



"TO THINE OWN SELF BE TRUE, AND IT MUST FOLLOW AS THE NIGHT THE DAY: THOU CANST NOT THEN BE FALSE TO ANY MAN."

By STECK, SHELOR & SCHRODER.

WALHALLA, SOUTH CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 16, 1910.

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FALL and WINTER

Stock Now Complete.

WE ARE NOW READY WITH OUR FALL STOCK OF MERCHANDISE—SHOES, CLOTHING, PANTS, DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, GENTS' FURNISHINGS, HATS, ETC., ETC.

Our store is full of the very best values in dependable goods at the very best prices. Call to see us.

IT PAYS TO BUY FOR CASH.

C. W. & J. E. BAUKNIGHT,

WALHALLA, S. C.

ASSAULTED AND MURDERED.

Evidence of a Revolting Crime in New Jersey Woods.

Asbury Park, N. J., Nov. 14.—The maltreated body of little Marie Smith, a school girl of 10, who had been missing since last Wednesday, was found at dusk yesterday in a clump of woods not far from her home. Some instinct seemed to warn her mother of how the search had ended, for although an effort was made to shield her from the truth, she rushed from the house and looked into the full horror of the fact before she could be withheld. Half fainting, half in convulsions, she was carried into the house, and there are grave fears that she will die, and with her life she was soon to have brought into the world.

Chance discovered the body, as chance had hidden it. There seemed to have been no effort at concealment. The wind had strewn fallen leaves until their color so matched the brown of the child's dress and her brown hair that, as she lay face downward, she was nearly indistinguishable from her shroud. Searchers had passed again and again within twenty feet of her in full daylight, during the past three days, and it was only a random glance, shrewder than the rest, that happened to rest on her with understanding to-day.

Thomas Williams, known in the neighborhood as "Black Diamond," a negro wood chopper, employed by the girl's aunt, has been missing since the same day on which Marie disappeared. A warrant was issued for him to-night, and an alarm for his capture sent broadcast throughout the country and State. His axe was found near the body. It did not need an autopsy to establish criminal assault. The child was small for her years and not stout, but she had fought to utter exhaustion. The broken sticks and trampled ground around her showed that, as did her injuries.

Strangled and Beaten.

Her gray skating cap and the blue ribbon she wore on her hair had been tied tight about her throat, but she had also been beaten on the forehead with some blunt instrument, and the leaves under her face were frozen together with her blood. In the struggle she had been grasped by the hand with such force that a gold ring she wore had been flattened into the flesh. Her arms were badly scratched, and there was a wound in the cartilage of her nose, which surgeons say must have been caused by human teeth shut down on it to cut off her breath.

Marie Smith was last seen at 11 o'clock Wednesday morning, on her way to school, two blocks from her home. The spot where her body was found is off her path, and either she must have been enticed into the woods or picked up and carried bodily.

Suspect Arrested in Room.

Williams was arrested to-night in his room. The police went there to search for evidence and found their man instead. Williams admitted that he had not left the room since Thursday, and the appearance of the room bore him out. His suspenders were stained with what looked like blood, and a towel was found, on which bloody hands seemed to have been wiped.

When placed under arrest the negro was in pitiable terror, and would neither admit nor deny the crime with which he is charged. He was taken quietly to jail, and there was no attempt at lynching, though sentiment ran high against him.

The old, old story, told times without number, and repeated over and over again for the last 36 years, but it is always a welcome story to those in search of health. There is nothing in the world that cures coughs and colds as quickly as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Sold by Dr. J. W. Bell, Walhalla; C. W. Wickliffe, West Union.

Royal BAKING POWDER

Crullers, All Cakes, Biscuits, Hot Breads

More Tasty, Economical, Absolutely Healthful

WESTMINSTER'S LOCAL NEWS.

Westminster Wins Relay Race from Seneca and County Championship.

Westminster, Nov. 15.—Special: The Seneca and Westminster High Schools ran from Westminster to Seneca on Friday afternoon. Fourteen boys from each school ran three-quarters of a mile each, Westminster winning by fifty yards.

