THE NEWBERRY HERALD.

The President's Message.

The Army and Navy Appropriations Discussed —The International Exposition in Paris and the Prison Congress in Stockholm—General Topics Postponed to the Regular Session.

WASHINGTON, October 16.—FELLOW CITIZENS OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES: The adjournment of the last Congress without making appropriations for the support of the army for the present fiscal year has rendered necessary a suspension of payments to the officers and men of sums due them for services rendered after the 30th day of June last. The army exists by virtue of statutes, which prescribe its numbers, regulate its organization and employment, and which fix the pay of its officers and men, and declare their right to receive the same at stated periods. These statutes, however, do not authorize the payment of troops in the absence of specific appropriations therefor. The constitution has wisely provided that "no money shall be drawn from the treasury but in consequence of appropriations made by law," and it has also been declared by statute that "no department of the government shall expend in any one fiscal year a sum in excess of appropriations made by Congress for that fiscal year." We have, therefore, an army in service, authorized by law and entitled to be paid, but no funds available for that purpose. It may also be said, as an additional incentive to prompt action by Congress, that, since the commencement of the fiscal year, the army, though without pay, has been constantly and actively employed in arduous and dangerous service, in the performance of which both officers and men have discharged their duty with fidelity and courage, and without complaint.

These circumstances, in my judgment, constitute an extraordinary occasion, requiring that Congress be convened in advance of the time prescribed by law for your meeting in regular session. The importance of speedy action upon this subject on the part of Congress is so manifest that I venture to suggest the propriety of making the necessary appropriations for the support of the army for the current year, at its present maximum numerical strength of 20,000 men, leaving for future consideration all questions relating to the increase or decrease of the number of enlisted men. In the event of a reduction of the army by subsequent legislation during the fiscal year, the excess of appropriation could not be expended, and in the event of its enlargement, the additional sum required for the payment of extra force could be provided for in due time. It would be unjust to the troops now in service, and whose pay is already largely in arrears, if payment to them should be further postponed, until after Congress shall have considered all questions likely to arise in the effort to fix a proper limit to the strength of the army.

Estimates of the appropriations for the support of the military establishlishment for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1878, were transmitted to Congress by the former Secretary of the Treasury at the opening of its session in December last. These estimates, modified by the present Secretary so as to conform to the present requirements, are now renewed, amounting to $32,436,764.98, and, having been transmitted to both houses of Congress, are submitted for your consideration. There is also required by the Navy Department the sum of $2,003,861.27. This sum is made up of $1,446,688.16 due to officers and enlisted men for the last quarter of the last fiscal year; $311,953.50 due for advances made by the fiscal agent of the government in London for the support of foreign service; $50,000 due to Naval Hospital fund; $150,000 due for arrearages of pay to officers, and $45,119.22 for support of the Marine Corps. There will also be needed an appropriation of $262,535.22 to defray unsettled expenses of the United States Courts for the fiscal year ending June 30th last, now due to the attorneys, clerks, commissioners and marshals, and for rent of court rooms, support of prisoners and other deficiencies. A part of the building of the Interior Department was destroyed by fire on the 24th of last month. Some immediate repairs snd temporary structures have in consequence become necessary, estimates for which will be transmitted to Congress immediately, and appropriation of the requisite funds is respectfully recommended.

I take this opportunity, also, to invite your attention to the propriety of adopting, at your present session, necessary legislation to enable the people of the United States to participate in the advantages of the International Exhibition of agriculture, industry and fine arts, which is to be held at Paris in 1878, and in which this government has been invited by the government of France to take part. This invitation was communicated in May, 1876, by the Minister of France at this capitol, and a copy thereof was submitted to the proper committees of Congress at its last session, but no action was taken upon the subject. The Department of State has received many letters from various parts of the country, expressing a desire to participate in the exhibition, and numerous applications of a similar nature have also been made at the United States legation in Paris. The Department of State has also received official advice of a strong desire on the part of the French government that the United States should participate in this enterprise, and space has hitherto been and still is reserved in the exhibition buildings for the use of exhibitors from the United States, to the exclusion of other parties who have been applicants therefor.

In order that our industries may be properly represented at the exhibition, an appropriation will be needed for the payment of salaries and expenses of commissioners, for the transportation of goods, and for other purposes in connection with the object in view, and as May next is the time fixed for the opening of the exhibition, if our citizens are to share the advantages of this international competition for the trade of other nations, the necessity of immediate action is apparent.

