

Dustless Roads of France.
The engineer for the Seine and Marne departments in France reports that trials of a mixture of oil and petroleum as a dust preventive have been unsuccessful. In the summer of 1902 a coating of tar was tried on seven different lengths of road. After careful investigation during a period of twelve months it was found that dust and mud had wholly disappeared and the cost of maintenance had been reduced. The tar forms an elastic skin, which deadens the sound of traffic and reduces the resistance. It appears that the tarring method involves no greater outlay than that for coating with oil.

Long Confined as Loper.
A remarkable story which has lately attracted great sympathy in Cape Colony, is that of a man named Apskirk, who after having been confined on Robben Island for eight years as a person suspected of having leprosy, was recently allowed to return to his family as non-infected. He was formerly a shipwrecked sailor who took refuge at the Cape, married and prospered exceedingly. Mosquito bites were mistaken for leprosy by a field-cornet, who sent him to Robben Island. He returned home broken in spirit and financially ruined, his property having been sold for the upkeep of his children.

Cat Nurses Squirrels.
A Joplin (Mo.) dispatch to the Chicago Inter-Ocean states:
William Williams, a farmer living south of Avilla, near this city, has a cat that nurses a litter of squirrels. Four young fox squirrels were taken to the house recently from the nest where they were found, although the farmer cat had a litter of kittens, she exhibits motherly fondness for the squirrels, and makes regular trips back and forth from the house to the barn, and licks and nurses the squirrels as tenderly as she does her kittens.

HAD TO GIVE UP.
Suffered Agonies From Kidney Disorders Until Cured by Doan's Kidney Pills.

George W. Renoff, of 1933 North Eleventh street, Philadelphia, Pa., a man of good reputation and standing, writes: "Five years ago I was suffering so with my back and kidneys in fact I often had to lay off. The kidney secretions were unnatural, my legs and stomach were swollen, and when doctors failed to help me I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and improved until my back was strong and my appetite restored. During the four years since I stopped using them I have enjoyed excellent health. The cure was permanent." (Signed) GEORGE W. RENOFF.

TRIAL FREE—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents.

Bugs Pressed Into Cakes.
That questionable epicurean tidbit, the snail, has a rival in Mexico in a species of bugs known popularly as "water boatmen." These aquatic insects are gathered in large numbers on the large lakes near the city of Mexico, and when dried are much prized as an article of diet by the natives. The immense numbers in which they are found on these lakes is indicated by the fact that they are now being gathered extensively for export, for use as bird and fish food, at a price of less than 10 cents a pound. A food much relished by trout is made by passing the dry "water boatmen" through a coffee mill, grinding them as finely as desired, after which scalding water is poured over them to soften them. They are then mixed with 20 per cent. of mush, producing what is stated by the Bureau of Fisheries to be the best food for small fish that has been discovered during their many years of experience in this line of work. Caged birds, it is asserted, are equally fond of this aquatic tidbit.

There can be no rest as long as you resist Him. So 38.

The letter of Miss Merkle, whose picture is printed above, proves beyond question that thousands of cases of inflammation of the ovaries and womb are annually cured by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Gradual loss of strength and nerve force told me something was radically wrong with me. I had severe shooting pains through the pelvic organs, cramps and extreme irritation compelled me to seek medical advice. The doctor said I had ovarian trouble and inflammation, and advised an operation. I strongly objected to it and decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I soon found that my judgment was correct and that the good things said about this medicine were true, and day by day I felt less pain and increased appetite. The ulceration soon healed, and the other complications disappeared, and in a few weeks I was once more strong and vigorous and perfectly well.

"My heartiest thanks are sent to you for the great good you have done me. Sincerely yours, MISS MARGARET MERKLEY, 373 Third St., Milwaukee, Wis.—\$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuine cannot be produced."

HERE IT IS!

Want to learn all about the latest in how to get out of a bad one? Know the difference between a good one and a bad one? Detect a cure when same is possible? Teach what to call the different parts of the anatomy? How to be sure of a good one? Get the valuable information that can be obtained only from the ONLY TREATED HORSE BOOK, which we will forward, postpaid, on receipt of only 25 cents in stamps.

BOOK PUB. HOUSE, 124 Leonard St., N. Y. City



MRS. CECELIA STOWE, Author, Baito Knox Club.

