

UNION REFORM NOMINATIONS.

For Governor, Hon. R. B. CARPENTER, of Charleston.

For Lieutenant-Governor, General M. C. BITLER, of Myrtle Hill.

Organize. A chapter might be written as to the importance of organization, but we deem it unnecessary. We simply reiterate ORGANIZE!

Union Reformists ORGANIZE.

Can we Carry the Election? Advice from various points in the line of battle assure us that it can be done, but to secure so desirable an end the people must work; put their shoulders to the wheel, and their hands into their pockets.

A Great Ally. Napoleon has the sympathy of the Rothschild's. This is worth an army with banners and need guns. The wealth of gold possessed by these bankers is almost beyond computation.

Nearly all the Monarchs of Europe have borrowed scores and hundreds of millions of dollars from these Jewish money princes, to prop up their empires.

The Reduced Rates. At which we offer the Herald is for the purpose of advancing the cause of Reform. Every man ought to subscribe now and get full accounts of club meetings and doings, not only of Newberry but of the whole State.

Don't be Tardy. The good work goes on. Newberry town has formed its Reform Club, and chosen officers who will do their duty. Let the whole district do likewise.

Reform Club Meeting. Agreeably to notice a meeting of the citizens of Newberry was held in this town on Saturday last, Col. R. Moorman called to the chair, and Mr. O. Schumpert appointed Secretary.

How the Chinese Cook Rice. From the American News, whose editor interviewed the Chinese colony at North Adams, we learn the following method of cooking rice, which may be of benefit to some of our lady readers:

The Process of boiling one pound of rice is as follows: Take a clean stew pan, with a close-fitting top, then take a clean piece of white muslin, large enough to cover over the top of the pan, and hang down inside nearly to, but not in contact with the bottom.

Camp Meeting at Bethel. The meeting at Bethel Camp Ground, on the Tumbling Shoals Circuit, Laurens district, embracing Presiding Elder W. H. Fleming's district, which commenced on Wednesday, the 10th inst., was terminated on Monday morning six o'clock by public prayer. It was a highly interesting meeting and largely attended, by the people of Laurens, as well as by many from Anderson, Abbeville, Spartanburg and Newberry.

By late orders from the Internal Revenue Bureau at Washington, distilled spirits in quantities of five gallons or over, must be put into vessels made of material susceptible of receiving stamps, marks and brands.

The First Rate of New Cotton. The Savannah News of Saturday says: "Messrs. Groover, Stubbs & Co. received yesterday the first bale of cotton of the new crop. It was shipped to them by Messrs. T. B. Hunter & Co., of Bainbridge, Georgia."

Charleston is to have a magnificent Masonic Hall, which, when completed, will be as complete and commanding as any in the South.

The Bill of Mortality for the week ending August 6, exhibits a total of thirty-four deaths—six whites and twenty-eight colored.—Charleston News.

Hon. Jefferson Davis has sailed for Russia.

We Must Succumb!

At the last general election in this State the radicals carried it by about 14,000 majority. This vote was composed almost entirely of the colored people of the State, which excess has been materially reduced by the following causes—the deaths and departures have been largely in excess of the colored people over the whites—variously estimated in different parts of the State, but averaging about three to one. From all accounts the increase of the whites is allowed to be in excess of the blacks. No person who is acquainted with the history of the political contest of '68, will doubt for one moment that a large number of the whites failed to feel any interest in the issue, and consequently neglected to vote.

Again, large numbers of those who were then disfranchised have since, by the several acts of Congress, been reinstated in their political rights. From all these causes, we think it fair to presume the majority above stated has been reduced at least one half. This leaves us a majority of, say, 7,000 to overcome at this next election. But can we not say, with good reason, that the impotent and villainous government of the State during the past two years, by the Scott ring, and the universal good feeling which has existed during the most of that time between the native whites and blacks has tended to destroy the animosities and heal the breaches which have heretofore divided the races on political questions.

