

Gen. Eagan has been sentenced by the court martial to dismissal from the service.

There is a prospect that the Legislature will reduce the tag tax on fertilizers from 20 cents to 10c a ton.

There is as yet no clue to the fate of the Rev. Aiken Kelly, who so mysteriously disappeared in Charleston several weeks ago.

The legislature has sat down upon an effort to change the color of the State flag from sky blue to royal purple.

The long strike of the mill operatives in Augusta is over, the mill owners making the small concession of reduction in rent and charge for fuel.

The Filipinos are clamoring for independence. If this is granted them by our government, they should be required to assume the responsibility for the \$20,000,000 we agreed to give Spain for the Philippines.

Admiral Dewey has wisely refrained from returning home, thereby enjoying a continuance of popular favor, distance lending effulgence to his glory. The sword voted to him by Congress is a magnificent one of gold to cost three thousand dollars.

SOMETHING ELSE.

And the State Board of Control knows an insurance agent in South Carolina who received premiums on fire insurance policies amounting to eighteen thousand dollars in bogus companies, but declines to give the name of such agent. What is the matter with the Board of Control, do they want to make themselves accomplices after the fact?

NO SHEENANIGIN TOLERATED.

The public desires to have an explicit statement from Adjutant and Inspector General Floyd of the condition of his office, its records, vouchers, etc., as turned over to him by his predecessor, and that he state the facts pure and simple. It is not desired that he should characterize certain acts and doings of another as "irregularities," but let the people apply the epithets that such furnished facts warrant. The people of Edgefield gave Mr. Floyd a very handsome vote, and these same people do not desire now any sheenanigan in this business of the Adjutant and Inspector General's office.

LAW MIXED WITH BRAINS.

George Evans's bill authorizing the county of Edgefield to borrow eighteen thousand dollars from the sinking fund commission is up-to-date statesmanship and financing so far as indebtedness in full and leave enough cash in hand to pay all this year's expenses, and in the third place because it does away with the one mill annually levied for past indebtedness, and substitutes five-eighths of a mill, an this extinguishes the debt of eighteen thousand dollars at the end of ten years. If Capt. Evans continues to grow in this line we predict he will never be a statesman out of a job. We publish this bill in another column as of special interest to Edgefield people.

For Overworked girls and feeble women, Simmons Squaw Vine Wine or Tablets are nature's greatest boon.

REPRESENTATIVE W. A. STROMS BILL.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina:

Section 1. That sections 3, 5, 6 and 8 of an act entitled "An act to provide for the election of the State board of control, and further regulate the sale, use, consumption, transportation and disposition of intoxicating and alcoholic liquors in the State, and prescribe further penalties for violation of the dispensary laws, and to police the same," approved the sixth day of March, A. D. 1896, so that as amended the said sections shall read respectively as follows:

Sec. 3. That the state board of control shall, at the expiration of the term of the present commissioner, and at the expiration of every two years thereafter, appoint a commissioner, which appointment shall be submitted to the senate at its next session for its approval; said commissioner shall be believed by the State board of control to be an abstainer from intoxicants, and shall, under such regulations as may be made by the State board of control, furnish all intoxicating liquors for lawful use in this State to such persons as may be designated as dispensers thereof, to be sold as hereafter prescribed in this act. Said commissioner shall reside, and have his place of business in the city of Columbia, in this State, and hold his office two years from his appointment, and until another be appointed in his stead. He shall be subject to removal for cause by the State board of control. He shall qualify and be commissioned the same as other State officers, and shall receive an annual salary of not more than fifteen hundred dollars, payable from the dispensary fund upon the warrant of the State board of control. He shall be allowed a