To enable the United States to cooperate with the International Exhibition which was held at Vienna in 1873, Congress then passed a joint resolution making an appropriation of $200,000, and authorizing the President to appoint a certain number of practical artisans and scientific men, who should attend the exhibition, and report their proceedings and observations to him. Provision was also made for the appointment of a number of honorary commissioners. I have felt that prompt action by Congress, in accepting the invitation by the government of France, is of so much interest to the people of this country, so suitable to preserve the cordial relations existing between the governments of the two countries, that the subject might properly be presented for attention at your present session.

The government of Sweden and Norway has addressed an official invitation to this government to take part in the International Prison Congress to be held at Stockholm next year. The problem which Congress proposes to study, how to diminish crime, is one in which all civilized nations have an interest in common, and the congress at Stockholm seems likely to prove the most important convention ever held for the study of this grave question. Under authority of a joint resolution of Congress, approved February 16th, 1875, a commissioner was appointed by my predecessor to represent the United States upon that occasion, and the Prison Congress having been, at the earnest desire of the Swedish government, postponed until 1878, his commission was renewed by me. An appropriation of $8,000 was made in the sundry civil service act 1875 to meet the expenses of the commissioner. I recommend the reappropriation of that sum for the same purpose—the former appropriation having been covered into the treasury, and being no longer available for this purpose, without further action by Congress. The subject is brought to your attention at this time in view of circumstances which render it highly desirable that the commissioner should proceed to the discharge of his important duties immediately.

As several acts of Congress, providing for detailed reports from different departments of the government, require their submission at the beginning of the regular annual session, I defer until that time any further reference to subjects of public interest.

(Signed) R. B. HAYES,
President of the United States.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 15, 1877.

WASHINGTON, October 17.—The case of the State of South Carolina vs. Jno. J. Patterson was called to-day before Judge Humphreys, of the District Court. Gen. Jas. Conner, Attorney-General, and Mr. Jas. Lowndes appeared for the State, and Messrs. Shellabarger, Cook and Pelham for Senator Patterson. The defence of Senator Patterson, as stated in the pleadings, rests on the following grounds: 1st, that Hampton is not Governor; 2nd, that there was no legal Court, no legal Grand Jury and no legally elected Judge; 3d, Chief Justice Willard, who ordered the special term, was not the legal Chief Justice; 4th, that the General Assembly which appointed the Committee of Investigation was illegal; 5th, that Chief Justice Willard, Judge Kershaw and the Grand Jury conspired against the rights and liberty of Patterson, and that the indictments were the result of the conspiracy; 6th, that he was not a fugitive from justice; 7th, that the Constitution only allowed a State to demand a fugitive from a State, and that the District of Columbia not being a State the Constitution did not apply, and the Act of Congress authorizing the Chief Justice to surrender fugitives was unconstitutional and void. No exemption from arrest on the grounds of Senatorial privileges was claimed on account of the indictments being statutory, which takes the case out of the Constitutional exemption.

The case was fixed for the 31st inst.

We have tried Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in our family, and can assert that it is the best remedy for a cough or cold ever introduced. Price 25 cents.

A SOLID (MUSICAL) SOUTH.—Musicians may differ on many points but here in the South they are all solid in their esteem of that sterling musical magazine the Southern Musical Journal, published at Ludden & Bates' Southern Music House, Savannah, Ga., and read with the keenest delight by thousands of music lovers, scattered throughout the length and breadth of our musical South-land. And well they may welcome its regular monthly visits, for it gives them musical intelligence from all parts of the world, and provides at a nominal cost a splendid variety of choice Vocal and Instrumental music from the most popular composers of the day. The October number just received, commences Vol. VII., and its wide awake publishers announce unusual attractions in store for the coming new year. Chief among these is the fact that the mammoth Music House of Ditson & Co., Boston, will in future furnish the musical contents, and this will make them altogether the best given by any musical magazine in the U. S. Those who subscribe now will get $12 worth of really choice music each year at trifling cost, only $1.25. Try it.

THE ECLECTIC.—Always welcome, because always containing interesting and valuable reading. The November number is received, and well sustains the reputation so long enjoyed by this excellent monthly.

Published by E. R. Pelton, 25 Bond Street, New York. Terms, $5 per year; Single number, 45 cents. The Eclectic and any $4 magazine to one address for $8.

One of the best Agricultural Journals on our exchange list is the American Agriculturist, published by the Orange Judd Co., New York. It is indispensable as a reference of information for the Farm, Garden and Household, and no one who has ever seen a copy but likes it. The October number just received is full of interest. Only $1.50 in advance.

The Herald.

THOS. F. GRENEKER, W. H. WALLACE, } EDITORS.

NEWBERRY, S. C.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 24, 1877.

A PAPER FOR THE PEOPLE.

The Herald is in the highest respect a Family Newspaper, devoted to the material interests of the people of this County and the State. It circulates extensively, and as an Advertising medium offers unrivalled advantages. For Terms, see first page.