176 Warren Avenue, Chicago, Ill., Oct. 22, 1902.

For nearly four years I suffered from ovarian troubles. The doctor wanted on an operation as the only way to get well. I, however, strongly objected to an operation. My husband felt Ishereafter as well as I, for home with a sick woman is a disagreeable place at best. A friendly druggist advised me to get a bottle of Wine of Cardus for me to try, and he did so. I began to improve in a few days and my recovery was very rapid. Within eighteen weeks I was another being.

Cerbera Stowe

Mrs. Stowe's letter shows every woman how a home is rendered by female weakness and how completely Wine of Cardus cures that sickness and brings health and happiness again. Do not go on suffering, but get a druggist today and secure a \$1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardus.

WINE-CARDUS

SOUTH CAROLINA CROPS
Conditions for the Growth of Crops Have Been Favorable.

The week ending 5 a. m., September 5th, had a mean temperature of 79 degrees which is about 1 degree above normal. The temperature was very uniform throughout the week. The extremes were a minimum of 56 at Greenville on August-30th, and a maximum of 94 at Blackville on the 3rd. The sunshine was slightly above the normal amount, and the relative humidity was slightly below. There were no violent winds, or any hail storms during the week.

The precipitation averaged less than the weekly normal amount, although in the northwestern counties and in the middle Savannah valley counties there were excessive rains locally, over quite large areas. A number of places had to rain until the 4th when generally showery conditions prevailed over the entire State. What rain fell during the week was generally beneficial.

The moderately high temperatures, and general absence of precipitation were favorable, and farm work made rapid progress. Fodder pulling is under way, and nearing completion, in the western counties and is practically finished in the eastern ones. The bulk of the corn crop has matured, and it is a uniformly large crop.

On sandy lands, cotton has stopped growing, and generally stopped fruiting; it is opening fast, with picking general, over the eastern and central counties, while picking has just begun in the western counties where the crop is from one to three weeks late. Rust, shedding and blight continue to cause deterioration on light lands, and rust has appeared on some clay lands and on sea-island cotton. Boll worms and caterpillars have appeared in a few fields but are not yet threatening. Sea-island cotton is heavily fruited, and is still blooming freely.

The weather was ideal for cutting rice, and much of the early planted crop has been harvested; late rice is very promising; rice birds have appeared in a few coast fields. Considerable hay was cut and cured, in fine condition. Peas are fruiting heavily recently. Nearly all reports indicate a continued promising condition of all minor crops, and fall truck.—J. W. Bauer, Section Director.

Observed at Augusta.
Augusta, Ga., Special.—With a parade nearly two miles long, organized labor began the local celebration of Labor Day here Monday. Later, at a suburban resort, there was an elaborate programme of exercises. Congressman T. W. Hardwick was the principal speaker, choosing as his subjects, "Rights of Labor, Organized and Unorganized." No man, he said, had any right to interfere with another in his right to work, and this was a point, organized labor should remember. Other speakers were W. S. Weir, of Atlanta, and John R. Burke, managing editor of The Chronicle. A barbecue dinner was served by the blacks' clubs and a lengthy programme of athletic exercises for prizes was carried out.

By Wire and Cable.
A San Francisco dispatch says a number of special trains bearing Knights Templars, entered that city Sunday, and there was almost a continued procession up Market street of marching commandaries, being escorted to their respective headquarters. Special services were held in connection with the convalescence.

The London Times' Shanghai correspondent says it is understood that China has agreed to keep the crews of the two Russian vessels now in Shanghai in Chinese territory until the end of the war between Japan and Russia.

Five Killed and Five Wounded.
Findlay, O., Special.—Five are dead and an equal number seriously injured as the result of a premature explosion of a quantity of nitro-glycerine near Upper Sandusky Sunday. The cause of the explosion is unknown. The glycerine at the time was being lowered down a well by Lafayette McKoy, an oil well shooter of this city, who is among the dead.

A Great Parade.
San Francisco, Special.—Ten thousand San Francisco Specials—Ten thousand and Sir Knights marched for miles through the gaily-decorated city streets, inspired by the music of forty bands and the cheers of thousands of spectators, who lined every foot of the way, crowded windows and doorways, and filled the grand stands and review stands erected for the purpose.

Among the commandaries in the parade were those from Virginia, Kentucky, Texas, Mississippi, Tennessee, Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana, North Carolina and Florida.

