

THE LEXINGTON DISPATCH.

A Representative Newspaper. Covers Lexington and the Borders of the Surrounding Counties Like a Blanket.

VOL. XXXX.

LEXINGTON, S. C., WEDNESDAY APRIL 20 1910

25

GLOBE DRY GOODS COMPANY,

W. H. MONCKTON, JR., MANAGER,

1620 MAIN STREET,

COLUMBIA, S. C.

Solicits a Share of Your Valued Patronage. Polite and Prompt Attention.



October 1917

MONEY

DEPOSIT IT **BORROW IT**

WHEN YOU HAVE A SURPLUS, WITH

WHEN IN NEED, FROM

THE HOME NATIONAL BANK OF LEXINGTON

TO DEPOSITORS
We offer the best security with liberal rates of interest on time deposits and savings accounts.

TO BORROWERS
We furnish the "needful" at all times on personal or real estate security at cheapest rates and on easy terms.

Col. D. J. Knotts on the Issues of the Day.

To the Editor of The Dispatch:
I read with sadness and sorrow the references in your columns of another secession from our county of a portion of our citizens to seek the advantages and blessings elsewhere they should find at home. For Lexington to preserve her present proportions and dimensions will require more than mere talk and the filling of your columns with dangers of leaving us and seeking a home elsewhere. A start and aim at last to do our duty and show to these dissatisfied portions that we can give the redress and relief for which they sigh and an immediate effort to show our good intent, is all that can save our territory intact and prevent the invasion which is threatened and prevent the secession which is impending. These people have a right to be dissatisfied and we have given them a just cause to lament their grievance and to complain of our neglect. The southern and western portions of the county have not done their duty to the Congaree and Broad river areas of our county. These people suffer under severe disadvantages in a struggle to make a living. It is now too late to live in a land of ferries and toll bridges and toll gates—that day should be relegated to the past.

In 1892 and 1893 when I represented this county in our general assembly I tried to do my duty as I believed it on this question and in your columns, on the stump and in the legislature I struggled to try to prevent this same collapse. I introduced a bill to buy the old bridges or build a new one at Brookland and making the tax heavier on those living near and lighter on those living farthest away. I wrote several articles in your paper detailing the advantages of this course and strived to show that the advancement would outstrip the costs and expenses, and in your columns and in addresses I advocated the ultimate end of owning the Broad river bridge and building at least one across the Saluda for the citizens in the Fork to reach their county seat without such expense and delay. Your columns will show that I feared then this same calamity and offered this as the only solution of this question in the future. I believed then and do still that such a course is the only riddance of this evil. I believed then and do still that Lexington offers better invitations than Richland could extend to investors in nice homes adjacent to city life and city business, and I contended that the increase in valuable buildings and homes in our county would soon offset the initial expense of giving these people franchises, and to lose this territory would necessarily encumber the remainder with an additional increase to meet our county government expenditures. Just this neglect has already given to South Carolina Calhoun county, and to continue this kind of political lunacy will still magnify our size and magnify our expense on the rest of the county.

Columbia was once willing to go its part in this river tariff and Lexington should proceed to keep in line with progress whether Columbia does its part or not. I fear the time has past for Columbia to do what she once would have done. Let us assure our citizens that we are as competent to care for our citizens as Richland is to care for hers or for any additional accretions. Our county has a great future and we have a goodly land or it could not have so successfully combated bad roads and these needless burdens. We can't depend on the changing and the convict camps for good roads, for the people need them and the people should go the expense to build them, and to build and equip better academies and schools for our future uplift, and we can get it in no other way. A change of name will not assist them in these blessings and will not arrive at a verdict any sooner or to any greater efficacy or right.

The free silver rage and other political dogmas have had their day and have played their hand and have retired from the scene and we are learning that the homely questions are far mightier and far more momentous to us and our future than these national questions about which we hear so much fretting in campaign seasons. The time is near when our politicians will have to change their cry and advocate the common place and trite questions to our home life; such as better roads, better schools, better academies and better and more public service, more respect for law and its enforcement and a compulsory system of getting our children into our public schools. These are the uplifting, advancing, common sense and practical questions of our day and of our eventual future.

