

**Greenwood Frowns on Gamblers and Bootleggers.**

Greenwood, S. C., Oct. 7.—A war against bootleggers and gamblers was begun today following a meeting of city council this morning which every police officer in the city had been notified to attend. Members of council told the police officers that they had been lax in their duties and asked for explanations and suggestions. Mayor A. S. Hartzog declared that expense would not be spared and any amount of money necessary to clean up Greenwood would be spent to protect the morals and good name of the community.

Chief of Police M. B. Chandler declared police officers were handicapped in efforts to enforce the law against bootleggers by failure of so-called good citizens to co-operate with them and that it was practically impossible to secure information against liquor traffickers.

In reply to the statement that the law against bootlegging could not be enforced, Alderman J. B. Harris declared that council and the police force were composed of men of average intelligence and if they could not cope with the situation they ought to acknowledge their failure and step down in favor of those who could. "Any police officer who is friendly to gamblers or bootleggers ought to have the decency to resign," he said.

Council decided to call a meeting of the mayor, the chief of police and the police committee at once, to work out details of the campaign against vice. Mayor Hartzog declared the war would not be sporadic, sudden and soon over, but he and city council would see that it was waged incessantly from now on. As many additional officers as necessary, will be added, he said.

**How to Make Sauerkraut.**

S. P., Quinton, Ala.—Please tell us how to make sauerkraut from cabbage, also from collards. How much salt should be used? We wish to keep in open jars.

We never heard of kraut being made of collards, and it would seem that there is too much of the loose, green leaf to make a well-flavored product. However, there is no reason they should not be handled just the same as cabbage, with perhaps a little more pounding as the kraut is being packed. The following recipe is copied from a government bulletin: For sauerkraut select only mature, sound heads of cabbage. Shred either with a hand shredder, an ordinary slaw-cutter or a large knife. Pack in open jars, pressing down firmly, but not too tightly. Distribute as evenly as possible two ounces of salt to each five pounds of cabbage, or about a pound of salt to 40 pounds of cabbages. When jar is full cover with a clean cloth and a board cover or plank. Weight this enough to bring the brine up to the cover. If it is kept in a temperature of 86 degrees F. fermentation will start promptly. A scum soon forms on the surface, which should be completed in from 6 to 8 days. After this is complete, the jar should be set in a cool place. If it is put down in the fall, when the weather is likely to be pretty cool, it will need only covering enough to protect from insects. It is safer, however, to pour a layer of melted paraffine wax about the cover over the exposed parts. This seals the jar and prevents spoilage.—Southern Ruralist.

**Why France Is Watching Germany So Closely.**

M. Viviani is not at all satisfied with the way things are going. As it is stated in a newspaper account, visiting the Rhineland "Viviani saw a rich country where the peasant is gorged with crops and the manufacturer with profits," and contrasted it with devastated fields and wrecked industries of Northern France. And, in bitterness of spirit he reminded himself—that it was Germany who caused the war and was conquered, and France who won the war and is left ravaged."

Germany has been ordered to pay, but, meantime, Germany is not paying; at any rate is not restoring; for it is French capital and French labor which are reclaiming the wrecked places in France. Germany is making a great display of German promises and of the taxes under which she says her people are bending in their effort to pay. But France can raise no money on German promises, for France knows, and the world knows, the regard in which Germans hold their pledged word as put down on a "scrap of paper." And, as the Asheville Citizen states it, even the German taxation of Germans is deception. Viviani has held this. It is what the French statesman describes as the "Fountain system," whereby taxes collected, like the waters of the fountain, largely return to their source. "Taxes are levied, great taxes, taxes

intended to impress creditors by their staggering proportions, but these are in a large degree immediately restored, if not to individuals at least to communities, by subsidies or rebates. They have served their purpose of impressing creditors with the burden of debt which Germany is 'staggering.'

All this explains the determination of France, if she can have her way, to keep an army of occupation in Germany and explains her appeals, if not her demands, upon the allies that they sustain her in that determination France believes, and is probably right about it, that Germany would today repudiate the treaty obligations to pay if she were strong enough to do so, and believes Germany will repudiate if she is ever permitted to again gather strength.—The Augusta Chronicle.

**Cotton Exchange Doors Should Be Closed Says Weston.**

Requesting the introduction of a resolution in the United States senate calling for an investigation as to the amount of spinnable cotton on hand in America and at European points, United States District Attorney Francis H. Weston Friday addressed a letter to United States senator E. D. Smith, in which he makes an attack on the cotton exchanges, as the cause of a lower price for cotton than should be expected in the face of the short crop.

