

THE PLANTER'S LOAN AND SAVINGS BANK.
AUGUSTA, GA.
Pays Interest on Deposits.
Accounts Solicited.
L. O. HAYNE, President.
CHAS. C. HOWLAND, Cashier.

Edgefield Advertiser

THE NATIONAL BANK.
OF AUGUSTA.
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.
L. O. HAYNE, President.
FRANK G. FORD, Cashier.
CAPITAL \$250,000
Surplus & Profits \$140,000
We shall be pleased to have your account with this bank. Complete and accurate statement of every account and of the condition of the bank.
Private, modern banking methods.

THOSE WHO WORE THE GRAY

Great Gathering of the Heroes of the "Lost Cause" in Louisville, Kentucky.

WERE TENDERED ROYAL RECEPTION
The Kentucky City Decorated to an Extent Never Before Known, is Prepared to Extend Hospitality to All the Old Soldiers Who Come.

Louisville, Ky., Special.—Louisville, decorated to an extent hitherto unknown and smiled on by typical summer weather, extended the hands of hospitality to a never-ending stream of arriving veterans who have come to Kentucky to attend the fifteenth annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans. In every hotel and at almost every corner in the business section of the city the men wearing the gray are to be found.

Among the prominent ex-Confederates here now are General Stephen D. Lee, commander-in-chief, General Joe Wheeler, General Andrew J. West, of Atlanta, commanding the North Georgia Brigade, who came in at the head of a large delegation of Georgians; Lieutenant General C. Irvine Walker, of South Carolina; General Simon Bolivar Buckner, General William E. Mickle, of New Orleans, adjutant general and chief of staff; Chaplain General Wm. Jones, of Richmond, and General Clement A. Evans, of Atlanta, the chairman of the history committee and the "Battle Abbey."

The Virginia and Maryland delegates came in, and some of the great army of Texas arrived during the afternoon. The Tennesseans began arriving in force Tuesday evening, followed closely by a detachment of the Arkansas regiments. Much regret has been expressed over the receipt of a letter from Judge Emery Speer, of Macon, Ga., announcing his inability to be present. He has been expected that Judge Speer would address the orphans brigade, of which he is a member.

Gen. W. E. Mickle, adjutant general and chief of staff, has completed his annual report, which is highly interesting. It says: "It is a source of sincerest pleasure to me that I am able to report that the debt which has been resting on the federation for a number of years has been paid in full. That this matter has been liquidated is due to the extraordinary efforts put forth by you, and while the urgent appeal made by you to the wealthiest members of our order was sent to nearly three hundred people and should have had most generous responses, the amount realized was barely sufficient to wipe out the debt. This lukewarmness on the part of those who were in a position to respond most liberally is a sad commentary on the degeneracy of the times, and displays a deplorable lack of interest by men who were once so ready to share the dangers and deprivations that rendered the Confederate armies famous throughout the world."

"There has been carried on the roster of the order for a number of years many camps who had made no payment of any kind since they were chartered; some of these were really never in existence, having died a-borning." After conferring with the adjutant general of the various divisions, these camps have been put on the "dormant list," and no further notice will be for the present, he sent them. This means an annual saving to the order. There are still on the roster a number of camps who do not contribute to the finances of the order, makes returns of any kind, or manifests the least interest in the federation. As soon as definite information can be secured regarding them they will be added to the "dormant list."

"I am proud to be able to report that at no period in the history of the federation have the camps paid their dues with more promptness or in

PROTEST TO THE PRESIDENT

Delegation From the American Asiatic Association Presents a Memorial to the Chief Executive.

Washington, Special.—A delegation from the American Asiatic Association called on President Roosevelt Monday and protested against the alleged severities of the administration of the present Chinese exclusion laws. The ultimate purpose of the delegation in which North Carolina was liberally represented, was to secure such conditions as would facilitate and enlarge the trade of American cotton mills in the Orient. The claim was made that the present laws are altogether too rigidly enforced and Chinese capital and merchants are prevented from coming to America to trade.

