Wednesday, December 14, 1898. Dispatch. Lexington

The Lexington Dispatch

Burned April 25th; rebuilt July 19, 1894.

G. M. HARMAN, Editor and Publisher.

LEXINGTON, S. C., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 14 1898.

THE LIEN LAW.

The opponents of the lien law have already opened their batteries upon it and have raised their annual clamor for its repeal. This law, like every other law upon the statute books, has its friends and its enemies; its good and evil side and its uses and abuses. In continuing it in full force and effect we should consider whether the law works the greatest good to the greatest number, or it is having the reverse effect. The intention of the law is very good and in the main its application is a help to many a poor man who has a large family dependant upon his daily labor for the bread and meat they eat to sus tain life and for the clothing they wear, who would otherwise be unable to procure the food and raiment necessary for the sustenance of life and the comfort of the body unless it be to mortgage their little home, which stands as a shelter between them and actual suffering. The lien law is the poor man's basis of credit which enables him to pitch, work and gather his crop, and, without it, he would be deprived of the means of getting the supplies necessary to make his crop. By its assistance he is enabled to pull through the dull summer months comparatively free from the harassing thought of wherewithall shall we be clothed and fed, by reason of this condition he is better able to prosecute his work with more vim and energy, and as a rule, better and larger crops are the result. It is purely a matter of business, based upon business principles and must be dealt with in a business like way. When a poor man applies to the merchant for advances, the first question asked is what property have you to hypothecate to secure me in the event of your failure to pay me

Conference Appointments. The war and navy departments The South Cirolina Methodist have sent large re-inforcements to Conference, which has recently been Admiral Dewey consisting of both in session at Greenwood, has made ships and men. When they arrive the following assignement of preachthere will be a land force sufficient ers, which is of interest to our readto preserve the peace and hold the island against all comers, and Dewey | ers:

Charleston District-Presiding Elwill be in command of the largest der, A J. Stokes; Trinity, J. W. Kil and most powerful fleet of battleships ever seen in those waters, the gore: Bethel, H. W. Bays; Spring Street, J. P. H. Elwell: Camberland, fleet of Great Britain not excepted. J. M. Steedman.

G. T. Harman is Presiding Elder

the Second Tennessee regiment, now of Cokesbury District. Columbia District-Presiding El in quarters at Camp Fornance near Columbia, in the course of a month der, E. T. Hodges; Batesburg, A. C or so, will be mustered out of service. Walker. Columbia-Washington St., While this report is current the sol-W. R Richardson: Marion Street, S. H. Zimmerman: G een Street and diers and officers themselves are con-Brookland, J. E. Mchaffey, J. W. fident that they will be ordered to Cuba early in February. Neeley; Richland and Granby, J. C Abney; Elgewood, N. K. Melton,

It is unofficially announced that

The Grand Lodge of South Catolina Masons convened in annual session in the city of Charleston yesterday. There was a full delegation from the subordinate lodges present and the field was carefully gone over and much satisfaction was derived from the work accomplished during the past Masonic year.

A party of thirty sick United States volunteers left the Santiago hospital and arrived at Fort Monroe, on Dec. 12, in linen clothing. They have suffered intensely from the cold and an investigation will be made as to why they were sent from Santiago scantily and insufficiently clothed.

Builey of Texas, will be the Democratic leader of the House during the remainder of the present session. Much opposition was developed and a great deal dissati-faction has been expressed against the incompetency, of his leadership but he has triumphed over his enemies.

The strike of mill operatives in Augusta is still on and the strikers claim to be well provided with food, clothing and wood and they claim that they will eventually be successful. It is reported in Augusta that President Estes and Superintendent Smith of the King Mill, have been at the time specified? Have you any removed by the stockholders.

field, R. C. McRoy; Fairfield, M. L Banks; Leesville, J. F. Anderson; Lewiedale, J. R. Sojourner; Lexington, W. M. Harden; Ridgeway, A. R. Philips; Winnsboro, J. D. Crout President of the Columbia Female College, J. A. Rice; Editor Southern Christion Advocate, John O. Willson South Florence, R. M. Dubose. Greenville Circuit, J. C. Counts; McLure Circuit, I. N. Stone. Conway Circuit, W. E. Barre. Lower St. Matthews, M. W. Hook. Springfield, G. Edward Stokes. Wagener, I. E. Smith. Sumter Circuit, S. D. Bailey. ----A Clever Trick.

> It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has Lame Back and Weak Kidnevs, Malaria or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking Elec tric Bitters. This medicine tones up the whole system, acts as a stimu lant to Liver and Kidneys, is a blood purifier and nerve tonic. It cures Constipation, Headache, Fainting, Spells, Sieeplessness and Melancholy. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative, and restores the system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker. Every bottle guar

Kaufmann's Drug Store. Unfortunate Transaction.

Mr. J. G. Bickley, farmer who resides near Hilton, is in deep trouble with the United States It is al



land, or money, or any kind of security that I can seize and convert into cash to liquidate your indebtedness. If the answer be no, the chances are that the poor fellow will go away disappointed at having failed to secure the help in which he stands so much in need. Under the lien law system he can answer I have none of this world's goods which I can pledge as a legal security, but I am going to plant so many acres .in cotton, so many in corn, so many in potatoes, and so on, and I will give you a lien on my crops, and nine chances out of ten, if the applicant be honest and industrious, he will get all the advances he needs. It is a matter of business in which supplies is the one consideration and dollars and cents the other, and the merchant does not run as much risk to lose his account as he would under a plain credit system, in which the honesty of the debtor is the only security the creditor has.