Further, the straight-forward and manly adoption by the Reform Party of the cardinal principles of the Republican party, as set forth in the 14th and 15th amendments to the national constitution, has destroyed the political significance of the canvass, and based the issue of to-day upon right against wrong—honesty against realty and corruption—and truth against falsehood. This enables us to approach honestly and fearlessly the colored men of our State, and appeal to them to aid us in purifying the government of our commonwealth, and ridding us of the vile incubus of foreign adventurers, who have done so much to distract and ruin our common heritage.

With these facts in view, we maintain that it requires only the earnest co-operation of every honest citizen to secure for us, not only the reduction of the majority against us at the last election, but the result of a majority in our favor of nearly ten thousand.

Fruit Jars and Jelly Cups. The manufacture of jars for preserving fruits and vegetables has reached to great perfection, yet many of the patents have faults more or less objectionable. We have seen a specimen called the "Pot" which seems to meet all requirements, and we call attention to some of its advantages: It is all glass, the cover forms a joint on a bevelled smooth top, on the wedge principle, but not so much as to make it difficult to open, as any child six years old can close or open this jar. The fastening is a coil of brass wire, with its whole pressure in the centre of cover; and it possesses this important advantage that it can be sealed up with cold, cooked under water, and all the freshness and fragrance of the fruit retained, and when removed is immediately self-sealed. In this connection we take pleasure in calling attention to a new and beautiful Jelly Cup which need only be used to be admired and desired by house keepers. The cup holds 6 ounces, is made of clear glass, has a handsome figure in its bottom, and has a strong, stiff cover, impervious to dampness or air, and which will last for years. We would like to say more of these articles and many others, which we find manufactured by Mr. A. J. Weidner, 35 South Second Street, and 29 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, but our space will not admit. We take pleasure in referring dealers to the manufacturer himself, who will furnish catalogues of articles and prices, and advise house-keepers to urge their getting a supply.

There are many happy associations and inspirations clustering around and about halycon grove, but we question if ever before such a thrill of response leaped spontaneously forth from the heart and mind of the eighteen hundred or two thousand black and white men who had come out on that auspicious and lovely morning to hear the naked truth.

We would have been better pleased could we have presented the Judge's speech verbatim, and then its salient points and its apposite truths, its trenchant attack upon, and withering rebuke of, political apostasy and fraud and corruption; and its touching apostrophes to political integrity, and State redemption, and the mutual sympathy and dependence between capital and labor—uttered as they were, in a simple vein of earnest, impassioned feeling, must have been a rare treat to our readers, but it was not written, it was one of those eloquent inspirations for the occasion, which nothing but the stenographer's pen can take a picture of. We here observe that it reflects a glowing tribute upon the speaker's mind and heart.

Judge Carpenter did not care to refute a particle of the mountain of contumely and slander that his enemies seek to lay upon him. He only said that they "lied in their throats as deep down as their lungs." No! A brave man and a true man can live down vile slander. Who is the slandered? The pure man whose garment is spotless. And who are the slanderers? Ever and always either the lecherous and the treacherous, or the envious, the malignant, the devilish, and the cruel, who hate the whiteness of those garments and would sully them. It has passed into a proverb that slander is fed from a corrupt fountain. And it lurks its shaft at the bright and the shining light that may be darkness and decay. Judge

Judge Carpenter, and the Spirit of Reform.

It was announced in our last paper that Judge Carpenter would speak before the citizens of Newberry, on Monday the 15th, and this report created quite an interest among our citizens, including a number of the colored people, for in a spirit of malignity or bravado some one had circulated the lie that Judge Carpenter was afraid to speak at Newberry Court House.

An avant courier. On Sunday afternoon, an hour or two before Judge Carpenter returned from Laurens, where he addressed the citizens on Saturday, he was preceded by a shower of rain which came upon us like a clap of thunder in a clear sky—the sunshine didn't have time to get out of the way before the shower began to fall. Our oldest inhabitant will insist that these gallant reformers are the sons of forensic thunder and lightning, and thinks they help to bring the rain.