Mr. Weston asks that American consuls in Europe be instructed to investigate the amount of cotton on hand at various points on the continent, and that agricultural agents in this country ascertain the amount on hand in the United States.

In the face of a six million bale crop, Mr. Weston says, the smallest crop in a quarter of a century, cotton is continually going down. He tells Senator Smith that the crop in this state is practically gathered, and the return is only a small fraction of a normal crop. Unless there is a good price for the staple this year, says the letter to the senator, the condition of the farmers and of all industry will be distressing.

Mr. Weston tells the senator in his letter that he has been to cotton offices here to sell cotton and that the buyers first have to consult New York, New Orleans and Liverpool Exchanges as to the price that should be paid. "This looks unusual to me," the letter says, "and the sooner the doors of the exchange are closed, the better it will be for agricultural interests."—Columbia Record.

**Turn Under Cotton Stalks or Burn Them.**

If the farmers of Georgia and South Carolina are to make any cotton next year it behooves them to get busy right now turning under or burning the cotton stalks. Millions of boll weevils are in the cotton fields now and are feeding on the late squares that have come with the growth of the cotton plant during August and September. The lack of fruit on the cotton stalks, caused by the earlier deprivations of the weevil, caused the stalks to grow much larger than they ordinarily would have and during the warm weather of September the stalks grew rapidly.

Boll weevil experts tell us that it is imperative to turn these stalks under with the plow or plow them up and burn them in order to destroy the weevil's places of hibernation for the coming months. If these stalks are not destroyed the weevils may be expected in greater quantities than they were even at the beginning of this year, and every one knows that in most fields there were weevils on each tiny cotton plant waiting for the squares to appear.

The farmers must tackle this problem intelligently and earnestly. It is no plaything and we are informed that the success or failure of the yield next year largely depends upon the destruction of the weevils this fall. It is stated that mere plowing up the stalks is not enough for they should either be turned under with a turn plow or plowed up with a "middle buster" and then burned. Experience gained in Alabama in attacking the boll weevil problem is said to have taught the farmers there that the stalks must be turned under and the weevil with them or the stalks burned. Of course, the turning under of the stalks will help the land and farmers who used to do fall turning of the land can go back to first principles. During the last few years, with high priced cotton, it was difficult to get tenants to do anything after picking cotton until well after the Christmas holidays.

While The Chronicle is urging living at home, is urging diversification, so that there may be more money crops on the farm than cotton, yet we must make cotton and we should be ashamed to be a quitter in the face of the boll weevil. We must apply the most intelligent methods to a solution of this, the mightiest prob-

lem that ever confronted agriculture in America, a problem which if not solved will, as the head of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange well says, end our supremacy among the world's growers of cotton.

President J. P. Woodall of the Augusta Cotton Exchange has received a letter from President Edw. S. Butler of the New Orleans exchange, urging that the Augusta exchange use its every effort to get the farmers to turn under or burn the stalks. All cotton factors in Augusta will be asked to send an appeal to every customer to this effect.

The following is the letter received by Mr. Woodall:

"New Orleans, Sept., 28.  
"Pres. Augusta Cotton Exchange,  
"Augusta, Georgia.

"Dear Sir: It has been suggested that a campaign should be inaugurated throughout the South embracing every region affected by the boll weevil, urging and insisting that farmers immediately on gathering their cotton burn or turn under the cotton stalks. This should be done without delay as we understand that if the stalks remain in the fields until frost the weevil will have ample food.

"It is hardly necessary to impress upon you the importance of some action that will minimize if not totally destroy this frightful menace to Southern cotton culture.

"Will you not take this matter up with your members and get them to write and if necessary to wire every bank and merchant with whom they do business and every farmer from whom they receive cotton, insisting that cotton stalks be cut and burnt or turned under.

"It goes without saying that if the weevil menace continues to spread as it has done, it is only a matter of time when our supremacy among the world's cotton growers will end.

"Something must be done, and that without delay, and it is hoped and believed that the course suggested will contribute materially towards relief.

"Kindly let me know what action you may take in the premises.

"Very truly yours,  
"Edw. S. Butler,  
"President."  
—Augusta Chronicle.