A MEMORIAL PRESENTED.

A memorial, adopted unanimously by the entire delegation, was presented to President Roosevelt by John Ford, of New York, secretary of the American Asiatic Association. The memorial recited not only that Chinese merchants were harassed by the present exclusion statutes, but that a law being even more than literally applied. The legal regulations are now so stringently construed by the Department that many influential Chinese who are entitled to visit America, are kept away from this country. The consequence is that factories in the United States are placed at a disadvantage in the competition for the trade of the Orient. The memorial admitted that there was war in the world, but contended strongly that the enforcement of the present statutes was in the hands of the labor union element and was not executed in the interest of the American citizens. The memorial closed in the following words: "We feel confident that they will not appeal to you in vain in asking that remedy should be sought for the anomalous and unsatisfactory condition of the existing laws of the United States, and that the Chinese Empire. The probable disastrous effects on their interests and the interests of industries for which they speak, of a longer continuation of conditions must be their excuse for the urgency and emphasis which they have taken the liberty to use in inviting your attention to the subject."

THE PRESIDENT'S VIEWS.

President Roosevelt indicated that this was a matter which had to some extent, already engaged his thought. In fact, other cotton manufacturers who have recently visited the White House, have made a somewhat similar complaint to the Chief Executive. The President told the delegation today that as he understood the matter, he was in accord with their purpose. He was ready to know the situation of the labor into this country. He was in favor, however, of allowing Chinese merchants to come to America for the purpose of trading, and that he believed that the proper legislation could safely discriminate between the classes of Chinese. This, though, was simply his personal view, for Congress was the proper power to deal with the matter in hand and the President's only duty was to see that the law as it stands is faithfully executed.

Big Financial Organization.

New York, Special.—The organization of the largest trust company in the United States, and one of the largest financial institutions of the world, was said to be a part of the plan of Thomas F. Ryan in negotiating the purchase of the stock of the Equitable Life Assurance Society held by Jas. H. Hyde. Mr. Ryan's plan was reported to be to consolidate the Equitable Trust Company, the Mercantile Trust Company and the Morton Trust Company, all of this city, with the last-named in control. It is expected that this would result in creating a financial institution with deposits not only to those of the National City Building of this city, which has deposits of \$185,000,000. The deposits of the proposed consolidated trust company would amount to \$169,000,000, the capital stock to \$70,000,000 and the surplus to \$28,700,000. Mr. Ryan's plan was reported to contemplate also the elimination of the control of subsidiary companies by the Equitable Life Assurance Society.

Prominent Man Murdered.

Tampa, Fla., Special.—The body of Oscar Brahan, a prominent citizen of Plant City, was found on the road three miles from that town Tuesday morning, riddled with buck-shot. No less than six loads had been fired into the body. Investigation showed where at least three men had waited in ambush alongside the road. Sheriff Jackson at once sent deputies with bloodhounds to the scene and posses of excited citizens are scouring the country searching for the murderers. No clue has been found by the investigators, but the officers expect to locate them before they get away.

New Industry at Rock Hill.

Rock Hill, S. C., Special.—A new industry in this place has just begun operations. The concern is known as the Acme Manufacturing Company, with C. W. Frew and Lee Diehl proprietors. It will turn out suspensors for the wholesale market and has been fitted with first-class factory appurtenances. The machines put out two hundred dozen a day. The plant is run by electricity furnished by the Catawba Power Company. The proprietors will enlarge the business as soon as everything is running smoothly.

Premier Stabbed.

Athens, by Cable.—Theodore P. Delany, the popular Premier of Greece, was stabbed and mortally wounded by a professional gambler named Grigoris, at the main entrance of the Chamber of Deputies at 5 p. m. Wednesday. The Premier died within three hours. The assassin, who was immediately arrested, said he committed the deed in revenge for the stringent measures taken by Premier Delany against the gambling houses, all of which were recently closed.

Charges Not Sustained.

