

The Congressional Stage.

Comedy, Tragedy, and Farce, all in one Play

WASHINGTON, March 5.—In the House to day Mr. Hazelton (Rep., Wis.) rising to correct the Record, said that last night he had replied to a speech made by the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Warner) in which that gentleman had alluded to pensioners of the government as "hospital pimps." On looking at the Record this morning he found that the portion of the speech to which he had replied had been stricken out. [Laughter.] He would not have returned to the circumstance but for the fact that it was the custom of the gentleman from Ohio to strike out portions of his speeches. He (Mr. Hazelton) had made three or four speeches, and they had gone home, but the objections to which they replied having been removed by the party himself, his constituents could not appreciate them. [Laughter.] He had obtained a manuscript copy of the notes of the official reporter, and he desired to have the Record corrected in conformity with it.

Mr. Warner (Dem., Ohio) said that he had not had time to refer to the notes of the speech of the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. Hazelton), but he was certain—and a number of gentlemen agreed with him—that some change, at least, had been made in that speech.

Mr. Hazelton: Not a word by me. Mr. Warner said that he had used the words "hospital pimps," which he had stricken out at the time to ask might be stricken out, but now that the matter was brought up, he was inclined to think that his speech as he had made it was best. In striking it out, however, he had done nothing more than was done by every member of the House.

Mr. Hazelton expressed his willingness to have the official reporter state whether he had made the slightest change in his speech. He was satisfied that the gentleman from Ohio knew when he made the intimation (for he was not brave enough to change it openly) that he had never changed one word or letter of the reporter's notes. Furthermore, this was an old trick of the gentleman from Ohio. Whenever that gentleman had made a declaration which had been replied to, and he had not liked the reply or the character of what he had stated he had in the night time, in his secret chamber, struck out what was objectionable to himself, leaving the reply as naked and bald as a mountain top. [Laughter.]

Mr. Warner: I deny that absolutely, and the gentleman cannot undertake to refer to a single case of that kind. I denounce that as a falsehood, here and now.

Mr. Hazelton: For which I will hold the gentleman responsible.— A Republican member: Oh, don't! Mr. Hazelton: [Not with daggers or coffee or pistols. [Laughter.] Mr. Warner denied that he had applied the term "hospital pimps" to pensioners of the Government, but only to certain of the pension claimants before Congress. If the gentleman from Wisconsin thought to frighten him, he was mistaken. He (Mr. Warner) knew very well that the gentleman had never been in the army, that he had been as close to the Canada border as he could get, and that he remained so far in the rear, as to be beyond the roar of the loudest cannon. [Laughter.]

Mr. Hazelton: I am not surprised that the gentleman stands on the floor to blow his own trumpet for what he did in the war. As near as I find it, he was wounded early, and sought a pension early, and the world for which he receives that pension is in his back. [Laughter.]

Mr. Warner: There is no better evidence of a coward.— The Speaker: The Chair thinks that this is out of order.

Mr. Warner (continuing): That that he should shoot a soldier in the back. That is the only way he shoots. I do not propose here to proclaim my own deeds. I refer this House and the country to the record I made on the battle-field, in campaigns and in camp, from the beginning of the war to the end. I refer the gentleman to the Peninsula, to South Mountain, to Antietam, where I suffered as severely as any man in that battle. No man suffered more than I did. I refer him to the reports of my superior officers. A gentleman who stayed at home, who is willing and has no better spirit than to come here and assail the record of a soldier of which he knows nothing, deserves the character I have given him.

Mr. Hazelton: Did you not assail my manhood and charge me with being in Canada? [Laughter.] The matter was here dropped, and the House adjourned.

The generosity of the Hebrews of this country, in their liberal contribution for the relief of the poor in Ireland, is everywhere attracting attention, and eliciting well-merited approbation. The prejudice against the Jewish race, for eighteen centuries or more, has subjected that people to every form of cruelty and oppression at the hands of Christians. They have borne their sufferings patiently, however, and whenever allowed to remain in a country long enough to obtain a permanent residence, have proved themselves enterprising, worthy and public-spirited citizens.

