#### The Lexington Dispatch, LEXINGTON, S. C.,

G. M. HARMAN, Editor and Publisher.

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Wednesday, July 13, 1904.

#### The Demoratic Convention.

The Democratic National Convention at its meeting in St. Louis last week, nominated Judge Alton Brooks Parker, of New York, for President and Hon. Henry G. Davis, of West Virginia, Vice Pre ident. If the Democrats can carry New York and West Virginia the success of the ticket is assured. The following is the vote by States for the Presidential candidates.

S Louis, July 9. 5 a. m.—The roll call on the ballot nominating Parker stood:

Alabama-Parker, 22. Arkansas,—Parker, 18. California-Hearst, 20. Colorado-Parker, 4; Hearst, 5; Mc-

Clellan, 1. Connecticut-Parker, 14. Delaware.—Gray, 6. Florida—Parker, 6; Hearst, 4. Georgia-Parker, 26. Idaho—Hearst, 6. Illinois—Hearst, 54.

Indiana-Parker, 30. Iowa-Hearst, 26. Kansas-Hearst, 10; Parker, 7; Miles, 2; Cockrell, 1.

Kentucky-Parker, 26, Louisiana-Parker, 18. Massachusetts-Olney, 32. Maine-Parker, 7; Hearst, 1; Olney, 4. Maryland-Parker, 16. Michigan-Parker, 28.

Minnesota-Parker. 9; Hearst, 9: Cockrell, 1; Towne, 2; Gray, 1. Mississippi-Parker, 20. Missouri-Cockrell, 36. Montana-Parker, 6.

Nebraska-Cockrell, 4, Hearst, 4; Patterson,4; Olney, 1; Gray, 1; Wall, 1; Parker, 0. Nevada—Hear 6.

New Hampsh - Parker, 8. New Jersey—Parker, 24. New York—Parkar, 78. North Carolina—Parker, 24. North Dakota—Williams, 8. Ohio-Parker 46. When Ohio was reached a poll was or-

dered. At that stage Parker had 473 vote, Hearst 145, Cockrell 41, Olney 37, Necessary to a choice to elect 667.

Oregon—Parker, 4; Hearst, 2; McClellan, 1; Coler, 1,

Pennsylvania-Parker, 68. Rhode Island-Hearst, 6; Parker, 2, South Carolina-Parker, 18. South Dakota—Hearst, 8. Tennessee-Parker, 24. Texas—Parker, 36. Utah-Parker, 6. Vermont—Parker, 8, Virginia—Parker, 24. Washington-Hearst, 10. West Virginia-Parker, 10; Hearst, 2;

Wisconsin-Wall, 26. Wyoming—Hearst, 6. Alaska—Parker, 6. Arizona-Hearst, 6. District of Columbia-Parker, 6. Indian Territory-Parker, 5; Hearst, 1 New Mexico—Hearst, 6. Hawaii-Hearst, 6.

Gorman, 2.

Oklahoma-Parker, 2; Hearst, 2; Mc-Clellan, 1; Olney, 1. Puerto Rico—Parker, 2; Hearst, 4.

St. Louis, July 9.—The following is the Democratic platform as adopted by the national convention in St. Louis yesterday:

The Democratic party of the United States, in national convention assembled, declares its devotion to the essential principles of the Damocratic faith which brings vs together in party communion.

Under them, local self-government and national unity and prosperity were alike established. They underlaid our independence, the structure of our free republic, and every Democratic extension from Louisiana to California, and Texas to Oregon, which preserved faithfully in all the States the tie between taxation and representation. They yet inspire the masses of our people, guarding jealously their rights and liberties, and cherisbing their fraternity, peace and orderly development. They remind us of our duties and responsibilities as citizens and impress upon us, particularly at this time, the necessity of reform and the rescue of administration of government from the headstrong, arbitrary and spasmodic methods which distract business by uncertainity and pervade the public mind with dread, distrust and perturbation.

FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES' 1. The application of these fundamental principles to the living issues of the day is the first step toward the assured peace, safety and progress of our nation. Freedom of the press, of conscience and of speech, equality before the law of all citizens; right of trial by jury; freedom of the person defended by the writ of habeas corpus; liberty of personal contract untrammeled by sumptuary laws; supremacy of the civil over military authority; a well deciplined militia; the separation of church and State; economy in expenditures; low taxes, that labor may be lightly burdened; prompt and sacred fulfillment of public and private obligations; fidel- protection of the institutions whose ity to treaties; peace and friendship emblem, the flag is; if they are inwith all nations; entangling alliances | herently unfit for those institutions, with none; absolute acquiescence in then they are inherently unfit to be the will of the majority, the vital members of the American body poliprinciple of republics; these are doctrines which Democracy has established, approved by the nation and under American laws, in consonance

they should be constantly invoked and enforced.