DEMOCRATS GATHER

Editors Meet At a Banquet in New York City

AN ADDRESS BY COL. WATTERSON

Nearly Five Hundred Present at the Banquet of the Democratic Editorial Conference.

New York, Special.—Nearly 500 Democratic editors from all parts of the United States met at a banquet at the Waldorf-Astoria Wednesday night. The occasion being a national conference of Democratic editors which was called at the instance of the Democratic national committee. The toast list included several of the best known Democratic editors in the country, and all of them responded to toasts on political subjects.

Sylvanus E. Johnson, Washington correspondent of The Cincinnati Enquirer, and a former president of the Gridiron Club, was the toast-master. A large orchestra furnished music.

Editor Henry Watterson, amid great applause, spoke in part as follows: "In order to allay curiosity and suppress conjecture—or words to that effect—let me say in the beginning that I believe we can win this presidential battle. I will go even further and say that, with anything like an even show-down of powder and ball, it will be our own fault if we lose it. The two parties will go the finish fairly united. Each will poll very nearly, if not quite, its normal strength. The independent vote, therefore, will decide the result."

"In the five debatable States of New York, New Jersey and Connecticut, in the East, Indiana and Wisconsin, in the West, there are, on a rough estimate, a million of these independent voters. Half a million of them are Germans. The other half are nugs-wumps and footers. For the life of me I cannot see how any self-respecting nugs-wump can vote for Roosevelt, the recreant civil service reformer, nor how any intelligent German, much as the President resembles the Kaiser, can be willing to take even a lottery chance in a war with the mother country, precipitated upon the drop of a hat, to glorify the administration."

"Parker, the jurist, means peace with all nations, entangling alliance with none. Roosevelt, the war lord, means complications abroad and corruptions at home, designed to prolong a single party dynasty, and to perpetuate its favorites and agents in power. Every economic question must pause before an issue so transcendent. "In venturing to discuss it tonight, though surrounded by members of my own party and profession, may I not take a suppositious standpoint, and declare that, if I were a Republican—and over about the headwaters of Bitter creek, there are Democrats who insist that I am not much better—I would vote for Parker and Davis and against Roosevelt and Fairbanks. Being only a plain American, who loves his country and clings to its institutions, I mean to do this anyhow. I shall do it because it seems to me the upright thing to do, the enlightened thing to do, the prudent and honest thing to do, in spite of some excess of feeling and mistakes of judgment, the Democratic heart beats true to the essential principles of the Republic as it is, and ordered by our incomparable confederate, in spite of their intelligence and energy, the Republican leaders are losing sight of their fidelity to both. Even the errors of the Democrats lean to virtue's side, whilst the errors of the Republicans are beginning to be sielded over with the pale cast of corruption and absolutism. This is not because the Democrats are Democrats, or the Republicans are Republicans. The label has little to do with it. Long-dominancy tends first to corruption, and then, threatened with exposure, to tyranny. "The old Democratic party came into being, like the Republican party, as a friend of man, it grew so strong, by the prolonged domination, that it was able to wipe its exit from power, the signal for a long, bloody and senseless war. I would take no chance of a repetition of this evil history. I would have a change of parties, though, if for the sake of the change. Little as the two administrations of Grover Cleveland effected, either in the statutory laws or in the general policy, they were beneficent interludes to the unbridled misgovernment of the Republicans. They did serve notice even upon the states that they do not possess the earth. Such will be the effect, if none other, of the election of Parker and Davis, and the defeat of Roosevelt and Fairbanks."

Mr. Watterson spoke at length upon the issue of the campaign. Much enthusiasm prevailed.

Part of Russians in Danger.
Mukden, By Cable.—Part of the Russian army which is coming to Mukden by wagon road is in danger of being cut off. All day and night Monday the Japanese in the hills on the east road shelled the Russian troops. In one instance the Japanese infantry attacked a large force of Russian infantry and artillery, which had taken to the hills, running parallel to the Japanese, in protecting the flank of the retreating army.

