

THE LEXINGTON DISPATCH.

A Representative Newspaper. Covers Lexington and the Borders of the Surrounding Counties Like a Blanket.

VOL. XXXII.

LEXINGTON, S. C., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1902.

NO. 11



GLOBE DRY GOODS COMPANY,

W. H. MONCKTON, JR., MANAGER,

1620 MAIN STREET, - - - - - COLUMBIA, S. C.,

Solicits a Share of Your Valued Patronage. Polite and Prompt Attention.



October 1911

One Dollar Bill,

Four pieces of the best sole leather, six pieces of heavy dongola, or navy calf, a few nails, several yards of silk thread, several yards of waxed thread, some heavy lining made up into the best School Shoe for a Child, and all for

A DOLLAR BILL.

If you don't buy your children this kind you don't treat them right.

LEVER,

"THE SHOE MAN,"

1603 Main Street,

COLUMBIA, - - S. C.

Feb. 6-15.

C. M. EFIRD. F. E. DREHER
EFIRD & DREHER,
Attorneys at Law,

LEXINGTON, C. H., S. C.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE
Courts. Business solicited. One
member of the firm will always be at office,
Lexington, S. C.
June 17-6m.

Albert M. Boozer,
Attorney at Law.
COLUMBIA, S. C.

Special attention given to business en-
trusted to him by his fellow citizens of
Lexington county.
Office: 1609 Main Street, over T. B.
Angbury & Co.
February 28-14.

IN CONFIDENCE,

Don't give me away.
And I'll tell you the remedy of
the day,
Listen! It is L. L. and K.
It makes the system clean and
pure,
Will health and strength to
you secure,
Strictly a vegetable prepara-
tion,
Mild and pleasant in its oper-
ation,
No need for nostrums just
made to sell,
Its Life for the Liver that
makes you well.

**HILTON'S LIFE FOR THE LIVER
AND KIDNEYS.**

Wholesale by the MURRAY DRUG CO.,
Columbia, S. C.
For Sale at THE BAZAAR.
May 15-17.

DR. F. C. GILMORE,
DENTIST,

LOCATED AT NO. 1510 MAIN STREET.
over Husemann's Gun Store, Colum-
bia, S. C., where he will be glad to see his
former as well as new patients.
Dr. Gilmore will be at Draits Hotel in
Lexington on Tuesday and Wednesday,
February 11th and 12th, to accommodate
patients who find it inconvenient to call at
his Columbia office.
January 23, 1901-tf.

**PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use
in time. Sold by druggists.**

THE LEGISLATURE.

The present session of the General Assembly has indicated a purpose so far to waste no time in the useless discussion of unimportant measures and has settled down to business with a determination of doing as much in a given time as possible. The work is well in hand and has been carefully mapped out.

The bill to protect the fish of the streams from wholesale depredations passed its second reading in the House after being loaded down with "riders" which practically killed the bill.

The Sanders dispensary bill, which provided for dispensary, local option or prohibition by counties in accordance with the wishes of the people, received a black eye in the House by having the enacting words stricken out.

The following propositions to amend the constitution have been submitted to the house:

Mr. Dorroh introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution making the term of office of State officers four years. Also an amendment to allow school funds to be paid by white people to go to the support of white schools and that paid by negroes to go to the negro schools.

Mr. Campbell introduced a joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment permitting a special legislation in the matter of building highways and bridges.

Mr. Seigler of Saluda wants to amend the constitution wherein it relates to the election of senators and members of the house of representatives and to abolish the classification of senators. He also introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution by providing for biennial sessions.

A bill has been introduced in the House providing for the settlement of claims against counties prior to the creation of new counties. It provides that the new counties shall be responsible for its proportionate share of the indebtedness of the old county.

Mr. Lomax's bill to provide free text books to poor children, was discussed and passed to the Senate.

There are several bills before the House in reference to child labor in the mills and it is possible that one of them will become a law.

The bill to prohibit cars being left within 50 yards of any public crossing and fixing the penalty will reach the Senate. This is a good law and should pass and be rigorously enforced.

Mr. Rucker's bill as to the costs in cases where the venue has been changed had no opposition. The bill provides:

Section 1. That whenever a criminal case is transferred from one county to another for trial, all costs of such trial shall be paid by the county in which the bill of indictment was found; such costs to be certified to such county by the clerk of the court in which such trial is had.

Section 2. This act to take effect on its approval, and apply to all cases pending.

This disposed of all possible work on the calendar as the other bills has not been on the desks for 24 hours.

Mr. Rucker had his bill to provide for \$200,000 pension fund made the special order for next Friday.

After a lengthy discussion Mr. Johnson's joint resolutions endorsing the conduct of Rear Admiral Schley and the opinion of Admiral Dewey, was referred to the military

committee for the purpose of amending the resolution.

Mr. Efrid again has a bill before the House providing for bi-annual sessions of the Legislature and was made the special order for tomorrow.