Shortly after ten o'clock, a. m., on Monday, Col. Fair, Manager of the Canvass, in a few pertinent remarks, eloquently touched upon the situation and, referring to the occasion, stated that there was no sacrifice of any political tenet, in the reform effort—that it was simply a temporary provision for good to all, after which, Mr. J. A. Moroso, of the Charleston Courier, was introduced to the assembled multitude, who in a logical, terse and vigorous style happily presented to the consideration of all present many of the great principles involved in the issues of the day. After Mr. Moroso had held the masses in abeyance to his forcible arguments for some length of time he retired amidst a hearty round of applause.

Col. Fair then appropriately introduced the orator of the day—Judge Carpenter, who immediately proceeded, in the forcible style which is peculiarly his own, to illustrate the great truths embodied in the platform of the Reform Party, and the absolute necessity for the success of its candidates to prevent the utter ruin of all classes of our citizens, and the bankruptcy of our State, through the enormous taxation which has been imposed for the "aggrandizement of the corrupt and avaricious Scott ring. In language so simple and yet so striking were these portrayals put, and which so clearly revealed the terrible plight to which our State is reduced by the enormous taxation of its citizens, direct and indirect, that he wrung from the colored people an involuntary burst of applause.

Judge Carpenter, though worn and fatigued almost to exhaustion, stood with a bold front, a noble mien and a commanding voice before his hearers; and as with the spectroscope not only surveyed the fields through which the plough-share of ruin runs, but penetrated the inner chamber where the wheels are moved which set the car of juggernaut in motion, whose ponderosity of evil madly strives to crush out all that is lovely and good and noble and comely and generous and pure and true; all that refines life with its sanctity, and all that dignifies society with its prestige! The terrible steam plough of destruction which is intended to rip up all the parterres of social beauty, harmony and unity, and supplant their fruits with nothing but the apple of discord.

Glorious has been the progress of Reform through the State. Never before has such a "cloud" of witnesses for truth and honesty hovered over halycon grove. The spirit of Reform could only be compared to the be-lated up mail train, as it passed the dense crowd in that beautiful spot, dedicated to Minerva. As its thunder rolled along the rail, so will the upward and onward swelling anthem of freedom for an oppressed country be echoed in the soul-stirring speeches of Mr. Moroso and Judge Carpenter! And, as before the progress of that train, all must clear the track, so must it be with all opposition to the Reform Party in this county after such a free, fair, dispassionate, impartial and truthful statement of facts as were listened to by the very large and attentive concourse of white and colored people.

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The War Between the States, Its Causes, Character, Conduct and Results.

By Hon. A. H. STEPHENS.—The National Publishing Company, of Atlanta Ga., have just issued the second and concluding volume of this great work. For some time past there has been a general feeling of appreciation throughout the country, of the precious condition of Mr. Stephens' health would prevent his completing the work, but this apprehension is now removed by the fact that the book is finished and in the hands of Agents of the Company for delivery.

This is a matter of congratulation to the entire country. This book must, from its very nature, take precedence of all Southern histories of the war. The high position held by Mr. Stephens in the government of the Confederacy, his great abilities as the first statesman of the South, and his acknowledged integrity of character, make him perhaps the person best qualified to tell the story of his cause and its failure. His position as second officer of the Confederacy enabled him to gain much information which was inaccessible to the ordinary historian. The secret history of his government is as familiar to him as an open book; and his constant and intimate association with the leaders of the South, prepares him to speak with accuracy of their motives, and to judge their acts from a more intelligent standpoint than any other writer could do.

A large proportion of the people proceeded to town and gathered in little knots at the corners of the streets to discuss the merits of the speeches, which unfortunately gave rise to a dispute between two colored men, which was happily quelled without anything more serious than hard words, although at one time it assumed rather a serious aspect. After which many of the visitors dispersed to their homes, and quiet reigned supreme over our delightful town. Thus may it ever be!

