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WALHALLA, S. C.:

WEDNESDAY, MAY 15, 1912.

NEW PASTOR FOR GREENWOOD.

Rev. James D. Kinard Goes to Immanuel Lutheran Church.

(Newberry Herald and News.)

Rev. Jas. D. Kinard, pastor of the Newberry pastorate and president of the Evangelical Lutheran Synod of South Carolina for the past two years, has received and accepted a unanimous call to become pastor of Immanuel Evangelical Lutheran church, of Greenwood, and will assume pastoral charge June 15, 1912.

Rev. Mr. Kinard has been engaged to the active work of the Gospel ministry in the Lutheran Synod of South Carolina since his ordination to the ministry nearly 17 years ago. His continuous residence and service in his home synod make him one of the best informed men of the body. Then, too, he is a cautious, tactful and conservative man and member of the synod who has filled the various offices of trust and responsibility, having been secretary of the body for five years and now president of the same ecclesiastical body, whose complete confidence he enjoys.

For eight years he was pastor of the Leesville pastorate, seven years pastor of the St. Matthew's pastorate, Cameron, S. C., and for two years pastor of the Newberry pastorate.

Mr. Kinard has likewise been active, devoted and loyal to the educational interests of the synod. For eight years he has been a faithful member of the board of trustees of Newberry College and the painstaking secretary of the board. He is at present the president of the Alumni Association of Newberry College, his alma mater. In all these places of trust and responsibility he has made good, and proven himself to be thoroughly abreast of the times and a consecrated, conscientious, modest and withal an ever faithful preacher of the pure Gospel of God's grace in Christ Jesus.

Good things and a hopeful future full of good fruits, are predicted as the result of the united efforts of pastor and people in Immanuel Evangelical Lutheran church at Greenwood.

Proclamation.

Whereas, there is to be held in Columbia, the capital of South Carolina, from January 27th to February 8th, 1913, a great National Agricultural Exposition, under the auspices of the National Corn Association; and whereas, at that time there will be visitors to South Carolina from all sections of the country—men and women who are concerned as to the adoption of advanced methods in agriculture and as to the general development of the country along all lines; and whereas, it is the general desire of the people of South Carolina that those of our kindred and friends who have left this State to make their homes in other portions of the country should be invited and urged to return for a visit on the occasion of this great National Agricultural Exposition;

Therefore do I, Mayor of the city of Wallhalla, hereby call upon all our people to write their relatives and friends, of South Carolina birth and parentage, now residing in other States, and direct their attention to this home-coming event, and further call, by this proclamation, request that those of our people having relatives and friends living in other States do send the names and addresses of these relatives and friends to the National Corn Association, Columbia, S. C., in order that they may be kept duly informed as to the plans and scope of the said exposition and as to the railroad rates and other arrangements for that occasion.

Given under my hand and seal this 15th day of May, 1912.

W. M. Brown, Mayor.

Branchville Merchant Shot.

Branchville, May 6.—W. W. All, a prominent young merchant of this place, was shot and seriously wounded last night by Noah Evans, a negro railroad hand. The negro escaped, but a large posse of men are seeking him.

It is understood that the shooting was the result of a quarrel over a debt owed by the negro to Mr. All. Evans bore the reputation of a quarrelsome negro, especially when drinking, and he was drinking last night. He passed Mr. All's store and Mr. All asked him for the money; Evans replied roughly and Mr. All walked after him, whereupon the negro drew a pistol and fired five times, only the last shot taking effect, entering the left side two inches below the heart and passing through the body.

RICHESON A MORMON ELDER?

Woman Makes Affidavit That He Has Been for Years.

Boston, May 10.—Clarence V. T. Richeson, under sentence of death for the murder of Avis Linnell, has been a Mormon elder and secretly connected with the Mormon organization for several years, although preaching from a Baptist pulpit, according to a sworn statement just made before W. A. Thibodeau, an attorney and justice of the peace.

