

CROSS DEAD LINES

FIXED BY MARTIAL LAW AND CITIZENS ARE SHOT BY

SOLDIERS IN AUGUSTA

Rumor That Power Plant Was to be Blown Up Results in Troops Being Placed to Guard Property, With Orders to Fire on Anyone Crossing Dead Line.

As the climax to the rioting in Augusta, Ga., and the shooting of three citizens late Friday by State militia troops Governor Brown Friday night issued a proclamation declaring "the city of Augusta to be in a state of insurrection" and ordering the immediate enforcement of martial law.

Adj. Gen. William G. O'Beir ordered by the Governor to proceed to Augusta at once from Atlanta and assume charge of the situation. Another company of militia was ordered to Augusta from Winesboro to reinforce the four local companies under Capt. Levy.

In the interval of the firing by the troops on 15th street and the hour set for a labor meeting at the Court House the situation appeared to have calmed down, but intensity of feeling over the shooting of five people increased the people generally, largely because they did not understand that the city is under martial law.

Efforts to Secure Adjustment. During the day ceaseless efforts were made by every business faction in the city to bring about an adjustment of the street car strike, which is now but an incident of the troubled condition. The Chamber of Commerce, the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association, and the Cotton Exchange, in joint meeting, demanded immediate arbitration by the company and the strikers, commended Mayor Barrett's position of enforcing protection of property and lives and the measures taken to hold down mob rule.

In response to the demands of the business interests the striking car men have unequivocally accepted the suggestion of arbitration, but the company, in an address signed by General Manager Deal, flatly refused arbitration, declaring they have nothing to arbitrate, and, further, that the men who left their employ and whom he declares joined in the rioting Thursday night, have no connection with or further claim on the company. He asserts that the company stands ready to operate all its cars so soon as they are given sufficient protection, which they claim as a right.

Like Firebrand in Tinder. This declaration was like a firebrand in a pile of tinder, and the entire laboring element, particularly in West End, the mill district, became even more turbulent than it was Thursday night. From one end of the city to the other the news has been spread of the shooting by troops on 15th St., and besides the thousand or more people congregated in West End, the 700 block of Broad street, in the heart of the business district, was crowded.

During the middle of the day information was conveyed to the authorities that the strike sympathizers had planned to plant a mine under the power house Friday night. During the afternoon a military guard was thrown around 15th street property of the company, where one of the power plants is located, and a dead line established at each end of the property. The troops were given instructions to challenge anybody attempting to pass through the line and stop them; to fire if the challenge should be ignored and any effort made to pass through the lines after the challenge. The troops are provided with riot cartridges and were stationed on duty with loaded pieces.

Citizens Shot to Death. Robert Christie, a business man, was driving by in an automobile, and, evidently did not hear the challenge of the sentry. He had gone but a few feet when he was shot through the lungs. He is at the Margaret Wright Hospital, where he will die.

Ben F. Baker and Alfred Dorn, also business men, attempted to drive through 15th street a few minutes later. A few blocks from the power plant some one told Parker, in whose luggy they were riding, the soldiers were firing blank cartridges. As he approached the power plant he whipped up his horse, and, immediately after challenging, one sentry fired, and immediately others joined in the fire. Baker was wounded, but will probably recover. Dorn was literally shot to pieces and is dead.

An unknown white boy, apparently about 20 years old, attempted to rush the sentry lines on a motorcycle and one handle of his machine was shot off, but he was uninjured.

Charles Wilson, who operates a pool room in one of the local hotels, was driving through 15th street in his automobile with his wife and child, and says he was unconscious of the fact that the dead lines were being enforced. He claims not to have heard any challenge, though he saw one of the soldiers standing by the driveway. His machine was fired into the ball passing through the top. He reached down to touch his horn, he says, and another guard evidently mistook the motion as one to reach for a gun. Other shots were fired and Wilson, though escaping without injury to himself or other occupants of the car, drove onto Broad street with four big holes through his machine.

Railroad Bridge Spiked. Just before dark the West End sympathizers spiked the long Broad

PALMETTO BULL MOOSE

MEETING IN COLUMBIA FRIDAY TO LAUNCH THIRD PARTY.

