

The Herald.

T. F. GREENER, Editor. GEO. B. CRO, Editor.



NEWBERRY, S. C. THURSDAY, AUGUST 2, 1883.

A PAPER FOR THE PEOPLE. Herald is the highest respect a newspaper devoted to the material interests of the people of this County and the State. It circulates extensively, and as a circulating medium offers unparalleled advantages. For Terms, see first page.

LATIN AND GREEK.

The pertinacity of those who are opposed to the study of the ancient classics is wonderful, if not praiseworthy; and a few weeks ago they began to congratulate themselves that a new and powerful ally had entered their ranks. In an address at Harvard, Charles Francis Adams, Jr., advocated practical training for this practical, money-getting age, and many persons who were too enraptured to give the address critical attention, supposed that he was in favor of banishing Greek and Latin from our schools and colleges. A number of newspapers of great power and intelligence caught up the cry, and leveled a chorus of condemnation at the ancient classics—all of which they did without being seriously affected. But it seems that these opponents were a trifle premature in basing their arguments upon anything said by Mr. Adams. That gentleman stated promptly and publicly that his address had been misunderstood—that he is not opposed to the study of Latin and Greek, but that he is in favor of retaining them in our schools. Then the rustle of the newspapers died away, and there was silence on the subject; the ally was not an ally, "at all, at all."

Without advocating either side of this question, we wish to call attention to two very common errors made by those who oppose the study of the ancient classics. The first is the belief that education is the getting of knowledge; and that only those studies are valuable which furnish practical, money-getting knowledge. This is a very natural error among those who are accustomed to measure the value of labor by visible results; the people at large do not see the importance of studying anything which cannot be used as a tool in the labor of life. But education is not the mere getting of facts; it is discipline and development. The school boy is not able to say what pursuit in life he will follow, and no one is able to tell him; the consequence is that he has no means of knowing what particular study will be of most practical benefit. The school-man steps in and says, "You must aim at the fullest mental development while in college; you may fit yourself for a special calling after you have disciplined your mind and tested your capacity." It may seem paradoxical, but we are much more benefited by what we forget at college than by what we remember. Understand us. It is not for the knowledge we get, that we spend our years at school, for the few facts that we learn there, we could acquire in later life much more easily in a much shorter time. It makes no difference whether we remember a particle of the Greek learned at college—we do not study it for that purpose. The advantage is not in the Greek and Latin, but in the study of Greek and Latin—in the mental discipline afforded by studying them diligently. The athlete who uses dumb-bells, and bars and clubs to develop and strengthen his muscles, does not bring them into the arena when he appears to display his acquired strength and skill; and, just so, the diligent student leaves many studies behind him, but carries the discipline and development which he derived from studying them.

But the advocates of "bread and butter" wish to drive out the ancient classics because, say they, "The principles and general structure of all languages is pretty much the same and the same kind of mental effort is required for their mastery." That argument is calculated to mislead only those who have not studied the subject. The truth of the matter is, that "the principles and general structure" are by no means pretty much the same; the structure of the English language has, practically, nothing in common with that of the ancient classics. The etymology and syntax of the Latin and Greek languages are widely different from the etymology and syntax of the modern languages, and their superiority as a means of developing the

mind consists in this very difference. The structure of the modern languages is "pretty much the same," and on this very account French and German are inferior to Latin and Greek as a means of education. Couriers and other persons of no education who speak and write three or four of the modern languages with ease are numerous in Europe.

We commend the words of an eminent living philologist: "And, to the demand why, if boys must study language as a means of education, can they not study French or German languages which are now spoken, and which may be of some practical use to them, the answer is that the value of the classical tongues as means of education is in the very fact that they are dead, and that their structure is so remote from that of ours, that to dismember their sentences and reconstruct them according to our fashion of speaking is such an exercise of perception, judgment and memory, such a training in thought and in the use of language, as can be found in no other study or intellectual exertion to which immature and untrained persons of ordinary powers are competent." To this we may add briefly, that the successful student is the one who takes the full course of studies, as he finds it, and devotes himself to its mastery; on the other hand, observation teaches us that the students who derive least benefit from the college course, are the so-called practical boys—in reality, the lazy boys—who select their studies, and omit Latin and Greek because "they are of no practical value?" College students who refuse to try their powers upon the ancient classics, do not often distinguish themselves in their devotion to French and German.

\$200 REWARD!