Golored Goods Men Meet.
Atlanta, Ga., Special.—About forty of the prominent colored cotton goods manufacturers of the South met here Wednesday and organized under the name of the Southern Colored Cotton Goods Weavers' Association. F. B. Moorhead, of Raleigh, N. C., was elected president and a committee was selected to further perfect the organization and to notify all manufacturers of this line of goods of the action of the meeting. This committee includes J. A. Smith, of Bessemer City, N. C.; C. W. Johnson, of Charlotte, and B. C. Robertson, of Burlington, N. C.

Ex-Gov. Taylor Married.
Bristol, Va., Special.—Ex-Governor Robert L. Taylor, of Tennessee, was married to Miss Mamie St. John of Chilhowie, Va., Wednesday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. The wedding occurred at the bride's home and was attended by many of the wide circle of relatives. Governor Taylor has been married three times, having been divorced only a few months ago from his second wife, at Knoxville. Governor and Mrs. Taylor will reside in Bristol.

Vermont's Vote.
White River Junction, Vt., Special.—With only two small towns missing, the Republican plurality of 31,500 in Tuesday's election is believed to be within a few votes of the correct figures. Four years ago it was 31,331. The total vote for Governor without the towns is: Bell, Republican, 47,991; Porter, Democrat, 16,492, a Republican plurality of 31,499. The missing towns have a Republican plurality last year of 62. A tabulation of the returns, compared with those of 1900, shows a net Republican loss of 44, and a net Democratic loss of 1,029.

NEWS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY

Paragraphs of Minor Importance Gathered From Many Sources.

Through the South.
The town of High Point, N. C., is being equipped with a modern system of electric cars.

The mimic warfare at Manassas ended on Tuesday, Grant falling back to his original position.

Burglars dynamited the safe of the treasurer of Yadkin county, N. C., and stole between \$8,000 and \$10,000.

A. T. Wimberly, of New Orleans, who stood high in Republican circles, advises negroes North and South to vote for Judge Parker.

The students of the North Carolina Agricultural and Mechanical College are leaving on account of some trouble between the seniors and the faculty.

Washington Happenings.
H. A. Guggler, Consul General to Panama, says it is hoped in Panama to finish the canal in eight years.

Elaborate plans are being made for the entertainment of the Archbishop of Canterbury in Washington.

General Lee, commanding the Department of Texas, in his annual report states that there are frequent desertions from the army.

Arrangements are being made for the reception and entertainment of the foreign delegates to the inter-parliamentary conference for the promotion of international arbitration.

In the North.
New York is threatened with an invasion of potato bugs.

The attendance of the St. Louis Fair last week was 759,907.

President Roosevelt entertained a number of callers at Sagamore Hill.

The Republican factional fight in Wisconsin has reached an acute stage. Many delegates to the inter-parliamentary congress are reaching New York.

Mr. William J. Bryan will enter the campaign as a speaker for Judge Parker.

The Fall River (Mass.) cotton mills strike began its seventh week, with no sign of weakness.

Judge Parker received an ovation when he appeared at the Ulster County Fair at Ellenville.

The Republicans won the governorship in Vermont in Tuesday's election by 30,000 majority.

Dr. Thomas Herran who represented Columbia at Washington for several years, died at Liberty, N. Y.

Fourteen persons, mostly children, were killed in a fire in a tenement house in Attorney street, New York.

Orders have been issued for a general strike of butchers all over the country as a result of the packing-house trouble in Chicago.

The New York Board of Aldermen refused a franchise to the Port Chester Railroad through the streets of the Borough of the Bronx.

Because it was reported 20 of their children ill with measles would be drowned, a band of newly arrived gypsies caused trouble in New York.

Former Senator David B. Hill made an address at the Broome County Fair, near Binghamton, N. Y., in which he ridiculed a recent magazine article on "How Roosevelt Uncovered the Postal Frauds."

As a result of Tuesday's primaries in New York, in which Tammany was defeated in Brooklyn, that organization will have no candidate for any place on the State ticket.

Foreign Affairs.
Archdeacon Warrel, of Kingston, was chosen Bishop of Nova Scotia.

Concealed forts are being built in the Congo by Belgians, fearing a German invasion.

It is estimated that the gold production of the Transvaal this year will amount to \$77,000,000.

Japan and Korea signed an agreement by which the former secures control of the Korean peninsula.

Premier Combes, in a speech at Auxerre, France, decided for a complete separation of church and state.

The Prussian Government, fearing a combination of coal mine owners, is trying to buy mines in Westphalia.