"Bull Moosers" Looking to South Carolina as Land of Promise on Strength of Factionalism.

The "Bull Moose" will meet in Columbia on Friday, October 4, to organize the Progressive party in South Carolina, name the electoral ticket, which will be placed in the field and to consider the advisability of nominating a full State ticket to contest with the Democratic nominees in the general election in November, and to do such other things as are necessary to launch a full grown "Bull Moose" movement for the Palmetto State.

B. Sherwood Dunn, of Aiken, is acting in the capacity of "launcher" for the new party, and is said to be the national committeeman from this State. He will preside over the initial gathering here on October 4, and see the Roosevelt party started on its efforts to capture the electoral votes of South Carolina. Mr. Dunn is a warm personal friend of "T. R." and went to New York to have a conference with National "Bull Moose" Chairman Joseph M. Dixon and the other dignitaries of the third party before putting the final touches to his plans.

It is rumored here in Columbia that the "Bull Moosers" are looking towards South Carolina as a land of great promise, and that they are banking strong on the factionalism which reigns within the Democratic ranks. One rumor has it that the new party hopes that the State committee will throw out Blease and they would then seek alliance with him, but indications being that Blease is going to be declared the nominee next Tuesday the third party will probably turn to dissatisfied Democrats with the purpose in view of recruiting strength from their ranks and placing a full State and electoral ticket in the field.

It is accepted here that the Progressive party will certainly name an electoral ticket and go before the people and ask them to vote for Col. Roosevelt for President. This person of this ticket and also the possibility of the "Bull Moosers" making overtures for alliance with some one of the factions in the Democratic party, make the meeting called for October 4 full of interest.

It is said there that the personnel of the third party will be white men, and most of them hitherto unidentified with politics in the State. The Jerome Hotel will be the headquarters for the meeting of the Progressives on October 4.

TWO AIR PILOTS KILLED.

German Military Officers Meet With Fatal Accidents.

Near Freiburg, Saxony, two German military officers were killed while flying Friday. This makes the third double fatality in Europe within the present month in which members of the army flying corps were the victims. The machine, which was of the monoplane type, was being piloted by Lieut. Berger, who was carrying Lieut. Junghans as a passenger in a flight from Chemnitz to Berlin. When passing over the city the machine suddenly plunged from a high elevation to the ground. The airman were instantly killed, and the machine smashed to bits. The cause of the accident is not explained.

street bridge, a double row of railway spikes being driven on each side of each street car rail the entire length of the bridge. At 8:30 a labor mass meeting assembled at the Court House, but labor union officials declared they were going to permit no sort of inflammatory speeches, but intended to dismiss the meeting so soon as they have urged a cessation of violence.

The labor mass meeting was far more quiet than those which preceded it, the net result being adoption of a resolution, which has been telegraphed to Governor Brown, demanding immediate withdrawal of the troops. It is as follows:

"Whereas, three of the citizens of Augusta, while peacefully traversing the streets of Augusta Friday afternoon, were shot down by irresponsible militia; be it,
"Resolved, That we, the people of Augusta, in mass meeting assembled, request of his Excellency, Governor J. M. Brown, that the State militia be withdrawn at once."
Thousands Marched Through Streets.

Following the labor meeting at the Court House at 8:30, which lasted over two hours, a crowd of fully 2,000 marched out on to Broad street, declaring they were "going to the power house". At the corner of 8th street an earnest plea was made to them by one of their political leaders not to attack the power plant or do any further violence, but disperse and go to their homes.

Half an hour later a crowd more than half as large congregated four blocks further up town, in front of the fire houses, and again the same leader mounted into an automobile and made an impassioned appeal to them, on the basis of a personal plea, that they not attempt violence but give him their promise to disperse. Hundreds at a time gave the promise and left. At midnight the streets were clear of that element from the mill district, which has caused all the trouble.

Shortly after midnight the company of troops from Winesboro were run into the yards of the Central Railway and began to detrain. They were immediately put on guard around the power plant and the local troops removed by order of Major Levy, who is commanding until the arrival of Col. W. L. O'Leary.