**County Treasurer's Notice.**

The County Treasurer's office will be open for the purpose of receiving taxes from the fifteenth day of October, 1921 to the fifteenth day of March, 1922.

All taxes shall be due and payable between the fifteenth day of October, 1921 and December the thirty first, 1921.

That when taxes charged shall not be paid by December the thirty first, 1921 the County Auditor shall proceed to add a penalty of one per cent. for January and if taxes are not paid on or before February the first 1922, the County Auditor will proceed to add two per cent, and five per cent additional, from the first of March to the fifteenth of March, after which time all unpaid taxes will be collected by the Sheriff.

The tax levies for 1921 are as follows:

	Mills
For State purposes	12
For Ordinary County	11
For Past Indebtedness	5
For Constitutional School tax	3
For Antioch	8
For Bacon School District	14
For Blocker	8
For Blocker-Limestone	4
For Colliers	4
For Flat Rock	8
For Oak Grove	3
For Red Hill	8
For Edgefield	10
For Elmwood No. 8	8
For Elmwood No. 9	2
For Elmwood No. 30	2
For Hibler	8
For Elmwood L. C.	3
For Harmony	3
For Johnston	15
For Meriwether (Gregg)	2
For Moss	3
For Brunson School	4
For Ropers	2
For Shaw	4
For Sweetwater	4
For Talbert	8
For Trenton	14
For Wards	8
For Wards No. 33	4
For Blocker R. R. (portion	6
For Elmwood R. R. (portion	6
For Johnston R. R.	3
For Pickens R. R.	3
For Wise R. R.	3
For Corporation	30 1/2

All male citizens between the ages of 21 and 60 years, except those exempt by law, are liable to a poll tax of One Dollar each.

All owners of dogs are required to pay the sum of \$1.25 for each dog of the age of six months or older. This is not included in the property tax but a tag must be purchased from the County Treasurer for each dog between October 15, and December 31, of each year.

The law prescribes that all male citizens between the ages of 18 and 55 years must pay \$4.00 commutation tax. No commutation is included in the property tax. So ask for road tax receipt when you desire to pay road tax. Time for paying road tax will expire February 1, 1922.

J. L. PRINCE,  
Co. Treas. E. C.

**Invigorating to the Pale and Sickly**  
The Old Standard general strengthening tonic GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC, drives out Malaria, enriches the blood, builds up the system. A true Tonic. For adults and children. 50c

**Abbeville-Greenwood Mutual Insurance Association.**

ORGANIZED 1892.

Property Insured \$17,226,000.

WRITE OR CALL on the undersigned for any information you may desire about our plan of insurance.

We insure your property against destruction by

FIRE, WINDSTORM, or LIGHTNING

and do so cheaper than any Company in existence.

Remember, we are prepared to prove to you that ours is the safest and cheapest plan of insurance known.

Our Association is now licensed to write Insurance in the counties of Abbeville, Greenwood, McCormick, Edgefield, Laurens, Saluda, Richland, Lexington, Calhoun and Spartanburg, Aiken, Greenville, Pickens, Barnwell, Bamberg, Sumter, Lee, Clarendon, Kershaw, Chesterfield.

The officers are: Gen. J. Fraser Lyon, President, Columbia, S. C., J. R. Blake, Gen. Agent, Secretary and Treasurer, Greenwood, S. C.

**DIRECTORS—**

A. O. Grant, Mt. Carmel, S. C.  
J. M. Gambrell, Abbeville, S. C.  
J. R. Blake, Greenwood, S. C.  
A. W. Youngblood, Dodges, S. C.  
R. H. Nicholson, Edgefield, S. C.  
J. Fraser Lyon, Columbia, S. C.  
W. C. Bates, Batesburg, S. C.  
W. H. Wharton, Waterloo, S. C.

J. R. BLAKE,  
General Agent.

Greenwood, S. C.

June 1, 1921.

Do not fail to examine the stock of furniture, rugs, stoves, and household goods offered for sale at greatly reduced prices by the Edgefield Mercantile Company. Come at once and buy something at a bargain. Don't wait.—Advertisement.

**J. S. BYRD**

Dental Surgeon

Office Over Store of

Quarles & Timmerman

Office Phone No. 3

Residence Phone 87

**DO YOU WANT A JOB?**

If you are out of employment or would like to make a change, consult us.