General Stakelberg's Russian corps of 25,000 men, which had been cut off from General Kuropatkin's main army, rejoined it.

It is learned at Dresden that Lieut. Count Mattsich Keglevitch had long been secretly communicating with Princess Louise of Coburg, who has disappeared.

Miscellaneous Doings.
Grain receipts at the Atlantic seaboard in July last were about 6,000,000 bushels below those of July, 1903.

Eleven persons were killed and 50 injured by a heavy collision on the Grand Trunk railway at Richmond, Quebec.

It was announced at the convention of the Irish National League that \$50,000 would be raised as an election fund, to be used in England and Ireland.

President Donnelly, of the Butchers' Union, states that the return to work of men in New York will not change his plan to tie up the meat industry.

THE NEXT GENERAL ASSEMBLY

A List of the Nominees Chosen in the Primaries Last Week—Some Deletions Incomplete.

There will be a great many changes in the personnel of the general assembly at the next two years. In the primary last week a number of new senators and representatives were nominated and the lower house will be almost entirely new body.

Ed. K. Keenan and L. Sawyer (E. E. Holman for re-election received but 226 out of 3,460 votes).

Anderson—Senator J. K. Hood, hold-over. Representatives, Josh W. Ashleys, J. B. Watson, Geo. E. Prince and J. E. Tribble. (Senator J. E. Prince and J. C. Millford run over for fifth place).

Bamberg—Dr. J. B. Black elected without opposition to succeed S. G. Mayfield. Representatives chosen, J. S. Felt, J. E. E. Barwell—Geo. H. Bates defeated Robert Aldrich for the senate. Representatives nominated are Messrs. Gyles, Harley and Turner. (R. H. Walker was defeated for re-election).

Beaufort—Senator J. R. Hendon, hold-over. Representative J. G. Colcock, defeated Senator Josh. Talbird for the senate. C. J. Colcock, Jas. Glover and W. N. Hayward stood for the house.

Berkley—E. J. Dennis and R. H. Haynes run over for L. Sawyer. E. J. Dennis and R. H. Haynes elected to the house. Geo. E. E. Ballantine and W. L. Parker elected to the house. Geo. E. Davis and W. M. Breeland run over. (S. W. Russell defeated).

Charleston—Senator Von Kolnitz hold-over. Representatives selected are Huger Sinkler, R. S. Whaley, J. E. Herbert, R. M. Lofton, E. M. Seabrook, D. J. Baker, D. McK. Frost and O. A. Mamlin—the last two being new members. (B. L. Carey was defeated for re-election).

Cherokee—Senator T. B. Butler hold-over. J. C. Otts chosen representative. Representative Kirby and Sarrair in second race for the office.

Chester—Senator G. W. Martin hold-over. L. Gaston and T. C. Strong will be re-elected to house with Paul Hcmphill as third member. (Representative J. M. Wise defeated).

Chesterfield—Senator Edward McKelver hold-over. Representatives J. G. C. Loney re-nominated by nearly seven-eighths of the vote. Representative Pollock runs over with Rev. T. W. Scruggs. Clarendon—Senator C. M. Davis hold-over. Representatives Ralph S. Clarendon and J. P. Brumham, new. Second race between Representative J. H. Lessene and ex-representative M. C. Galluchat.

Colleton—Senator J. H. Peurifoy hold-over. W. W. C. P. H. Brumham, new. Second race for the other place.

Darlington—Senator G. W. Brown hold-over. Representatives, L. M. Lawson, J. P. Kirven and A. L. Gray. (General James and R. L. DeLoach defeated for re-election. M. Coggeshall didn't run).

Dorchester—J. D. Divins and U. S. Connor run over for senate. J. A. Wimberley elected representative—only one over this county.

Edgefield—B. Mayson and T. J. Taylor run over for the senate to succeed J. C. Sheppard, who did not offer. Representative Rainsford was defeated for senate. B. E. Nicholson elected to house and J. W. Devore and J. R. Steuber run over. (Representative Fairbank and W. J. Johnson elected senator to succeed Senator G. W. Ragdale, retired. J. G. McCants, G. W. Ford and J. M. Brice elected representatives).

Florence—Walter H. Wells will run over with G. G. Palmer for seat vacated by resignation of Senator J. W. Ragdale. Representative Gause re-elected. Representatives King and Humphrey defeated. Other representatives are Messrs. Kershaw and Postons.