The Presidential Outlook.

Opinions of Prominent Men in Washington City—West Judge H. D. D. Twigg Saw and Heard on a Recent Visit to the North.

Judge H. D. D. Twigg, who has just been on a visit to the North and principally to Washington City, the present centre of interest, returned yesterday morning. A Chronicle representative talked with him during the day in reference to what he heard in the capital about the political situation.

Reporter: "What seemed to be the general impression in regard to the Republican candidate for President?"

Judge Twigg: "There seemed to be no doubt in regard to that matter. It is very generally admitted that Grant will be the nominee. The Republicans will not give up the Government if they can help it. They expect, if there is any trouble, that Grant will take the seat anyhow. There are some people there who think that if he does get in he will be the last President of the United States; that he never will give up his position at the head of the Government. There are a large number of Republicans who do not want Grant because they are opposed to the third term. They say a third term is contrary to the spirit of the Constitution, to established precedent and they do not believe that law should be violated now. On the other hand, it is contended that there has been another President since Grant's second term and that if Grant is elected now it will not really be a third term. Judge Jere Black, however, has ably expressed that assertion in the March number of the *North American Review*. It was the intention of the framers of the Constitution that a man should not hold the Presidential office more than twice, and Washington, Jefferson and Madison showed their appreciation of that unwritten law by refusing to accept a third term."

"Who is considered the strongest man of the Republican party?"

"Blaine, unquestionably. Grant is decidedly the weakest and easiest man to beat, and for that reason I hope the Republicans will nominate him, as I feel satisfied they will. Mr. Blaine is a very magnetic man and has great popularity. He will be the hardest man for the Democracy to beat and, therefore, I hope he will not be nominated. I believe he would make a just and fair Executive. He has a great many personal friends even among the Democrats of the Senate and House."

"What did you gather in regard to the Democratic candidate?"

The sentiment in reference to the Democratic nominee is very unsettled among the leaders. I believe Mr. Bayard is the strongest man and would win the race. He is very popular at the North and a large number of Republicans will vote for him. A prominent Republican said to me: "We are going to nominate Grant and we are going to beat you because you will blunder by nominating Tilden or some other unpopular man. Now if you should nominate Bayard, it would be a close race and your chances would be excellent. I believe he could carry New York, Connecticut and other doubtful States." The same man said New York was voted Democratic by forty thousand majority. Of course the South will vote for whoever is nominated, but much depends upon the vote of the South in the Convention. I do not believe the financial issue will enter at all into the next campaign. The Republicans will hoist the bloody shirt as their banner and make the most of it they can. I did think that issue was worn threadbare, but it is now certain that they are going to ring it throughout the campaign. They are already sending emissaries throughout the country and thoroughly organizing the party on that issue.

Treating the Wrong Disease.

Many times women call upon their family physicians, one with dyspepsia, another with palpitation, another with trouble of the breast, another with pain here and there, and in this way they all present alike to themselves and their easy-going and indifferent doctors, separate and distinct diseases, for which he prescribes his pills and potions, assuming them to be such, when, in reality, they are all symptoms caused by some uterine disorder; and while they are thus only able perhaps to palliate for a time, they are ignorant of the cause, and encourage their practice until large bills are made, when the suffering patients are no better in the end, but probably worse for the delay, treatment, and other complications made, and which a proper medicine directed to the cause would have entirely removed, thereby instituting health and comfort instead of prolonged misery.

SHADE, Athens Co., Ohio.

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.: Your Favorite Prescription is working almost like a miracle on me. I am better already than I have been for over two years.

LORIFDA E. ST. CLAIR, YORKVILLE, Toronto, Ont.