a bookkeeper, who shall be paid in the same manner a salary of twelve hundred dollars, and such other assistants as in the opinion of the board of control may be deemed necessary. He shall not furnish to the county dispensers any intoxicating or fermented liquor except such as have been tested by the chemist of the South College and declared to be pure: Provided, That said board of control shall have authority to appoint such assistants as they may find necessary to assist the chemist of the South Carolinian College in making the analysis required by this act; and the said board of control may fix such reasonable compensation, if any, as they may deem proper for the services rendered by such chemist or such assistants. Each county dispenser shall remit to the State treasurer all moneys accruing to the State from the sale of liquors under such rules as may be prescribed by the State board of control, and the State treasurer shall keep a separate account with said fund, from which the State board of control shall draw from time to time upon warrants, or in such manner as they may provide, the amount necessary to pay the expenses incurred in conducting the business. All rules and regulations governing the said commissioner or county dispensers in the performance of any of the duties of his office, where the same is not provided for by law, shall be prescribed by the State board of control. The State commissioner shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, execute a bond to the State treasurer, with sufficient sureties, to be approved in the same manner as the bonds of other State officers, in the penal sum of ten thousand dollars, for the faithful performance of the duties of his office. In all purchases or sales of intoxicating liquors made, as contemplated in this act, the State board of control shall cause a certificate to be attached to each and every package containing said liquors, when the same is shipped to State commissioner from the place of purchase or by State commissioner to the county dispensers, certified by their official signatures and seal, which certificate shall state that liquors contained in said packages have been purchased by the State board of control for use within the State of South Carolina, under the laws of said State, and have been tested, as required by this act, and without such certificates any package containing liquors which shall be shipped from place to place within the State or delivered to the consignee by any railroad, express company or other common carriers, or be found in the possession of any common carriers, shall be regarded as contraband, and may be seized without warrant for confiscation, and such common carrier shall be liable to a penalty of five hundred dollars for each offense, to be recovered against said common carrier in any court of competent jurisdiction by summons and complaint, proceeding to be instituted by the solicitor of any circuit, with whom evidence may be lodged by any officer or citizen having knowledge or information of the violation; and any person attaching or using such certificate without the authority of the State board of control, or any counterfeit certificate, for the purpose of securing the transportation of any intoxicating liquors within this State in violation of law, shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars and imprisonment in the penitentiary for not less than one year for each offense.

Section 5. The intent and or mayor of the town or city in which a dispensary is located, and the county auditor and supervisor of such county, shall constitute the board for all dispensaries in such town or city, such board shall make such rules and regulations as will be conducive to the best management of the sale of intoxicating liquors in their respective towns or cities: Provided, All such rules and regulations shall be submitted to the State board of control, and approved by them before their adoption.

Section 6. County dispensers shall be elected by the qualified electors of the county in which the dispensary are located. In the same way and manner as county supervisors are elected, and in no case shall their salary exceed six hundred dollars, and they shall execute to the county treasurer a bond in the penal sum of three thousand dollars, with good and sufficient sureties, conditioned that he will well and truly obey the laws of the State of South Carolina, now or hereafter in force, in relation to the sale of intoxicating liquors; that he will pay all fines, penalties, damages and costs

that may be assessed or recorded against him for violations of such laws during the term for which said appointment is made, and will not sell intoxicating liquors at a price other than that fixed by the State board of control. Said bond shall be for the use of the State and county, or any person or persons who may be damaged or injured by reason of any violation on the part of the obligor of the law relating to intoxicating liquors purchased or sold during term for which said appointment is made. The said bond shall be deposited with the county treasurer, and suit thereon shall be brought at any time by the solicitor or any person for whose benefit the same is given; and in case the conditions thereof, or any of them, shall be violated, the principal and sureties thereon shall also be jointly and severally liable for all civil damages, costs and judgments that may be obtained against the principal in any civil action brought by wife, child, parent, guardian, employer or other person under the provision of the law. All other moneys collected for breaches of such bonds shall be distributed as other funds arising from the dispensary. Said bond shall be approved as other official bonds for the county.