State's Evidence.

Nearly all the Radical rascals that have been caught up by the Investigating Committee turn State's evidence—Woodruff, Jones, Nash, Lee and others. They have been led to do this by the promise that if they would tell all they know and pay back their stealings to the State it would be well with them. Some object to this plan of dealing with the criminals. The Committee is probably right.

"The State needs money much more than she needs convicts."

[*News & Courier.*

It would cost the State a very large sum to try all these criminals and convict them, and then it would cost heavily to keep them in the Penitentiary. Besides this if none of them had been promised immunity from punishment the Committee never could have found out the facts they were hunting for. The promise to let Woodruff off was the "open sesame." Large amounts of money have thus been brought into the State Treasury, and many of the rogues have been driven to resignation. We are willing to trust the Committee. They are in a position to know the best course to pursue, and being men of character and wisdom, we can trust to their judgment.

The Senate.

When the Senate adjourned last May it stood 16 Democrats, 16 Republicans and one Independent. Whittemore (Republican) resigned, and Coker (Democrat) was chosen to fill his place. Nash, of Richland, Gaillard, of Charleston, Maxwell, of Marlboro, and Corwin, of Newberry, all Republicans, have likewise resigned. Their places will be filled by Democrats. Even if no other resignations take place the Senate at its approaching session will stand 21 Democrats, 11 Republicans and 1 Independent. The Independent is Cochran, of Anderson, Chairman of the Investigating Committee.

The tide of war in the East has turned. The Turks have been severely beaten in recent engagements. The Russians have besieged Kars and will no doubt take it.

State News.

Hezekiah McGee, whom everybody knew, died last Thursday, in the 51st year of his age.

On the 15th inst. the trains on the Blue Ridge R. R. were changed from daily to tri-weekly. The citizens of Walhalla have petitioned the authorities for an immediate return to the former schedule.

The Greenville County Fair last week was largely attended and was a complete success. The baby show came off Friday. The judges have been hiding out ever since, fearing the vengeance of disappointed and wrathful mammas.

S. E. Gaillard, negro Senator from Charleston, resigned the 15th inst. The Investigating Committee scared him up. He wanted to resign on condition that they would not prosecute him for crimes committed against the State; but they wouldn't agree to do so. He resigned anyway.

The candidates for Nash's vacant seat in the Senate, for Richland County, are legion. Those publicly announced through the papers are J. C. Seegers, Andrew Crawford, J. C. Kinsler, Jno. T. Rhett, W. B. Stanley, W. C. Swaffield, Jno. T. Sloan and J. D. Pope. Messrs. Pope, Swaffield and Crawford have declined.

COLUMBIA, S. C.—The Richland Court of General Sessions convened Monday, Judge Townsend presiding. The Radical ex-officials will be tried at this term of court. The petit jury is composed of 19 blacks and 17 whites—21 being Republicans and 15 Democrats. Ex-Treasurer Parker will turn State's evidence.

The Lutheran Synod that met at St. Mathew's, Orangeburg County, last week, elected the following officers: Rev. Dr. J. H. Honour, President; Rev. J. D. Shirey, Vice-President; Rev. H. S. Wingard, Recording Secretary; Rev. J. A. Sligh, Corresponding Secretary; Major P. E. Wise, Treasurer; J. F. Schirmer, Treasurer of the Seminary Fund; O. L. Schumpert, Esq., Treasurer of the Endowment Fund, and U. B. Whites, Treasurer of the Missionary Fund.

The Proceedings of Congress.

WASHINGTON, October 16.—In the Senate, during the morning hour, a large number of bills and petitions were presented and referred to appropriate committees. Among the bills introduced was one by Mr. Beck, of Kentucky, for the removal of all disabilities imposed by the fourteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States, which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The Senate, at 12.35, on motion of Mr. Edmunds, took a recess until 1.15 P. M.

In the House, after a struggle for precedence, the case of Rainey, of South Carolina, was taken up, when Mr. Cox sent to the Chair to be read papers from Gov. Hampton.

The committee appointed by the Republican caucus yesterday to contest the roll of Clerk Adams are on the *qui vive*, and the proceedings in each case will be long.

Ben Butler has been selected to manage the case of Darrall, of Louisiana. Darrall has certificates from Kellogg and Nicholls, is on the Clerk's roll, and has received pay to date. Butler thinks he has a good case.

Hale has charge of Rainey's case and is making a set speech.

A Democratic caucus of Senators to-day resolved to wait the indication of what the Republicans intended to do regarding the Senators from South Carolina and Louisiana before adopting any line of action.

The Republican Senators caucused on committees.

An incidental colloquy indicated about an eqaul division as to whether the session would be long or short.