WHAT MAY BE DONE

CHANGE IN PRIMARY LAWS MAY BE RECOMMENDED.

BY ELECTION PROBERS

Sub-Committee to Investigate Alleged Frauds in Recent Primary Not Likely to Report on Present Contest but May Urge Certain Reforms to Safeguard Future Primaries.

Mr. S. E. Boney, of The News and Courier, writing to his paper from Anderson, sums up what the sub-committee may say in its reports to the full committee when it meets in Columbia to-day. He says a mass of evidence has been placed in the hands of the committee, covering about half of the counties in the State. Charges of fraud have been made in some instances, but in most cases there have been simply the reports of committees appointed by the county executive committees as to duplications and the voting of persons whose names were not on the club rolls. In short, the evidence submitted to the sub-committee of probers is of such a nature as to merely give an investigating committee grounds upon which to proceed, not to act, in the sense of whether declaring an election valid or void.

Roughly estimating the work of the committee it appears that about 2,800 votes have been called into question. This by no means indicates that there have been 2,800 fraudulent votes cast; but, just that many have been submitted to the committee for investigation. This, of course, covers only about half the forty-four counties of the State, and even in those reported, only partial investigation was made.

It is estimated that if the reports were complete from all counties there would be eight or ten thousand votes questioned. Just what the committee will do with this information in hand in reference to the 2,800 votes of character to be questioned, now before it, remains to be seen.

The sub-committee, of course, has given no indication, during or since the meetings held in the three Piedmont counties, as to what its action will be. Neither has any member disclosed the sentiment of those comprising the committee. But speculation has been quite free as to the possible report that will be submitted to the State Democratic committee.

From the nature of the evidence submitted, and taking into consideration the time necessary for legal proceedings upon which to base a contest, it is believed in many quarters that the sub-committee will scarcely undertake to make a definite report on the recent primary, except as to general conditions. This correspondent, not endowed with powers of prophecy, therefore, does not undertake to forecast what the report of the sub-committee will be.

But it is quite apparent that conditions in reference to the conduct of primary elections in the State have been revealed in such a light that the committee is almost bound to make some kind of recommendations looking to changes of the rules governing the primaries.

Whether or not there will be a majority report and a minority report submitted to the State executive committee next week remains to be seen. It is well known that the committee stands three to four Blease and anti-Blease. On the general proposition of needed reforms in the primary, it may not be a hazardous guess to predict that both Blease and anti-Blease members of the committee will be united.

Of course, if question of the validity of the renomination of Governor Blease in the recent primary is raised there would doubtless be a division of sentiment. Notwithstanding partisanship, however, even the possibility of questioning the validity of so many votes has planted firmly in the minds of those who have attended the hearings of the investigating committee that there are changes that are not only expedient but necessary in the manner of holding primary elections in this State.

In all probability the committee, which has worked faithfully upon the task assigned it, and which has throughout evidenced a jealous care of the purity of elections in South Carolina, will recommend that the Democracy of this State bestir itself now and devise some means to safeguard the primary and prevent frauds that may be attempted in the future. S. E. Boney.

MUTINOUS TROOPS KILLED.

Two Hundred Chinese Rebels Shot by Loyal Troops.

At Wu Chang, China, more than 200 mutinous soldiers were summarily executed by loyal troops in consequence of the outbreak that occurred among the soldiers encamped outside that city on Tuesday. The remainder of the mutineers fled into open country after they had attacked the town and been defeated by the loyal garrison. The mutineers were all cavalrymen and numbered over two thousand. They had arranged with the artillerymen quartered inside the walls to join in the movement, but the gunners at the critical moment failed to keep their promise.

Three Killed in Collision.

At Kansas City, Mo., three men were killed and several hurt in a head-on collision between a north-bound Kansas City Southern passenger train and a switch engine on the outskirts of Kansas City.

THE COTTON OUTLOOK

FIFTEEN CENTS A POUND IS HOPED FOR THIS YEAR.

Slow Marketing of the Crop is Being Urged in This State by Those Who Have Given the Subject Study.