Section 8. Each county dispenser, before commissioned, shall make and subscribe on oath before some officer authorized by law to administer oaths, which shall be endorsed upon the bond, the effect and tenor following: "I, \_\_\_\_\_, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will well and truly perform all and singular the condition of the within bond, and keep and perform the trusts confided in me to purchase, keep and sell intoxicating liquors. I will not sell, give or furnish to any person any intoxicating liquors otherwise than is provided by law, and, especially, I will not sell or furnish intoxicating liquors to any minor, intoxicated person or persons who are in the habit of becoming intoxicated, and I will make true, full and accurate returns to the county board of control on the first Monday of each month of all certificates and requests made to or received by me, as required by law during the preceding month; and such returns shall show every sale and delivery of such liquors made by me or for me during the month embraced therein, and the true signature to every request received and granted, and such returns shall show that I authorize him to keep and sell intoxicating liquors as in this act provided; and every appointment made shall specify the building, giving the street and number or location, in which intoxicating liquors may be sold by virtue of the same, and the length of time in which the same shall be in force, which in no case shall exceed twelve months. Appointments made under this act shall be deemed trusts reposed in the recipients thereof, not as a matter of right, but of confidence, and may be revoked upon sufficient showing by order of the county board of control; and upon the removal of any county dispenser, or upon demand of the county board of control, he shall immediately turn over to the county board of control all liquors and other property in his possession belonging to the State or county board of control shall be charged with the duty of prosecuting the county dispenser or of his employees who may violate any of the provisions of this act. On the death, resignation or removal of a county dispenser, or expiration of his term of office, the governor shall appoint his successor until the next general election.

Section 9. That the State board of control, or any person or persons who may be damaged or injured by reason of any violation on the part of the obligor of the law relating to intoxicating liquors purchased or sold during term for which said appointment is made. The said bond shall be deposited with the county treasurer, and suit thereon shall be brought at any time by the solicitor or any person for whose benefit the same is given; and in case the conditions thereof, or any of them, shall be violated, the principal and sureties thereon shall also be jointly and severally liable for all civil damages, costs and judgments that may be obtained against the principal in any civil action brought by wife, child, parent, guardian, employer or other person under the provision of the law. All other moneys collected for breaches of such bonds shall be distributed as other funds arising from the dispensary. Said bond shall be approved as other official bonds for the county.

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MONKEY PICKERS.

An Interesting Experiment Being Tried in Mississippi Cotton Fields.

SAID TO BE SUCCESSFUL.

Can Pick as Much Cotton as Negroes and the Expense is Only One Third as Great—This Experiment May Lead to a Revolution in Cotton picking.

Mr. Tom G. Lane contributes the following to the Southern Cotton Planters' Journal: Two years ago, at the Vicksburg fair, in the fall of 1896, as Prof. S. M. Tracey and Mr. W. W. Mangum were watching some trained monkeys perform their various tricks, Professor Tracey said to Mr. Mangum:

"As sure as you are alive, Mangum, those monkeys can be taught to pick cotton better and more cheaply than our negroes do, and perpetual fame will be the part of the man who first tried the experiment."

At first Mr. Mangum was inclined to laugh at the idea, but the more he thought over the matter, and the more he watched the monkeys at their various tricks, the more he became convinced that there was something in it, and the next day as he left the professor at the Carroll hotel, he said:

"Well professor, I have been thinking over your suggestion of teaching monkeys to pick cotton, and I am determined to try the thing and see if it will work. I have been taught to do much more difficult things than that, and I am almost sure they can be taught to pick cotton. We can't rely on the niggers much longer, and next fall I am going to buy me a dozen monkeys and see what can be done."

The next fall, that is in September of 1897, Mr. Mangum bunted up the owner and trainer of ten trained monkeys in New York City, and made arrangements both to buy the monkeys, and to get the services of their trainer who understood the business, and assured Mr. Mangum that it would be the simplest thing imaginable to teach monkeys to pick cotton.

These were placed upon one of Mr. Mangum's Mississippi plantations about the middle of September of that year, and the training began. The monkeys belonged to the race known to scientists as Sphagalis Vulgaris, and the males weigh about 110 pounds and the females about 90 pounds each. Bags were made for each monkey, which would hold about 25 pounds of seed cotton, and a bag placed over the shoulder of each, it is surprising how rapidly the trainer taught the monkeys to pick cotton. Baskets to hold the cotton were placed at the end of the rows, and the monkeys, but they would also pick more of it in a day. In less than a month after the monkeys started at the work they could pick on average of 150 pounds a day. They picked in weather in which negroes would not pick, and picked cleaner cotton. The cost of picking was much less, and it is every way they made much better pickers than the average negro.