In the House, the question as to swearing in the two South Carolina members—Rainey and Cain—occupied the attention of the House nearly three hours. Cox, of New York, Bright, of Tennessee, and other Democrats, argued that the question should be referred to the Committee on Elections, as in the Kentucky cases some years ago, and Mills, of Texas, and Potter, of New York, with Banks and Butler, of Massachusetts, and Hale of Maine, argued that inasmuch as Rainey and Cain presented a *prima facie* case, they were entitled to be sworn in, and then to have the question of the validity of their rights referred to a committee. The House took the latter view by 181 to 88, and Rainey and Cain were accordingly sworn in. Objection was withdrawn in the case of Darrall, of Louisiana, and he was sworn in. The case of Elam, of Louisiana, was discussed, but no result was reached.

The President's message was read and referred to the committee of the whole.

In the Senate, a resolution continuing the committees of the last session until further orders was adopted.

Beck introduced a bill to repeal the act of July 2, 1862, and such sections of the revised statutes of the United States as perpetuate the oath therein prescribed; referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. [The object of this bill is to repeal the iron-clad oath.]

Bailey, of Tennessee, presented the petition of the Southern Methodist Publishing House, of Nashville, for indemnity for the use and consumption of its property in 1864 and 1865; referred to Committee on Claims.

The Senate is full, except Morton and Sharon and the excluded Senators from Louisiana and South Carolina.

FOR THE HERALD.

Our Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C.,
Oct. 17, 1877.

While the re-election of Randall and other efficient officers of the House is unquestionably an indication that the Democratic majority mean the Forty-fifth to be pre-eminently a working Congress, it at the same time gives assurance that the proper interests of party will be protected in the House. The sentiment of all the Democratic Representatives is favorable to a rigid adherence to the old organization. The Administration, which some time ago expected to find votes in the market when a Speaker should come to be elected, could not have purchased one vote, even if one would have given it the organization of the House. The Representatives, in electing Randall, have given the best possible proof that they mean to have such a session—conservative, industrious, safe—as will strengthen the Democratic party everywhere, and thus make doubly sure the revolution so nobly begun by the people at the polls.

This re-election is also in the line of civil service reform, as it continues in power those who had acceptably filled office. Mr. Hayes, like a guide board, points the way but never walks in it. We have taught him a lesson in reform.

The opening proceedings of the House were not of great interest. There were a few objections to swearing in of Southern members. Mr. Hale got the laugh on himself by introducing a resolution instructing the Clerk to undo something that he had not done, which shows that the Republicans, having made laws and governed the country by party caucuses for many years, are not prepared for the open and fair manner in which Democrats intend to do it. Hale's resolution was prepared in advance, in caucus, to prevent some rascality, which the Radicals, judging others by themselves, supposed Democrats would attempt. The Senate adjourned early, and no legislative business was transacted or attempted. In the Senate the wish seemed to be to make the necessary appropriation for the army and adjourn. In the House it is the general wish to go on with public business.

Mr. Clapp's paper, anti-administration, publishes a new version to the letter written by Hayes to Garfield, and which induced the latter to withdraw from the Senatorial contest in Ohio. As now published, Mr. Hayes expresses confidence in the elevation of Garfield to the Speakership if he should remain in the House, and promises all the assistance the Executive can give. Mr. Garfield did not get the Speakership, but he is better off than he would have been if he had gone to the Senate for the brief term given up to Stanley Matthews. If Mr. Hayes was working for the good of Garfield, he builded wiser than he knew.

In the confusion of statements it is impossible to say what course Senators will take on nominations sent in by Mr. Hayes. If any that are particularly distasteful to prominent Senators are sent in at once, I think there will be open rebellion. If, on the contrary, the bitter doses are held back, the earlier nominations will be confirmed, and after that it will be impossible for Conkling, Hamlin, Spencer and the other irreconcilables to organize an effective opposition. I purposely omit Blaine from this list, as it is rapidly becoming plain that neither one side nor the other has any confidence in him.

Among the subjects sure to come up, whenever business is entered upon, is an investigation of the workings of the Treasury Department. I hope Senator Davis, of West Virginia, who asked for this investigation during the last Congress, and was answered with a reference to a standing committee of the Senate, will get a special committee this time. He believes the affairs of the Department are so managed that the public has no just idea of what is being done or of the financial condition of the country. He will again ask for the only channel—a special committee—through which enlightenment can be gained.