March 18, 1879.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D.: Dear Sir—I write you about a most remarkable cure of a lady friend of mine Mrs. Ruthore. Since her marriage thirteen years ago, she has suffered greatly from uterine disease which caused sterility. She tried the most eminent physicians of this part of the country, who told her she would have to undergo an operation with the knife. Being afraid of this, she was induced by reading your Medical Adviser to take your Favorite Prescription and Pellets. She used three bottles, as a result she entirely recovered her health and is the happy mother of a healthy babe.

Very truly yours,
MRS. JOHN McELROY.

The Herald.

THOS. F. GRENEKER & W. H. WALLACE, Editors.



The Herald is the highest respect a Family Newspaper, devoted to the material interests of the people of this County and the State. It circulates extensively, and as an Advertising medium offers unrivalled advantages. For Terms, see first page.

Ex-President Davis.

The students of Newberry College a few weeks ago elected Hon. Jefferson Davis, ex-President of the Southern Confederacy, to deliver an address at their next Commencement. To the invitation by the Students and Faculty the ladies of Newberry and the citizens generally added a pressing invitation. The ex-Confederate soldiers of Newberry also addressed a letter to the ex-President inviting and urging him to come. His reply to this letter, which is copied below, will be read with interest and pleasure by every ex-Confederate. It will touch a responsive chord in many a manly heart.

BEAUFORT, HARRISON Co., Miss., 8th March, 1880.

South Carolina Soldiers of the Confederacy:

My Friends: With grateful emotion I have read your cordial invitation to visit you in your peaceful home at Newberry. No greater consolation could have been offered to me for all we have in common suffered, and lost, than such expressions of regard and esteem addressed to me by men whose deeds have illustrated the heroic fame of the Palmetto State. It would indeed be a great joy to me to receive the welcome you tender, but circumstances, not within my control, deny me the pleasure of being with you at the time stated.

For a cause not less just, and I think, more demonstrable than that of your Revolutionary Fathers, you bore privations, encountered dangers, and performed feats, which, when history shall truly record them, will make your children and your children's children proud of their lineage. The long list of signatures to your invitation is to me a much prized treasure, and will be preserved for the few days which remain to me.

Be assured, gentlemen, partakers with me in the hopes of the past, and the sorrow with which we saw them disastrously crushed. Brethren of a creed, not less sacred in defeat than in victory, I tender to you fraternally the regard with which

I am faithfully,

JEFFERSON DAVIS.

The Town Council received the following reply to a resolution tendering the hospitalities of the city:

BEAUFORT, HARRISON Co., Miss., 8th March, 1880.

Hon. J. P. Pool, *Intendant*, &c.:

Dear Sir: Accept my sincere thanks to yourself and associate Wardens of Newberry, for your very kind and gratifying invitation to the hospitalities of your city on the occasion of the approaching College Commencement.

Be assured that I highly and gratefully appreciate this courtesy on your part, and much regret that it will not be in my power to enjoy the pleasure to which you invite me.

Respectfully and truly yours,
JEFFERSON DAVIS.

The House Judiciary Committee

has agreed to report favorably on Thompson's bill relative to supervisors of elections. It provides that only one deputy marshal shall be appointed at any voting precinct; that supervisors and deputy marshals shall receive only \$1.50 daily, and have no other fees; that no fees shall be paid except by special appropriation, and that no arrests shall be made on election day, but warrants may be executed at any time after its close.

It. Georgia there are to day 213-157 cotton spindles in operation, and of them Columbus boasts of 60,000. The Eagle and Phoenix Mills of that city alone operate 44,000, which are about 20,000 more than are operated by any other one factory in the State.

A large fire occurred in Augusta, Ga., the night of the 11th instant. Mr. Robt. H. May was the principal sufferer. He lost about \$10,000 in buildings, and \$15,000 in baggage—his losses were partly covered by insurance.

The Democratic State Convention.

Will be held this year at a much earlier day than usual. The State Executive Committee, which met last week, has called a Convention for June 1st, for the purpose of sending delegates to the National Convention at Cincinnati the 22nd of June, and for nominating Presidential Electors and State officers.