The first experiment, although on a small scale, proved to Mr. Mangum that monkeys could be used with great success as cotton pickers, so in June of 1898 he made an order for 300 monkeys of the same breed, on an exporter of monkeys from Africa, with the understanding that most of them were to be females. About the first of September of this year the new batch of monkeys arrived, and the service of the old trainers was engaged to train this new lot.

But this was not such an easy matter as was at first thought, for many of the new monkeys were still wild. But the trainer thoroughly understands his business, having served for a long time under Barnum as trainer of monkeys. Finally with the aid of the ten old monkeys, who were of great assistance, and a great deal of punishment and rewarding, the gang were pretty well tamed by the middle of October.

I have watched this experiment with greater interest than I have watched any new things in years. I have kept in constant correspondence with Mr. Mangum about this matter and about the middle of November I visited his plantation near Smedes to see the monkeys at their work. I must admit that it was a glorious sight to see, and one that did my heart good. The rows were filled with monkeys, each one with her little cotton sack around her neck, picking quietly and orderly, and without any rush or confusion. When they got their sack full they would run to the end of the row, where a man was stationed to empty them into the cotton baskets, when they would hurry back to their work monkeys seemed actually to enjoy picking.

Morning Sickness, or Nausea from Pregnancy, is dispelled by Simmons Squaw Vine Wine or Tablets.

Your Cotton.

Parties bringing in Cotton for sale will take it to the Cotton Mill. Mr. H. A. Smith is with the Cotton Mill now and will be glad to buy all cotton brought in.

ff's Tax Sale.

ST. SOUTH CAROLINA

County of Edgefield. By sundry executions issued in the following cases, to-wit: H. S. C., on the first day of February, A. D. 1899, (both day of the month), the following described lands: (1) of land containing two acres, more or less, belonging to the Pottery Co., bounded by D. B. Hollingsworth on the north, and east by public road, Dr. H. Parker on the south, and west by the road, and containing two and fifty (250) acres, more or less, and belonging to the Pottery Co., bounded by the north, by Cothran Sprou on the south, by Dr. Butcher on the east, by Ryan Whaley on the west.

eriff's Tax Sale.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. COUNTY OF EDGEFIELD.

By virtue of an execution to me directed in the following case, I will proceed to sell at public outcry Edgefield C. H. S. C., on the 6th day of February, 1899, (being the 1st Monday of said month) the following personal property, to-wit: 1 printing press; 1 lot of type and galleys; 1 marble slab and stand; 1 lot leads and rules; 1 cutting machine; 1 pile-wood; 1 stool; printer's stands; 1 chair, and other printing office fixtures belonging to W. J. McKerrall.

Herbert G. Gardner, et al. Pursuant to the decree in this cause I will offer for sale at public outcry before the Court House, town of Edgefield, and State of South Carolina, on the first Monday of February, 1899, (being the 6th day of said month) between the legal hours of sale, the following described realty, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land, north by tract of Mrs. O. O. Barr; east by lands of W. E. Eubanks; south by lands of Mrs. S. D. Jones, and west by lands of T. J. Gardner.

Terms cash. W. H. OUZTS, Sheriff E. C.

STYLISH, RELIABLE ARTISTIC Dressmakers. They Always Please.

THE McCALL BAZAR, 136 to 146 W. 14th Street, New York.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE, THE McCALL CO., 136 to 146 W. 14th St., New York.

Brightest Magazine Published. Contains Beautiful Colored Plates. Illustrates Latest Patterns, Fashions, Fancy Work.

FOR A Situation. Book-Keeping, Business, PHONOGRAPHY, Type-Writing, Telegraphy.

Carolina and Cumberland Gap Railway.

Schedule in Effect May 1, 1898. BETWEEN EDGEFIELD AND AIKEN.

Leave Edgefield, 5 30 a.m. Arrive Trenton, 6 00 a.m.

Leave Trenton, 6 50 a.m. Arrive Aiken, 8 00 a.m.

Leave Aiken, 11 15 a.m. Arrive Edgefield, 12 30 p.m.

BETWEEN EDGEFIELD AND POINTS ON SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Leave Edgefield, 5 30 a.m. Arrive Trenton, 6 00 a.m.