Being, as one may say, poor relations, our petitions and remonstrances, as citizens of this District, however just and reasonable they may be, are looked upon "in the States" as an impertinence. Let me once more assure your readers that what we, District people, desire, is exactly what guilty people do not desire, viz, investigation. We wish every citizen of your State, especially if he be a member of Congress, to know all about the debts the District owes, and how incurred, the taxes, the value of our prosperity. Having secured this knowledge we wish him to act exactly as he would if the case betwen the general government and ourselves was a case between two individuals.

SOLON.

Editorial Review.

Edwards Pierrepont, Minister to England, has resigned, his resignation to take effect first of December.

WASHINGTON, October 17.—Jno. M. Harlan, of Kentucky, has been appointed by the President, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court. He is a Republican, and a law partner of ex-Secretary Bristow.

FOR THE HERALD.

"Let the Just Censure Attend the True Event."

In making note of a matter we should "nothing extenuate nor set down aught in malice." The young man whose name so suddenly and sadly appeared in print as Williams *alias* Banks, forger, &c., bore an unsullied reputation as an industrious, competent, honest and frugal farmer. He went to Columbia on business, and while there, through some superinducing cause, owing to the frailty of poor human nature, came under the influence of the demon drink, and losing his money, he drank the deeper until reason was for the time dethroned. In this dreadful state of distress and semi-unconsciousness he sent a dispatch to Newberry for money in the name of the gentleman, Banks, with whom he worked and whose confidence he enjoyed. Mr. J. D. Cash, who had the power of prosecution, knowing Williams' heretofore good character, and learning that the officer sent to make the arrest found him lying drunk upon his bed at the hotel, with his door open; and learning, further, that he had not tasted food for several days (thereby showing his unconsciousness of the very grave offence committed), set aside the prosecution, and gave Williams hospitable care with needed medical and material aid at his home. The young man is fully awake to his error. Has Mr. Cash saved a soul alive? How easy to crush the erring, the helpless and the falling! "To err is human, to forgive divine."

MERCY.

TO THE LADIES.—If you want to know what the latest Fashions are, where they can be bought, and what they can be bought for, you can obtain a perfect mine of information on the subject at the very moderate outlay of only 15 cents. The Fall Number of "EHRICH'S FASHION QUARTERLY" has reached our table, and examination proves it to realize the claim of its Publishers—viz.: "that it is a sensible magazine for sensible women." Page after page of Ladies' and Children's Clothing, richly Illustrated accurately described with the price attached. Interspersed are numerous original articles, interesting and instructive to every housewife and, in fact, to every woman. We take pleasure in recommending this really valuable publication, and trust that every one of our readers will test the truth of our complimentary notice by enclosing 15 cents to Messrs. EHRICH & Co., 287 and 289 Eighth Avenue, New York City.

A BAD CONSCIENCE DOES NOT TROUBLE children, but worms make their nights sleepless and kill them. One 25-cent bottle of Shriner's Indian Vermifuge will save them from disease and death. Wholesale by Pope & Wardlaw.

The Russian Court invited Dr. Ayer and his family to the Archduke's wedding in the Royal Palace. This distinction was awarded to him not only because he was an American, but also because his name as a physician had become favorably known in Russia on its passage round the world.

[*Pueblo (Col.) People.*

ECONOMY IS WEALTH,

Poor Richard says. If this be true, then it is wise in every family to use Duryeas's Satin Gloss Starch in preference to any other, because it is the most economical ever manufactured in the world. It is the most economical because it is the best; it is the cheapest because it is the best. It is purer, whiter, and stronger than any other starch. It has received the highest award over all competitors in the four quarters of the globe. Don't be deceived by your grocer. Ask for Duryeas' Improved Corn Starch for food, and Duryeas' Satin Gloss Starch for laundry purposes, and take no other.

Money and Life Saved by its Use.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.—Galileo invented the telescope; Columbus discovered a new world; Harvey, the circulation of the blood, and to Professor Morse is due the credit of teaching the lightning how to talk, but it was reserved to Dr. J. Bradfield to penetrate the mystic depths of science, and drag therefrom the wonder of our century. The victory has been won, and woman is free.

The sale of Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator is unprecedented in the history of popular remedies, and thousands of certificates are coming in from grateful women, throughout the Union, attesting its powers and applauding its untold benefits to their sex.

A BEAUTIFUL WOMAN.

In a neighboring village there lives a young lady who, two years ago, was an object of pity to all who knew her. From a little imprudence at an improper time, she became irregular, and was the victim of suppression in all its horrors. Such were the ravages of the disease, she was miserable and unfit for social enjoyment. After trying many remedies, and paying much money to physicians, a friend sent her a couple of bottles of Regulator. She improved after taking the first, and before taking the second she became sound and well. Now, two years after taking the first bottle, she is fully restored to her former health, and is a most beautiful woman. Proper respect for the family prevents our giving the name.