Our observation leads us to the conclusion that most, if not all, of the disturbances on such occasions arise from the giddy thoughtlessness of the boys of both races, and we do hope that hereafter they will restrain their juvenile exuberance.

A DISSENTING LAWYER.—People who enjoy the discomfiture of lawyers—and who does not?—will laugh over this incident: "Call upon you," said a lawyer to a witness, "to state distinctly upon what authority you are prepared to swear to the man's age?" "Upon what authority?" said the hostler, interrogatively. "You are to reply, and not to repeat the question put to you." "If I don't consider a man's bound to answer a question afore his time to turn it in his mind." "Nothing can be more simple, sir, than the question I put. I again repeat it: Upon what authority do you swear to the animal's age?" "The best authority," responded he, gruffly. "Then why such evasion? Why not state it at once?" "Well, then, if you must have it—" "Must I have it?" vociferated the counsel, interrupting the witness. "Well, then, if you must and will have it," rejoined the hostler, with imperturbable gravity. "Why, then, I had it myself from the man's own mouth!" A simultaneous burst of laughter rang.

Florida is the only State that assumes a new coat of arms with reconstruction. Her old seal was a spread eagle with arrows in its claws. The new is described as having in the centre a view of the sun's rays over the highland in the distance, a cocoa tree, a steamboat on water, and an Indian female scattering flowers in the foreground, this being an allusion to the floral aspect of the country, to which the State owes its name. The motto, as of old, is "In God we trust."

POSTPONEMENT OF THE EVANGELICAL CONFERENCE.—The European delegates to the General Conference of the Evangelical Alliance, to be held in New York in September, being prevented by the war from coming over, the Conference has been postponed for the present year. This notice is issued at the authority of the Executive Committee, and is signed by Wm. E. Dodge, President, and S. J. Prime and P. Schaaf, Corresponding Secretaries.

To beautify the teeth, dissolve two ounces of borax in three pints of boiling water, and, before it is cold, add one teaspoonful of the spirits of camphor and a bottle for use. A tablespoonful of this mixture, mixed with an equal quantity of tepid water and applied daily with a soft brush preserves and beautifies the teeth, extirpates all tartarous adhesion, arrests decay, induces healthy action of the gums and makes the teeth pearly and white.

The Boston Saturday Evening Gazette says Rev. Dr. Alexander H. Vinton was instantly cured of chering tobacco by a young miss of twelve, to whom he was giving good advice about Lent. She said, "Pshaw! I don't preach self-denial to me when you have your mouth full of nasty tobacco." The reverend gentleman turned aside his head, removed the odious weed from his mouth, and has never since tasted it.

The Court of Inquiry to investigate the ill-treatment of the negro cadet, reported that the negro was mainly untruthful, and recommended that both the negro and the cadet of whom he complains be court-martialed. Belknap, however, disposed of the case by ordering that both the untruthful negro and the abusive white cadet be reprimanded.

The West Point cadet says that when a lady wears a long dress to one of their camps they love to look at her; when she wears a short one, they love to dance with her.

A new dance is to be introduced into society next winter, which is said to be something between a Highland fling and an Irish jig.

A man who was recently sunstruck, declares that he can smell the sun when he sees it shined upon him. He has taken the shade.

Pittsburg, Pa., August 12.—Phillip R. Metz, a banker, suicided to-day. He wrote a letter to his wife assigning financial complications as the cause.

The yellow fever prevails in Philadelphia—some 12 or 15 persons have died of black vomit.

Further violence is threatened against foreigners in China. Foreign gunboats threaten to bombard the ports.

Washington, August 12.—B. B. French, the eminent Mason, is dead, aged 70.

There is but one thing immortal, and that is love.

Seventy-five brides sat down to dinner last Sunday at one hotel, at Niagara Falls.

A nugget of gold, weighing ninety-three pounds, was found in Victoria.

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This fratricide occurred not more than three or four miles from the one recently mentioned in our paper.