Leave Trenton, 6 25 a.m. Arrive Augusta, 8 00 a.m.

Arrive Columbia, 4 55 p.m. Returns daily except Sunday. I. W. FOWLER, Vice-President.

W. M. MEYER, Train Master. E. G. HALTIWANGER, Prt. & Pass. Agt., Edgefield, S. C.

PATENTS.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE. TRADE MARKS DESIGNED BY McCALL'S.

Scientific American. Largest circulation of any English journal. Terms \$5 a year in advance.

INN & Co. Broadway, New York. Traces Office, 17 St., Washington, D. C.

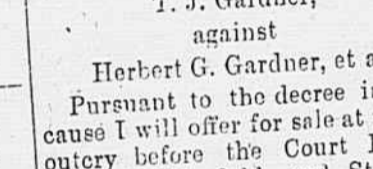
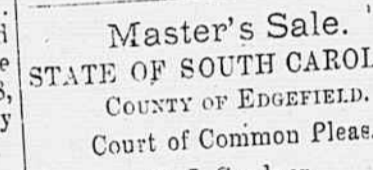
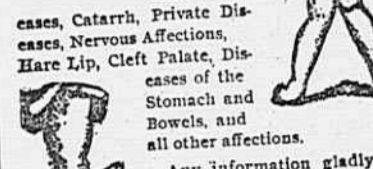
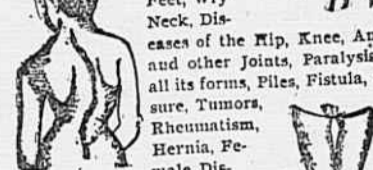
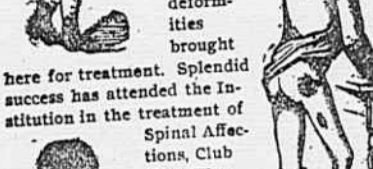
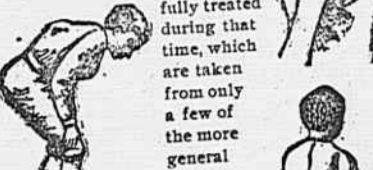
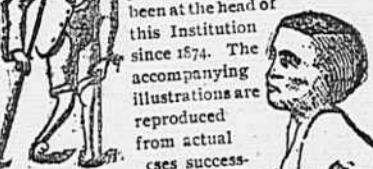
Edgefield Hussars. It is troop meet at the Gary on Saturday, 4th, at 11 A. M. Regular quarterly meeting. N. G. EWS, Capt. Comd'g. P. SULLIVAN, S.

NATIONAL SURGICAL INSTITUTE AND SANITARIUM.

Illustrations Showing a Few of the Actual Cases Successfully Treated at this Institution.

MANUFACTURE ALL KINDS OF SURGICAL APPLIANCES FOR THE CURE OF DEFORMITIES.

Proprietors and surgeons in charge of the National Surgical Institute and Sanitarium are K. H. Holand, M. D., and J. T. Renouff, M. D., who have been at the head of this Institution since 1874. The accompanying illustrations are reproduced from actual cases successfully treated during that time, which are taken from only a few of the more general deformities brought here for treatment. Splendid success has attended the institution in the treatment of Spinal Affections, Club Feet, Wry Neck, Dislocations of the Hip, Knee, Ankle and other Joints, Paralysis in all its forms, Piles, Fistula, Fish-tail, Cleft Palate, Dislocations of the Neck, Hernia, Female Diseases, Catarrh, Private Diseases, Nervous Affections, Mare Zip, Cleft Palate, Dislocations of the Stomach and Bowels, and all other affections. Any information gladly furnished on application.



Address all Communications to National Surgical Institute and Sanitarium, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Master's Sale. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. COUNTY OF EDGEFIELD. Court of Common Pleas. T. J. Gardner, against

Herbert G. Gardner, et al. Pursuant to the decree in this cause I will offer for sale at public outcry before the Court House, town of Edgefield, and State of South Carolina, on the first Monday of February, 1899, (being the 6th day of said month) between the legal hours of sale, the following described realty, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land, north by tract of Mrs. O. O. Barr; east by lands of W. E. Eubanks; south by lands of Mrs. S. D. Jones, and west by lands of T. J. Gardner.