The dastardly attempt to burn the Newberry Hotel yesterday morning raises the serious question whether the property of this town shall be protected. It is little wonder that our town is startled when the bold burner leaves the cover of darkness, and applies the brand in broad-day light. Let prompt steps be taken, if steps can be taken, for detecting those who show this fiendish disregard of the rights of others; and as soon as detected, let them swing. Messrs. Pool & Schumpert offer a reward of \$200; let the citizens increase the reward; and let the watches of the town redouble their vigilance.

SENATOR BUTLER'S LETTERS.

The Edgefield Advertiser publishes Senator Butler's first letter on the Public Roads, and says that "he does little more than get over the preliminaries of the discussion." The Senator's second epistle to the public is long and full of "preliminaries," but as we near the end of the series, it is fair to presume, we will get solid information. The end is not yet, and while Senator Butler is wrestling with the road problem in letters which we take it for granted, the Department of Agriculture will publish in book form, we ask our readers to ponder these words of the Greenville News:

As far as we can see, Senator Butler is drifting towards the position occupied by the News, which is that the present road laws are good enough for all purposes, except that they lack provisions to secure obedience to them. This deficiency can be remedied very easily and by the work of ordinary intellects. The addition to the laws we have of penalties for their violation and the vesting of power to enforce those penalties in appropriate hands will remove the evils we suffer from as far as legislation can remove them. Then the people will have the tools to secure good roads ready to their hands, and all that will be necessary for them to do will be to elect officials with nerve and conscience enough to do their sworn duty.

We have too much law in this State anyhow. We pile dead letter on top of dead letter year after year, and persistently endeavor to correct the failure to enforce existing statutes by making new ones. The real remedy for all of our ills is the education of the people to reverence for the law and its enactments, and to the demand on all agents of the law to enforce it without respect of persons or fear of consequences. The public school is the one method by which this education can be spread among the masses, but its results can be obtained beforehand if the influential and intelligent people of each county will stand together and move together for the rigid enforcement of the law. When officers understand that strong bodies of people are supporting them in the strict performance of their duty, and will hold them to account for every failure to perform it fully, their duty will be done.

Greenville City can improve the roads in Greenville County a hundred per cent, by throwing her vote solidly and always for County Commissioners who will enforce the law regardless of who is offended and what precinct may be lost at the primaries.

THE CHOLERA—A PREVENTION AND A REMEDY.

To the Editor of the News and Courier: The frequent notices in your paper recently of the dreaded scourge, the cholera, remind me of an article which appeared about twenty years ago on this subject. It was a statement made by a missionary said to be every way trustworthy, and was to this effect: While the cholera was prevailing fatally in the Island of Mauritius there was one plantation employing about five hundred workmen upon which not a case occurred. This exemption was said to have been secured by the use of a spoonful of charcoal given in the coffee every other morning. The writer went on to state that this had been found effectual not only as a preventive, but in many cases as a remedy for the disease—in some even when in a state of collapse.

The value of charcoal as a corrector of acidity and as an absorbent of noxious gases is well known. It is used to prevent and correct putrefaction.

I will only add that since reading the statement referred to I have used it in a great many cases both for myself and others in colics, cholera morbus, bowel affections and such like with the greatest success. It affords relief in nausea, sick headache, sour stomach, &c., generally very promptly.

It will be found in all drug stores prepared for use, finely pulverized. A few drops of water should be first dropped upon the powder, and this rubbed into a paste, when more water can be added, otherwise it would float upon the water.

The simplicity of this prescription may lead some to despise it, but not those who have tried it. Naaman thought very contemptuously of the Prophet's direction to wash seven times in Jordan, but when he washed he was healed of his leprosy.

Very respectfully yours, WHITEFOOT SMITH, Spartanburg, S. C., July 24, 1883.

KELLY AND TILDEN.

New York, July 22.—Politics are warming up a little bit. Not only is there a stir in city and State politics, but the next Presidential election is looming up strongly and candidates of both parties are being freely discussed. Within the past few weeks the politicians who claim to represent Tammany Hall and also the daily organs of this powerful faction have been favoring the renomination of Messrs. Tilden and Hendricks. It would appear from common reports that Mr. Kelly and Mr. Tilden had agreed to bury the hatchet.