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The meeting closed on Monday night, and we are happy in being able to state that instead of thirteen conversions, there were eighteen, and fourteen accessions to the Church.

LOSS.—A gentleman from standing—over six feet in stockings—has lost the artificial covering of his chest, namely a vest, and he earnestly desires that it be restored to him ere the cool winds of Autumn come upon him. It was last seen in the brick hotel, and the last look he had of it was while it gracefully hung over the back of a split bottom chair. If it has been appropriated by a professional bagger of the radical carpet stripe, he wants no more of it, but if not, and it has been taken off, he implores that it be restored to him.

GRAPES.—A charming young friend, who wears dimly and lace, and resides at Dove Cot, S. C., whose bowers is made redolent by the flowers which grow under the mystic touch of her fingers, and whose atmosphere is illumined by the sunshine of her smile, and the melody and enchantment whereof is the sweetness of her voice, will accept our thanks for a basket full of luscious grapes. How beautiful were the rich purple clusters—and how generous their yield of juicy nectar.

Who don't all the ladies cultivate the vine, and from its flowing vintage, supply the lords of creation, if per force of the customs and habits of life, or the cravings of nature, they must, shall or will drink intoxicating drinks, such as a beverage as does enrich their blood, and not poison it as must the vile alcoholic admixtures.

Our district is very friendly to the culture of the grape. The grey lands and the sunny hill sides are abundant.

The variety of grape sent us was the Catawba.

TURBULENCE.—On Monday afternoon the neighborhood round about the hotel was made the scene of as turbulent an exhibition as was ever perhaps before witnessed, and the like of which we hope and believe never will be again seen. An attempt was made by the republican peace breakers to seize the body of a colored Reformer, who had accidentally but honestly imbibed a little too much whiskey, and who in an innocent exuberance desired to obtain an imaginary satisfaction of one of the opposite faction.

We give the latter all credit however for making every effort to avoid a difficulty. The parties were separated, the ligured man led to his house, and the other going his way in peace, and here would have ended the matter, but a great mob gathering, rushed to the house of the colored reformer and would have made an end of him perhaps, but for the timely interference of Sheriff Lyssinger and other citizens. Since that day of turbulence we never saw such an excitement, and even then never such a spirit of infatuation as was shown by this colored mob. It is a wonder that it did not end seriously, and that it did not, is owing altogether to the great exertions of citizens who would maintain the peace. We believe that many of the more sensible colored men who saw the danger which might come of a collision, aided materially to quell the tumult.

Very respectfully, M. G. BUTLER.

SOBER SENSE.—The Cherokee Democrat takes a sensible and patriotic view of the political situation. It says: "At a time like this, when the only question is, shall honest men or thieves be put in office, we cannot doubt as to our duty of supporting those whom we consider honest, whether they be Republican or Democrat. To oppose Carper and Butler would be throwing whatever influence we might possess into the scales in favor of that party which has already perpetrated such lasting injury upon the prosperity of the people, and, in the last two years, increased the debt of the State from \$6,000,000 to nearly \$15,000,000. It is very probable that another term of the Scott King in office will increase the debt of the State in equal ratio, and bring such a burden of taxation that every branch of industry will be utterly ruined. In supporting the Union Reform nominees, we abandon no principle; we but turn aside for a moment to strike one blow for the redemption of the State, and to save her people from further humiliation and deeper ruin."

The Walhalla Correspondent says: "The speeches of Carpenter and Butler, delivered in Walhalla on the 28th ultimo, had a salutary effect on the minds of the people. They begin to realize there are but two parties represented in the State by candidates, and they must choose between them. It is not sufficient to perceive on which side the horses' heads and personal preferences, their good views points to Carpenter and Butler, as men who are honest and upright. They know their condition cannot be rendered more burdensome. A change must be made will be effected."

It is computed that the losses resulting from the mere declarations of insolvency of the late engagements were to amount to \$500,000,000. The prevailing in the European financial centres has reduced hundreds of men from affluence to poverty, and in a moment swept away the hard-earned savings of thousands in the middle and poorer classes. War is costly business every way.