Terms of Sale: One-half cash, and the balance on a credit of one year, with interest from day of sale. Purchaser to give bond and a mortgage of the premises to secure the payment of the credit portion, or all cash at the purchaser's option.

Purchaser to pay for papers. W. F. ROATH, Master E. C. Jan. 11, 1899.

Book-Keeping, Business, PHONOGRAPHY, Type-Writing, Telegraphy.

WILBUR R. SMITH, LEXINGTON, KY.

For circular of his famous and responsible COMMERCIAL COLLEGE OF KY. UNIVERSITY. Awarded Medal at World's Exposition. Cost of Full Business Course, including Tuition, Books and Board in Family, about \$50. Shortland, Type-Writing, and Telegraphy, Specialties. Awarded Graduate, Literary Course Free, if desired. No traction. Enter into Grand success!

Money to Loan. On farming lands. Easy payments. No commissions charged. Borrower pays actual cost of perfecting loan. Interest 8 per cent.

JNO. B. PALMER & SON, COLUMBIA, S. C., or JOS. H. CANTELOU, EDGEFIELD, S. C.

Notice of Dissolution. The partnership of Butler & Smith is hereby dissolved. M. C. BUTLER. Dec. 6th, 1898.

Remember we are headquarters for all kinds of Job Work.

The Padgett Furniture Co. 1110 AND 1112 BROAD STREET. AUGUSTA, GA.

GEO. P. COBB, JOHNSTON S. C. Furniture and Household Goods.

Wagons, Buggies, Harness, Saddles, Etc. HAVE JUST PURCHASED A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL HEARSE.

Call by Telephone promptly answered and attended to. LOWEST PRICES.

HAVE YOU VISITED THE

South Carolina Co-Educational Institute?

WE WOULD BE GLAD TO HAVE YOU DO SO

THIS SESSION WE HAVE ENROLLED..... ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-EIGHT STUDENTS, ...Seventy-nine of whom are Boarders.

Our Institution is the largest and oldest one of the Co-Educational Boarding Schools in South Carolina. The Faculty consists of NINE EXPERIENCED TEACHERS

Who give their entire time to the Institution, besides other teachers who teach in the school from two to three hours daily.

THE COURSE OF STUDY

In all Departments is thorough and our graduates may be found teaching in almost every county in South Carolina.

THE CADETS

Are drilled daily and are well supplied with guns and military accoutrements.

WE HAVE THE Largest and Best Equipped Buildings

OF ANY SCHOOL IN THIS PART OF THE STATE.

Write or Call at the Institute for Descriptive Circulars.

F. N. K. BAILEY, President

A Little Money Buys Lots of Goods at Our Store.

This Solid Oak Bedroom Suit, Dresser, Washstand and Bedstead, with large, beveled Mirrors in Dresser; double enclosed Washstand; Bedstead 4 ft. 6 in. wide, over 6 ft. high, bracket rails and double hocks; all beautifully carved and highly finished. Worth everywhere \$25.00, but to introduce our business we will sell one car load of these suits for

\$15.00 PER SUIT.

Don't write and ask questions send the \$15.00 and get the Suit. You can get your money back if it is not all right.

It is useless to spend \$25.00 to \$40.00 for Stores with high sounding names and worthless guarantees when we can ship you a nice, plain, well-made, heavy No. 8 Store; the good kind, the kind that lasts, including 40 pieces of ware, for only

\$10.00.

The oven is large enough to bake a turkey. Your money back if Store is not satisfactory

We Want Your Trade.

This advertisement describes two of our sledge hammer bargains, we have lots of others, including bargains in FURNITURE, BABY CARRIAGES, CARPETS, DINNER SETS, CHAMBER SETS, MATTINGS, LACE CURTAINS, KITCHEN WARE, SHADES, AND SEWING MACHINES.

Everything that we touch is a bargain. Correspondence solicited.

The Padgett Furniture Co. 1110 AND 1112 BROAD STREET. AUGUSTA, GA.

GEO. P. COBB, JOHNSTON S. C. Furniture and Household Goods.

Wagons, Buggies, Harness, Saddles