The Milledgeville Recorder speaks out in meeting: The great parties are nearly equally divided. It is true that the friends of Gen. Grant desire his candidacy because they believe that, whether elected or not, if the vote is close, he will endeavor to seize the Presidency by military force? We tell his friends now that the game of 1876-77 can not be repeated without war. We tell them now that any attempt of his to take it by force will be met by force.

Counterfeit one hundred dollar bills are in existence on the following banks: National Revere Bank, of Boston; Pittsfield National Bank, of Pittsfield; Merchants' National Bank, of New Bedford, Mass.; Second National Bank, of Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; National Bank of Commerce, of Pittsburgh, Pa. The counterfeiters are so admirably executed that they are liable to deceive even experts.

The report of the Massachusetts Bureau of Statistics shows that sixty per cent. of all sentences for crime in that State are attributable directly to the use or illegal sale of liquor. It is so in every State.

The Duchess of Marlborough, writing to the Lord Mayor of London, says the distress in Ireland is not yet diminishing, continues to be general, and in some parts is increasing.

Dr. Hugh H. Toland died at his home in San Francisco, California, the 28th ultimo. Dr. Toland was formerly a citizen of this County, and was an eminent physician.

D. Wyatt Aiken is spoken of by many as a good man for Governor. Let him stay where he is—in Congress; he can do more good there than anywhere else.

Gen. Sherman denies the report that he has withdrawn from the Presidential race, and says he is still a candidate.

Within three years, in the famine district of Brazil, 200,000 persons have died of starvation and 300,000 of pestilence.

Gen. Grant is now in Mexico. He expects to reach New Orleans about the 22nd, on his return home.

State News.

The National Hotel in Columbia was burned the 8th instant. It was owned by Mr. Robt. Joyner. Loss \$5,000—insurance \$7,500.

The City Council of Charleston are about waging a war against the gamblers who have all but taken the city. The club houses, too, come under the ban. Hundreds of young men are annually ruined by these pests of society.

Hon. Isaac Hayne, for twenty years presiding reconstruction of the Attorney-General of South Carolina, and a grandson of Isaac Hayne, who was executed by the British during the Revolution, and while in occupation of Charleston, died in Charleston on the 8th inst.

If our readers want a paper from abroad we commend them to the *News and Courier*, either weekly or daily. The weekly is mammoth in size and brimful of the choicest reading matter, and the latest intelligence from all parts of the world. We heartily commend the *News and Courier*.

Spurious gold coin have been found in circulation in Charleston. The coins were originally genuine, but the inside has been scooped out and lead filled in. A ten and twenty dollar piece have been found and seven dollars worth of lead extracted. The work is neatly done, and detection of the fraud difficult.

The Democrats of Columbia are organizing vigorously for the city campaign, and so are the Radicals. The latter party, it is well known, are capable of any stratagem or fraud, and it behooves the Democrats to be on the alert and put forth every effort to circumvent the machinations of their foes. It is too late in the day now to allow them to win.

Greenville Chronicle: The sad and unexpected death of Mrs. T. N. Berry, daughter of Rev. J. K. Meudenhall, which occurred on Saturday afternoon last, it is our painful duty to chronicle. The funeral services took place at the Baptist

Church on Sunday afternoon. Rev. Dr. Manly officiating, after which her remains were interred in Springwood Cemetery. The deceased was quite young, and had recently become a mother.

FOR THE HERALD.
DEAR HERALD: News from various sections of our County through your columns we read with much interest. As citizens of Newberry County, with a nearness of feeling for the welfare of all who inhabit her, we desire to see frequent reports tending to improve and cheer us in our business.