A reporter tried to find Mr. Kelly yesterday, but he was still in Saratoga. His lieutenant-general, Col. Mooney, ex-commissioner of accounts, when asked if he had any information to give relative to the friendship which is now supposed to exist between Mr. Kelly and Mr. Tilden, smiled one of those beautiful and bewitching smiles. He said that he could not act as the mouthpiece of Mr. Kelly in regard to the alleged alliance, but thought that harmony existed between the two gentlemen. Anything to bring about a Democratic victory next fall, which means a Democratic President at the close of Mr. Arthur's term of office, was all that was desired.

Sheriff Davidson was encountered at the City Hall. He said he believed that however opposed Mr. Kelly and his followers may have been to Mr. Tilden, for the success of the party, he was ready to throw up the sponge and work in his interest, providing that Tammany Hall would be allowed her full recognition in the convention. Mr. Davidson concluded by saying: "Mr. Kelly, I am sure, is anxious for peace and harmony as the best means of bringing about a Democratic victory in 1884. If the Tilden ticket is to go up again, I think, most unquestionably, that Mr. Kelly will support it."

BUFFALO, July 25.—Capt. Matthew Webb, the noted English swimmer, perished in an attempt to swim Niagara River whirlpool rapids yesterday afternoon. He was rowed in a skiff to a place opposite the Old Maid of Mist landing by John McCleary, the ferryman at the Falls, and leaped from the boat at two minutes past 4 o'clock. The daring swimmer passed the big rapids all right, keeping the middle of the stream. When he struck the whirlpool he was rushed to the American side where the waves, it is estimated, are from thirty to forty feet high, and the last seen of him he was throwing up one arm. His shout of the rapids was thrilling. His intention was to pass the whirlpool on the Canada side.

Webb leaves a wife and two children in England. The refusal of the railroad and hotel managers of the Falls to have anything to do with what they termed his going to his death rendered the affair financially a failure. The river has been searched for two miles below the whirlpool, and no trace of the foolhardy man can be found, and it is generally conceded that he was engulfed in the whirlpool.

Instead of feeling tired and worn out, instead of aches and pains, wouldn't you rather feel fresh and strong? If you continue feeling miserable and good for nothing you have only yourself to blame, for Brown's Iron Bitters will surely cure you. Iron and cinchona are its principal ingredients. It is a certain cure for dyspepsia, indigestion, malaria, weakness, kidney, lung and heart affections. Try it; you desire to be healthy, robust and strong and experience its remarkable curative qualities.

INDIGNATION IN ROCK HILL.

Rock Hill, July 28.—Mr. Stephen E. Evans, of the Columbia commercial office, arrived on the train yesterday afternoon and immediately took charge of the Western Union office here. The sympathy of this entire community is with Mr. Wm. Dillingham, the discharging operator, who has rendered the telegraph company and the public efficient and faithful service at this point for a number of years. The coming of young Evans to take charge of the office here has aroused the indignation of every man in our town against the company. The cause of the operators is a just one, and he or any one else who comes here in any kind of opposition to the Brotherhood is an unwelcome visitor. Mr. Dillingham's only sin is he is true to his manhood and his persecuted brethren. Rock Hill is with the striking operators—first, last and all the time.—News and Courier.

The Richmond and Danville railroad system has been sold to the syndicate that is behind the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad, and is the most powerful organization that has ever yet taken hold of Southern roads. The syndicate is composed of George I. Seney, Geo. F. Baker, E. D. Fahnestock, Calvin S. Brice, Wm. P. Clyde, and Gen. E. T. Thomas. It will control in all, about 4,000 miles of road.

At the agricultural meeting in Marion Senator Butler said that the Negroes are becoming more worthless as laborers. He advocated the introduction of 200,000 German immigrants as substitutes for Negroes. In a dispatch to the New York Times, Senator Butler was represented as advocating the introduction of 200,000 Mormon, instead of German, immigrants!

The jury in the case of ex-treasurer Polk found a verdict of guilty of embezzlement, and the penalty was fixed at imprisonment in the penitentiary for twenty years, and a fine to the full amount of the embezzlement.

In the Polk case a new trial was refused, and the defendant appealed. His bond was fixed at \$45,000 and it was given.

The situation of the telegraph strike is practically unchanged. The Western Union has with great difficulty filled its most important offices with inferior operators. Both sides seem determined. The strikers are receiving substantial assistance, and there is a strong likelihood that they will hold out.

The body of Capt. Webb, was found floating in the river a short distance below Lewistown, N. Y., and a verdict of "found drowned" was rendered, a cut about three inches in length, was discovered on the top of his head. It exposed the skull, and appeared to have been made by a rock.

