The Reowee Courier. PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING. JAYNES, SHELOR, SMITH & STECK B. T. JAYNES, | EDS. | PUBS. | D. A. SMITH J. W. SHELOR, | EDS. | PUBS. | J. A. STECK SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.00 PER ANNUM. ADVERTISING RATES REASONABLE.

Communications of a personal sharacter charged for as advertisements. Obituary notices and tributes of respect, of not over one hundred words, will be printed free of charge. All over that number must be paid for at the rate of one cent a word. Cash to accompany manuscript.

WALHALLA, S. C. : WEDNENDAY, JUNE 91, 1905.

## Distrust of the Law.

One of the most discouraging features connected with our rather luxuriant crop of crime is a growing lack of confidence in the process of law. This lack of confidence is settling for the law and all constituted auinto a deep-seated conviction on the thority, and invites individual part of no inconsiderable number of people that the courts are not to be depended upon in meting out the proper punishment for orime. This out. Public opinion and the civic is not to raise the question at all as to conscience should not slumber or whether or not the courts do actually deal out justice as it should be dealt out. We may grant that it does. Still we have the strong and widespread conviction that it does not. Indeed, it is entirely common to hear the statement made, as soon as a man has committed any crime, parand influence, that he is certainly erected for the protection of the guilty, but no jury will be found to orderly on-going of its life .- Southconvict him. In a word, the people ern Christian Advocate, June 1. are losing confidence in the very citadel which they themselves have set up for their protection-the

law. Just three recent concrete instances will illustrate these general statements. A little while ago a negro farm hand in Darlington county killed his white employer. The neighbors rose up in hot resentment, bent on lynching. But cooler judgment and wiser leadership prevailed. They were persuaded to trust the matter to the regular processes of the law, and were assured that exact justice would be meted out to the offender. The negro was properly tried, convicted, and sentenced to be hanged. But some sort of influence was brought to bear upon the Governor, who commuted the sentence to life imprisonment. The result is that the confidence of this community in the whole system of legal machinery is shaken. They say that they trusted to the law, and the law gave its verdict. But an outside power interferes and sets it aside. "Hereafter," they further say, "we shall take matters into our own hands, for the machinery of the law cannot be depended upon to protect

us." So the temper of an entire community, in its distrust, is so wrought upon that it is ready, whenever occasion offers, to mete out justice after its own lawless method.

them free. And what is the result ? In that community, and, indeed, in others, men will feel that they may make way with any who may offend them, especially if the offender be a negro, with the assurance that they will go free, unwhipped of justice. Now, what are the conclusions from these three familiar cases? First of all, their necessary influence is to shatter the faith of men in the efficiency of courts of justice and of all legal methods of righting social wrongs. Nothing can be more distressing for a democratic community, with its naturally individualistic tendencies, to take to itself the belief that the laws which it has established as a safeguard are feeble, shams to be brushed aside with impunity by the rude, beedless touch of lawlessness. This belief in the inefficiency

and feebleness of organized law and all its machinery is the surely inevitable road to social confusion and civil anarchy. It leads to contempt crime and organized violence. A halt must be called. Social leadership of every sort must speak rest. Both should keep intelligently and keenly alive to the - appalling danger that threatens, not only in these acts of individual crime and organized violence, but also in the deeper danger which lurks in this growing distrust of courts of justice and the entire legal machinery ticularly if he is a man of wealth that this free democratic society has avilles, one of the largest business

## \$100 REWARD \$100.

The readers of this pape: will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fra-ternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treat-ment. Hall's Catarrh is Cure taken inter-nally, acting directly upon the blood and mucuous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by build-up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have have so much faith in its curative pow-ers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEX & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggist, 760. Hall's Family Pills are the best. able to cure in all its stages, and that is

## Nan Patterson Quits Stage.

Discouraged by the adverse criticism that has greeted her reappearance on the stage, Nan Patterson, broken in spirit and disheartened, severed her connection with "The Romance of Panama" Company, with which she was traveling, last Tuesday night, at Altoona, Pa., and left early next morning for her home in Washington.

Miss Patterson was greeted by a small house and the few women present left early. The actress, with tears in her eyes, in an interview just



The practical joke on Sam D. Jones, the manufacturer, which has afforded so much amusement in Atlanta, vividly recalls a prank played on exactly the same lines by Henry W. Grady 80 years ago.

