

**TREATY OF PORTSMOUTH.**

Summary of the Preamble and Seventeen Articles of the Historic Document.

Portsmouth, N. H., September 5.—The peace treaty opens with a preamble reciting that his Majesty, the Emperor and autocrat of all the Russians, and his Majesty, the Emperor of Japan, desiring to close the war now subsisting between them and having appointed their respective plenipotentiaries, and furnished them with full powers, which were found to be in form, have come to an agreement on a treaty of peace and arranged as follows:

Article 1 stipulates for the re-establishment of peace and friendship between the sovereigns of the two Empires and between the subjects of Russia and Japan respectively.

Article 2. His Majesty, the Emperor of Russia, recognizes the preponderant interest from political, military and economical points of view of Japan in the Empire of Korea, and stipulates that Russia will not oppose any measures for its government, protection or control that Japan will deem necessary to take in Korea in conjunction with the Korean Government, but Russian subjects and Russian enterprises are to enjoy the same status as the subjects and enterprises of other countries.

Article 3. It is mutually agreed that the territory of Manchuria be simultaneously evacuated by both Russians and Japanese troops, both countries being concerned in this evacuation, their situations being absolutely identical. All rights acquired by private persons and companies shall remain intact.

Article 4. The rights possessed by Russia in conformity with the lease by Russia of Port Arthur and Dalny, together with the lands and waters adjacent, shall pass over in their entirety to Japan, but the properties and rights of Russian subjects are to be safeguarded and respected.

Article 5. The governments of Russia and Japan engage themselves reciprocally not to put any obstacle to the general measures (which shall be alike for all nations) that China may take for the commerce and industry in Manchuria.

Article 6. The Manchuria Railway shall be operated jointly by Russia and Japan at Kouang-Tcheng-Tse. The two branch lines shall be employed only for commercial and industrial purposes. In view of Russia keeping her branch line with all rights acquired by her convention with China for the construction of that railway. Japan acquires the mines in connection with such branch line which falls to her. However, the rights of private parties or private enterprises are to be respected. Both parties to this treaty remain free to undertake what they deem fit on expropriation ground.

Article 7. Russia and Japan engage themselves to make a conjunction of the two branch lines which they own, at Kouang-Tcheng-Tse.

Article 8. It is agreed that the branch lines of the Manchurian Railway shall be worked with a view to assure commercial traffic between them without obstruction.

Article 9. Russia cedes to Japan the Southern part of Sakhalin Island as far north as the fiftieth degree of north latitude, together with the islands depending thereon. The right of free navigation is assured in the bays of La Perouse and Tartare.

Article 10. This article recites the situation of the Russian subjects on the Southern part of Sakhalin and stipulates that Russian colonists there shall be free and shall have the right to remain without changing their nationality. Per contra, the Japanese government shall have the right to force Russian convicts to leave the territory ceded to her.

Article 11. Russia engages herself to make an agreement with Japan giving to Japanese subjects the right to fish in Russian territorial waters of the Sea of Japan, the Sea Okhotsk and Behring Sea.

Article 12. The two high contracting parties engage themselves to renew the commercial treaty existing between the two governments prior to the war, in all its vigor, with slight modifications in details and with a most favored national clause.

Article 13. Russia and Japan reciprocally engage to reconstitute their

prisoners of war on paying the real cost of keeping the same, such claim for costs to be supported by documents.

Article 14. This peace treaty shall be drawn up in two languages, French and English, the French text being evidence for the Russians and the English text for the Japanese. In case of difficulty of interpretation the French document to be final evidence.

Article 15. The ratification of this treaty shall be countersigned by the sovereigns of the two States within fifty days after its signature. The French and American embassies shall be intermediaries between the Japanese and Russian governments to announce by telegraph the ratification of the treaty.

Two additional articles are agreed as follows:

Article 1. The evacuation of Manchuria by both armies shall be complete within 18 months from the signing of the treaty, beginning with the retirement of troops of the first line. At the expiration of the 18 months the two parties will only be able to leave as guards for the railway fifteen soldiers per kilometre.

Article 2. The boundary which limits the parts owned respectively by Russia and Japan in the Sakhalin Island shall be definitely marked off on the spot by a special limitographic commission.