CAPITAL AND LABOR.

We favor enactment and administration of laws, giving labor and capital impartially their just rights. Capital and labor ought not to be enemies Each is necessary to the other. Each has its rights, but the rights of labor are certainly no less "vested," no less "sacred" and no less "unalievable" than the rights of capital.

CONSTITUTIONAL GUARANTEES. Constitutional guarantees are violated whenever any citizen is denied the right to labor, acquire and enjoy property or reside where interests or inclination may determine. denial thereof by individuals, organizations of governments should be summarily rebuked and punished.

We deny the right of any executive to disregard or suspend any constitutional privilege or limitation. Obedience to the laws and respect for their requirements are alike the supreme duty of the citizen and the official.

The military should be used only to support and maintain the law. We unqualifiedly condemn its employment for the summary banishment of citizens without trial at or for the control of elections.

We approve the measure which passed the United States senate in 1896, but which . Republican congress has ever since refused to enact, relating to contempts in federal courts, and providing for trial by jury in cases of indirect contempt.

We favor liberal appropriations for the care and improvements of the waterways of the country. When waterways like the Mississippi river is of sufficient importance to demand special aid of the government, such aid should be extended with a definite plan of continous work until permanent improvement is secured.

We oppose the Republican policy of starving home development in order to feed the greed for conquest and the appetite for national "prestige," and display of strength.

ECONOMY OF ADMINISTRATION.

Large reductions can easily be made in the annual expenditures of the government without impairing the efficiency of any branch of the public service, and we shall insist upon the strictest economy and frugality compatible with vigorous and efficient civil, military and naval administration as a right of the people, too clear to be denied or withheld.

We favor honesty in the public service—the enforcement of honesty in the public service and to that end a thorough legislative investigation of those executive departments of the government already known to them with corruption, and the punishment of ascertained corruptionists without fear or favor or regard to persons. The persistent and deliberate refusal of both the senate and house of representatives to permit such investigation to be made, demonstrates that only by a change in the executive and in the legislative departments can complete exposure, punishment and correction be ob-

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS.

We condemn the action of the Republican party in congress in refusing to prohibit an executive department from entering into contracts with convicted trusts on unlawful combinations in restraint of interstate trade. We believe that one of the best methods of procuring economy and honesty in the public service is to have public officials, from the occupant of the White House down to the lowest of them, returned as nearly as may be to Jeffersonian simplicity of living.

EXECUTIVE USURPATION.

We favor the nomination and election of a president imbued with the principles of the constitution who will set his face sternly against executive usurpation of legislative and judicial functions, whether that usurpation be veiled under the guise of executive construction of existing laws, or whether it take refuge in the tyrant's pleas of necessity or superior wisdom.

We favor the preservation, so far as we can, of an open door for the world's commerce in the Orient, without an unnecessary entanglement in Oriental and European affairs, and without arbitrary, unlimited, irresponsibe and absolute government anywhere within our jurisdiction. We oppose, as fervently as did George Washington himself, an indefinite, irresponsible, discretionary and vague absolutism and a policy of coloniol exploitation, no matter where and by whom invoked or exercised; we believe with Thomas Jefferson and John Adams, that no government has a right to make one set of laws for those "at home" and another and a different set of laws, absolute in their character for those "in the colonies." All men under the American flag are entitled to the Wherever there may exist a tic. people incapable of being governed

with the American constitution of that people ought not to be part of the American domain.

We insist that we ought to do for the Filipinos what we have done already for the Cubans, and it is our duty to make that promise now, and upon suitable guarantees of protection to citizens of our own and other countries resident there at the time of our withdrawal, set the Filipino people upon their feet, free and independent to work out their own destiny.

The endeavor of the secretary of war, by pledging the government's endorsement for "promoters" in the Philippine Islands to make the United States a partner in the speculative legislation of the archipelago. which was only temporarily held up by the opposition of the Democratic senators, in the last session, will, if successful, lead to entanglements from which it will be difficult to es-

The Democratic party has been, and will continue to be, the consistent opponent of that class of tariff legislation by which certain interests have been permitted, through congressional favor, to draw a beavy tribute from the American people. This monstrous perversion of those equal opportunities which our political institutions were established to secure, has caused what once may have been infant industries to become the greatest combinations of capital that the world has ever known. These especial favorites of the government have, through trust methods, been converted into monopolies, thus bringing to an end domestic competition, which was the only alleged check upon the extravagant profits made possible by the protective system. Those industrial combinations, by the financial assistance they can give, now control the policy of the Republican party.