Henry Grady was at that time living at Rome and edited the Daily Commercial of that city. Following the hard lines which always encompassed the pathway of daily journalism in Rome up to the present happier time, Grady, although editor-inchief, was also one of the most diligent advertising solicitors in Rome. He made a special plea for the Rounshouses of the Hill City, who were rather coy and not overly disposed to be liberal in printer's ink. But

they stoutly asserted that nobody read advertisements, and that it would not pay them to advertise their business in the Commercial.

Henry Grady stoutly argued the other side, and finding the merchants obdurate, flually left them with this statement: "Well, I will insert a small advertisement for you free in the Commercial to-morrow, and if the result does not prove that people do read advertisements, and that advertising pays, I will promise never to trouble you again, and if you'll promise to advertise in the Commercial if the result proves to you that people

do read advertisements ?" To this the Rounsavilles consented, and the editor withdrew. The next morning there appeared in an obscure corner of the Commercial a brief want advertisement declaring that the firm of Rounsaville Bros., were anxious to secure before the end of the week, as many cats of all kinds and of all ages as they could get to their store.

When the heads of the firm reached their office on the morning following the advertisement the

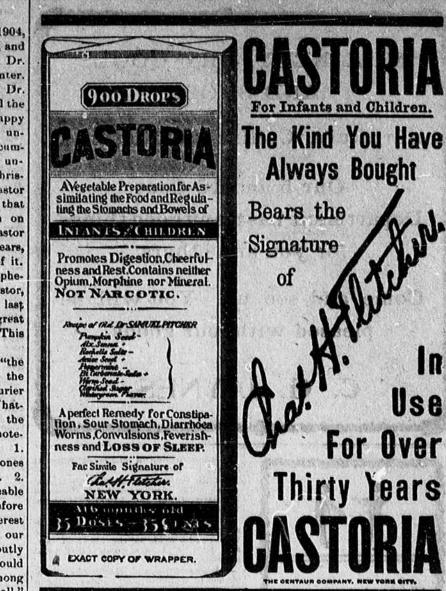
scene was one which they are likely never to forget. Wagons were ranged for 40 or 50 yards up against Another Long Pastorate.

In its issue of December 29, 1904, the Baptist Courier gives a long, and deserved, editorial write up of Dr. C. C. Brown's pastorate at Sumter. The first Sunday in this year Dr. Brown and his church celebrated the thirtiath anniversary of their happy relations, as pastor and church, under the most suspicuous circumstances. The Standard sends unfeigned congratulations and Christian greetings to the beloved pastor and church. The Courier says that if there has been any disposition on the part of either church or pastor to separate during these thirty years, no one outside has ever heard of it. This, too, when it was freely prophesied, when Dr. Brown became pastor, that the arrangement would not last long. A great church and great pastor have grown up together. This tells the whole story.

The Standard guesses that "the annual call" has not obtained in the Sumter church, though the Courier does not mention the matter. Whatever we may think and say to the contrary, history proves two noteworthy things beyond cavil: 1. Long pastorates are the fruitful ones in developing great churches. 2. "The annual call" is the implacable foe of long pastorates, and therefore of great churches. In the interest of the cause represented by our churches, the Standard devoutly wishes that "annual call" folly would come to an everlasting end among Baptist churches. "The annual call," whether intended or not, says to the called preacher, "The church does not feel certain that you are the man that we or God want to be our pastor, but we will try you one year, and if things don't go to suit all our members you will be out, and can

move on." No pastor can do his best work under such conditions. There is before him the constant temptation to say and do the things that will secure favor for himself. Remembering that preachers are human, and that moving is distateful to them, as well as expensive, it is not very remarkable that many good preachers find themselves shaping their conduct so as to shield themselves, hoping that Christ's cause may not greatly suffer in the end. Yet in most cases they hope against reason.

Every church ought to put its pastor before its community in the best possible light, and without the remotest suggestion of distrust of him. It must do this if he is to give the church the best possible service. At the bottom of "the annual call" is the feeling that, if the indefinite call obtains, the pastor will abuse his immunity from "the annual call," by remaining with the church, after his usefulness has ended. This is a fearful imputation, unworthy of the source from whence it comes, and a



## Farmers' Institutes.

Clemson College, June 12 .- Dr. P. H. Mell is sending out the following circular letter:

Clemson College is now arranging plans to hold Farmers' Institutes this summer in the counties of the State during the period between July 19 and August 5. Citizens who may desire an institute held in their community are invited to send an application to the President of the College not later than June 20. Suggestions regarding the agricultural questions in which the community may be interested are also invited.