Washington, Special.—Secretary Wilson informed the President that he was pressing his investigation of the charges filed with him that a leak had occurred in the cotton crop reports issued by the Agricultural Department, but he was unable to develop proof to sustain the charges. The agent of the secret service and others who are making the investigation, have been instructed by Secretary Wilson to leave no stone unturned in their inquiry.

PALMETTO AFFAIRS

Many Newsy Items Gathered From all Sections.

General Cotton Market.
Middling.
Galveston, firm..... 9 1/2
New Orleans, steady..... 8 13-16
Mobile, steady..... 8 1/2
Savannah, quiet..... 8 1/2
Charleston, firm..... 8 1/2
Wilmington, firm..... 8 1/2
Norfolk, firm..... 9
New York, quiet..... 9 1/2
Boston, quiet..... 9 1/2
Philadelphia, steady..... 8 13-16
Houston, steady..... 9
Cotton, steady..... 9
Memphis, firm..... 9 1/2
St. Louis, firm..... 9
Louisville, firm..... 9 1/2

Charlotte Cotton Market.

These figures represent prices paid to wagons:
Good middling..... 9.00
Strict middling..... 8.75
Middling..... 8.57 1/2
Tinges..... 7 to 7 1/2
Stains..... 6 to 7 1/2

The Prohibitionists Meet.

Columbia, S. C., 16th.
A conference of prohibitionists from different sections of the State was held at the Main Street Methodist church. The meeting began at about 8:30 o'clock and did not adjourn until 11 p. m. During the session the prohibitionists in regard to the dispensary and the proposed policies for the prohibitionists to adopt were fully discussed.

Mayor C. A. Smith of Timmonsville, who is president of the State Baptist convention and vice president of the Southern Baptist Convention, was called to the chair and the Rev. Louis J. Bristow of Marion was made secretary. Among those present were: Joel E. Brunson of Sumner, E. DeCampt of Cherokee, Rev. R. A. Sublett of Clarendon, Rev. A. McA. Pittman of Greenwood, W. D. Jones of Marion, J. W. Hamel of Lancaster, L. B. Haynes of Loxville, E. W. Peebles of Hampton, G. C. Thomas of Lancaster, D. W. Hott of Pickens, T. J. Lamotte of Columbia, Rev. Vernon L'Anson of Columbia, Howell Morrell of Richland, A. B. Cargile of Saluda and Dr. E. O. Watson of Spartanburg, and John L. McLaurin of Marlboro.

Several resolutions were presented to the conference which brought full and free discussion of the policy for the prohibition organization. At times the discussion was very interesting and considerable vigor was injected.

A set of resolutions presented by Mr. Bristow were first discussed seriously and after some modification and amendments were adopted. There provision for calling a State convention, the appointment of an executive committee to take charge of the general work of preparing for the convention and stipulating the qualifications of members and the manner of electing as well as the time for the meeting. These resolutions brought into perfunctory debate, and it was not until another resolution was introduced defining more specifically the purposes of the proposed movement that the meeting really became animated.

FOR A CONVENTION.

The resolution set Mr. Bristow, which were adopted, are as follows: "Resolved, That it is the sense of this conference that a general convention of prohibitionists of South Carolina should be held to discuss and inaugurate a plan of campaign against the sale of alcoholic liquors as beverage, within the State of South Carolina." "Second, That an executive committee consisting of one member from each county, of whom ten will constitute a quorum, hereafter to be appointed, shall take charge of all matters referred to it by this conference, and that said executive committee shall call the conference above referred to, to meet in the city of Columbia on such date as it deems advisable." "Third, That in such proposed conference each county shall be entitled to as many delegates as it has members in the general assembly." "Fourth, That the qualifications and manner of election of delegates be left to the executive committee." "Fifth, That the officers of this conference shall be the temporary officers of the conference hereby called, if present."