The author of the affidavit, Mrs. Louie E. Brittain, claims to have been formerly connected with the Mormon church, and to have been a celestial wife of a New York man who is at the head of the Mormon organization in the East.

In the statement Mrs. Brittain asserts that she has known Richeson for several years, first meeting him three years ago at a Mormon conference on Staten Island, where she says the Baptist clergyman was recognized as one of the Mormon elders, and was particularly active in the affairs of the conference. She has since seen him many times in and about Boston, and has given him the Mormon sign, which always were answered, she claims.

She says she attended a Mormon conference at Providence, R. I., a little over a year ago, at which Richeson was present, and that she received commands from him as a Mormon elder at a Boston gathering of the leaders of the church.

Mrs. Brittain has become known during the past few years to evangelical workers in and about Boston. In an interview to-night she said that to the best of her belief Richeson was converted to Mormonism while a student at William Jewell College in Liberty, Mo., from which he was expelled in 1889.

Led to Mormonism by Woman.

In that time Richeson became attached to a young woman who now makes her home in Salt Lake City. To this young woman is due Richeson's trend toward Mormonism, Mrs. Brittain believes.

The affidavit, which was given out prior to the interview, described some of the meetings at which she said she had seen Richeson, and concluded as follows: "I have always considered Elder Clarence V. T. Richeson a member of the Mormon organization in good and perfect standing, and do to the present day, and believe that he is considered so by the Mormon organization."

"While it is not common, it is not unusual to find the more educated of the Mormon elders preaching in the pulpits of evangelical churches which baptize by immersion."

Richeson's Sister Appeals.

Miss L. V. Richeson, who arrived here last evening from her home in Virginia, talked to-day with Governor Foss on behalf of her brother, C. V. T. Richeson. She was accompanied to the State House by two of her brother's lawyers. The subject discussed was the plea which has been made for commutation of Richeson's death sentence on the ground that the former clergyman is unsound mentally and has been so always.

Miss Richeson visited her brother in jail previous to calling upon the Governor.

Woman Loses \$1,600 in Fire.

Kershaw, May 9.—Fire which destroyed Mrs. Alberta Kees' cottage at midnight last night consumed sixteen hundred dollars in currency in a box in a closet. The loss was two thousand besides the money. The insurance was twelve hundred.

A courting couple at it late across the street probably saved Mrs. Kees, the only occupant, who got out barely in time.

Use 1/4 less
EAGLE-THISTLE
SODA
Pure Fresh

Mark Twain's Criticism.

Mark Twain was visiting H. H. Rogers, who leading the humorist to his library, said, as he pointed to a bust of white marble, "What do you think of that?"

It was a bust of a young woman coiling her hair, a very graceful example of modern Italian sculpture.

Mr. Clemens looked at it a moment and then he said:

"It isn't true to nature."

"Why not?" Mr. Rogers asked.

"She ought to have her mouth full of hairpins," said the humorist.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy
Cures Colds, Croup and Whooping Cough.

WE SELL EGGS ABROAD.

Last Year 159,000,000 Were Exported to Other Countries.

Exportation of eggs from the United States last year, notwithstanding high prices, was the largest ever recorded, says the National Provisioner. While market reports have indicated unusually high prices in the domestic markets the Bureau of Statistics is reporting a larger exportation than ever before.

The number of eggs sent to foreign countries in the year ended with December, 1911, was 13,250,000 dozen, valued at \$2,750,000, while the highest record for any earlier calendar year was 8,250,000 dozen, valued at \$1,750,000, in 1907. In addition to this there were sent to Hawaii and Porto Rico about 150,000 dozen. Meantime the importation of eggs in 1911 amounted to less than 1,000,000 dozen, valued at about \$130,000.