Our little town and surrounding country have begun the business of the season with much energy and disposition of earnestness in the discharge of duty, in order to reap the reward of faithful servants. The harvest time is coming and our farmers from their actions are counting the time as well as the cost, which we deem of vital importance, (idle bread is a dead expense, to no one's advantage). Our merchants have been kept busy more than three weeks delivering acids—showing from past experience that these are the fertilizers that pay best, and not those costly guanos that reap the profit of the whole crop. We can now safely say that our people are on a gaining ground, and the very tenor of their actions proves it, besides the amount of cotton that our farmers have been able to hold for the high prices of the season, and are still yet in our County. We are beginning to realize the fact that we have a country situated under many advantages; explaining for a moment that there is at any season of the year a production that can be converted into money or its equal. We say that our lands produce cotton, corn, peas, potatoes and pinders successfully, which is a fall gathering; also, wheat, oats, barley and rye successfully, which is a spring or summer gathering. Then we have the tall pine that is under our control at any idle time we may find outside of our farms, which is always ready money as soon as it reaches the handy saw mills to be converted into lumber, or the cross-cut and drawing-knife to convert into shingles, to which many of us are indebted for protection, thereby placing us independent of advances made by liens which has been very detrimental to the country at large (beware of liens). From past experience both merchants and farmers are ready to confess that the credit system is a dangerous business, and will eventually work no good result for those who depend entirely upon it. Count your cost, make good use of your time, sow plenty of small grain, plant corn, cotton, peas, potatoes and ground peas; haul pine logs to the steam saw mills; haul lumber and make shingles; and the ladies will manage the domestic affairs, conduct the butter, poultry and egg business to a success; and this is no little matter with us when a deliberate thought will not deny that many of the necessities purchased in this way amount to thousands. We have often been made to wonder how or why it is that chickens in the Stony Hill country produce many more eggs than elsewhere—it is an undisputed fact, proven by the frequent full baskets continually visiting our market—showing that we have many advantages to be appreciated though they seem small.

Small grain has been sowed in abundance and bids fair now for a good crop.

Measles and whooping cough have had much to do with our schools this season; soon they will have an end, and again our schools will be large and full. Much interest is manifested in education, and with the present management under the supervision of our efficient teachers at Prosperity High School, we can safely say that it is a success and will continue to flourish, enjoying the hope of a larger and more commodious Academy soon to be erected.

The A. R. P. Church is now undergoing repair, and from the ability of the members we expect to see when finished quite an improvement.

Our School Commissioner is a live man, manages his public affairs well, can sell as much fertilizer as anybody, and has a cow that can jump over the moon twice any night and back home before breakfast.

Your authorized agent and Post-Master also deals in fertilizers.

Rev. J. C. Boyd's new dwelling makes a display of good taste, and he is now happily and comfortably situated.

We regret very much to state the loss of our amiable and worthy citizen, Mr. George Brown, who died at 3.30 P. M. the 12th inst.

We are pained to state the loss of another worthy citizen, Mr. Pinkney Beaubien, near St. Luke's—buried on the 8th inst.

We are abundantly blessed with good preaching by Methodist, Baptist, A. R. Presbyterian and Lutheran; and now what else need we to make us happy?

NO. 9.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL—the world's great remedy for Colds, Coughs and Consumption.

FOR THE HERALD.

Our Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C.,

March 10, 1880.

A Radical Senatorial caucus was held yesterday, principally in relation to the Fitz John Porter case. Few Senators were present, and it seemed to be the understanding among them that they should oppose the bill. The last great issue on which the party went to the people a year or so ago was Jeff Davis. This one by vote of caucus, is to be Fitz John Porter. Thus the "party of principles and great moral ideas" descends from principle and ideas to mere personal matters. The dictates of the caucus, in this case, will not, however, be obeyed by all the Radicals.

Yesterday and day before were days of note in Congress, though not because of any progress made in legislation. On Monday the new House rules took effect. From those many good results are prophesied. Yesterday Mr. DeLesseps concluded, before the House Special Committee on interoceanic canals, his explanation of his Panama Canal scheme, and was followed Captain James B. Eades, of the St. Louis bridge and Mississippi jetties. The Captain thinks a canal by any one of the recommended routes is possible, but is certain that his plan for a marine railway across the Isthmus is better in every respect—cheaper and speedier in construction, capable of carrying more vessels with greater speed and safety, and of infinitely less cost in the matter of repairs, &c. Captain Eades made an excellent impression on the Committee.

