



BY JAYNES, SHELOR, SMITH & STECK.

WALHALLA, SOUTH CAROLINA, JAN. 20, 1904

NEW SERIES, NO. 303—VOLUME LIV—NO. 3.

CLOTHING CLOTHING

WE HAVE A BIG STOCK OF MEN'S, YOUTHS' and BOYS' CLOTHING. We are now making a specialty of Clothing, and we have a line we are going to make a fuss with. You will hear from it all around. Come and let us show you through. IT PAYS TO BUY FOR CASH.

We bought some short lots while in New York, and we can sell you Good Suits for less than the wholesale cost on them—NICE, NEW, NOBBY SUITS—only they had but a dozen or two of them, and we closed out the lot. We have all sizes and styles—and the prices are lower than you ever saw. We bought this lot of Pants so we can sell them at less than the other fellow paid for them, and yet make money on them. Come around to see us and we will show you that IT PAYS TO BUY FOR CASH. That is how we got them so cheap—buying WOOL GOODS IN SUMMER AND PAYING CASH FOR THEM.

C. W. & J. E. BAUKNIGHT, MERCHANTS.

Dr. G. C. Probst, DENTIST, Walhalla, S. C. Office Over C. W. Pitchford Co.'s...

Dr. W. F. Austin, DENTIST, SENECA, S. C. OFFICE DAYS: MONDAYS, THURSDAYS, FRIDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

JAYNES & SHELOR, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, WALHALLA, S. C.

STRIHLING & HERNDON, Attorneys-At-Law, WALHALLA, S. C.

Come Out and Make Your Tax Return.

THE Auditor's Office will be open from the 1st day of January, 1904, for the purpose of receiving returns of personal property and real estate for taxation in Oconee county, South Carolina, for the year 1904.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

Money to Lend. OANS negotiated on mortgage of real estate at 7 per cent in sums of \$1,000 and over, and 8 per cent on less than \$1,000. No commission charged.

FOR CHEAP RATES TO TEXAS, ARKANSAS, LOUISIANA, OKLAHOMA, INDIAN TERRITORY, CALIFORNIA, COLORADO, UTAH, WYOMING, OREGON, MONTANA, WASHINGTON, and Other Points

Superb IS THE BEST CLOTHING WYLER, ACKERLAND & CO., Makers, Clacant.

The Oconee Steam Marble and Granite Works, Westminister, S. C. DEALERS IN Rutland, East Dorset, Manchester, Pittsford, Italian and Georgia Marbles, Barre, Quincy, Westerley and Oglesby Granites.

Send your orders for Stationery and Advertising Matter to The Courier and get The Best is Always the Cheapest.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

Straight, Clear-cut Recommendations on Various Important Matters.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE. Governor Heyward's annual message was sent to the General Assembly last week. The salient features are: THE STATE'S FINANCES. The Governor again points out the imperative need of increasing the revenues of the State, although he shows that the State's finances are not in as bad condition as has been represented.

Matters About Old Pickets. Old Pickets, January 14.—The iron bridge across Keowee river at this place has been completed according to contract, and so far as I am able to judge is a most substantial structure.

THE COMMON SCHOOLS. Considerable space is devoted to emphasizing the need of educational advantages in the common schools. The Governor recommends the establishment of rural school libraries, the consolidation of rural schools, and the establishment of a manual training and industrial school in each county.

PUBLIC HIGHWAYS. The Governor makes strong and clear-cut recommendations on the subject of good roads. He says: "While I am convinced that proper and systematic work of county chain-gangs can be of decided benefit, still very much more than this is necessary in order to obtain a modern road."

WORLD'S FAIR EXHIBIT. The Governor recommends that an appropriation be made for the erection of a South Carolina building at the St. Louis exposition, that it be made headquarters for the proposed commissioner of commerce and immigration, where literature advertising and exploiting the resources of the State may be circulated.

BIENNIAL SESSIONS. Governor Heyward puts himself on record as being in favor of biennial sessions of the General Assembly. A bill to amend the constitution passed the Senate at the last session and is now pending in the House.

Woman Masqueraded as a Man. Boise, Idaho, January 16.—A remarkable case of a woman masquerading as a man has been discovered at Rockville, in the Western part of the State near the Oregon line.

Half and Half. The dyspeptic may well be represented pictorially as being half masculine and half feminine, and combining the least desirable characteristics of either sex. He has all the sturdiness of the man with the peevish irascibility of a sick woman.

Razors and Razors. "Has yer got any razors?" The question was addressed by a colored brother of the thick-lipped, big-nose variety to a clerk in a hardware store.

BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION. It is recommended that a bureau of commerce and immigration be established to advertise and exploit the commercial and agricultural resources and advantages of the State.