The reduction in the importation of eggs occurred immediately following the enactment of the tariff law of 1890, which placed a duty upon that article of commerce, and the import of eggs, which had ranged as high as 16,000,000 dozen per annum, exceeding 15,000,000 dozen in the fiscal year 1900, dropped to 4,000,000 dozen in 1890, 1,750,000 dozen in 1894, less than 1,000,000 in 1890 and 250,000 in 1899, since which time the number seldom exceeded 300,000 dozen until 1910, when the number imported increased to over 800,000 dozen, and in 1911 to 1,500,000 dozen. In the calendar year 1911, as above indicated the total was slightly less than 1,000,000.

On the export side the number sent out of the country was in the calendar year 1880 but 80,000 dozen; in 1900, practically 6,000,000 dozen; in 1907, 7,000,000 dozen, and in the calendar year 1911, as already indicated, 13,250,000 dozen, valued at \$2,700,000.

Cuba, Canada, Panama and Mexico are the chief countries to which eggs are exported from the United States. The quantity exported in the fiscal year 1911 was, to Cuba, 4,500,000, valued at a little less than \$1,000,000; to Canada, 2,500,000 dozen, valued at a little less than \$500,000; to Panama, a little more than 750,000 dozen, and to Mexico a little less than 750,000 dozen.

On the other hand, the bulk of the eggs imported in the fiscal year 1911 came from England, which is itself a very large importer of eggs. Of the 1,500,000 dozen eggs imported in the fiscal year 1911, 1,250,000 dozen were from England and about 250,000 from China and Hongkong. This item of eggs imported does not include the yolks brought from other countries, of which the quantity imported from Canada amounted to 350,000 pounds and from Germany 75,000 pounds in the year ended June 30, 1911.

This large exportation of eggs in the face of the extremely high prices existing in the United States, suggests that prices of this class of merchandise must also be higher in other parts of the world, and this is confirmed by consular reports reaching the Department of Commerce and Labor, which indicate that prices of eggs and other provisions are unusually high in England, France, Austria, Germany, Spain, Japan and many other countries.

New Way of Digging Bait.

(Abbreviated Press and Banner.) Sandwiched between Blease and Jones literature in The Piedmont, we find a very odding paragraph on digging bait, something new and unique in that line discovered by Col. Bill Sherrette. It is a great labor saving device in bait digging and is as follows:

"You take a broom handle three and a half feet long," says Sherrette, "drive it into the spot likely to be inhabited by angle worms. Leave an end sticking up about six inches. Then take a rough board and rub it over the top of the broom handle. This causes a vibration of the earth and the worms, angry and disturbed, will work their way out of the ground. A fellow can get a pail full of worms in a short time."

"But, Colonel," asked a reporter, "doesn't it take work to rub the board on top of the stick?"

"Get a negro to rub the board!" exclaimed the Colonel.

It is very clear that Booker wants to get down to Reedy and fish for mud cats and horny heads. You can't do it, Harold, you've got to stick to Blease and Jones and Wilson and Harmon and scissors and glue. It's the price we pay for being worth while.

No can of bait and fly hook for us with careless hours of sunshine and rest. Only the happy folks can enjoy such beatitude. But we will remember how to dig bait hereafter member how to dig bait hereafter member how to dig bait hereafter any way.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve
The Best Salve In The World.

POULTRY DEPARTMENT.

W. H. COE..... EDITORS..... J. M. HUGHES.
RICHLAND, S. C.

Communication Regarding Poultry Diseases and Remedies Should Be Addressed to the Editors.

The Great Egg Contest.

For the past several weeks we have been watching the egg-laying contest at Storrs, Conn., which is being conducted by the State Agricultural College and Experiment Station, with much interest, as it is the most extensive experiment along this line that has ever been attempted, and we look to see some of the controversies as to which breed is superior, from an egg-laying standpoint, conclusively settled. The article quoted below has proved so interesting to us that we decided to print it for the benefit of poultry lovers in Oconee. The article follows:

What Those 500 Hens are Doing.

(American Poultry World.) Our readers will recall that the North American, one of Philadelphia's great daily newspapers, is conducting, at Storrs, Conn., in connection with the State Agricultural College and Experiment Station, what is known as the "North American International Egg-Laying Competition."