We are to live under Federal election laws until a Conservative Congress and administration are installed. The United States Supreme Court decides the laws constitutional. The Court, in all probability, cannot be changed in its personnel in a dozen years, under the most favorable circumstances, sufficiently to secure a change of this decision. But the laws themselves can be changed inside of three years if the Democratic party is wise in its choice of candidates this fall, and earnest in supporting him.

Mr. Hoove, of Tennessee, yesterday paid his respects to the reform pretensions of this administration. The subject is a fruitful one, and was skillfully handled. No administration was ever more open to attack, not only because of actual violation of decency in its appointments, but because these disgraceful appointments were made in the face of ostentatious pretensions of reform.

FOR THE HERALD.

DEAR HERALD: Extend us the privilege of your columns wherein to express our thanks for a happy addition recently made to our mail in the form of "The Newberry News." Bright, raucy and sparkling; keenly alive to the interests of County and State, we regard it as a charming acquisition, and tender our sincere thanks to the unknown friend to whose consideration it is indebted for the favor.

"May thy life be long, serene and bright, And lovely as a Highland night."

How swiftly the days glide by and how rapid the transition from leafless winter to budding spring, and oh! how welcome. Naturally the heart grows glad and gay as we watch the vernal beauties crowning the dear old hills and lighting up the long shaded valleys. You see, the summer is our halcyon days, our fields elysian to which we fondly look for coming pleasures. For three consecutive days we have had rain, rain, but to day the sun has dispelled every cloud, corroborating most fully the truth of those charming lines:

After the shower, the tranquil sun;
After the snow, the emerald leaves;
Shining stars when the day is done;
After the hail, rest, golden sheaves.

WILLIAMSON, S. C. MAGGIE.

The State Convention.

Our Standard Bearer to be Chosen Early in June.

ROOMS OF THE STATE DEM. EX. COMMITTEE, COLUMBIA, S. C., MAR. 10, 1880.

A Convention of the Democratic party of South Carolina will assemble at Columbia on Tuesday, the 1st of June proximo, at 12 o'clock M. in the Hall of the House of Representatives, to nominate candidates for State officers, to nominate Electors for President and Vice-President, to elect delegates to represent the party in the National Democratic Convention which convenes at Cincinnati on the 22nd of June, and to transact such other business as the Convention may deem proper. The National Committee has requested State Conventions to instruct their delegates as to the question of the repeal of the two-thirds rule now in force in National Conventions. Each County is entitled by the constitution of the party to as many delegates as it has representatives in both branches of the General Assembly. The executive committees of the counties are charged with the duty of calling their county conventions to elect delegates.

By order of the Committee.
J. D. KENNEDY, Chairman.
JOHN B. BACON, Secretary.

FOR THE HERALD.

Future Progress Society.

At a County Convention of the Future Progress Society, held at Beaver Dam Church, Township No. 5, on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1880, the following officers were duly elected to serve until their successors were appointed:

Rev. Isom Greenwood, President.
Jesse S. Reed, 1st Vice-President.
Neilson Butler, 2nd Vice-President.
John W. Duckett, Secretary.
J. P. Gilliam, Ass't Secretary.
David Boozer, 1st Permanent Marshal.
Wade Anderson, Ass't Permanent Marshal.

Executive Committee—Lewis Duckett, Chairman; David Boozer, Rev. Isom Greenwood, David F. Lyles, Jesse S. Reed, Mark Clark, Lafayette H. Simms.

This Society is one recently chartered by the Clerk of the Court of Newberry County, and its purposes are for the improvement and elevation of the colored people in our County. The principal features of the Order point to the cultivation of good morals, and the stimulation of their race to honesty and true manhood. It already embraces the better portion of our colored people, and it will be chartered by the next Legislature.