L. Q. Maret, for Westminster, gained 20 yards on Ballenger, Seneca's best runner, in the first lap. Time, 3 minutes, 10 seconds. C. D. Maret held the distance given him in the second. Breazeale in the third gained ten yards more on Seneca. Glynn increased the distance twenty yards. King, in the fifth lap, gained ten yards. C. L. Foster gained fifteen yards more in the sixth. Anderson, who ran up Richland Hill, gained 25 yards, placing Westminster 150 yards ahead at Richland, half way. Vandiver held his own in the eighth. Dillard gained five yards in the ninth. McDonald, in the tenth, lost 20 yards. In the 11th lap Seneca's best runner regained on Foster all but 15 yards. In the 12th Seneca's hopes were high, as they were 100 yards in the lead at the beginning of the 13th lap, but Barnett for Westminster regained this, giving the two runners at the last lap an even start. Zimmerman for Westminster came in 50 yards ahead of Seneca. The time from start to finish was 50 minutes.

Seneca had every advantage they could wish for, as Prof. Brockman was formerly the superintendent of the Westminster school and knew the boys on both sides. Therefore he knew exactly where to place the Seneca runners.

About 75 pupils and eight of the teachers were in Seneca to see the finish and loudly cheered the winners when they recognized Zimmerman in the garnet and black coming in ahead. Westminster was in the lead at all points except in the 12th lap. The boys deserve a lot of praise, especially because Seneca had been in two races with Walhalla and had had four weeks' practice, while Westminster had only had one week in which to prepare.

This makes Westminster the champions in Oconee county, as Seneca had won over Walhalla in both races by a good margin.

Each team gave several yells for the other and parted after having arranged for a similar race next spring.

Local News.

W. C. Mason, of Lavana, was in town Sunday. Mr. Mason was at one time in business here, and his many friends were glad to see him again.

W. C. Peden, who has been very ill with typhoid fever, is rapidly recovering.

Miss Nellie Lou Carter, who has been attending Greenville Female College, returned home Tuesday on account of her health.

Cotton brought 14 1/2 last week. Clinton Harris, who is teaching at Latta, S. C., is critically ill with typhoid fever. Mr. Harris is well known here and his friends earnestly hope for his recovery.

W. C. Taylor, David McClanahan, Luther Moore and J. H. Carter attended the K. of P. meeting in Walhalla last Monday night.

Prof. P. W. Jayroe is now boarding with Prof. W. C. Taylor at the Gilreath House.

Friends will be glad to hear that Chas. Simpson, who has been very ill with fever, is able to be out again.

J. C. Neville, chief electrician, for the Southern Railway, is spending a few days with Dr. W. J. Carter. Mr. Neville's home is in Atlanta.

Ed. Mason, of Charlotte, is spending a few days with his sister, Mrs. J. H. Bibb. Mr. Mason was a former resident of this place, but moved to Charlotte about five years ago to enter into the cotton business.

J. Carter, of Gainesville, Ga., has been in town for the past week.

P. W. Webb, of Hartwell, Ga., was in town Monday and Tuesday delivering pecan trees for Peck's Nurseries, of Hartwell.

Miss Sue Haley visited in Seneca last Friday and Saturday.

J. H. Taylor was in Westminster last Thursday.

James Bruner was in Seneca last Friday on business.

Rev. A. P. Maret attended the opening of the high school at South Union last Monday.

Mrs. Martin, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Burt Mitchell, returned to her home at Cross Hill last Monday.

Miss Ethel Maret, of Fair Play, was in town Friday.

Miss Annie May Anderson visited in Seneca last week.

Dr. Frazer, of Anderson, preached at the Presbyterian church here last Thursday and Friday nights and Saturday morning.

F. H. Shirley was in Walhalla Saturday on business.

Mrs. J. N. Whitaker visited in Greenville last week.

In Memoriam.

Whereas, it has pleased Almighty God, in His infinite wisdom, to call to His heavenly home, the beloved brother of Westminster Lodge Knights of Pythias, No. 208, T. W. Ballenger, one of the charter members; therefore, be it

Resolved, by the members of Westminster Lodge, that we extend our sincere and heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family; and be it further

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the records of our lodge, a copy sent to the bereaved family, one to the South Carolina Pythian and to the local papers for publication.