**How's This?**

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

**"Tigers" Scarce in Cherokee.**

"Blind tigers" are scarce in Cherokee county, and we heartily commend the county and city officials for their splendid work in catching and punishing them in the city and county. They are doing their duty conscientiously and manfully. And now to aid them in their good work in the future, we suggest to the county and city authorities that they pay half the fine on "blind tigers" to the one who furnishes the officers with evidence that causes the conviction, and when the culprit fails to pay the fine and takes the alternative of days on the chaingang, that they pay the informer ten dollars flat for each conviction.—Cherokee News, September 7th.

**A Clear Complexion and Bright Eyes.**

In most cases a sallow, blotched complexion and dull, heavy eyes are due to poor digestion and an inactive liver. Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup aids digestion and stimulates the liver and bowels and makes the complexion smooth and clear. Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup does not nauseate or gripe and is mild and pleasant to take. Refuse substitutes. J. W. Bell.

In twenty years, according to a statement in a paper read at a meeting of the National Bar Association, there have been 400 lawyers in Sing Sing prison, New York; and at present New York has 193 lawyers in jail and 16 under indictment.

**Dispensaries in Union Closed.**

Union, S. C., September 6.—The dispensaries of Union county were again closed about 4 o'clock this afternoon as the result of a notice served by the prohibitionists' attorneys, after having remained open for about five hours to-day in disregard of Judge Townsend's order and the first notice to close served by the county board of control this morning. The notice brought about the result a few moments after it was served by a deputy sheriff about 4 o'clock.

Late yesterday afternoon the deputy sheriff served on the county board of control and dispensaries Judge Townsend's order that dispensaries should close, and when the regular opening time came this morning it was found that the whiskey dispensary's door was draped with crepe, evidently emblematic of its end and the gloom the dispensary has brought into many households. On the door was also a pair of white gloves, presumably for the pallbearers, a bottle of liquid refreshment being in one glove.

To many it seemed that this would end the dispensary fight and this was certainly hoped for, but about 10.30 o'clock this morning Dispenser Howell and Beer Dispenser May opened their establishments, and shortly Beer Dispenser Askew did the same, though it is stated that they allowed no purchases to be made.

W. Boyd Evans and Lawson D. Melton arrived here to-day and immediately went into consultation with Wallace & Barron and J. Gordon Hughes, local counsel. It is reported that they appeared before Judge Townsend to-day and prayed for an order to reopen the dispensaries pending the decision of the Supreme Court, to which a notice of appeal has been made, but if the report is true it is certain that the order was refused.

Columbia, September 7.—W. Boyd Evans has returned from Union, where he went yesterday to serve formal notice of appeal in the dispensary case there, Judge Townsend having decided against him.

According to Mr. Evans, a very peculiar case exists in that county. The dispensers are all keeping their establishments open, but no whiskey is sold because of the fear of indictment for violation of the dispensary law. The dispensaries are kept open more for a point of law than anything else.

It has been suggested that some of the prohibitionists will at once enjoin the county board of control from paying these dispensers' salaries through the county treasurer. If this is done it will result in further complications that will not be settled for some time.

The State board of canvassers meets to-morrow to pass officially upon the result of the Newberry election. A copy of the vote as declared by the county managers of election for that county has been received and is as follows: Total vote cast 1,221; against dispensary, 845; for dispensary, 376.

Bishop Potter, the subway whiskey shop dedicatory, has come out in favor of 20-minute sermons. That is about 19 minutes longer than we would like to listen to a promoter of bar rooms expound the gospel.—Carolina Spartan.

**SHALL WE HAVE AN ELECTION?**

There is No Failure for Consecrated, Sincere, Praying People.

"I am the voice of the voiceless, Through me the dumb shall speak, 'Till the deaf world's ear be made to hear The wrongs of the wordless weak."

We read in The Courier last week that 225 additional signatures were needed on the petitions in order to have an election on the dispensary question. Shall this glorious effort be stifled now? Are operations to be suspended? Certainly not! We should be the more determined to secure an election. Surely three-fourths of my fellow-citizens are brave enough, enthusiastic enough in the cause of justice, and godly enough to come forward and place their names on the petitions. Don't wait to be insisted upon! Up—and hunt the man with the petition.

This awful, damning, debauching whiskey business! Has my State gone so far from right that she is forcing her citizens into a business that is writing shame and corruption above the doors of all her institutions—especially boards of control? Will a majority of my own dear countrymen continue to slumber, while God's faithful few are making such efforts to rid Oconee of this curse? Can the Christians, the church members (there is a distinction), or even the "moralists" stand with folded hands and behold the depredations of the dispensary? The evils of intemperance have been portrayed in these columns time and again.