By a proper marketing of the cotton the price of the staple will reach 15 cents, according to experts who have given the matter much thought. Among the expression recently given out is one from President Dabbs of the State Farmers' Union, in which he says: "Never before can I recall that we have had better prospects of good prices for cotton."

Others share the opinion and some are forecasting a fifteen cent price for cotton. In this county the crop is short, as has been stated and this is generally true throughout the State. Mr. R. M. Mixson of Williston, S. C., urges the holding of cotton in the following statement:

The season is sufficiently advanced to enable us to make a reasonably correct estimate of yield of cotton for the season of 1912-13.

My information from every section of every State in the cotton belt indicates a yield from the cotton crop grown this year of 12,181,294 bales of 500 pounds each. The crop by States is, in my opinion, as follows:

Alabama	1,179,603
Arkansas	695,404
Florida	71,219
Georgia	2,124,057
Louisiana	282,573
Mississippi	865,742
North Carolina	852,932
Oklahoma	803,504
South Carolina	1,275,847
Tennessee	352,274
Texas	3,573,758
Total	12,181,294

These figures are full and will rather be over than under the crop. The demand for cloth is good and sales are made at full figures.

Spinners are staying out of the market, hoping to force the price of cotton still lower, believing that the bulk of the crop will be forced upon the market by November 1 and sold at a sacrifice.

Now is the time to market your cotton as slowly as possible. You must meet this stay-out of the market policy of the spinners by staying out of the market yourself. Don't offer a bale for sale that you can possibly hold. Warehouse your cotton and borrow money on it, if you must, to pay your debts, but don't sell. If the south will follow this policy, you will, in my opinion, see 15 cents cotton by January 1, but if you rush it on the market and have it sold at forced sale, you will, in my opinion, see it sell at or below 11 cents.

If this crop is marketed slowly you will, in my opinion, see an ascending market, until 15 cents is reached. Use business judgment in marketing your cotton; the crop is short, below a supply for the spindles for the next 12 months; there is no use in making your losses still greater by sacrificing your cotton.

The following is President Dabbs' letter to the farmers of the State: To the Farmers of South Carolina:

Never before that I can recall have we had better prospects of good prices for cotton. Sixty days ago cotton sold at 13 1-2 cents at interior points. All of a sudden "without rhyme or reason" the market broke and it continued to go down until 10 1-2 cents was reached in the local markets. Not having the desired effect of stampeding the farmers like it has in the past, we see it steadily going up. Each day the "wiseacres" say it will break to-morrow. Each day they say Liverpool should come down six or seven points. Each day sees the report that Manchester continues to buy at higher prices than can be paid on this side. What does it all mean?

If it means anything, it means that cotton is in demand; that organization is telling or that there is fear of it; that the farmers, the merchants and the bankers need but to pull together and we will see 15-cent cotton for two-thirds of this crop. It also means that they are working together more slowly and the price is yours.

We rejoice in the activity displayed in organizing chambers of commerce in the towns and cities of the South. We rejoice in such "boosters trips" as Richmond just pulled off, and as Sumter will pull off in a few months. We rejoice at the hopeful letters from the various counties of South Carolina that look to thorough organizations of the Farmers' Union in them. Yes, we will organize. When each county has its strong Farmers' Union, and each town its aggressive chamber of commerce all working in harmony then we will see a State farmers union and a State chamber of commerce building a greater South Carolina.

E. D. Dabbs, President S. C. F. U.

Mobbed Him in the Street.

At Lima, Peru, former President Augusto Leguia was mobbed by a furious crowd late Wednesday night, while proceeding to his private residence from the Presidential palace, which had just been taken over by the new President, Guillermo Billinghurst. The demonstrators shouted: "You should go to jail and not home," and obliged the Ex-President to take refuge in the University Club.

Twenty Men Were Drowned.

A steamer with 150 saw mill workers aboard was rammed by a gunboat on the Dyina River, near Archangel, Russia, Monday. The steamer sank in ten minutes and most of the passengers jumped into the water. Thirty-five of them swam ashore. Twenty are known to have been drowned while many are missing.

YEARS CHASE ENDS

ONE OF THE MEN WHO ROBBED CANADA BANK HELD

THEFT WAS FOR 320,000

Helped Beat Up Chicago Policeman.