The institute at Clemson College will begin on Tuesday, August 8th, and continue for one week. Distinguished speakers will address the farmers on speakers will address the farmers on important topics during that week. The railway companies have arranged to give rates of one fare, plus twenty-five cents for the round trip'from every station in South Carolina. Delegates to the Farmers' Institute at the college will please see that the local railway agent provides himself with the re-duced rate tickets in ample time.

the The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the

THREE PAPERS A WEEK FOR \$1.50.

By a clubbing arrangement with the Charleston Semi-Weekly News and Cou rier we are offering that paper and The Keowee Courier for \$1.50 per year. The Keowee Courier is recognized not only gross injustice to God's ministers. as the best paper in Oconee county, bu All this, likely enough, has not oc-curred to many churches and church members. To others it has occurred with a deep feeling of mortification and remorseful regret. "Touch not mine anointed and do my prophets no harm."—The Baptist Standard. Bears the Mind You Haw Always Bengtt All this, likely enough, has not oc- it is rated among the best county papers lar price of either. Let us send you two of the very best papers in South Carolina for almost the price of one.

**Popular Excursions** Via Southern Railway.

. 0

The Southern Railway will sell round trip tickets to the following points, for pecial occasions:

Niagara Falls, N. Y.-Ancient Arabic

Order of Mystic Shrine, Imperial Coun-cil, June 20-23, 1005. Rate, one fare, plus \$1, for round trip from all points. Calhoun, S. C.—South Carolina State Summer School, June 21 to July 19, 1005. Rate, one first class fare, plus 25c., for round trip from all points in South Caro-lina.

Athens, Ga.—Summer School, June 27
Athens, Ga.—Summer School, June 27
to July 28, 1905. Rate, one first class
fare, plus 25c., for round trip.
Knoxyille, Tenn.—Summer School, June 27 to July 28, 1905. Rate, one fare, plus 2/c., for round trip.
Nashville, Tenn.—Peabody Summer School—Vanderbilt Biblical Institute—June 14 to August 9, 1905. Rate, one fare, plus 25c., for round trip.
Asheville, N. C.—Annual Conference Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A., June 9.25, 1905, rate one fare, plus 25c., for round trip.

1905, rate one fare, plus 25c., for round trip. Asheville, N. C.—Conference of Young People's Missionary Association, June 25 to July 2, 1905. Rate, one fare, plus 25c., for round trip. Denver, Colo.—Account International Epworth League Convention: rate very low, and will be given on application. Asbury Park, N. J.—Account National Educational Association, July 3-7; rate very low and given on application. Baltimore, Md. -Account United Society Christian Endeavor International Con-vention, July 5-10. Rate, one first class fare, plus \$1, for round trip. Buffalo, N. Y.—Annual Meeting Grand Lodge B. P. O. Elks, July 11-15. Rate one first class fare, plus \$1, for round trip. Toronto, Ont.—Account International Sunday School Convention, June 20-27, 1905. Rate, one fare, plus Soc., for round trip fare all moints in South Carolina

Take another case. In Lancaster an inoffensive young man was shot down by a community desperado, The murderer was soon caught and promptly lynched. The Solicitor of the district, backed up by the influence and authority of the Governor of the State, set to work to apprehend the lynchers and bring them to trial. But investigations develops fact that they are the "leading tizens" of the community. We have read no more disheartening reading in a long time than Solicitor Henry's account of his earnest yet futile efforts to get at these "leading citizens." However, they said, in defense of their action, that they did it because the law itself could not be depended upon to inflict merited punishment. Once before the man whom they lynched had been tried for murder and acquitted, and they feared he might again be turned loose upon society.