To withhold these progressive and elevating questions and lose this territory from sheer carelessness and want of thrift and rebuild or keep in a state of pro-ervation these Chinese walls of Asiatic stagnation is poor business and bad public policy. As a business question it is a failure and as a public measure it ends in loss and defeat finally. An extra levy will result finally to foot our bills in a more grievous and galling than the amounts now needed to carry out this proposition to our people's interest and we will finally be driven to these ends in the finish or lose more territory to adjacent counties and be finally left down to a small estate of the magni-

cent county we once possessed. To be able to boast of having the smallest tax levy in the State and allowing these issues of life and death to us to go uncared for and unhonored strikes me as a poor policy and but little in it for our credit.

The enormous expenditures on our public institutions where so few numerically considered, are reached and benefitted are out of proportion to the minimum expenses bestowed on measures where so many are concerned and should receive more consideration at our hands. While I am not advocating a reduction to these public trusts, I would urge more care for the lesser interests at home and if either must be neglected there is no question with me as to my duty. We are in a position to offer the best home of any county for the final location of the hospital for the insane. We are nearest to our capital of any of desirable sites for these unfortunates of our native land, and I am one of those men who believe that in public effort and enterprise God blesses those communities who do most for men as he would individuals in a private capacity. We have natural advantages which the world can and would use an effort and inclination on our part would give it a send off. There is no cause for our surrendering our capacity to some other party, who are no more capacitated than ourselves to do for good. To give us any advantages Richland would run up our taxes to reimburse for the outlay and we can do this with equal grace to Richland and save her the trouble and our citizens the chagrin.

D. J. Knotts.
Swansea, April 18.

Mr. Henry Kleckley Dead.

Another old soldier has answered the final roll call. On Monday morning at half past six o'clock Mr. Henry Kleckley, after a severe illness of three weeks, and after a life well spent and full of years, passed into that Great bourne from whence no traveler ever returns.

He was a Confederate soldier and fought for the southland during the war between the Sections, being a member of Co. K. South Carolina under Capt. W. D. M. Harman. At the close of the strife he returned to his home near Lexington and engaged in the pursuit of farming, which occupation he followed until death.

He was a member of Zion Lutheran church for many years and was one of its strongest pillars.

He is survived by his wife and five children as follows: Frank, Melvin and John Kleckley, and Misses Elizabeth and Ellen Kleckley. Also by the following brothers and sisters: Thomas, David, Jacob, James and Reuben Kleckley; Mrs. Frances Buff and Mrs. Mary Hendrix.

His remains were laid to rest in the family burying ground, near his late home, yesterday morning at 10 o'clock with funeral services conducted from the home by the Rev. J. A. Cromer. The deceased was 73 years of age.

Death of Mrs. Shull.

Mrs. Louisa Shull died at her home in the Rocky Well section on last Wednesday following an illness of several months duration. Mrs. Shull was 67 years of age, and is survived by her husband and three sons.

She was a most lovable character, being a woman of high traits of Christian character and devoted to her family and friends.

Her body was laid to rest in the cemetery at Shiloh Methodist church, of which she was a devoted member, on Thursday morning in the presence of a large concourse of sorrowing relatives and friends, with funeral services conducted by the Rev. M. Feiler.

Had Seven Gallons Left

Messrs Leachman & Ebelin, Grafton, W Va, had been selling a paint, which they thought well of; and this had occurred.

They had sold a customer 13 gallons of it to paint his house. A few years later, they sold the same man Devco lead-and-zinc the same number of gallons to paint the same house. He had 7 gallons left.

The point of the tale is: 11 gallons Devco paints an 13-gallon house.

Of course, that isn't all.

Why does 11 gallons Devco go as far as 13 gallons of other paint? Because it is all paint, all true, no sham, and full measure.