For sale by Drs. S. F. Fant, Pope & Wardlaw, W. E. Pelham and W. F. Pratt 43-2t

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POST OFFICE,

NEWBERRY, S. C., Oct. 20, 1877.

List of advertised letters for week ending October 20, 1877:

Balch, J. A.	Lindsay, Mrs Eliza J.
Garland, Mrs. Mary	Richardson, Miss Lill
Lark, Chas.	Taylor, S. B.

Parties calling for letters will please say if advertised. R. W. BOONE, P. M.

ARRIVALS AT THE SIMMONS HOUSE.—

Noah Brown, W. Laughlin, Capt. Gwynn, S. A. Gurtman, L. H. Cohen, New York; C. M. Williams, L. W. C. Blalock, J. W. L. Arthur, Arthur Simkins, E. C. Simkins, Mr. Williams, County; B. T. Lowe, Augusta; W. H. Steiner, J. M. Aydelott, J. W. Holland, Thos. Beall, J. M. Haden, Jno. S. Curle, Jno. W. Bruff, Baltimore; Dr. C. D. East, Martin's Depot; J. C. Richards, Union Co.; C. B. Fitzmaurice, Brooklyn; J. Moffett, Philadelphia; G. B. McCrary, Clinton; A. J. S. Langford, B. F. Griffin, Jr., Jas. C. Clary, Lewis W. Simkins, W. F. Ewart, J. J. Carrington and wife, City; J. C. Richardson, V. Milnor, Charleston; R. C. Campbell, of W. W. Cole's Circus; John Willis, Edgefield; L. L. Young, Laurens; L. A. Vaughn, Germantown; W. S. Monteith, T. J. Harper, Columbia; James K. P. Goggans, Silver Street; Col. T. J. Lipscomb, City.

NOW AND THEN.

It is only now and then that such men as Hon. Alex. H. Stephens, Ex-Gov. Smith and Ex-Gov. Brown of Ga., endorse a medicine for throat and lungs, and when they do it is pretty good evidence that the remedy must be good for the cure of coughs, colds and lung affections. They recommend the GLOBE FLOWER COUGH SYRUP, and their testimonials are to be seen round the ten cent sample bottles of the Globe Flower Syrup, for sale by all druggists in Newberry. A sample bottle relieves the worst cough and will cure sore throat. Regular size bottles, fifty doses, $1.

A VERY GOOD REASON.

The reason why only one sample bottle of MERRELL'S HEPATINE for the Liver will be sold to the same person, for ten cents, by our Druggists, is because of the enormous expense of importing the Hepatine into this country; but as there are fifty doses in the large size bottles, it seems two cents per dose is cheap enough after all for a medicine that cures dyspepsia and liver complaint. All who have not had a sample bottle are entitled to one for ten cts. at all drug stores in Newberry. Three doses relieve any case of dyspepsia, constipation, indigestion or liver complaint, in the world. Regular size bottles, fifty doses, $1.00.

☞ 10 CENT Sample Bottles MERRELL'S HEPATINE for the Liver, and GLOBE FLOWER COUGH SYRUP for the Throat and Lungs, at all drug stores in Newberry. 42-6 mos.

Married,

On Tuesday, the 16th inst., at the bride's residence, by Rev. Z. W. Bedenbaugh, Mr. DAVID KIBLER, of Prosperity, to Mrs. REBECCA HAIR, of Newberry County.

At the residence of Senator H. A. Meetze, the 17th inst., by Rev. J. H. Bailey, Mr. WILLIE B. son of J. H. Meetze, and Miss MINNIE, daughter of Wm. Harth, all of Lexington County.

New & Miscellaneous.

The Way they Talk ABOUT THE NEW STORE.

"I say, neighbor, them new fellers, Jones & Satterwhite, are just jam up on a trade. They mean just what they say—one price and that down to the lowest notch—I like them."

"Do tell—did you buy any goods from them?"

"You bet, I did, and got them cheap, low down, I never left till I bought everything I wanted for the old woman and the gals—and they say that I done splendid for once. I tell you, neighbor, it warnt me at all—it wur them fellows,

JONES & SATTERWHITE,

they've got the goods and they know how to sell. The gals say they never had such pooty shoes in their lives and fur so little money.

"I shall always trade at
JONES & SATTERWHITE'S,
Cheap Cash Store.

Oct. 24, 43—3t.

Vocal and Instrumental CONCERT!

ON TUESDAY EVENING, 30TH INSTANT,

For the benefit of the

"Newberry Rifles."

Under the supervision of Mrs. F. O. Bailey of the Female Academy, assisted by her pupils, together with the amateur singers of the town. Also,

A HOT SUPPER.