Bad Boy.—The murdered New York broker, Mr. Nathan, was a model man, but it is said that his sons are fast and extravagant in their living. Washington having been arraigned in the police court on the charge of stealing diamonds from a woman with whom he was living, and on whom he was spending \$50,000 a year.

The Republican publishes a string of letters addressed at a radical pro-reform, presided over by Puffer, at Newberry, sympathizing with Morris in his late whipping. They are trying to make great capital out of the affair.

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LOSS.—A gentleman from standing—over six feet in stockings—has lost the artificial covering of his chest, namely a vest, and he earnestly desires that it be restored to him ere the cool winds of Autumn come upon him. It was last seen in the brick hotel, and the last look he had of it was while it gracefully hung over the back of a split bottom chair. If it has been appropriated by a professional bagger of the radical carpet stripe, he wants no more of it, but if not, and it has been taken off, he implores that it be restored to him.

GRAPES.—A charming young friend, who wears dimly and lace, and resides at Dove Cot, S. C., whose bowers is made redolent by the flowers which grow under the mystic touch of her fingers, and whose atmosphere is illumined by the sunshine of her smile, and the melody and enchantment whereof is the sweetness of her voice, will accept our thanks for a basket full of luscious grapes. How beautiful were the rich purple clusters—and how generous their yield of juicy nectar.

Who don't all the ladies cultivate the vine, and from its flowing vintage, supply the lords of creation, if per force of the customs and habits of life, or the cravings of nature, they must, shall or will drink intoxicating drinks, such as a beverage as does enrich their blood, and not poison it as must the vile alcoholic admixtures.

Our district is very friendly to the culture of the grape. The grey lands and the sunny hill sides are abundant.

The variety of grape sent us was the Catawba.

TURBULENCE.—On Monday afternoon the neighborhood round about the hotel was made the scene of as turbulent an exhibition as was ever perhaps before witnessed, and the like of which we hope and believe never will be again seen. An attempt was made by the republican peace breakers to seize the body of a colored Reformer, who had accidentally but honestly imbibed a little too much whiskey, and who in an innocent exuberance desired to obtain an imaginary satisfaction of one of the opposite faction.

We give the latter all credit however for making every effort to avoid a difficulty. The parties were separated, the ligured man led to his house, and the other going his way in peace, and here would have ended the matter, but a great mob gathering, rushed to the house of the colored reformer and would have made an end of him perhaps, but for the timely interference of Sheriff Lyssinger and other citizens. Since that day of turbulence we never saw such an excitement, and even then never such a spirit of infatuation as was shown by this colored mob. It is a wonder that it did not end seriously, and that it did not, is owing altogether to the great exertions of citizens who would maintain the peace. We believe that many of the more sensible colored men who saw the danger which might come of a collision, aided materially to quell the tumult.

Very respectfully, M. G. BUTLER.

SOBER SENSE.—The Cherokee Democrat takes a sensible and patriotic view of the political situation. It says: "At a time like this, when the only question is, shall honest men or thieves be put in office, we cannot doubt as to our duty of supporting those whom we consider honest, whether they be Republican or Democrat. To oppose Carper and Butler would be throwing whatever influence we might possess into the scales in favor of that party which has already perpetrated such lasting injury upon the prosperity of the people, and, in the last two years, increased the debt of the State from \$6,000,000 to nearly \$15,000,000. It is very probable that another term of the Scott King in office will increase the debt of the State in equal ratio, and bring such a burden of taxation that every branch of industry will be utterly ruined. In supporting the Union Reform nominees, we abandon no principle; we but turn aside for a moment to strike one blow for the redemption of the State, and to save her people from further humiliation and deeper ruin."

The Walhalla Correspondent says: "The speeches of Carpenter and Butler, delivered in Walhalla on the 28th ultimo, had a salutary effect on the minds of the people. They begin to realize there are but two parties represented in the State by candidates, and they must choose between them. It is not sufficient to