This enraged sentiment against the dispensary system, which has developed such proportions in South Carolina, has a principle back of it worthy of success—a principle which has been watered by the tears

"Wrung from the eyelids by the shame" of dispensary officials. Can we doubt that God is in the movement? In every county where an election has been held the dispensaries have been voted out by no small majority. This is gratifying and encouraging to all Christian people, for all such are more or less identified with temperance work. The same can, and I believe will, be done in Oconee county.

A man can be tolerated (politically at least) who conscientiously votes for the dispensary, although he is woefully mistaken in his principles, but I have no use whatever for the sneaking, unfair, unchaste, unworthy citizen who, after a large majority of voters have at the polls declared themselves to be opposed to the dispensary, will resort to legal technicalities, political prejudice or official tyranny to thwart the action of consecrated men in trying to inaugurate a reform.

There is no failure for consecrated, praying people, of whom the untiring leader of the prohibition movement in Oconee, Rev. C. Wardlaw, of Seneca, is a fair specimen. The right cannot be trampled under foot always. We will be content with nothing short of an election on "dispensary" or "no dispensary," and we will pray that it will result "NO DISPENSARY."

Registered Voter.

**The Original.**

Foley & Co., Chicago, originated Honey and Tar as a throat and lung remedy, and on account of the great merit and popularity of Foley's Honey and Tar many imitations are offered for the genuine. These worthless imitations have similar sounding names. Beware of them. The genuine Foley's Honey and Tar is in a yellow package. Ask for it and refuse any substitute. It is the best remedy for coughs and colds. J. W. Bell.

**One County that Pays no Taxes.**

Dakson, Ga., September 6.—There will be no county taxes levied in Terrell next year. The board of county commissioners so decided yesterday.

Their action in this matter means that five consecutive years the citizens of Terrell will have had no county tax to pay. The profits from the operation of the dispensaries in the county more than suffice for the maintenance of all institutions, which include one of the most excellent roadworking systems of the State.

Terrell holds a unique position in the matter of no tax. It is the only county in the State, or perhaps in the United States, where the citizens are not required to contribute support to the county's expenses.

**CASTORIA.**  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.  
**The Kind You Have Always Bought**  
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*  
In Use For Over **Thirty Years**  
**CASTORIA**  
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

**Ansel Narrows the Options.**

Martin F. Ansel, who many months ago confessed himself a candidate for Governor in 1906, appears to favor the present laws relating to the whiskey traffic in this State, except that he would substitute independent county dispensaries for the State dispensary, which he would disestablish. He would suggest other and minor modifications. He would give to South Carolina similar liquor laws to those of Georgia and North Carolina, except that he would deny local option to those counties to which neither prohibition nor dispensaries are acceptable.

The people of Abbeville are said to strongly believe in the efficacy of the dispensary system. The people of Greenwood county, adjoining, are devoted to prohibition. It is the popular belief that both Greenwood and Abbeville are opposed to high license for themselves and for other counties. Mr. Ansel consents for both Abbeville and Greenwood to exercise their preferences. He excludes from exercising them Charleston and Richland.

This seems to assume that county option is a right principle, provided it be narrowed so that all other methods of dealing with the whiskey traffic be outlawed. It is well known that nearly all the counties are against high license. Mr. Ansel wishes to perpetuate the only right of choice they desire to the great majority of the counties, and he virtually commits himself to supporting a coalition between the dispensary and prohibition counties to force their views by main strength of numbers upon the small minority of counties to which both methods are distasteful.

If the plan of independent county action has any sound basis it is that the people of the several counties are the best judges of their peculiar and particular needs in relation to the whiskey traffic. This is the foundation of what is known as local option, and it is this that Mr. Ansel virtually repudiates. Prohibition and the dispensary ideas are violently antagonistic. It is difficult to conceive the reasoning by which one advocates a choice between the two to the exclusion of all others except upon the theory that it is popular, and yet we are unwilling to believe that Mr. Ansel's candidacy for Governor shall be channeled by such considerations. What is popular today may come to be despised before the campaign of 1906 opens.