Yet one other case. A young negro man, confined in the guard house at Eutawville for a trivial offense, was taken out one night, carried to the river, an iron weight was attached to him and he was tossed out of a boat and drowned. Once again the Governor of the State, with com- diseases of the nervous system. mendable enterprise, interested himsalf in the matter. All the forces of the law were set to work, and a group of men were brought The Radical Remedy Company, to trial before a jury of their peers. After being out only about fifteen minutes, the jury set

before she boarded the train, said : "When I went on the stage I ad-

opted the only means left me to earn a livelihood, and I am awfully sorry the people have so severely condemned me. I wanted to do right and could see no harm in going on the stage, which is my profession. owe thousands of dollars, and don't know how in the world I am going to pay it by any other way.

"I believe much of the criticism was due to the company with which I was traveling. It was not such as everybody would care to patronize, and of course I have had to stand the blame for it. I really did not know much about it when I signed a contract, and rather than bear the harsh treatment that I have been subjected to I have decided to leave the stage, for a time at least."

**RYDALE'S TONIC** A New Scientific Discovery for the **BLOOD** and NERVES.

It purifies the blood by eliminating the vaste matter and other impurities and by waste matter and other impurities and by destroying the germs or microbes that infest the blood. It builds up the blood by reconstructing and multiplying the red corpuscles, making the blood rich and red. It restores and stimulates the nerves, causing a full free flow of nerve force throughout the entire nerve system. It speedily cures unstrung nerves, nervous

**RYDALE'S TONIC** is sold under a posi tive guarantee.

Trial size 50 cents. Family size \$1.00 MANUFACTURED BY HICKORY, N. C. FOR SALE BY WALHALLA DRUG COMPANY.

the platform, which made entrance to their store, and men, women and children, from the city and from the country, with bags in their hands and cats in their arms, mounting way past the hundreds and up into the thousands, stood there clamoring for the attention of the proprietors to their answer to the want advertisement Mr. Grady had inserted the day before in the Daily Commercial.

Such an array or collection of cats had never before been seen in Rome or in North Georgia. Gray cats and black cats, tom cats and tabby cats, old cats and young cats, cats in arms, cats in baskets, cats in cages, cats quiet and cats mewing, cats with all there and waiting for the Rouns-

avilles.

Henry Grady that advertising paid. the columns of the Commercial from out the announcement of the big and

ness there for so many years.

Two negro preachers have been sent to the Atlanta Federal prison from Charleston for participation in pension frauds. Another negro preacher has been indicted for this offense.



Money Loaned to the Various Counties.

The Sinking Fund Commission has made loans aggregating \$149,000 this year. This includes \$5,000 loaned to commission to complete backs arched and cats softly purring, the State House and \$5,500 loaned on collateral security.

From the sinking fund created The news of the incident had by payment of insurance the followspread over the town and nearly one- ing loans were made : Williamsburg half of the population had come to county, [\$5,000 ; Kershaw county, see the Rounsavilles convinced by \$5,000.

From the cumulative sinking fund It only remains to be said that out the following loans were made to of the overwhelming mass of proof counties : Clarendon, \$3,500; Bamfurnished by the farmers of Rome berg, \$4,600; Fairfield, \$7,400; Lanand of Floyd county, the Rounsa- caster, \$5,000; Oconee, \$3,400; villes did not take long to discover Pickens, \$5,400; Cherokee, \$7,000; the truth of Grady's proposition, and Greenwood, \$11,000; Saluda, \$5,500 Richland, \$22,000 ; Hampton, \$8,400; that time forward were never 'with. Berkeley, \$5,000 ; total, \$88,200. From the ordinary sinking fund : prosperous firm that has done busi- Sumter county, \$8,000; Greenwood, \$6,900 ; Laurens, \$8,800 ; Marlboro, \$5,900 ; Barnwell, \$10,000 ; Williamsburg, \$1,200. Total, \$40,800.

There will be an all-day singing at the Neville Baptist church on the fourth Sunday in June, conducted by J. F. Mor-ton, J. W. Reynolds, R. N. Smith and others. The public is cordially invited to attend and bring well-filled baskets and enjoy a day in song service.

Toronto, Ont.—Account Anoma 20.27, Sunday School Convention, June 20.27, 1905. Rate, one fare, plus 50c., for round trip from all points in South Carolina. Tickets on sale June 19.23; final limit June 30. Extension of final limit can be obtained by depositing ticket with joint agent and upon payment fee of \$1. Southern Railway can offer many other attractive rates. For full information consult any ticket agent, or R. W. HUNT, Div. Pass. Agent, Charleston, S. C.

the The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Char H. Flitchins Bignature 80