This egg-laying test seems to be getting on favorably. We are in receipt of a tabulated report for the nineteenth week, March 6 to 12, inclusive, and while the period is yet young, having a total of fifty-two weeks to cover, nevertheless this table contains some interesting figures and averages.

There are five hundred layers in the contest, divided into one hundred pens of five birds each. Twenty-three different varieties are represented as follows:

- Barred Plymouth Rocks . . . 12 Pens
- White Plymouth Rocks . . . 5 Pens
- Partridge Plymouth Rocks . . . 1 Pen
- Columbia Plymouth Rocks . . . 1 Pen
- Silver Wyandottes . . . 1 Pen
- Golden Wyandottes . . . 1 Pen
- White Wyandottes . . . 8 Pens
- Buff Wyandottes . . . 1 Pen
- Columbian Wyandottes . . . 1 Pen
- American Dominiques . . . 1 Pen
- S. C. Rhode Island Reds . . . 9 Pens
- R. C. Rhode Island Reds . . . 3 Pens
- Black Langshans . . . 1 Pen
- S. C. Brown Leghorns . . . 2 Pens
- S. C. White Leghorns . . . 30 Pens
- S. C. Buff Leghorns . . . 3 Pens
- Dark Cornish Fowls . . . 1 Pen
- Black Minorcas . . . 4 Pens
- Anconas . . . 1 Pen
- S. C. Buff Orpingtons . . . 4 Pens
- S. C. White Orpingtons . . . 5 Pens
- Houdans . . . 1 Pen
- Buttercups . . . 1 Pen

The competition started November 1st, 1911, and we have just passed through the most severe winter that this country has known in a long term of years. Probably this accounts, in part at least, for the comparatively poor showing made to date in the North American contest.

FINANCES RUNNING LOW?

Washington Dispatch Indicates Clark-Wilson Barrels Have Busted.

Washington, May 4.—The campaign funds of Speaker Clark and Governor Wilson have shrunk until they look like 30 cents compared with their former selves. The managers of the respective headquarters here are curtailing to meet expenses. A number of field boosters have been called in.

Senator Stone, of Missouri, who has had much to do with promoting the boom of Mr. Clark, has complained to friends that the money has stopped coming in. The Wilson workers have been financially defunct five times since the campaign opened.

It is believed that the discontinuing of contributions to the Clark campaign just at this juncture is part of the plan to check the progress of the Clark band wagon. Up to a week ago, before he carried Massachusetts, the Clark managers had money for the birds, but now some of the office force is out of work.

For a month or longer 25 or 30 persons have been busy at Clark headquarters at the Ebbitt. The Wilson publicity bureau in the Munsey Building has had two rooms full of young men and women, sending out Wilson literature.

This has changed. The money is giving out and contributions are not coming in as they did in March and April.

What a Man is Made Of.

(Leslie's.)

The average man has "ingredients" to make fat for seven bars of soap. Iron for a medium-sized nail, sugar to fill a small bowl, salt to fill a shaker, lime to whitewash a chicken coop, phosphorus to make 2,200 match tips, magnesium for a dose of magnesia, sodium to neutralize to explode a toy cannon, sulphur to rid a dog of fleas, and albuminoids to make a case of eggs.

J. W. Jordan, a well known dentist, of Hopkinsville, Ky., recently had an operation for his kidney trouble, but he says: "The first real relief I got was after taking Poley Kidney Pills. They eased the terrible pain in my back and accomplished more good than anything I had tried. I gladly recommend them." J. W. Bell.

by the Leghorns, all varieties. Storrs, Conn., is well to the north, geographically, and no doubt the weather has been "something fierce" in that locality.

Up to the close of the nineteenth week, November 1-March 12, inclusive, the performance of the twenty-three different varieties may be stated as follows:

Barred Plymouth Rocks: 12 pens of five birds each, laid 1,920 eggs; average per pen, 160 eggs; average per bird, 32 eggs.