THE HAMPTON MONUMENT. Referring to the wish of the people of the State for the erection of a monument to perpetuate and honor the memory of Wade Hampton the Governor says: "With this object in view you appropriated at your last session the

sum of \$20,000, which sum was to be available when the people of our State should raise \$10,000 for this purpose, and I had the honor of appointing a committee from your body to take charge of this work.

LEGISLATURE IN SESSION. General Assembly Does Little on Opening Day—The Liability Bill.

Columbia, January 12.—Armed with a carload of bills, not a few of which are aimed at corporations, members of the General Assembly met in Columbia and greeted the legislative machinery for the forty-day session.

There was a wrangle in the House about the election of an Associate Justice, dispensary officials and others and it was finally agreed to have the committee on privileges to report Wednesday at noon.

The fine Italian hand of the politician is apparent and those most anxious for the glory are seeking time for campaign work.

The liability bill, brought over from the last session, got on the calendar to-day. This measure extends the rights and remedies of employees of railroad corporations, as provided by the constitution to employees of cotton and all textile mill corporations and telegraph companies.

The committee on commerce and manufacture, to which the bill was referred, made an unfavorable report, urging that it should not pass, but a minority report came in.

Columbia, January 13.—In the House to-day a great deal of substantial work was accomplished. The railroads had things rather against them in that three bills, which are not calculated to help the railroad corporations, were passed to a third reading, and a bill looking to outlawing slot machines was also ordered to a third reading.

A special order was made of all bills relative to biennial sessions for next Wednesday at 12 o'clock.

The Senate had a very brief session. Thirty-four bills on the calendar left over from last year were called in regular order, but action on all were postponed.

The Governor has vetoed a bill relating to towns of 5,000 inhabitants subscribing to the support of libraries, because the act was superfluous, there already being a law on the subject.

Columbia, January 14.—Without discussion of any kind the House to-day killed the Johnson bill to prohibit strikes and lockouts in cotton mills, but the labor element is prepared to renew the fight at this session.

Mr. Haskell's bill, providing for a record of every birth, marriage and death in the State, was killed. It had no bearing on the present marriage law, but objection was raised because it was claimed to be an opening wedge to the divorce law and it died accordingly.

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Nearly an hour was wasted by a long, wrangling debate on Dr. Doyle's bill to prohibit treating on election day. The debate showed strong prohibition tendency and the bill finally went to a third reading.

The question of reducing the privilege tax on fertilizer, the fund from which goes to the support of Clem-

son College, brought forth much discussion, but was finally passed over for future consideration.

The twelve-hour bill for railroad employees was introduced in the House by Mr. Blackwood and in the Senate by Mr. Hydriek, both from Spartanburg. It prohibits a railroad from keeping an employee on duty more than twelve hours and provides a penalty for any violation.

Mr. Morgan, of Greenville, introduced a bill to-day to place all telephone companies under the jurisdiction of the Railroad Commission. This body will have power to regulate rates, to compel connections at intermediate points and the fixing of rates relative to local as well as to long distance service.

The Senate did practically nothing. It was decided to postpone dispensary elections until next week. Tatum, of Orangeburg, has no opposition for Commissioner, but J. P. McDermott, of Horry, will oppose H. H. Evans for Chairman of the Board.

THE STATE'S FINANCES. The State has now on hand enough money to run the government until next November, or until taxes come in, \$467,143.74, and if the State was run strictly on a cash basis this would be all that could be appropriated, but such will not be the case.

The total claims against the State, including votes and other matters of this kind, amount to \$516,779.95, and the cash balance amounts to \$206,983.08. There is outstanding, however, including the \$89,000 secured by Senator Tillman, which the General Assembly may place to the general fund, \$776,937.61. This makes a total of \$983,920.69, and with the \$516,776.95 subtracted from this there will be a balance of \$467,143.74.

The many friends of G. H. Hauman, engineer of L. E. & W. R. R., at present living in Lima, Ohio, will be pleased to know of his recovery from threatened kidney disease. He writes: "I was cured by using Foley's Kidney Cure which I recommend to all, especially trainmen who are usually similarly afflicted." Sold by J. W. Bell.

No Vaccine for Mrs. Nail. A Philadelphia dispatch says: Arrested for preaching on the street, Mrs. Carrie Nation made a scene in court when the police surgeon requested permission to vaccinate her. She was not inoculated with vaccine, but the incident gave her an opportunity to make a few remarks.

Mrs. Nation was waiting with the other prisoners in the court when the surgeon came around. "I don't want that filthy stuff in my blood," she cried. "I'm a pure woman. You ought to be ashamed of yourself. When you want to give alcohol you have to go down into your dirty, filthy poison bottles to get it, don't you? You ought to be ashamed of yourself."