Tickets, 50 cents for adults; 25 cents for infants under 10 years. For sale at all the Drug Stores, and at Messrs. J. D. Cash's and Jones & Satterwhite's.

Oct. 24, 43—2t.

I Invite the Attention of

My friends and customers to my large and new stock of

HARDWARE & CUTLERY,

Woodenware,

Paints, Oils, Window Glass,

Carriage Material,

Agricultural Implements, &c.,

Selected by myself in person in the best markets for such goods in the country. No pains have been spared to make my stock desirable and attractive in prices and quality of goods. A cordial invitation is extended to all to examine it, feeling confident I can offer inducements that will prove mutually satisfactory.

S. P. BOOZER,
Main street, next Dr. Pratt's Drug Store, Boyce street, in front Treasurer's office.

Oct. 24, 1877—43-3t.

TRESPASS NOTICE.

All persons are hereby warned against trespassing on the lands of the undersigned, either by fishing, hunting or in any other way, and any one so found trespassing will be dealt with to the full extent of the law.

E. S. COPPOCK.

Oct. 24, 43-2t.

AUCTION SALE.

In front of Court House, on Sale-day next, will be sold One Piano, One Melodeon and One Picture.

For further particulars, inquire of
M. FOOT.

Newberry, Oct. 22, 1877—43-2t.

Administrator's Sale.

I will sell, at the residence of J. R. Spearman, Sr., on the 9th November next, the Personal Property of Margaret Wearn, dec'd., consisting of One Piano and other articles. Terms—Cash.

E. P. CHALMERS, Adm'r.

Oct. 22, 1877—43-2t.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

NEWBERRY COUNTY.

By James C. Leahy, Probate Judge.

Whereas, Martha P. Crosson, hath made suit to me, to grant her Letters of Administration of the Estate and effects of David Allen Crosson, deceased.

These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said deceased, that they be and appear, before me, in the Court of Probate, to be held at Newberry Court House, S. C., on the 8th day of November next, after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Administration should not be granted. Given under my hand, this 18th day of October, Anno Domini 1877.

J. C. LEAHY, J. P. N. C.

Oct. 24, 43—2t.

New & Miscellaneous.

JOHN C. DIAL,

COLUMBIA, S. C.,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN GENERAL HARDWARE,

Has the largest variety of

Building Hardware, House-Furnishing Goods, And Mechanics' Tools

IN THIS STATE, ALSO

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Plow Iron, Plow Steel, Plow Chains, Tire, Band and Horse Shoe Iron, Horse and Mule Shoes, Steel Turning and Bull Tongue Plows, Cotton Sweeps, Back Bands, Heel Bolts, Grass Rods, Clevices, Plow Lines, Wagon, Coil, Well and Halter Chains, Grain Cradles, Grain and Grass Scythes. Has the agency for the celebrated and superior

WATT'S PLOWS,

which are sold at greatly reduced prices; also Castings for same of all kinds.

All Orders—accompanied with the Money or satisfactory City References—will have prompt and careful attention. Oct. 24, 43—3m.

CHEAP GOODS! CHEAP GOODS!!

AT

The Popular Dry Goods Store

OF

C. F. JACKSON,

THE LEADER OF LOW PRICES,

IN COLUMBIA, S. C.

Who has now in store one of the best selected and cheapest stocks of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, &c.,

ever shown to the public.

I ESPECIALLY ask that visitors to the State Fair to be held in Columbia in November, call and inspect my elegant stock before making their purchases. I can show any kind of goods usually found in my line, and will sell them at prices which defy competition.

Calicoes, Homespuns, Jeans, Tweeds, Cassimeres, Flannels, Dress Goods, great variety.

Mens' Under Shirts, Drawers, &c., Ladies' Under Vests, &c., Mens', Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hosiery, Gloves, &c.

Elegant line of Black Alpacas, Embroideries, Laces, Silk Ties, and the latest novelties in every department.

RECOLLECT that I pay Express charges on all bills amounting to $10.00 and over.

Samples sent on application.

Oct. 24, 43—tf.

NOTICE.

RED CLOVER SEED for sale by
J. N. MARTIN & CO.

Oct. 24, 43-tf.

One Hundred Tons of Agricultural Lime.

For sale by
J. N. MARTIN & CO.

Oct. 24, 43-tf.

James Boozer against Wiley Spearman and Joel Jackson.

Attachment Under Lien.

By virtue of a Warrant of Attachment to me directed in the above stated action, I will sell, at Newberry Court House, on Wednesday, the 7th day of November next, One Bale Cotton and Lot Cotton Seed. Levied on as the property of the defendants.

Terms—Cash.

D. B. WHEELER, S. N. C.

Oct. 22, 1877—43-2t. †3 50

David P. Dobbins against Charley Johnstone.