The judiciary committee has made a favorable report on the bill authorizing county Treasurers and Superintendents of Education to borrow money to pay school claims.

Many new bills have been introduced which took the usual course.

The Senate committee made an unfavorable report on the bill to increase the punishment for larceny in cases where the stolen goods are not recovered, and to provide compensation to the owners. The report was adopted and the bill killed. The memorial in regard to completing and curing for the confederate rolls was referred to the committee on military affairs.

A favorable report was made by the Senate committee on the new jury bill and has received its third reading in the senate.

Mr. Sharpe has a bill to amend the act relating to the holding of courts in Lexington county.

Mr. Goodwin wants to create the office of oil inspector.

A bill has been introduced in the Senate to establish a Soldiers' home. This carries out the recommendation of the Veteran's committee. There is considerable opposition to this proposition and it is possible that it will meet with defeat at the proper time.

The bill proposing to admit dying declarations in civil cases, subject to the same rule of evidence as in criminal cases was killed. The redistricting bill was made the special order in the Senate for Friday.

Mr. Sheppard's bill to amend section 2475 of the general statutes of this State, being section 132 of volume H., revised statutes of 1893, relating to kidnapping, by extending the provisions of said section to any case of taking away a minor without consent of parent or guardian, was made the special order for today at 12:30 o'clock.

Senator Douglass, of Union, who is a Confederate veteran, last night introduced a bill, which will be an interesting matter for consideration in connection with the bill for a soldiers' home. His bill reads as follows:

Section 1. That on and after the approval of this act by the governor it shall be unlawful to commit any indigent ex-Confederate soldier to any poor house or almshouse, but the county boards of commissioners of the counties of this State shall, in their discretion, give county aid to the indigent ex-Confederate soldiers of their respective counties, at the home of such soldier, or at the home of some relative or friend.

Section 2. That no ex-Confederate soldier shall be disfranchised by reason of his having received, or receiving, such aid as aforesaid.

Section 3. That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

The election of Judges resulted as follows: There was no opposition to Mr. A. G. Dantzier of Orangeburg, and he was elected Judge of the First circuit. R. O. Purdy was elected from the Third. In the Fourth circuit, the incumbent, R. C. Watts, was re-elected. The incumbent G. W. Gage of Chester, was reelected from the Sixth. J. C. Klugh of Abbeville, was reelected from the eighth. Associate Justice Ira B. Jones of Lancaster was reelected.

Cures Rheumatism or Catarrh Through the Blood. Costs Nothing to Try.

Would you like to get rid of that chronic rheumatism or offensive catarrh forever? Then take a bottle of Botanic Blood Balm which has cured thousands of hopeless cases that had resisted doctors and patent medicine treatment. Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) cures through the blood by destroying the poison which causes the awful aches in the bones, joints, shoulder blades and back, swollen glands, hawking, spitting, bad breath, impaired hearing, etc., thus making a perfect cure. Botanic Blood Balm thoroughly tested for 30 years. Composed of pure Botanic Drugs. Perfectly safe to take by old and young. Druggists, \$1. Trial treatment free by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given until cured. Don't give up hope, but try B. B. B., which makes the blood pure and rich and builds up the "all run down," tired body. B. B. B. makes the blood red, giving the skin the rich glow of perfect health.

Dantzier vs. Lever.

Washington.—Mr. Lever, Congressman from the Seventh South Carolina District, appeared before the election committee No. 2 of the House on January 15 and the preliminary skirmish was fought. His case revives memory of another contest which occurred over 20 years ago. The only case in the history of this country exactly similar to that of Dantzier vs. Lever is a case, strange to say, that came from the same district, when E. W. M. Mackey contested for the seat then occupied by Mr. M. P. O'Connor had finally won from the Hon. Samuel Dibble. The record in the case is voluminous, covering several volumes, and discloses the thread bare charges of fraud, ballot box stuffing and intimidation. The charges came from both sides.

Pending the contest, O'Connor, contestee, died, and a long and bitter struggle ensued, consuming a great deal of time and arousing excitement in the House over the abatement of the contest on the death of one of the claimants.

The Democrats argued that the death of O'Connor ended the contest and that if Mackey desired to continue the contest he would have to start proceedings de novo: that a vacancy had occurred, a new election had been ordered, and that Mr. Dibble should not be bound by the pleadings and evidence taken in a case to which he was not a party. This contention was met by the argument that to permit a case to abate on the death of the contestee would be to place the contestant always at the mercy of the contestee. They argued that if a vacancy caused by the death of the contestee would abate the contest, a vacancy caused by a resignation of a contestee would work the same result. However the decision was made against the Democrats and Mr. Dibble was compelled to defend the seat occupied by O'Connor. The result was the seating of Mackey, the Republican.

There is little fear that the present contest will so end, though the mere fact of having a contest is sufficient to handicap a member in his work, and keep him somewhat unwilling to enter into discussions of other subjects until the contest is settled. There is a great amount of work necessary even in a case that

seems so absurd to our people as that of Dantzier vs. Lever. Evidence galore must be gathered, for it must be remembered that the committee who is the tribunal in this case is Republican.