Dr. Fritz did not press the matter when he found out who his patient was, but the irrepressible Carrie tried to continue her lecture when she was arraigned. "I want to say, your honor"—she began, but Magistrate Cunningham cut her short. "You're discharged," he exclaimed, pointing one finger at her, and then Mrs. Nation left the court, endeavoring when at the door, to snatch a cigar from the lips of a policeman.

Killed. There is not an ache or pain that can be reached externally that cannot be relieved internally by the use of Elliott's Emulsified Oil Liniment. Rub it on the affected part and the pain will disappear. Full 31 pint bottle, 25 cents. J. H. Darby, Walhalla; Seneca Pharmacy.

Mississippi Instructs Senators. Jackson, Miss., January 11.—The State Senate has by a vote of 31 to 1 passed a resolution instructing the Mississippi Senators to vote for the Panama canal treaty. The resolution now goes to the house for action, as it is a concurrent one. It will probably pass the house.

The Compiler of the Atlanta Constitution and the Home and Farm one year for the sum of \$2.

A TILLMAN LETTER. The Senator Defends His Position as to Canal Treaty.

Senator Tillman has written a letter to the Spartanburg Journal defending his position on the Panama canal treaty. He says: "To the Editor of the Journal: I have just read your article in the Journal of January 4, 'Senator Tillman and the Canal Treaty.' I recognize the right of any of my constituents to take issue with me and my course as a Senator and to criticize my public utterances and actions. I also know that The Journal has always been fair and usually friendly towards me. I therefore feel that it is due myself as well as my constituents who agree with you to say something in answer to the editorial in question.

As to 'personal hostility to President Roosevelt,' I would not allow so petty and ignominious a spirit as that, I hope, to govern my action, and I am surprised that you put it as one of the excuses moving me. In brief, I want to say that my opposition to the Panama canal treaty arises from our executive leading up to it, and the record of the transaction as a whole is the most contemptible and disgusting, nay, disgraceful, in all our diplomatic annals.

I favor an isthmian canal and have no choice of routes, rather preferring the Panama to any other because it is shorter; but that a just government like this should engage in the practice of a sneak thief, and having obtained a pretense for action based on secession and then have the President to utilize the army and navy if the marines fail—and they stand ready to act when the marines fail—to coerce a weak power like Colombia is something I cannot endorse or approve. There would have been some palliation, some excuse, if we had as a nation boldly declared that Colombia was obstructing the progress of civilization and was a bar to international commerce and then taken possession of the isthmus under the law of international eminent domain and proceeded to construct the canal without regard to consequences. But the honor of the United States is dearer to me than any benefit that may accrue to the United States or any part of it from the building of such a canal, and whatever may be the opinion of Democrats, 'commercial' or otherwise, about ignoring the principles of common honesty and common fair play, I will never give a vote as Senator from South Carolina endorsing this infamous policy or making a treaty with one man representing nothing, and using that as an excuse to coerce Colombia from maintaining her sovereignty over the isthmus. There is nothing but the shadow of a government in Panama and no one can deny that.

This may be partizanship, but I trust at least it is common honesty and I hope the people of South Carolina after they understand, if they do not already understand my attitude, will commend it. I certainly know as much about what is going on as any one in South Carolina. Whether they do or not I am on the ground. I have no motive other than that of discharging my duty as Senator here, and I shall certainly do that with the light before me without fear, favor or affection. If it meets the approval of my fellow citizens I shall be happy. If not I shall be content because as Senator from South Carolina I do not wish to do anything that will reflect on those of my great predecessors who never forgot the rules of common honesty in dealing with their neighbors and who loved the honor of the republic more than they did material advancement.

Respectfully, B. R. Tillman.

CASORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Not an Unknown Tongue.

Both the girls who figured in the dialogue which follows were chewing gum, says the Chicago Tribune; but unfortunately this kind of conversation, which is too common, is not confined to gum-chewing girls, nor is the habit of gum-chewing responsible for it: "Aincha hungry?" "Yeh."

"So my. Less go neet." "Where?" "Sleeve go one places nuther." "So dy. Ika neet mo stennyware. Canchoo?" "Yeh. Gother money?" "Yeh."

"So vy. Gother aptie?" "Yeh. Gothercher." "Yeh. Howbout place crosstreet?" "Nothin' teet there. Lessgurround corner."

"Thattledoo zwel zennyware. Mighta thought that 'tfirst. Gother hat." "Ima gettinat. Gother money?" "Yeh. Diddn' cheer me say I had it? 'Already?" "Yeh."

"K'mon." Fatal kidney and bladder troubles can always be prevented by the use of Foley's Kidney Cure. Sold by J. W. Bell.