Booker Washington Sees

Washington, Special.—Booker Washington, president of the Institute at Tuskegee, Ala. the president to talk with his visit to Tuskegee on the president expects to be here for a greater part of October 23d, and arrangements are being made for a demonstration of the students of the institute if the president will review the school and pay a visit to the industrial exercises of the school, the colored no and the Armstrong Train

Cloth Sales Slow

Fall River, Mass., Special.—The print cloth market for the week is estimated at 225,000 much firmer tone has prevailed during the week. Active holders at present price, but manufacturers continue to be slow sellers. The cause of the firmness on the part of the seller is the high prices asked for the raw material and the strong belief that cotton may be marked up in the near future.

3 Killed; 29 Injured.

Albion, Ill., Special.—Three persons were killed and 29 injured in the wreck of an east-bound passenger train on the Southern railway at Golden Gate, Ill. The train was a "cotton special," carrying Confederate veterans to the reunion at Louisville, Ky. While running at a speed of 50 miles an hour the engine struck a spread rail on a trestle twenty feet high and the engine and four coaches were overturned. The train fell to the bottom of the ravine. The engine completely turned over.

May be Another Great Advance.

London, by Cable.—The practical certainty now that peace negotiations cannot begin for another month leads to the conviction that another great battle will be fought in the interval. According to the Daily Telegraph the Tien Tsun correspondent a Japanese forward movement has already commenced in spite of the rainy season.

CLOSE OF THE REUNION

Without Much Pretense of Formation So Far as the Veterans Were Concerned, the Parade was None the Less a Stirring Spectacle, Battle Flags Recently Restored by the Government.

Littleville, Ky., Special.—Beneath the shot-riddled battle flags that floated over many a sodden field, and to the thronging throngs of "Dixie" that oft had cheered them on to victory or defeat, the Confederate veterans who wore the gray marched Friday in proud review before thousands of people gathered in Kentucky's chief city for the occasion.

There was not much in the way of formation and order in the line as far as the old boys were concerned, but they marched with sparkling eye to the old times, and heard the same cheering that they heard their blood annually since the reunions became a part of life in the South. Many of the captured battle flags, recently returned by the government, were carried in Friday's parade and were the objects of interest and veneration.

Three Overcome by Heat.

The temperature was near the 86 mark, and John Coke, of Lawrenceburg, Ky., J. B. Allen, of Virginia and William Potter, aged 62 of Nashville, Tennessee, were overcome and taken to hospitals. The parade which formed at First and Main streets, was in three grand divisions, comprising the trans-Mississippi department, the department of the Army of Northern Virginia and the department of the Army of Tennessee. Col. Bennett H. Young, commander of the Kentucky division, was chief marshal, and the following were in command of the three divisions: Gen. W. L. Cabell, Texas, trans-Mississippi department; Gen. C. Irving Walker, South Carolina, the department of Northern Virginia; Gen. Clement A. Evans, the Army of Tennessee.

Head of the Columbia division of the reunion, J. C. Wheeler, in citizen's dress, Jefferson Hayes Davis, general of the Confederate Army, and the commander of the Virginia division, Gen. Stephen D. Lee, were escorted by White flags. Next came the commander of the Georgia division, Gen. John B. Gordon, and the commander of the North Carolina division, Gen. James H. Lane. The parade closed at 11:30 a. m. and the veterans were taken to the various hotels for the night.

General C. Irving Walker, of South Carolina, occupied the familiar place of the department of Northern Virginia. The Virginia division, headed by the commander, with Gen. J. S. Groce as second, and the R. E. Lee camp of the division. The march was very splendid and the men who marched, they were met by the old boys of Suffolk, Va., and Jackson's old brigade with their old battle flags. These old men were greeted with the warmest of welcomes. The William W. of Roanoke, brought up the rear of the parade.

The Next Reunion Will be New Orleans.

Text of Japan's Reply.