White Plymouth Rocks: Five pens of five birds each, laid 659 eggs; average per pen, 131 4-5 eggs; average per bird, 26 1-5 eggs.

Partridge Plymouth Rocks: One pen of five birds, laid 207 eggs; average per bird, 41 2-5 eggs.

Columbia Plymouth Rocks: One pen of five birds, laid 182 eggs; average per bird, 36 2-5 eggs.

Silver Wyandottes: One pen of five birds, laid 97 eggs; average per bird, 19 2-5 eggs.

Golden Wyandottes: One pen of five birds, laid 77 eggs; average per bird, 14 1-5 eggs.

White Wyandottes: Eight pens of five birds each, laid 1,505 eggs; average per pen, 188 1-8 eggs; average per bird, 37 3-5 eggs.

Buff Wyandottes: One pen of five birds, laid 229 eggs; average per bird, 45 4-5 eggs.

Columbian Wyandottes: Three pens of five birds each, laid 491 eggs; average per pen, 163 2-3 eggs; average per bird, 36 3-5 eggs.

American Dominiques: One pen of five birds, laid 224 eggs; average per bird, 44 4-5 eggs.

S. C. Rhode Island Reds: Nine pens of five birds each, laid 2,188 eggs; average per pen, 235 1-3 eggs; average per bird, 47 eggs.

R. C. Rhode Island Reds: Three pens of five birds each, laid 693 eggs; average per pen, 231 eggs; average per bird, 46 1-5 eggs.

Black Langshans: One pen of five birds, laid 109 eggs; average per bird, 38 eggs.

S. C. Brown Leghorns: Two pens of five birds each, laid 331 eggs; average per pen, 165 1-2 eggs; average per bird, 33 eggs.

S. C. White Leghorns: Thirty pens of five birds each, laid 5,587 eggs; average per pen, 183 17-30 eggs; average per bird, 26 1-5 eggs.

S. C. Buff Leghorns: Three pens of five birds each, laid 483 eggs; average per pen, 131 eggs; average per bird, 26 1-5 eggs.

Dark Cornish Fowls: One pen of five birds, laid 174 eggs; average per bird, 34 4-5 eggs.

Black Minorcas: Four pens of five birds each, laid 286 eggs; average per pen, 71 1-2 eggs; average per bird, 14 1-5 eggs.

Anconas: One pen of five birds, laid 112 eggs; average per bird, 22 2-5 eggs.

S. C. Buff Orpingtons: Four pens of five birds each, laid 1,089 eggs; average per pen, 272 1-4 eggs; average per bird, 54 2-5 eggs.

S. C. White Orpingtons: Five pens of five birds each, laid 1,052 eggs; average per pen, 210 2-5 eggs; average per bird, 42 eggs.

Houdans: One pen of five birds, laid 50 eggs; average per bird, 10 eggs.

For the period of nineteen weeks the seven leading pens rank as follows:

1. Pen of S. C. White Leghorns, 369 eggs.

2. Pen of R. C. Rhode Island Reds, 315 eggs.

3. Pen of S. C. White Leghorns, 314 eggs.

4. Pen of S. C. Rhode Island Reds, 308 eggs.

5. Pen of S. C. Rhode Island Reds, 304 eggs.

6. Pen of White Wyandottes, 301 eggs.

7. Pen of S. C. Buff Orpingtons, 301 eggs.

It will be noted by the above averages that the S. C. Buff Orpingtons laid the most eggs during the nineteen weeks—an average of 272 1-4 eggs per pen and an average of 54 2-5 eggs per hen.

The S. C. Rhode Island Reds are next with a pen average of 235 1-3 eggs and a per hen average of 47 eggs.

Close on the heels of the S. C. Rhode Island Reds is the Rose Comb variety with a pen average of 231 eggs and a per bird average of 46 1-5 eggs.

