.

Argue Vaughn Case in June.

(Greenville Piedmont.)

Not until June will the case against T. U. Vaughn, former superintendent of the Odd Fellows' Orphan Home here, come up for argument in the South Carolina Supreme Court. Vaughn is now in Columbia, and is under death sentence for crimes committed while he was at the head of the orphanage. The case was appealed and the appeal was to have been heard in January, when the Greenville circuit cases came up in regular November term of the tribunal.

It is understood that for some reason the appeal could not be perfected in time, and the case was obliged to wait until the April term of the court, which will open about the middle of this month. The cases from this circuit will be reached some time in June, it is understood, and the Vaughn case will come up then.

BAPTISTS TO HAVE HOSPITAL.

Indications Point to Columbia as the Place of Location.

(The State, April 3.) The Baptist Hospital for the State of South Carolina comes to Columbia. The hospital committee of the State Baptist Convention, which met here Tuesday, held two extended sessions and adjourned after midnight Tuesday and decided to establish the hospital in this city on certain conditions. This announcement was made yesterday.

It is understood that a local committee of citizens who are deeply interested in the matter, made a proposition that is acceptable to the hospital committee, and this local committee has thirty days in which to put its proposition in tangible form. It was stated yesterday that a preliminary canvass had been made and that there is every reason to believe that conditions which attach to the hospital's coming to Columbia will be met promptly.

Members of Committee.

At the meeting of the Baptist State Convention in Abbeville last December it was decided by the Baptists that that denomination would establish a hospital somewhere in the State, and a committee was named to take charge of the work.

This committee has held several meetings in Columbia and elsewhere, looking for a suitable place to locate the new institution. Proposals have been made to the committee by a number of places to secure the location of the hospital.

The members of the committee attending the meeting here were: Rev. Louis Bristow, Abbeville, chairman; Rev. J. D. Huggins, Denmark, secretary; John M. Kinard, Newberry, treasurer; Rev. A. T. Jamison, Greenwood; J. H. Wharton, Waterloo; Rev. Z. T. Cody, Greenville; Dr. Howard L. Jones, Charleston; Rev. Chas. A. Jones, Bennettsville; H. A. Graham, Greenwood; J. W. Quattlebaum, Anderson; Geo. H. Edwards, Darlington; Rev. C. E. Burtz, Columbia.

His Pictures Too Realistic.

Georgetown, Del., April 4.—Georgetown's mysterious cartoonist, who had the town in a turmoil a year ago with his pictures of intimate affairs in the lives of many of the residents, has renewed his campaign, a picture having been found pasted in the corridor of the county court house, portraying scenes in the life of a business man and a young lady, in which names were handled rather freely. The pictures made such a stir the man involved announced that he was going to spend a considerable sum of money to find out who drew the pictures and prosecute him.

The pictures are rudely drawn, but in every case show subjects that would be the matter for a libel suit. Last year the pictures appeared almost daily.

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