H. R. Gilbert, Dr. W. A. Strickland, Dr. C. M. Walker, Committee.

Call to the Pastors.

Will the pastors and societies of the different churches please urge their members to send in all collections for State missions between now and the 1st of December? We are very anxious to have all of our debts paid up before the convention.

A. P. Maret, General Missionary of the Beaverdam Association.

Call Meeting County Union.

The Oconee County Farmers' Union is hereby called to meet at Richland on Friday, November 18, 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m. A full delegation from each local is requested.

J. Wade Dickson, President. J. W. Alexander, Co. Sec.

SENATOR CLAY DIES SUDDENLY.

Prominent Georgia Statesman Expires After Long Illness.

Atlanta, Nov. 13.—United States Senator Alexander Stephens Clay, of Georgia, died at the Robertson Sanitarium here this afternoon at 3 o'clock, after an extended illness. His death was as peaceful as it was sudden. He had been talking with his son, Herbert, a few minutes, when he suddenly ceased speaking and fell back with a slight gasp.

According to the physicians Senator Clay's death resulted from dilation of the heart, superinduced by arterial sclerosis. The Senator had been ill for nearly a year and came to the sanitarium here on November 1 to take a rest cure. He appeared to be improving until Saturday, when he suffered a relapse, which he, in his weakened condition, was unable to stand.

Was Serving Third Term.

Senator Clay was 57 years old and was serving his third term in the United States Senate. He is survived by his widow, five sons and a daughter, besides his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Clay, of Cobb county.

Ambition to Become Senator.

Senator Clay was born on a farm in Cobb county, Georgia, and in his youth was a typical backwoodsman. From the time of his graduation from the high school in Palmetto, Ga., his ambition was to become a United States Senator. He passed, successively, from city councilman to the General Assembly, where he served as speaker, then to the State Senate, where he was president two years. He was chairman of the State Democratic Executive Committee three years, declining re-election.

He was elected to the United States Senate for the first time in 1896, to succeed Gen. John B. Gordon, for the term beginning in the year 1897. He was re-elected in 1903, and again in 1909. His last term would have expired in March, 1915.

Senator Clay is the first man in the 121 years of Georgia's history as a State, outside of his colleague, Senator Bacon, to be returned to the Senate for three successive terms.

Saves an Iowa Man's Life.

The very grave seemed to yawn before Robert Madsen, of West Burlington, Iowa, when, after seven weeks in the hospital, four of the best physicians gave him up. They were shown the marvellous curative power of Electric Bitters. For, after eight months of frightful suffering from liver trouble and yellow jaundice, getting no help from other remedies or doctors, five bottles of this matchless medicine completely cured him. It's positively guaranteed for stomach, liver or kidney troubles and never disappoints. Only 50c. at all druggists.

FARMER AND HIS WIFE DEAD.

Drug Placed in Coffee Believed to Have Caused Death.

(Atlanta Journal, 15th.) William Sprayberry, aged 90 years, one of the richest planters of DeKalb county, and his wife, Mary Sprayberry, aged 85 years, are dead from the effects, it is believed, of drinking poisoned coffee. Three servants employed on the plantation are dangerously near death from drinking the coffee.

It is the belief of neighbors that William Sprayberry, in a fit of temporary insanity, placed the drug in the coffee. Dr. B. M. Sprayberry, a nephew of the deceased couple, stated Monday morning that he believed William Sprayberry to be insane for the past ten years. He believes Mr. and Mrs. Sprayberry died from the effects of arsenic or rough on rats placed in the coffee.

Ike Williams, Fleming Kirkpatrick and his mother, all negroes, are now seriously ill as the result of drinking the poisoned coffee and the death of the negro woman is expected momentarily.