Georgetown—Senator Legrand G. Walker re-elected without opposition. Representatives J. W. Doar and M. W. Fyett re-elected.

Greenwood—B. L. Mauldin and Abner Blythe run over for the senate. Senator Dean having not been a candidate. For the house the following were elected: B. A. Morgan, returned T. P. Cochran and J. B. G. Patterson, and the following after the second primary for the three remaining places, L. O. Patterson, G. W. Richardson, J. W. Watson and R. Y. Heljama.

Greenwood—Capt. J. Langston Brooks elected senator. Representative T. Callison re-elected, W. H. Yeldell and J. F. Morrison new members.

Lampton—Senator Warren hold-over. Representatives Youmans and Middleton were defeated and Moore and Riley and T. B. Whaley were elected.

Horry—J. G. Holliday re-elected senator over J. P. Darham. D. D. Harrelson re-elected to the house with Col. D. A. Spivey the other member.

Laurens—Senator J. T. Hay holds over. Representatives M. L. Smith and Jno. G. Richards elected without opposition, as was the case with them two years ago.

Lenoir—Senator W. C. Hough holds over. Representatives elected are: Capt. J. W. Hamel, president of the State Law and Order League, and Harry W. Foster. Representative W. C. Callahan, defeated. Representative Williams did not stand for re-election.

Laurens—F. P. McGowan elected to the Senate without opposition to succeed Dr. O. P. Gooden, retired. Rep. R. D. Boyd and J. H. Miller are the new men from Laurens, Mr. C. Featherstone having been defeated.

Lexington—Second race for the Senate between Dr. H. Efford and W. H. Sharpe. The only Representative elected is E. J. Etheredge; E. U. Shealy, P. E. Hutto and J. B. Wingard ran into the second primary.

Marion—Senator James Stackhouse nominated without opposition; Representative Jarrognan was defeated, others did not offer for re-election. New delegation consists of Geo. R. Reeves, L. M. Gasque and John C. Sellers.

Marion—Senator C. S. McCall hold-over. Representative D. D. McColl, Jr., returns at the head of the ticket. W. W. Bruce and J. P. Gibson were also nominated. Representative J. P. Bunch was defeated. Representative W. C. McCall did not offer for re-election.

"Newberry—Colo. L. Bleasle elected over Arthur Kibler. Senator Mower did not offer for re-election. Representatives nominated are P. D. Ogins and J. W. Deardar. Second race between J. A. Gibson and J. W. Taylor. (E. H. Anil and F. H. Donnelly were defeated).

Occanee—J. R. Earle and J. W. Sheler run over for the Senate to succeed Senator Harvord, who did not offer for re-election. Representatives elected are E. E. Verner and J. D. Sheldon. Representative Brown was defeated for the Senate.

"Orangeburg—Senator T. M. RAYSON re-elected without opposition. Representatives D. O. Herbert and E. L. Culler nominated; new men are J. A. Banks, T. F. Brantley and R. F. Dukes.

Pickens—Senator C. H. Carpenter hold-over. Representative elected are: L. M. Manly and T. J. Mauldin. (Representative Matthew Hendricks was defeated for supervisor).

Richland—J. O. Marshall hold-over as Senator. Representatives J. M. Rawlinson and W. H. Haskell re-elected.

ed; Representative Aycock defeated. New members, Porter A. McMaster and A. D. McAdain.

Saldub—E. B. Bleasle elected Senator over the incumbent, E. L. Forrest. Representatives were not elected and there will be a second race between four highest candidates.

Sumter—Richard I. Manning holds over as Senator and the entire list of Representatives re-elected—Alamont Moses, T. B. Fraser and John H. Clifton.

Spartanburg—Senator D. E. Hyrdick re-elected over Representative S. D. M. Hancock. Elected without K. D. Edwards re-elected. Representative I. C. Blackwood defeated. New members are J. Wright Nash, C. P. Sanders, M. W. Walker, H. H. Arnold and W. J. Gibson. (It was announced at first that Mr. Blair reports in The State today correct this).

Union—Senator J. T. Douglass holds over. H. C. Little re-elected to the Legislature with L. J. Browning as the new member. Representatives A. Cole Lyles and ex-representative B. F. Townsend defeated.