**COMMERCIAL EMPLOYMENT AGENCY**  
GREENWOOD, S. C.

**Lombard**

Foundry, Machine, Boiler Works and Mill Supply House

AUGUSTA GEORGIA

Cotton Oil, Gin, Saw, Grist, Cane, Shingle Mill, Machinery Supplies and Repairs, Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, Grate Bars, Pumps, Pipe, Valves and Fittings, Injectors, Belting, Packing Hose, etc. Cast every day.

**GASOLINE AND KEROSENE ENGINES**

Pumping, Wood Sawing and Feed Grinding Outfits.

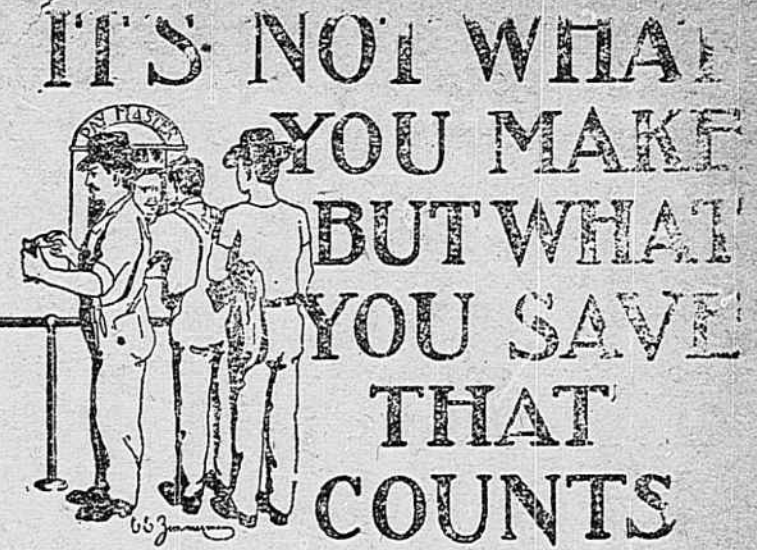


Eyes scientifically examined and glasses properly fitted.

GEO. F. MIMS,  
Optometrist-Optician,  
Edgefield, S. C.

**How To Give Quinine To Children.**

FEBRILINE is the trade-mark name given to an improved Quinine. It is a Tasteless Syrup, pleasant to take and does not disturb the stomach. Children take it and never know it is Quinine. Also especially adapted to adults who cannot take ordinary Quinine. Does not nauseate nor cause nervousness nor ringing in the head. Try it the next time you need Quinine for any purpose. Ask for 2-ounce original package. The name FEBRILINE is blown in bottle. 25 cents



EVERY DOLLAR that you spend foolishly, every proportionate amount of money that you earn that it would be possible to save and do not, is only money that you have to work for again. On the other hand every dollar you put in the bank is money that is going to constantly work for you. Which is the best; money always working for you, or you always working for your money. Come in and start that bank account. Don't put it off another day.

**BANK OF EDGEFIELD**

OFFICERS: J. C. Sheppard, President; A. S. Tompkins, Vice-President; E. J. Mims, Cashier; J. H. Allen, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS: J. C. Sheppard, Thos. H. Rainsford, John Rainsford, M. C. Parker, A. S. Tompkins, J. G. Holland, E. J. Mims, J. H. Allen, W. C. Tompkins.

**Barrett & Company**  
(INCORPORATED)  
**COTTON FACTORS**  
Augusta - - - - Georgia

**ARRINGTON BROS. & CO.**  
Wholesale Grocers and Dealers in  
**Corn, Oats, Hay and all Kinds of Feeds**  
Gloria Flour and Dan Patch Horse Feed  
Our Leaders  
Corner Cumming and Fenwick Streets  
On Georgia R. R. Tracks  
Augusta, Ga.  
**YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED**  
See our representative, C. E. May.

**THE FARMERS BANK**  
OF EDGEFIELD, S. C.  
Capital and Surplus . . . . . \$175,000.00  
**SAFETY AND SERVICE IS WHAT WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC**  
Open your account with us for the year 1921. Invest your savings in one of our **Interest Bearing Certificates of Deposit.**  
Lock boxes for rent in which to keep your valuable papers, etc.  
All business matters referred to us pleasantly and carefully handled. **We Solicit Your Business.**

**WANTED!**  
Young men and ladies to learn telegraphy. Good pay, short hours and pleasant work.  
**The Piedmont School of Telegraphy**  
GREENWOOD, S. C.