The death of Mrs. Sprayberry occurred Sunday morning at 1 o'clock and her husband died five hours later. Both were unconscious from the time they were first taken ill Saturday at noon. Neither made a statement as to the cause of their sickness and the poisoning will probably remain a mystery.

olutions be spread upon the records of our lodge, a copy sent to the bereaved family, one to the South Carolina Pythian and to the local papers for publication.

H. R. Gilbert, Dr. W. A. Strickland, Dr. C. M. Walker, Committee.

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EMERSON CASE ENDED.

AFTER THREE FULL DAYS OF TRIAL JURY RETIRES, AND BRINGS IN VERDICT OF GUILTY WITH RECOMMENDATION TO MERCY.

Prisoners, by Special Order of Judge, Taken to the State Penitentiary for Safe Keeping Without Awaiting Conclusion of Term of Court. General Feeling that the Verdict of Jury is Just and Merciful.

At 7.30 o'clock last Saturday evening the case of the State against Louis F. Cantrell, Charles M. Gaines and Charles L. Angel, charged with the murder of Robert C. Emerson, went to the jury after three days of examination of witnesses.

The case was called for trial and the three defendants arraigned shortly before noon on Thursday. Then began the selection of the jury to try the case, and it was a matter of surprise to many that the drawing of the jury was accomplished in a comparatively short time. The personnel of the jury was good, as fine a body of men as ever sat upon a jury to determine the innocence or guilt of men charged with crime—men of intelligence, good judgment, capable of sound reasoning—such a body of men that no one would hesitate to commit to them even the momentous issues involved in a question, the solving of which carried with it the possibility of life or death as the reward of innocence or the penalty of crime. From the time of the completion of the jury and the reading of the indictment until the close of the evidence submitted to the court and jury, it was one continued round of questioning and cross-questioning of witnesses for the State and the defence, every inch of ground being stubbornly contested by the able attorneys, Solicitor Bonham, assisted by M. C. Long, for the State, and E. L. Herndon and Major W. J. Stribling for the defence.

The negro, Henry Brown, who had made a confession implicating the defendants, held to his statement throughout the rigid cross-examination by the attorneys for the defence, and while contradictory at times, in the main his story remained unshaken. He has held throughout that Cantrell struck the fatal blow that ended Emerson's life; that Gaines held Emerson when the blow was struck, and that he (Brown) and Angel stood near by; that as Cantrell struck the blow, and as Emerson fell, Angel said, "My God, they have killed him."

Two of the defendants, Cantrell and Gaines, were sworn, both denying any knowledge whatever of the case. Cantrell, however, was confronted with an important question, which he failed to answer definitely. T. J. Todd, one of the witnesses for the State, swore that he had talked with Cantrell at one time and had stated to Cantrell that he (Todd) had heard that Gaines had made a confession, and that Cantrell's reply in substance, was: "Why did he confess anything? He is as deep in it as I am." When Cantrell, on the stand, was asked if he had made that statement to Todd, his reply was to the effect that he did not remember. Angel, the third defendant, was not sworn.

Several witnesses for the State gave evidence which tended to corroborate the negro Brown's confession and his evidence as adduced at the trial. The defence based their case upon the supposition that Emerson, in a drunken condition, attempted to walk the Blue Ridge trestle and fell therefrom, and that death was due to the fall, or that Brown was the guilty party himself, or had guilty knowledge of the affair and was attempting to shield the guilty parties by implicating innocent men.

The Emerson case was one of those peculiarly mysterious cases that puts the general public to conjecturing as to whether the parties charged with the crime are the guilty ones, whether they are the only ones, or if, indeed, there was any crime committed. Yet the general public knew little or nothing of the evidence at hand, and upon which the prosecution was working assiduously even up to the last moment before the trial. When this began to come out in court the doubts as to the result of the trial were gradually dispelled, and hours before the case went to the jury those who heard the testimony were anticipating the degree of punishment that the jury would indicate by their verdict, and the question as to a verdict of "Not guilty" was eliminated from the public mind. The State made out a strong case, and in spite of the fact that the attorneys for the defence did all for their clients that could be done, guilt was established beyond doubt.

After being out for about four hours the jury, at 11.30 Saturday night, came to an agreement on their verdict, and Judge Gary went immediately to the Court House to receive it and to release the twelve men from the fatiguing close quarters of the jury room.