Mr. Ansel's advocacy of destroying the State dispensary feature of the system is entirely to be commended. The existence of a wholesale house to sell liquors to the sub-dispensaries is in no way essential to the regulative and restrictive functions of the law. Whatever is good in the law is found in such inhibitions as those against sales at night

and sales in other than original packages, the inhibition against drinking on the premises being a corollary to the latter. The troubles in the administration of the system may for the most part be traced to the central State concern and its management. Mr. Ansel has done well to cut loose from it, and it is singular that others who have sincere faith in the dispensary as a reform measure have not long since freed themselves from this needless handicap.

Of course, the value of a State dispensary to one desirous of using it as an accessory to a State political machine is obvious.—News and Courier.

**The "Lazy" Microbe.**

A learned professor claims to have discovered that "laziness" is caused by a germ. If the eminent doctor is right, Rydale's Liver Tablets can rightly be termed Microbe Killers, because they always remove that tired, lazy, sluggish feeling that has usually been attributed to a torpid liver or constipated bowels. Rydale's Liver Tablets are guaranteed to cure constipation and all liver disorders. They are small, compressed chocolate coated tablets, easy to take, pleasant in effect, reliable. Any dealer in our remedies will return your money if you are not satisfied with these tablets. 50 tablets 25 cents. Waltham Drug Company; Carter's Pharmacy, Westminster.

**A Horror in Montana.**

Livingston, Mon., September 7.—Miss Fannie A. Weeks, aged slightly over fifty, of Washington, D. C., is dead in this city from the effects of falling into a boiling spring in the Yellowstone National Park several days ago. In company with other Eastern tourists, Miss Weeks was making a tour of the park, and while viewing a geyser, stepped backwards in an effort to dodge the blinding spray of the spouter, and fell into a hot spring in which the water was fairly bubbling. Her body was literally cooked from the waist down, and death ensued after a period of intense agony. Miss Weeks was a native of Gainesville, Fla., where she has relatives. At one time Miss Weeks was stenographer to former Senator Call, of Florida, but at the time of her death held a clerkship in the treasury department.

Letter to A. P. Crisp, Waltham.

Dear Sir: It costs two or three times as much to put paint on as to buy it. A gallon of poor paint costs as much as a gallon of good, for the work; and a gallon of poor don't go half so far. Poor paint lasts half or a third or a quarter as long as good; and protects wood and iron a half or a third or a quarter as well as good.

Do you buy good paint or poor? You don't know any poor? Why, the market is full of it!

All Devos agents have a State chemist's certificate which tells just what's in Devos.

Go by the name; the one safe name; Devos lead-and-zinc.

F. W. Devos & Company.  
J. W. Bell, Waltham; G. W. Gignilliat, Seneca; Matheson Hardware Co., Westminster, sell our paint.

**The Secret of Good Coffee**

Even the best housekeepers cannot make a good cup of coffee without good material. Dirty, adulterated and queerly blended coffee such as unscrupulous dealers shovel over their counters won't do. But take the pure, clean, natural flavored **LION COFFEE**, the leader of all package coffees—the coffee that for over a quarter of a century has been daily welcomed in millions of homes—and you will make a drink fit for a king in this way:

**HOW TO MAKE GOOD COFFEE.**

Use LION COFFEE, because to get best results you must use the best coffee. Grind your LION COFFEE rather fine. Use "A" tablespoonful to each cup, and one extra for the pot. First mix it with a little cold water, enough to make a thick paste, and add white of an egg (if egg is to be used as a settler), then follow one of the following rules:

1. **WITH BOILING WATER.** Add boiling water, and let it boil THREE MINUTES ONLY. Add a little cold water and set aside five minutes to settle. Serve promptly.

2. **WITH COLD WATER.** Add your cold water to the paste and bring it to a boil. Then set aside, add a little cold water, and in five minutes it's ready to serve.

3. Don't boil it too long. Don't let it stand more than ten minutes before serving. Don't use water that has been boiled before.

**TWO WAYS TO SETTLE COFFEE.**

1st. With Eggs. Use part of the white of an egg, mixing it with the ground LION COFFEE before boiling.

2d. With Cold Water Instead of Eggs. After boiling add a dash of cold water, and set aside for eight or ten minutes, then serve through a strainer.

Insist on getting a package of genuine LION COFFEE, prepare it according to this recipe and you will only use LION COFFEE in future. (Sold only in 1 lb. sealed packages.) (Lion-head on every package.) (Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)

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WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.