Washington, Special.—The text of the reply of Japan to President Roosevelt's note to Japan and Russia on the occasion of negotiations for peace: "The imperial government can only express its appreciation of the suggestions of the United States, and it is noted that the Minister of Affairs by the United States on the 9th inst. in consideration, to which, by source and import, it is justly desiring in the interest of the re-establishment of peace between Russia and China, and will fully guarantee its imperial government will, to the suggestions of the appoint plenipotentiaries of the Russian Empire, and will be mutually agreeable in the future, for the purpose of negotiating terms of peace and exclusively between the plenipotentiaries."

WASHINGTON CHOSEN

Agreeable to All Parties As Place of Holding Peace Meeting

CZAR WITHDRAWS ALL OBJECTION

St. Petersburg, by Cable.—Russia has finally and definitely accepted Washington as the meeting place of the Russian and Japanese plenipotentiaries, the foreign office having waived its request for reconsideration at the personal discretion of the Emperor, whose desire to give the fullest and fairest opportunity to President Roosevelt's proposal for a peace conference is hereby manifested.

After his conference with Ambassador Meyer, Count Lamorsdorff, the foreign minister went to Peterhoff and laid the matter before the Emperor, who, on learning that insistence on The Hague might endanger the negotiations, directed Count Lamorsdorff to inform Ambassador Meyer that Russia would accept Washington.

It was after midnight when the foreign minister returned from Peterhoff, but Ambassador Meyer was forthwith notified and a cipher dispatch was prepared and sent to the state department at an early hour Monday morning.

Crow Shows Intelligence.

It is surprising to see the amount of intelligence that can be shown by a crow, but a tame bird owned by Sherbrook Howard of Batho, Me., exhibits it to a large degree. Each morning the bird flies to its master's bedroom window and utters shrill cries to awaken him, but will never go toward the window again during the day. Whenever hungry he flies to the kitchen and keeps up a continual squawking until fed. He refuses to fly away, and so far as known has never been more than a quarter of a mile from his adopted home.

A few days ago several other crows from neighboring fields did their utmost to get him to fly away with them, but, preferring the house of his young master, Mr. Crow refused to stir.

ROSE JELLY.

Charting decorative pieces are made of the transparent gelatine jelly and wild rose, or rose petals. Make the plain lemon jelly, flavoring with rose. Pour a very thin layer of the liquid jelly into individual round oval moulds, and let it harden. Then lay upon it a single briar rose or a grouping of rose petals, and fill the mould with the liquid jelly. Set away for several hours in the ice chest to harden. When turned out the pink rose glistening through the thin cover of transparent jelly gives a beautiful effect.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

The czar of Russia, it is said, has \$25,000,000 invested in English securities. William Dean Howells and family have settled for the summer at Kittery Point, Me. Paderewski, it is said, can play from memory more than five hundred compositions.

LABOR WORLD.

The Paterson (N. J.) teamsters' strike has been declared off. The entire 2300 Japanese laborers in Maui, T. H. went out on strike. Miners at Nome, Alaska, have formed a union to resist a threatened reduction of wages. David M. Parry has retired as president of the National Citizens' Industrial Union. For the first time in many years all the furnaces in the Lebanon (Pa.) Valley were in operation.

One hundred of the employees of the Allentown (Pa.) Spinning Mills went on strike for higher wages. President Roosevelt has issued an order prohibiting the employment of convict labor on Government works.

The United States Attorney-General has ruled that the National Eight-Hour law applies to the Panama Canal work. A crusade against sweatshops, under the name of Child Labor law, has been started by the Pennsylvania factory inspectors.

P. J. McArdle, of Muncie, Ind., has been elected President of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers.

Following a lockout, a strike has been declared by the employees of Gross & Ranb, shirt manufacturers at Philadelphia, Pa.

Members of the Rural Mail Carriers' Association of Burlington County, N. J., declare that they are organized only for social purposes.

Because the waitresses at the Hotel Racine, of Chicago, Wis., struck recently several local society women who reside at the hotel volunteered to act in their stead.

Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes, of the Supreme Court, in a recent opinion on a stock gambling case, said that dealing in futures was the "self-adjustment of society to the probable."

Crow Shows Intelligence.