The Verdict was "Guilty, with recommendation to

mercy" as to all three defendants. This verdict came as something of a surprise to many, who had thought of no other verdict than the straight "Guilty," with recommendation to mercy as to the defendant Angel. The verdict is, without one question being raised so far as we have heard, universally accepted as one that carries with it the very essence of "justice tempered with mercy."

The Sentence

on the three men was passed by Judge Gary Tuesday morning, and was, of course, imprisonment in the State penitentiary for life, this being the fixed penalty for murder where the jury recommends mercy to the convicted ones. Upon the giving out of the sentence by the Court the attorneys for the defense made a motion for a new trial, which, after hearing the few remarks of the attorneys, Judge Gary refused.

To Penitentiary at Once.

Immediately upon the sentencing of the prisoners and the refusal of a new trial, Solicitor Bonham made a motion before the Court that the prisoners be transferred at once to the State penitentiary for safe-keeping, as the jail at Walhalla is not considered the most secure, and every precaution for the safety of the convicted men, both as to their own safety and the certainty of holding them prisoners, should be carefully guarded. The Court issued the order at once, and the prisoners were started to the penitentiary on the afternoon train yesterday.

As the three prisoners were taken from the jail at 3.15 o'clock to the depot the street in front of the jail, from the Court House to Tugaloo street, was lined with people anxious to catch a last sight of the men soon to go behind the bars of the State penitentiary to spend the remainder of their days. It was truly a sad sight, and while there was not a one in the crowd of some 200 people who witnessed the departure who felt that the scene was but one of the last sad acts in the consummation of stern yet merciful justice, there was not a jeer, not a jest, but written on the faces of all was pity for these men as their measured tread, walking between the officers of the law, carried them unwillingly and slowly toward the end of the downward course they had chosen for themselves.

Were on Coroner's Jury.

Among the eighteen men empaneled to investigate, now almost a year ago, the mysterious death of Robert C. Emerson, whose dead body was found under the Blue Ridge trestle in Walhalla, were the names of Charles L. Angel and Louis F. Cantrell, and that body, adjourning from day to day in its deliberations, finally rendered a verdict to the effect that "the said Robert C. Emerson came to his death from causes unknown to the jury." The irony of fate itself that, called to render service to their State and county, these two, knowing all the facts, should stand silent as the grave that held the body of Emerson, and yet in the end be overtaken by their crime.

The Jury in Emerson Case.

The following gentlemen composed the jury that heard and tried the case against Cantrell, Gaines and Angel:

W. M. Brown,	Y. E. Pitts,
J. L. O. Fries,	W. O. Johns,
W. S. Grah,	W. C. Foster,
D. Hunt,	Edward Gantt,
George Taylor,	M. C. Todd,
W. I. Hutchison,	L. A. Tannery.

*Foreman.

It is stated that after the jury entered their room to deliberate, one of their number, realizing the gravity of the case in hand, spoke briefly to his fellow jurors, and proposed that before they enter actively into their duties, they bow in prayer for guidance that their verdict might be in accordance with justice and mercy, and that they entered upon their work with several of their number in tears, all realizing that to do their duty meant the putting into execution of the sternest measures of the law.

A Good Work for the State.

The conviction of these defendants is regarded as a master stroke that the State has made, and that the clearing up of the mystery of the Emerson case will have a salutary effect upon the whole citizenship of Oconee and the State at large. In bringing about this end too much credit for the work done cannot be given to M. C. Long, whose untiring efforts and vigilance are responsible for the bringing to justice of the men responsible for this crime. But for him there is no doubt but that the death of Robert C. Emerson would still be a mystery and that those responsible for his death would still be at large, a menace to the public.

Will Promote Beauty.

Women desiring beauty get wonderful help from Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It banishes pimples, skin eruptions, sores and boils. It makes the skin soft and velvety. It glories the face. Cures sore eyes, cold sores, cracked lips, chapped hands. Best for burns, scalds, fever sores, cuts, bruises and piles. 25c. at all druggists.