The case was taken up before election committee No. 2 on the day above mentioned. Col. Dudley of "block of five" fame, appearing in the interest of Dantzier, who is an ordinary rice field negro and it is alleged is scarcely able to read and write. Mr. Lever appeared for himself, Captain B. H. Moss, his attorney, being detained at home on account of the death of his father.

After a little friendly bandiage the committee allowed Mr. Lever the right to come in and defend his title. The case is set for hearing on the 18th of February. The whole matter hinges on the constitutionality of the suffrage laws of South Carolina. Good lawyers say that these laws on vital points are the same as the suffrage laws of Massachusetts, hence there is little doubt that they will be sustained and Mr. Lever's right to his seat established beyond question.

In Case of Accident.

Accidents will happen. Mother strains her back lifting a sofa. Father is hurt in the shop. Children are forever falling and bruising themselves. There is no preventing things, but their worst consequences are averted with Perry Davis' Painkiller. No other remedy approaches it for the relief of sore strained muscles. There is but one Painkiller, Perry Davis'.

Chips from Union.

To the Editor of the Dispatch:

The health of our community is very good at present, with exception of colds.

Mr. W. H. Fulmer, of Hilton, is teaching the school at Union.

Miss Ella Gregory, who has been teaching at Sand Mountain Academy, closed her school last Friday and returned home.

Mr. Pressley Senn and sister, Miss Mary, of Woodford, S. C., after spending several days with their uncle, Mr. J. E. Sox, returned home Sunday, accompanied by their cousin, Miss Lilly Sox.

Miss Agnes Lown is visiting relatives and friends in Aiken.

Mr. Oney Steele has rebuilt his mill and now the hum of the saw can be heard.

The Sunday schools at Emanuel's and St. David's have closed for the winter.

Mad dogs have been in the neighborhood, but the scare is about over.

Cupid seems to be progressing but slowly around Union.

Much success to the Dispatch.
Sam's Cousin Sprig.

The World's Greatest Fever Medicine.

Johnson's Tonic does in a day what slow Quinine cannot do in ten days. Its splendid cures are in striking contrast with the feeble cures made by Quinine.

If you are utterly wretched, take a thorough course of Johnson's Tonic and drive out every trace of Malarial poisoning. The wise insure their lives and the wiser insure their health by using Johnson's Chill and Fever Tonic. It costs 50 cents if it cures; not one cent if it does not.
20-12m

Many an old Confederate soldier was in town Monday looking after his pension money.

Who Will Join the Fight?

Mrs. Helen L. Bullock, National Organizer of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, will spend the month of February in our State. She is one of the most successful organizers and has been most helpful in former visits to us. We have had Mrs. Bullock in our own home and most cordially commend her as a consecrated, cultured woman. By her Christian graces and her thoughtful presentation of our cause she has been most successful in disarming prejudice, arousing interest and inspiring others to take up the work. It will afford me great pleasure to correspond at once with places that may desire her services either to lecture or organize.

We trust she may be able to visit Lexington, New Brookland, Irmo, Lewisdale and Batesburg and any other points that may desire her. Her addresses will prove a blessing to any community. She expects to reach Leesville on the 5th of February. The National President, Mrs. N. M. L. Stevens, of Portland, Me., and her Secretary, Miss Annie Gordon, expect to visit our State early in March. Leesville is one of the places they expect to visit and we want all the towns in our county to join us in giving them a royal welcome. Delegates can come from a town whether there is a Union or not. It will be a great privilege to see and hear these National officers. We want to organize every town in our county before their coming and urge our women, who are interested to go to work at once when reading this to prepare for Mrs. Bullock's coming and write me the earliest date after February the 5th, when it will suit them to have her. We must arrange consecutive dates, so far as possible, for the county. There is no charge for Mrs. Bullock's services except entertainment and a public collection.

Mrs. L. B. Haynes,
Pres. S. C. W. C. T. U.
Leesville, S. C.

A Trial Order is Proof.

This is the time of year when you should have your envelopes, note, letter and bill heads and other commercial printing done. The Dispatch Job Printing Office offers unexcelled facilities for executing every kind of job printing at the lowest possible prices consistent with first class workmanship and superior materials. Place a trial order with us and be satisfied.

No Discrimination Intended.

To the Editor of the Dispatch:

In your issue of January 8th, 1902, "Mr. S. C. B." asks if there is discrimination intended against certain places in the use of the chain gang.

So far as I know, will say, emphatically there is none. The piece of road in question is in my beat and the reason that it has not been worked by the chain gang is that I have been informed that the said road was not lawfully established and that if the gang was put to work on it that we would likely get in a law suit and we do not want to spend the peoples money that way. If we have been misinformed and our friend "S. C. B." or any one else will guarantee that there will be no difficulty, the chain gang will work that piece of road. Respectfully,

Isaiah Hallman,
County Commissioner.
January 20th, 1902.