Attachment Under Lien.

By virtue of a Warrant of Attachment to me directed in the above state cased, I will sell, at Newberry Court House, on Wednesday, the 7th day of November next, ONE BALE COTTON. Levied on as the property of the Defendant, Charley Johnstone.

Terms—Cash.

D. B. WHEELER, S. N. C.

Oct. 22, 1877—43-2t. †3 50

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

NEWBERRY COUNTY.

By James C. Leahy, Probate Judge.

Whereas, E. P. Chalmers, as Clerk of the Circuit Court, hath made suit to me, to grant him Letters of Administration of the Estate and effects of Emanuel S. Sligh, deceased.

These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said deceased, that they be and appear, before me, in the Court of Probate, to be held at Newberry Court House, S. C., on the 5th day of December next, after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Administration should not be granted. Given under my hand, this 18th day of October, Anno Domini 1877.

J. C. LEAHY, J. P. N. C.

Oct. 24, 43—4t.

SIMMONS' LIVER HEPATIC CURE. COMPOUND

SIMMONS' Hepatic Compound is all vegetable, perfectly harmless and wonderfully effective; can be used at all times and at all ages, and does not interfere with one's daily pursuits, but, on the contrary, enables us to pursue them with renewed vigor. It is simpler, better and cheaper than any similar preparation ever offered.

SIMMONS' HEPATIC COMPOUND, OR LIVER CURE,

Should be preferred as a corrective and alterative to every other medicine in use. First, it allays fever; secondly, it cleanses the bowels without violence or pain; thirdly, it tones the stomach; fourthly, it regulates the flow of bile; fifthly, it promotes healthy perspiration; sixthly, it relieves the system from unwholesome humors; seventhly, it tranquilizes the nerves; eighthly, it acts upon the blood as a dupurient; and, lastly, it forms one of the most certain LIVER REGULATORS known.

For sale Wholesale and Retail by
DR. S. F. FANT,
POPE & WARDLAW,
DR. W. F. PRATT,
DR. W. E. PELHAM,
Newberry.

DOWIE & MOISE, Proprietors, Charleston, S. C.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

NEWBERRY COUNTY.

By James C. Leahy, Probate Judge.

Whereas, E. P. Chalmers, as Clerk of the Circuit Court, hath made suit to me, to grant him letters of Administration of the Estate and effects of William M. Kinard, deceased.

These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and creditors of the said deceased, that they be and appear, before me, in the Court of Probate, to be held at Newberry Court House, S. C., on the 20th day of November next, after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Administration should not be granted. Given under my Hand, this 4th day of October, Anno Domini, 1877.

J. C. LEAHY, J. P. N. C.

Oct. 10, 41—4t.

Miscellaneous.

REMOVAL.

The undersigned announces to his friends the removal of his

Drug Store

to the new, commodious and well-appointed store room in the

"Crotwell Building,"

Opposite the old Hotel site. He will continue to keep, and will constantly make fresh additions to a large, varied and well-selected stock of

Drugs, Chemicals,
PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, WINDOW GLASS,
Segars, Tobaccos,
Wines, Brandies, Liquors,
Lamps, Lamp Goods,
&c., &c.

And will be pleased as heretofore to serve the public with the BEST and PUREST Goods at

VERY LOWEST CASH FIGURES.

Buying for cash and dealing upon the same sound basis, bargains throughout the entire stock can be obtained at unprecedentedly LOW PRICES.

W. E. PELHAM,

"Iron-column Drug Store,"

Oct 17 42 tf Crotwell Building.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

NEWBERRY COUNTY.

By James C. Leahy, Probate Judge.

Whereas, Ebenezer P. Chalmers, as Clerk of the Circuit Court, hath made suit to me, to grant him Letters of Administration, de bonis non, of the Estate and effects of John Floyd, deceased.

These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said deceased, that they be and appear, before me, in the Court of Probate, to be held at Newberry Court House, S. C., on the 20th day of November next, after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Administration should not be granted. Given under my Hand, this 4th day of October, Anno Domini, 1877.

J. C. LEAHY, J. P. N. C.

Oct. 10, 41—4t.

NOTICE.

A desirable House and Lot to be rented for 1878, known as the "Humbert House" on Pratt Street. The house contains five well ventilated rooms and all necessary out-buildings.

Apply at office of the undersigned.

MOORMAN & SCHUMPERT,
Attorneys at Law.

Oct. 10, 41—3t.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the undersigned, either by note or account, will confer a special favor by cashing the same on or before the first day of November next. Those failing to comply with the above solicitation will find the same (without further notice) in the hands of an officer for collection. S. F. FANT.

Sep. 12, 37—8t.