—His Wife Also Arrested in St.

Louis Who Posed as Cripple Mute.

—Arrest of Woman Was Key to Situation.

A year's chase following the \$320,000 bank robbery in New Minister, P. C., ended in St. Louis in the arrest of J. C. Adams, who was declared Friday to be wanted as one of the robbers.

The arrest of his supposed wife, known to the police as Jeanette Little, in Edwardsville, Ill., early Friday completed the task of the local police and private detectives who had been holding Adams since his arrest early Wednesday morning. Adams, who is also known as Walter Stacey, was declared by the detectives to be one of the two men who beat Police Lieutenant Burns in a Chicago saloon when he tried, single-handed, to capture them on the night of September 19.

When Adams was arrested by the St. Louis police he was entered on the books under the name of Stacey and a charge of murder was placed against him. It was explained that he was a suspect in a local case.

In the meantime his photograph taken a few hours after his arrest was sent to Chicago. There it was identified Thursday as the picture of one of Lieut. Burns' two assailants.

The man arrested as Adams or Stacey is believed by the local Bertillon experts to be George West, reputed leader in the Canadian bank robbery. The detectives said they know him only as Adams or Stacey. All requests for interviews with the prisoners were denied.

At the time of the man's arrest the detectives could have arrested his woman companion who was walking ahead of him. They hoped that by leaving her at liberty longer they would catch another of the gang, so she was not molested but kept under surveillance until she left the city Thursday evening on an interurban car.

A man met her at Gillespie, Ill., and the two got off at Edwardsville and went to a hotel. There they were arrested but according to the detectives the man was found to be not the one wanted and was released. Jeanette Little, or "Mrs. Stacey," as she registered her name at a rooming house, told her landlady that she was a cripple, and at time walked with the aid of crutches. At other times she discarded the crutches.

In Adams' or Stacey's clothes a letter was found which related that the bearer was deaf and dumb. The police said that the crutches and the deaf and dumb letter were used as subterfuges in obtaining admittance to banks where prospects for a robbery were good.

Detectives said the arrest of the woman was the key to the situation. She was located by Assistant Chief Schuetler, of Chicago, and a private detective in Elkhart, Ind., where she disguised herself as a member of a religious order and pretended to be lame. When she left Elkhart four men trailed her to St. Louis and to a rooming house where a man met her. When they emerged the man was arrested and the woman allowed to "escape" to Edwardsville.

One of the two Canadian bank robbers who escaped from the Sildias saloon at Chicago after beating Lieut. Bernard J. Burns into insensibility, was arrested Thursday night in St. Louis by Chicago detectives, according to a report received by Assistant Chief of Police Schuetler Friday.

The man arrested is described as the "short robber". The woman was located on the South side in Chicago, according to Schuetler, and was permitted to learn that detectives were searching for her. She boarded a train and went to a town outside Chicago where she purchased a ticket for St. Louis.

In their anxiety to prevent the man from escaping again the detectives are said to have closed about him, paying no attention to the woman who threw away her crutches and escaped.

JILTED MAN SHOTS SELF.

The Girl Says She Will Marry Him If He Gets Well.

"If he gets well I will marry him," was the declaration made by Miss Grace McKinnon as she sat by the side of Preston Arthur, who attempted to kill himself at her home Tuesday night at Athens, Ga.

"I had the grit to do it and I have the grit to get well," asserted the young man who has a pistol bullet wound through his body.

Arthur and Gerline Phelps, rivals for the hand of Miss McKinnon, asked her to choose between them Tuesday night. She chose Phelps. Arthur left her home only to return a few minutes later and send a bullet through his body. He fell a short distance from the front door on the McKinnon home. It is believed that he has a chance to recover.

Policemen Were Electrocuted.

At Philadelphia one policeman was killed, another rendered unconscious and a number of others were less seriously shocked while attempting to report from call boxes in West Philadelphia late Saturday when the police telephone wire became heavily charged with electricity from a feed wire.

MOB VIOLENCE REIGNS

TROOPS ORDERED OUT AT AUGUSTA ON ACCOUNT OF STRIKE.