It is true that it sometimes happen that the idle and shiftless takes advantage of the law with the cold and deliberate determination to cheat and defraud the accommodating and confiding merchant, and obtain advances with no idea of ever paying for the same, and this is one of the evils of the law. But, in cases of this kind, it will doubtless be found, if the matter were sifted to the bottom, that the merchant alone is to blame for his losses from a failure to use the commonest and plainest business precautions and through his own carelessness and negligence, and he has to find fault with something so he blames the lien law. Hence this is not a sufficient reason for the repeal of the law. The law has for a number of years been in practical operation and in the main it has given general satisfaction to the merchant and farmer alike. Wisdom, it seems to us, suggests the propriety of leaving well enough alone, by leaving the law just as it is, for it is possible that to repeal it we may jump from the pot into the fire and adopt another system more pernicious than the one we now have.

A poll of the United States Senate and House of Representatives has been taken in reference to the leadership and issues of the Democratic party in the next Presidential election. Of the Democratic Senators now in Washington, twenty-three are

Gen. M. C. Butler, of this State, leged that he forged the name of Mr. who is a member of the United States evacuation commission and who has been at his home in Edgefield on a furlough, has returned to Havana. He says that he hopes to see Old Glory float in the breezes over Havana by the 1st of the year.

Governor Ellerbe has received an invitation to be present in Savannah next Saturday on the occasion of President McKinley's visit to the camps of United States soldiers in that city. He has not yet decided whether he will go or not.

The enrollment in the public schools in the county, according to Superintendent Mayfield's report during the last scholastic year was as follows: White, 3,730; colored, 1,958; making a total of 5,688.

Through the indefatigable efforts of Senator McLaurin some of the United States troops will be embarked from the part of Charleston for their destination.

The Columbia Register, after a hard struggle for existence, and having tried both the morning and afternoon field, has suspended publica-

The treaty conditions have been signed and peace now prevails between the United States and Spain.

Mayor Lipscomb is in favor of working the Columbia city prisoners under the chain gang system.

Millions Given Away. It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten mil lion trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of bopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all disease of the Throat, Chest and Lungs

are surely cured by it. Call on J. E. Kaufmann Druggist, and get a trial bottle free. Regular size 50c. and \$1. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

The Southern's Liberal Cffer.

J. H. Wessinger to a note and had the note discounted at one of the Columbia banks. To hide his first crime, so it is charged, he committed a grave one which landed him in the meshes of the United States Court by calling for Mr. Wessinger's mail at the post office which was given him and destroying the notices of the bank that the note was due and had gone to protest. He was arrested last Thursday by Deputy Marshal Thornton and given a preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner Jennings, in Columbia, who bound him over for appearance before the United States District Court, a prima facie case having been established. In justice to Mr. Bickley the public should withhold its judgment until after the trial, as only one side of the case has been heard, and as a further justice to him it is but fair to state that he claims that Mr. Wessinger instructed him to bring his mail. It is an unfortunate affair look at it as you wil!.

An Uncertain Disease.

There is no disease more uncertain in its nature than dyspepsia. Physicians say that the symptoms of no two cases agree. It is therefore most difficult to make a correct diagnosis. No matter how severe, or under what disguisedyspepsia attacks you, Browns Iron Bitters will cure it. Invaluable in all diseases of the stomach, blood and nerves. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold br all dealers.

Christmas Presents Given Away. When you visit Columbia to make your Christmas purchases don't forget to drop in at J. L. Shuli's furni-

ture store and see his lovely display of holiday goods which he now has in stook. Mr. Shull has won the reputation of carrying the best, and at the sametime the cheapest line of

furniture, house furnishing goods, sewing machines and sewing machine supplies, all kinds of baby and doll carriages, wagons, fancy vases, cups and saucers, chamber sets, etc. Special line of 10 and 25 cents goods, among which are some rare bargains, worth double the price asked for them and all are fully worth the price charged. The entire stock is one of the prettiest, the finest and the most useful and orramental ever brought to Columbia. Shoppers should by all means visit this store before making their purchases or they will miss bargains and lose money

by not doing so. Women Should Know It. Many women suffer untold agony and misery because the nature of their disease is not correctly understood. They have been led to believe that womb trouble or female weakness of some sort is responsible for the many ills that beset woman-Neuralgia, nervousness, headache, puffy

A LL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS GARDEN AND FIELD SEEDS IN THEIR SEASON. against the Estate of Mrs. Mariah Johns, deceased, must present them, properiv attested, to the undersigned on or b fore December 28th, 1898, and those in-Reliable Coods. debied to said Estate must make payment I. A. CAUGHMAN, Executor.

Notice.

in and for the County of Lexington, state

of South Carolina, on the 3rd day of Jan

nery 1899, at 10 o'c ock a m, for a final

by the above date to

D.cember 2, 1898.-3w6

Final Discharge. SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICES. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL persons interested that I will apply to _____ the Hop, C. E. Lea hart. Judge of Frobate

GRASSES.

PRICES MUCH LOWER THAN USUALLY PAID.

December 5 The State of South Carolina, COUNTY OF LEXINGTON, By C E Leaphart Esquire, Probate Judge. TATHEREAS, H A. S ANN, C C C. P.

M. D. HARMAN,

Anditor Lexington County.

Al returns for taxation must be filed

with the Auditor not later than February

20th, 1899 as after that date the law re-

quires an addition of 50 yer cent. to the last year's return. Poll tax as we'l as prop-

Township Board of Commissioners, act-

ing as Assessors, will meet at some con-

venient place in their respective township

on Friday, March 7th 1899 County Board

of Commissioners, acting as County Board of Equalization, will meet at the Auditor's

office on Tuesday, March 28th, 1899, at 10

erty must be returned.

o'clock a m.



Fireworks,

Crackers,

Glassware,

Candies,

Nuts,

Fruits,

Chinaware,