It is surprising to see the amount of intelligence that can be shown by a crow, but a tame bird owned by Sherbrook Howard of Batho, Me., exhibits it to a large degree. Each morning the bird flies to its master's bedroom window and utters shrill cries to awaken him, but will never go toward the window again during the day. Whenever hungry he flies to the kitchen and keeps up a continual squawking until fed. He refuses to fly away, and so far as known has never been more than a quarter of a mile from his adopted home.

A few days ago several other crows from neighboring fields did their utmost to get him to fly away with them, but, preferring the house of his young master, Mr. Crow refused to stir.

Wagons

Buggies

FURNITURE.

Large shipments of the best makes of wagons and buggies just received. Our stock of furniture and house furnishings is complete. A large stock.

COFFINS and CASKETS.

always on hand. All calls for our Hearse promptly responded to. All goods sold on a small margin of profit. Call to see me, I will give you money.

GEO. P. COBB,

Johnston, South Carolina.

W. J. Rutherford & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bricks and Lime.

AND DEALER IN

Cement, Plaster, Hair, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Ready Roofing and other Material.

Write Us For Prices.

Corner Reynolds and Washington Streets, Augusta, Georgia.

THIS SPACE IS TAKEN BY

The Leading Grocers of Augusta, Ga.,

HARRINGTON EROS.

COMPANY,

839 Broad

W. F. SAMPLE of Saluda

H. H. SCOTT, JR., of Edgefield and want to see you.

LABOR WORLD.

The Paterson (N. J.) teamsters' strike has been declared off. The entire 2300 Japanese laborers in Maui, T. H. went out on strike. Miners at Nome, Alaska, have formed a union to resist a threatened reduction of wages. David M. Parry has retired as president of the National Citizens' Industrial Union. For the first time in many years all the furnaces in the Lebanon (Pa.) Valley were in operation.

One hundred of the employees of the Allentown (Pa.) Spinning Mills went on strike for higher wages. President Roosevelt has issued an order prohibiting the employment of convict labor on Government works.

The United States Attorney-General has ruled that the National Eight-Hour law applies to the Panama Canal work. A crusade against sweatshops, under the name of Child Labor law, has been started by the Pennsylvania factory inspectors.

P. J. McArdle, of Muncie, Ind., has been elected President of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers.

Following a lockout, a strike has been declared by the employees of Gross & Ranb, shirt manufacturers at Philadelphia, Pa.

Members of the Rural Mail Carriers' Association of Burlington County, N. J., declare that they are organized only for social purposes.

Because the waitresses at the Hotel Racine, of Chicago, Wis., struck recently several local society women who reside at the hotel volunteered to act in their stead.

All the employees, except the tonnage men and police, employed at the Homestead Steel Works of the Carnegie Steel Company have received an increase of from 6 to 20 cents a day in their pay.

Lazy.

When a fellow's good and hungry, Then he can't work no more; He's got to do some eatin'— 'Tis a fact that all men know. An' when he's ben to dinner An' stowed away a heap, Then what's the use of workin'? A fellow's got to sleep.

Oh, when's that good time comin'?

When we don't work no more? I'd like to go a struttin'— 'Tis a fact that all men know. An' loosen all my buttons, An' get a mighty heap of yallah yams an' possum An' sleep an' eat an' sleep. I'd love to go a-shinin'— 'Tis the everlastin' stream. A few days ago several other crows from neighboring fields did their utmost to get him to fly away with them, but, preferring the house of his young master, Mr. Crow refused to stir.

Wheat Stalk 6 Feet Long.

George E. Brown, superintendent of irrigation for the Indians, came to town last night with a bundle of wheat which he had taken at random from a field of eight acres belonging to Ralph Blackwater, the miller at Sacaton. The field is in the Salt River reservation about fifteen miles above the city. The stalks are more than six feet in length. The heads are correspondingly large. They have not yet come out in bloom so that it may be reasonably expected that the stalks will grow from six to eight inches more.—Arizona Republican.