Then come the Buff Wyandottes with a per bird average of 45 4-15 eggs.

Next are the S. C. White Orpingtons with a pen average of 210 2-5 eggs and a per bird average of 42 eggs.

Taking the Orpingtons and Rhode Island Reds as competing breeds in this egg-laying competition, the Orpingtons have the better of it, as follows:

Nine pens of Orpingtons—four S. C. Buffs and five S. C. Whites—laid a total of 2,141 eggs, giving an average of 237 8-9 eggs per pen and of 47 2-5 eggs per bird.

Twelve pens of Rhode Island Reds—nine of S. C. and three of R. C. Reds—laid a total of 2,811 eggs, giving a pen average of 234 1-4 eggs and a per bird average of 46 4-5 eggs.

One pen of S. C. White Leghorns and four competitors, laying 369 eggs during the period, and it is an interesting point that this pen contains English birds owned by Thos. Barron, of Catforth, England.

The Leaders in Contest.

It will be noted from the above that a pen of White Leghorns is ahead by a good margin at the end of the nineteenth week, and that Orpingtons laid the highest average number of eggs per bird, with the Rhode Island Reds a good second.

BARGAIN SALE OF EGGS!

For balance of the season we will make a special price of \$1.00 on all S. C. White and Buff Leghorn Eggs per setting of fifteen. Incubator eggs \$5 per 100.

The season so far has been so backward that lots of chicks will have to be hatched in April and May if early layers are wanted. Book your orders now.

WE GUARANTEE A GOOD HATCH
Progressive Poultry Farm,
Richland, S. C.

Luxury for Dogs.

A select boarding house for dogs and cats, situated in a beautiful suburb of Paris, advertises itself in a prospectus, of which the following is a translation: "Boarding for dogs and cats, health, comfort, exercise in courts and gardens—food carefully supervised—daily promenade; cared for by English nurses; daily bath and toilet. Terms—Small dogs, 2 francs a day; very small dogs, 3 francs a day. A health bulletin is sent every month." The prospectus fails to give terms on which cats are received and cared for.

Mind Over Matter.

(Judge.) "Mamma, I just now fell down stairs and hit every step all the way down!" exclaimed little Mary, who attends the Christian Science Sunday-school. "Did you hurt yourself, dear?" "No, mamma, I kept saying, 'Truth, truth, truth!' every step I hit, and I didn't hurt myself a bit. But I had Pido in my arms when I fell and I think he is pretty badly hurt." "What makes you think so, dear?" "Why, every step we hit he yelled, 'Error, error, error!'"

FOR THE WOMAN WHO THINKS AND FEELS.

Some women complain that they periodically suffer from dull and heavy feelings, or dizziness in the head, nervousness, pain and bearing-down feelings which should not occur to the normal healthy woman. But most every woman is subject to these pains at some time in her life, due to abnormal conditions in life, such as corsets, over-taxed strength, bad air, poor or improper food, wet feet, sluggish liver, etc. A regulator and female tonic made from native medicinal roots with pure glycerine, and without the use of alcohol, called

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION,

has proven its value in thousands of cases, like the following:

MRS. DONA M. MARTIN, of Auburn, Nebr., Route 1, Box 84, says: "I thought I would write you in regard to what your medicines have done for me. I have used them for thirty years for female trouble and general weakness with the very best result, and they have saved me hundreds of dollars in doctors' bills. I buy the 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery' and take them together. I never was disappointed in your remedies and take pleasure in recommending them to any suffering lady. I am now almost fifty years old; at forty-five I took your medicines, both kinds, and I passed that period very easily and left me fat and healthy. I feel like a young girl. If any lady cares to write me, I will gladly tell her more about the good work of your medicines."

Dr. Pierce's Great Family Doctor Book, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, newly revised up-to-date edition—of 1008 pages, answers hosts of delicate questions which every woman, single or married, ought to know. Sent free in cloth binding to any address on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of wrapping and mailing only.



Mrs. MARTIN.