D. W. Sexton, of Windsor, Ontario, has written to the Agricultural Department to ascertain if ten million acres of land can be bought in this State. He wants all in a body, on the coast, for colonization purposes. The whole State contains only about 17,000,000 acres. Mr. Sexton should study his geography.

On one occasion General Lee received this devout dispatch from one flank: "By the grace of God we have beaten them on the right"; and the next moment from the other wing: "By d—d hard fighting we have whipped them on the left." One lieutenant was Jackson, the other Ewell.

The towns of Casamicciola, Lacco and Forio, near Naples, were almost entirely destroyed by an earthquake last Saturday night. The number of the dead at Casamicciola is estimated at 3,000.

Mrs. Henrietta Quinn, Zadoe, S. C., says: "I used Brown's Iron Bitters for impure blood, dyspepsia and poor appetite. It did me great good."

Anderson Military School,

ANDERSON, S. C. The cheapest first-class school in the South for boys. For circulars, address, W. J. COX, Principals, H. G. REID, Principals. aug. 1, 31—2mos.

TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA. From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. The symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels constive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Erection of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Flitting at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine TUTT'S PILLS is also prompt; removing all impurities through the bowels, "scavenging" the system, producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

HE FEELS LIKE A NEW MAN. I have had Dyspepsia, with Constipation, two years and have tried ten different kinds of pills, and TUTT'S are the first that have done me any good. They have cleaned me out nicely. My appetite is splendid, food digests readily, and I now have nature's vigor restored. I feel like a new man. W. D. EDWARDS, Palmyra, O. Sold everywhere, 25c. Office, 41 Murray St., N. Y.

New Advertisements.

WE MUST MAKE ROOM!

For our immense Fall and Winter Stock, which will be the largest and by far the most complete that will be brought to the Up-Country, and to get the necessary room, (our store being already too small for our rapidly increasing business), we are clearing out our Spring and Summer Goods at

SWEEPING REDUCTIONS—FOR CASH!

There never has, nor ever will be a time in the History of Newberry when goods can be bought to a greater advantage. Throw aside your heavy shoes during this oppressive weather, and enjoy the real comfort, which Opera Slippers will afford. You can buy them from us so cheap that there is no excuse whatever for making yourself uncomfortable. Now is the time to buy your Prints. We are selling the very best 5c, and 6c. Prints for 4c, and 5c. per yard. Mosquito Nettings in Pinks, Blues, and Buffs, French Bronze for dressing, Children's Fancy Shoes, Slippers and fancy articles generally. Our 10c. bleaching, still leads all other bleaches; and shall it not always lead? We believe every customer is more or less a Bargain-Seeker, and, if you will take the prices demanded for Dry Goods prior to our establishment, and compare them with our prices as they exist to-day, you will at once see that we have acted upon that belief. Do you want a shoe that will look well on Sundays, and yet stout enough to meet the requirements of every day wear? Then buy

J. W. BRIGHAM'S CUSTOM MADE SHOES!

See that J. W. Brigham is branded upon the sole of each shoe, and you have an honest shoe made by an honest man. Whenever and wherever you buy shoes see that the manufacturer's name is branded upon them. It is an infallible test of a good shoe; for every manufacturer of genuine shoes can afford to let you see that he has made them. While no manufacturer of Shoddy and Fast-Board Shoes can afford to make himself known, for it would never increase his sales, nor cause your hearts to pulsate with joy. We are not trying to misrepresent our position. We never expect to see that day when we are to make our living by misrepresentations. We mean that we have marked down our Spring and Summer Goods—those goods that cannot be sold in winter—and we shall expect you to call early, and purchase largely of the great bargains which we not only offer for the next 30 days, but for the next 300 days.

B. H. CLINE & CO.

aug. 1, 31—1f.

SPEAKE & BRO.,

AGENTS FOR THE FAMOUS Eclipse Traction & Portable Engines.



THE WAYNESBORO ECLIPSE SEPARATOR, SAW MILLS, COTTON GINS.

Parties wishing the above, address SPEAKE & BRO., Kinard's T. O., S. C. Mar. 30, 13—1f.

New and Seasonable Goods!

Are being received every day. Our Stock is large and complete in all departments.