Williamsburg—Senator A. H. Williams holds over. Representative W. L. Bass is nominated, as is Mr. John Graham; Representatives Gournin and S. Wall and Mr. Phillip Stoll will run over for the third place.

York—Senator S. S. Brice, author of the Brice bill, re-elected without opposition. Representative Beangard nominated, Representative F. P. McCain defeated; three new members, Capt. J. W. Arbery, Dr. J. E. Massey and Dr. J. H. Saxe. (Representative Halle defeated for county treasurer).

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

Review of Work Accomplished at the Meeting Last Week—New Course of Reading.

The State board of education is preparing a course of study for a teachers' reading circle, which will lead to a 15 or 20 years' State certificate. The plan is to arrange a course of study that the teachers may read at home and study at the county associations. This course will be made to harmonize with the regular courses in the public schools and also with the summer school and library work.

A committee appointed by the State board in May reported at the meeting Friday night and recommended at three or four years course which shall require a certain amount of reading and study each year to be followed with an examination either at the summer schools or at the regular teachers' examination. It is suggested that work be done the first year in English grammar, language and literature, pedagogy, arithmetic and civics. During this year the teachers will be required to study such text books as Benlier's Grammar, Chubb's Literature, James' Talks to Teachers, Peterman's "Civil Government," and to read such supplementary literature as "Enoch Arden," "Evangeline," "Birds and Bees," "Black Beauty," Franklin's Autobiography, "Twice Told Tales," "Gulliver's Travels," "Plutarch's Lives," "Robinson Crusoe," "Self Help," "Silas Marner," "Sketch Book," "Tom Brown's School Days," "Stories of Bird Life," all of which are found in the regular library list.

The second year's course will review the first and do more advanced work in composition, literature, algebra and history. As supplementary reading the following will be suggested: "The Land of Song," "Lady of the Lake," "Lays of Ancient Rome," "Merchant of Venice," "Vision of Sir Launfal," "Horsehoe Robinson," "Ivanhoe," "Last of the Mohicans," Poe's "Tales," "Treasure Island," "Yemassee," etc.

During the third year the course will contain studies of southern literature, studies of Tennyson, geography, nature study and manual training, and for parallel or library reading, the committee suggests Picaonoc English Poems, Carson's Aims of Literary Study, Koopman's Mastery of Books, selections from Carlyle, Emerson, Lowell and Ruskin, also "Twelfth Night," "The Merchant of Venice" and "Tempest." The report of the committee will be printed and submitted to the State board at the next meeting for amendment and adoption. The board does not hope to get this course in operation till next year, but they hope to arrange one of the best teachers' reading circles in the United States and thus have teachers over the State studying along the same line, at the same time.

The State board, at its meeting Saturday, also voted to arrange the granting of a certificate to teachers who successfully complete nine courses of study in a county or district summer school. A committee was appointed to revise the list of colleges with the graduate courses to be taken with an examination, and report at the next meeting.

A committee was also appointed to prepare rules and regulations to govern the award of scholarships to the State institutions.

In an appeal case from Newberry the action of the county board was sustained, because said board acted strictly within its jurisdiction under the law. The county board's action in dividing a school district was reduced below the constitutional limit of nine square miles. A very complicated appeal case came from Oconee, which was heard, and the attorney pointed out to the superintendent of education and the superintendent of education and prepare an order, subject to the approval of the board. After hearing and deciding many other minor matters, the board adjourned Saturday.

Hurt by a Fall.
Spartanburg, S. C., Special.—Mrs. George Hodges, a well-known woman of this city, lies in a critical condition at her home on East Main street as the result of a fall down a flight of stairs Tuesday morning. She was found unconcious at the bottom of the steps by a member of the family, and as no one witnessed the accident the circumstances attending the unfortunate occurrence are not known, but it is understood that she was overtaken by a faintness or an attack of vertigo and lost her balance. This morning all hope of her recovery was abandoned, but reports from her bedside are to the effect that her condition is slightly improved.

Japanese Monuments.
St. Petersburg, By Cable.—The Emperor has received the following telegram from Lieutenant General Liapounek, military governor of the island of Sakhalin, dated September 6:

"Two of the enemy's warships this evening approached Korasak (Sakhalin). My troops moved four miles from shore and sent launches towards the sunken cruiser Novik. Our troops opened fire, whereupon the launches returned to their ships