We denounce protection as a robbery of the many to enrich the few, and we favor a tariff limited to the needs of the government, economicall- administered and so levied as not to discriminate against any industry, class or section, and to the end that the burdens of taxation shall

be distributed as equally as possible. We favor a revision and a gradual reduction of the tariff by the friends of its abuses, its extortions and its discriminations, keeping in view the ultimate ends of "equality of bur dens and equality of opportunities" and the constitutional purpose of raising a revenue of taxation, to wit: the support of the federal government in all its integrity and virility, but in simplicity.

TRUSTS AND UNLAWFUL COMBINATIONS

We recognize that the gigantic trusts and combinations designed to enable capital to secure more than its just share in the joint products of capital and labor, and which have been fostered and promoted under Republican rule, are a menace to beneficial competition and an obstacle to permanent business prosperity. A private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable.

Individual equality of opportunity and free competition are essental to a healthy and commercial prosperity and any trust, combination or monopoly tending to destroy these by controlling production, restricting competiton or fixing prices, should be prohibited and punished by law. We especially denounce rebates and discrimination by transportation companies as the most potent agency in promoting and strengthening these unlawful conspiracies against

We demand an enlargement of the powers of the interstate commerce commission, to the end that the traveling public and shippers of this country may have prompt and adequate relief from the abuses to which they are subjected in the matter of transportation. We demand a strict enforcement of existing civil and criminal statutes against all such trusts, combinations and monopolies; and we demand the enactment of such further legislation as may be necessary to effectually suppress

Any trust or unlawful combination engaged in interstate commerce which is monopolizing any branch of business or production, should not be permitted to transact business outside of the State of its origin. Whenever it shall be established in any court of competent jurisdiction that such monopolization exists, such prohibition should be enforced through comprehensive laws to be enacted on

RECLAMATION OF ARID LANDS. We congratulate our western citizens upon the passing of the law known as the Newlands irrigation act for the irrigation and reclamation of the arid lands of the west; a measure framed by a Democrat, passed in the senate by a non partisan vote and

passed in the house against the opposition of almost all of the Republican leaders by a vote the mejority of which was Democratic. We call attention to this great Democratic measure, broad and com-

prehensive as it is, working automatically throughout all time without further action of congress, until the reclamation is accomplished, reserving the lands reclaimed for homeseekers in small tracts and rigidly

Continued next issue on page 6.

HOSPITAL SECRETS.

A Nurse Says: "Pe-ru-na is a Tonic of Efficiency."



Mrs. Kate Taylor, a graduated nurse of prominence, gives her experience with Peruna in an open letter. Her position in society and professional standing combine to give special prominence to her utterances.

MIICAGO, ILL., 427 Monroe Street.— "As far as I have observed, Peruna is the finest tonic any man or woman can use who is weak from the after effects of any serious illness.

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Address The Perma Medicine Co., sound us, Ohio, if you desire free litera-· cotarrh.

#### Barbecue.

WILL GIVE A FIRST CLASS BARbecne, with refreshments, at Chapin, on July 30th. Candidates and every bode in-P. M. FRICK. July 6, 1901.

\*\*\*\*\*\* FOR SALE.

105 Acre Farm in Lexington county, 2 miles south of Gaston for \$400.

The Bookman Mill Property, # in the Fork section of Lexington County, containing 320 acres, with fine water power and good mill for \$9 per ic-e.

225 Acre Farm, clay land, with dwelling and out buildings, 8 miles north of Batesburg, S. C. for \$1800

4521 acres of fine clay land, in a high state of cultivation, no waste land, with dwelling. tenant houses, barns, etc, 31/2 miles north of Abbeville, S. C. renting for 8000 pounds middling lint cotton per year, for

CHAS L. KELLY. REAL ESTATE AGENT, COLUMBIA, - - S. C.

April 50-1y.

#### Barbecue.

WE WILL GIVE A BARBECUE near Rishton, at Shumpert's old store, on July, (19) nineteenth. Speaking by the candidates and dancing by the young folks. Also fine brass and string bands. We guarantee a good time and a fine dinner.

JOE F. HARMAN. L. L. GANTT.

July 13-36

# Barbecue.

MESSRS. P. AND S. M. SMITH WILL M give one of the best 'cues of the season at T. C. Smith's on August 13 All the candidates who expect to be elected will be present A good dinner and a good time is promised all. July 13-39.

#### Barbecue.

WE WILL FURNISH OUR ANNUAL barbeque at Edmund, V. C. on August 11 1904, campaign day at that place. Everybody come and hear the candidates speak and get a good dinner. KEEDER BROS.