But that isn't all. Devco lasts longer. No, no; you haven't got to wait ten years to find that out. Ten thousand people know it. They think a heap of Devco. There's no difficulty in showing our townspeople what to expect of Devco. \$19 will paint a \$15 house; and the paint'll last twice as long. 10

Dr. Daniel to Lecture.

Dr. J. W. Daniel, of Columbia, will lecture in the Methodist church at Irmo on the night of the 28th, using for his subject, "The Home." Everybody cordially invited.

There Has Recently Been Placed

In all the drug stores an automatic glass-analyst for stomach ailments, called M. J. Gray's Automatic Test. It is the only certain regulator. Quickly relieves feeble weakness and backache, kidney, bladder and urinary troubles. At all drug stores or by mail \$1.50. Sample free. Address, The M. J. Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF Citizen's Bank of Batesburg,

BATESBURG, S. C.
At the close of business March, 25th, 1910.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans.....	\$116,760 65	Capital stock paid in.....	\$30,000 00
Over Drafts.....	1,150 00	Surplus.....	2,000 00
Stocks.....	530 00	Undivided profits.....	3,860 27
Furniture and fixtures.....	2,051 00	Re-Discounts.....	5,700 00
Banking house.....	5,376 42	Bills payable.....	20,000 00
Due from banks.....	12,902 87	Deposits and certificates of deposit.....	86,042 37
Cash and cash items.....	9,558 95	Due to banks.....	727 26
Total.....	148,329 90	Total.....	148,329 90

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, County of Lexington,
Before me came A. C. Jones, Cashier of the above named bank, who, being duly sworn, says that the above and foregoing statement is a true condition of said bank, as shown by the books of said bank. A. C. Jones.
Sworn to and subscribed to before me this the 25th day of March, 1910.
BARRET JONES, Notary Public for S.

1892. 1910. Lexington Savings Bank,

LEXINGTON, S. C.
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits \$30,000.00.
5 per cent. interest paid on savings deposits, interest being computed semi-annually. Deposits of \$1.00 and over received.
Commercial accounts also given special attention. Ample facilities for handling your business, and your account will be appreciated.
Safety deposits boxes for rent, \$1.00 per year.
W. P. ROOF, President and Cashier

Bank of Chapin

CHAPIN, S. C.
The Bank That Accommodates
This bank aims to give you good services. We cash out-of-town checks for you—furnish drafts for sending money way. We are always glad to assist you in business matters. Make your deposits with this bank, which makes a point of good treatment of its depositors. Our certificates of deposit bear interest at 5 per cent. We cordially invite the farmers as well as the business men to do their banking with us.
J. S. WESSINGER, President. J. F. HONEYCUTT, Cashier

BROOKLAND BANK,

NEW BROOKLAND, S. C.
We Want your business. It is our desire to please. Leave your money with us until you need it. We pay interest four times a year.
J. C. GUIGNARD, Vice-President. L. S. TROTTI, President

Plant Your Dollars With Us

They will yield a sure harvest of interest in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, whether the season be good or bad, and, if the "RAINY DAY" should come, the principal as well as the interest earned, can be immediately had.
Only a small amount is needed to open an account. Let us start the Saving Habit for you.
THE STATE BANK
COLUMBIA S. C.
Wm. Barnwell, President. Geo. L. Baker, Vice President
John T. Melton, Cashier.

A Prudential

Life insurance policy contains no estimates. Every item is Absolutely guaranteed. The cost is low.
J. T. COLEMAN Mgr. ALFRED J. FOX, Special Agent,
Charleston, S. C. LEXINGTON, S. C.
THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA,
Incorporated as a stock company by the State of New Jersey
John F. Dryden, President. Home Office, Newark, N. J.

LET US SHOW YOU

The best line of Clothing in America for the price, "Griffon Clothes."

We are agents for Walk-Over and Crossett Shoes, Stetson and No-Name Hats.

In our Furnishing Department you will only find the best. We sell the best makes at the same price as others.

E. G. Dreher & Co.,
Outfitters for Men and Boys. Lexington, S. C.