Spring and Summer Goods

In full line will be offered at great Bargains. Examine them. C. BOUKNIGHT, EXR. & CO., COLUMBIA, S. C. March 28 13 1f

THE BROWN COTTON GIN

Has no superior for rapid work, well cleaned Seed, and good sample, and is sold at a low price, and an accommodating terms. Please call and see sample Gin, with Feeder and Condenser, at my store. S. P. BOOZER. aug. 1, 31—1f.

NOTICE!

We have this day formed a Copartnership for the purpose of conducting the Cotton Brokerage and General Commission Business under the firm name of Matthews & Bowman, Office on Caldwell Street, two doors above Post Office. J. R. MATTHEWS, JR. CHAS. A. BOWMAN. Newberry, S. C., Aug 1st, 1883, 31-1f.

COLUMBIA FEMALE COLLEGE,

COLUMBIA, S. C. The fall session will open SEPTEMBER 12, 1883. Largest boarding school for young ladies in the State. Centrally located. Telegraphic and Railroad connection. Healthful, good domestic arrangements. Excellent facilities in Music and Art. Superior advantages in Music and Art. Rates low. For a catalogue apply to REV. O. A. DARBRY, D. D., President. aug. 2, 31—1m

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

NEWBERRY COUNTY. Court of Probate. D. Augustus Dickert and Mary C. Dickert, Plaintiffs, against Susannah Cromer, Sarah Domitick, and David Cromer, and John L. Cromer, William Cromer, and Martha Cromer, heirs-at-law of Lemuel Cromer, deceased, Defendants. Summons for Relief.

To the defendants, John L. Cromer, William Cromer and Martha Cromer, heirs-at-law of Lemuel Cromer, deceased. You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint and petition in this action, which was filed in the office of the Judge of Probate for said County, on the first day of March, 1883, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint and petition on the subscribers at their office at Newberry Court House, South Carolina, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint and petition within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint and petition. Dated August 1st, 1883.

[SEAL.] J. B. FELLERS, J. P., N. C. JOHNSTONE & GIBSON, Plaintiffs' Attorneys. aug. 1, 31—6f.

Dry Goods.

FIRE IN NEWBERRY!

The citizens of Newberry and adjoining counties are aware of the late fire, which destroyed Mollohon Row, and with other houses, laid low in ashes, the well-known CHEAP CASH STORE of

D. C. FLYNN.

With great exertions, a portion of the stock was saved; and though part of it is badly burnt, a great deal is almost perfect. No sooner was he brought face to face with the disaster, than he, in his usual irrepressible style, determined that he should rise once more. At last he succeeded in securing that magnificent stand of the well-known firm of

McFALL & SATTERWHITE,

together with their beautiful stock of DRY GOODS, which he purchased at a heavy discount off New York cost FOR CASH, and he is now beaming with pleasure, at being able to suit his customers better than ever.

The stand is the finest in town; the goods are pretty and well selected; and a well-lighted store shows them to the best advantage.

This fine stock, together with the goods saved from the fire, will be offered to the public from to-morrow, at AN IMMENSE SACRIFICE.

Having procured a heavy discount on this stock and received damages for the goods saved by fire, he is in a position to fairly

Slaughter Prices!

The stock comprises a beautiful assortment of notions, Dress Goods, of all kinds, in dazzling profusion, with trimmings to correspond; and an endless variety of HOSIERY, GLOVES, and in fact everything in the DRY GOODS LINE, at prices to astonish every one. The great slaughter will commence on Monday with a

CLEARING OUT SALE

for which he is now preparing, by having everything marked down, ready for the rush. Such an opportunity may not occur again to secure bargains. The goods must be sold, to make room for a Fall and Winter stock; so

TO AVOID THE CROWD

come early, as it will be more pleasant than late in the day. The stock is so immense and all hands preparing goods for exhibition, that a list of either goods or prices is impossible; but I guarantee a saving of at least 30 per cent. less than any other house. A mountain of

CALICO FROM 2¢ UP,

with a regular stock second to none in the State.

All My Old Friends

are requested to call around at the new stand, and see for themselves. They will always receive the same polite treatment, whether they purchase or not. I will guarantee to sell as many goods for \$7.50 as any other house in the State can sell for \$10.00

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

and secure some of those rare bargains before they are all gone, and you will leave the store smiling and delighted and will tell your neighbors that the place to get bargains is at

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D. C. FLYNN'S, LEADER OF LOW PRICES. KELLY & PURCELL, Managers. Old Stand of McFall & Satterwhite. April 21, 17—1f.