Edmund, June 14, 1904.

## Barbecue.

WILL FURNISH A FIRST CLASS barbecue with refreshments at Lees ville, S. C., on Friday, July 15th, in interest of the Second Annual meeting of the Confederate Veterans' Reunion. A cordial invitation is extended to one and all to come and spend a pleasant day J. C. SWYGERT. with us. June 22

### Barbecue.

WE WILL FURNISH A FIRST class barbecue and refreshments on Saturday, July 16, 1904, at the residence of John A. Shealy, near Boiling Springs, The public is invited; candidates are expected; music will be furnished by the Lewiedale Brass Band. Dinner at a reasonable price.
SHEALYS & BOOZERS.

June 22 1904. 4w36 pd.

### Barbecue.

WILL FURNISH A FIRST CLASS barbecue and refreshments at Boyles. ton, (White church) campaign day, Saturday, July 23. A pleasant time is promised to all who attend.

WM. R. ARNOLD. June 21, 1904.

## Barbecue.

5w37pd.

ON AUGUST 6, 1904, THE BROOK-land Baptist church will furnish a first class barbecue, at New Brookland, S. C. The proceeds to go for the erection of the parsonage. The Ladies' Aid Society will furnish refreshments. The public is cordially invited. June 22, 1904.

#### BARBECUE.

N THURSDAY, AUGUST TWENTY-fifth, campaign day at Priceville, we will serve a first class barbecue at the residence of G. F. Keisler. All the candidates will be present and ever body is invited. JOHN PRICE.

JAMES JUMPER. June 22, 1904

#### Barbecue.

WE WILL FURNISH A BARBE. one and refreshments at the George Long Old Mill on the 22nd day of July, 1904. The cue will be cooked by Mr. Lewie Hallman. Everybody is cordially invited to be present. There will be music and amusements for the young folk and speaking for the public, so come. H. D. SMITH & SONS.

June 23, 1904.

#### Barbecue.

4w37 pd.

WILL FURNISH A FIRST CLASS barbecue at Swansea, on Campaign Day, August 4th. Come one, come all and enjoy a first class dinner and hear the various speakers, J. B. COATS. Swansea, S. C., June 24.

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LEXINGTON, S. C.

TWO PER CENT.

per annum, payable quarterly on Savings Deposits.) per annum, payable quarterly on Checking deposits on mimimum amount of \$200

\$30,000.00.

COUNTY AND TOWN DEPOSITORY. PROMPT AND COURTEDUS ATTENTION GUARANTEED.

# Barbecue.

ON SATURDAY, JULY 30, 1904, I will furnish a barbeque and refreshments about two and haif miles south of Lewiedale, known as the Mins' old place Candidates and everybody are invited. Music will be furnished by a brass band.
The 'cue will be cooked by Mr. Lewie
Hallman.
N. S. CROUT. July 71, 1904-38.

# Barbecue.

WE WILL GIVE A FIRST CLASS barbeone and refreshments at Brit Hutto's Mill on Tuesday. August 9th, Campaign Day. All the candidates will be present and the public generally is invited to come out and hear the speeches. W. E BAUGHMAN.
J. G. M. SOX

July 13, 1904 39.

# Barbecue.

WE WILL FURNISH A FIRST CLASS barbecue, with refreshments, at Steadman Campaign Day, July 27, 1904. Music and dancing for the young people; speaking and a good dinner for candidates and old folks.

We had arranged for our barbecue before C. P. Mitchell and H J. Burgess changed theirs on the 27th of July. W. L. QUATTLEBAUM, F. W. QUATTLEBAUM. E. R. SHULL.

3w37. July 4th, 1904.

### Barbecue.

WILL FURNISH A FIRST CLASS barbecue, with refreshments, at Gaston, on August 5th, Campaign Day. All the candidates will be present and everybody is invited to come out and hear them speak. C. S. GOODWIN. them speak. June 29.

### Barbecue.

WE WILL FURNISH A FIRST class barbecue at our barbecue grounds at Hilton, S. C., on Saturday, July 23rd, 1904. We will use our best efforts to make the day a pleasant one for all who attend. Everybody invited.

J. J. HALTIWANGER.

D. E. AMICK. 6w37. June 14, 1994.

## Barbecue.

WE WILL FURNISH A FIRST class barbecue and refreshments at Steadman on the 27th day of July. Every body is invited to come and enjoy a good dinner. Speaking and dancing. All candidates especially invited.

H. J. BURGESS. June 13, 1904.

C. P. MITCHELL.

# \*\*\*

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\_\_\_ALSO .\_\_\_

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