NEWTON C. DUCKETT,
Secretary.
Newberry, S. C., March 5, 1880.

A Good Housewife.

The good housewife, when she is giving her house its spring renovating, should bear in mind that the dear inmates of her house are more precious than many houses, and that their systems need cleansing by purifying the blood, regulating the stomach and bowels to prevent and cure the diseases arising from spring malaria and miasma, and she must know that there is nothing that will do it so perfectly and surely as Hop Bitters, the purest and best of medicines. See other column.

Married.

March 10, 1880, by the Rev. David Levy, at Foot's Hall, Mr. R. H. SAMPSON, of Baltimore, and Miss ASHIE, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. F. OF NEWBERRY.

On the 19th of February, at the residence of the bride's mother, Mr. S. N. HENDERSON, of Newberry, to Miss M. ELLA MILLING, of Fairfield.

New Advertisements.

PILES.

Persons suffering from Piles can be cured by the application of an Ointment alone, without an operation with instruments. It can be obtained by applying to me. It is the best and most certain cure, short of an operation.

P. B. RUFF,
March 15, 1880. 17-2m.

MUSICAL.

Having been engaged as teacher of the Theban Club Orchestra of Newberry, I am prepared to give instructions in music on Violin or Cello, also in Harmony and Reading to any one who may desire. I will also, if desired, teach one or two classes in Vocal Music. Terms reasonable and satisfaction guaranteed.

Room in Coppock's Building, opposite Col. O. L. Schumpert's office.

WM. D. MUNSON,
Prof. of Music.
Refer, by permission, to Col. O. L. Schumpert and R. H. Greener, Jr.
Mar. 17, 12-3t.

A MISTAKE.

Owing to certain letters received from several of our customers, from which it is evident that the report has gone abroad that prices at the McSmith Music House, Charlotte, N. C., and prices at the McSmith Music House, Greenville, S. C., differ, we deem it necessary to state that the prices are exactly the same. Both are branch houses of the late and late of L. & B. St. Yanough, Ga., and are controlled jointly by us.

MR. H. McSMITH,
MRS. L. A. McSMITH.
Mar. 17, 12-3t.

GUANO

DISTRIBUTORS.

FOR SALE BY

J. N. MARTIN & CO.

Mar. 17, 12-1t.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

COUNTY OF NEWBERRY.—

IN COMMON PLEAS.

Clement Dowd, Plaintiff, against James D. Bruce and others, Defendants.

Poeteloure.

Pursuant to the order of the Court, in the above stated case, I will sell, before the Court House at Newberry, at public auction, on the first Monday in April, 1880, all that lot or parcel of land, containing two and a half acres, more or less, and the improvements thereon, situated in the Town of Newberry, in the County and State aforesaid, fronting on Adams Street, and bounded by lots of James Gaunt, McDuffie and others.

The purchaser will be required to pay one-half of the purchase money in cash, and to secure the remaining half, payable at twelve months with interest from the day of sale, by a bond and a mortgage of the premises. Purchaser to pay for papers.

SILAS JOHNSTONE, Master, S. C. Master's Office, 13 Mch. 1880. 12 3t.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

NEWBERRY COUNTY.

By Jacob B. Fellers, Probate Judge.

Whereas, H. H. Letters hath made suit to me, to grant him Letters of Administration, of the Estate and Effects of Sarah Counts, deceased.

These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of said deceased, that they be and appear, before me, in the Court of Probate, to be held at Newberry Court House, S. C., on the 31st day of March next, after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Administration should not be granted. Given under my hand, this 15th day of March, Anno Domini 1880.

J. B. FELLERS, J. P. S. C.

Mar. 17, 12-2t.

Miscellaneous.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The undersigned calls special attention to the following standard preparations: Felt's Elixir of Calisaya Bark with Pyrophosphate of Iron. Felt's Ague Cure. Felt's Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu. Felt's Compound Syrup of Sassaaparilla with Queen's Delight. Felt's