Four Companies Held in Readiness.

—Strike-Breakers Attacked and Beaten by Mob.

Upon instructions of the governor, the Adjutant General has issued an order to Major Levy, of Augusta, to order out four companies of the National Guard, to be held subject to direct orders from Mayor Barrett.

Capt. Thad Jowitt has taken the call and is now assembling the men of the four companies at the armory, where they will be on duty. Any use of the troops on the streets or on cars will be only upon the order of Mayor Barrett, according to a dispatch received by The News and Courier yesterday morning at 2 a. m.

The mob failed to show up at the Third Street car barn, though a squad of policemen from the special detail were there waiting for them, and are still on duty at the barn. The crowd at the power plant began to disperse half an hour or more ago, and at 2 o'clock only a small portion of them were floating around in the vicinity.

A strong police guard is on duty around the power house and will remain there unless removed and replaced with militia by the mayor.

Following the adoption of a resolution providing for a sympathetic strike at a monster labor meeting held by Augusta Federation of Trades at the court house, attended by quite 2,000 laboring men, a crowd of union sympathizers attacked the non-union men at the power house at 11:30 o'clock Thursday night. A man named Cason has been badly beaten, and five men, who have been taken away in an automobile to be put on the next train and driven from town.

S. I. Furrow and G. W. Peger of New York, strikebreakers, were less seriously beaten. They are now at police barracks and say they are willing to leave the city. The names of the others could not be ascertained.

At 15 minutes to 12 the mayor ordered the fire department to the power plant with instructions to disperse the mob with water. At the same time a report was made to police headquarters that a mob was moving to the Third street car barn, where it is understood 20-odd strikebreakers are quartered. A squad of policemen have been ordered out and are on their way to that barn now.

The resolution adopted at the labor meeting at the court house pledged the 16 affiliated organizations of the federation of trades to a sympathetic strike upon the call of the leader of the striking car men. Lea Cornelius, a national organizer of the carmen's association, after the meeting made the statement to a newspaper man that he would call for a general sympathetic strike "if he felt in necessary," but, he said, "we intend to maintain the organization."

At 12:30 Thursday morning Mayor Thomas Barrett called Gov. Brown by long distance phone and asked for an immediate order for the troops, with the purpose of dealing with Augusta under martial law.

Just before 6 o'clock Wednesday afternoon one of the cars on the belt line was attacked by a mob on Fifteenth street and the conductor, a man by the name of Kelly—one of the men brought here by the company in the past few days—was seriously beaten. Twenty men were arrested and taken to police barracks. Prior to that a conductor was crowded on May avenue by a mob of women.

SAW MAN LEAP INTO NIAGARA.

The Man is Believed to be Frank I. Parker, of Buffalo, N. Y.

Workmen on the Canadian side of the river at Niagara Falls reported that they seen a man vault the rail just above the brink below the falls and fall among the rocks, two hundred feet below. Shortly after, the police picked up a derby hat, business cards and insurance papers, bearing the name of "Frank I. Parker, Buffalo, N. Y."

Parker, who was a captain in the 74th regiment, New York State Guard, had been in poor health for several months. He has been missing since Wednesday.

Search also is being made for trace of Mrs. George Fitch, of Windsor, Conn., whose husband believes she was the woman a section gang reported they had seen leap into the whirlpool rapids on the Canadian side Wednesday afternoon. Mr. Fitch, who is here, says his wife wrote him from Buffalo that she intended to die in this way. She had been in bad health for several months.

Complete Aeroplane Armada.

The first review ever held of a complete aeroplane armada took place at Villacoublay, near Paris. Seventy-two French army flying machines, with their full complements of pilots and observers and the attached park of motor trucks bearing supplies therefor passed in review before the French minister of war. Alandre Millierand.

Died From Mosquito Bite.

At Columbus O., Mrs. Wm. F. Brown, a society woman of that city, died after several months illness with malarial fever caused by a mosquito bite, according to physicians.

Miner Killed in "Safe" Mine.

A few hours after mine experts had declared the mine non-gaseous, one man was killed and two others seriously injured by an explosion of gas in a mine at Carol, Pa.