

# Edgefield Advertiser.

THOS. J. ADAMS, PROPRIETOR.

EDGEFIELD, S. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1893.

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## MR. W. B. REYNOLDS.

### Several Theories as to What Prompted the Deed.

Augusta Chronicle. W. B. Reynolds, the man who suicided by taking morphine in Savannah on Tuesday, was well known here.

About ten days ago, just after Lancaster killed himself, Reynolds told some friends that he was going to follow the photographer's example. Two days after uttering the threat he made an ineffectual attempt to end his life, by taking morphine.

Reynolds was very much in love with a handsome young lady in Augusta, and spent much money on her, keeping her supplied with rare flowers and presenting her with a number of jewels. When the young lady left for Savannah last week Reynolds followed her. It is said he was very much smitten with her, but his action was not reciprocated.

The Savannah News gives the following account of the suicide:

W. B. Reynolds formerly - Belt Line motorman suicided early yesterday morning in a house of ill fame on South Broad street by taking about four grains of morphine.

Why Reynolds took his own life is something of a mystery. It is thought by some he did it on account of his wife's unfaithfulness. It is believed, too, that he put an end to his career because he had run through a small inheritance.

He was apparently under the influence of liquor and seemed to be in good spirits when he went to the house. He was nervous, however, despite his free and easy humor. On several occasions he went out on a piazza, but no special attention was paid to this, as it was supposed he was only going out to get ice water. But it was not ice water he went out for.

He was worried in mind, and to end his troubles took a large dose of morphine. He fell on the sofa about 3 o'clock, and suddenly fell to the floor. Those in the room rushed to his side and found him unconscious. This alarmed the inmates of the house, and ice water was freely applied to the unconscious man. This and other methods of restoration were used, but to no effect.

Reynolds remained limp and lifeless to all appearances. The proprietress of the house summoned Dr. Nichols, who went immediately to the unconscious man, but he found that there was little or no hope for his recovery. A general congestion had set in. The doctor believes that the chill had existed from the beginning of unconsciousness. The congestion continued until ensued. Upon careful examination it was found from the appearance of the pupils of the man's eyes that very little of the morphine taken had been absorbed up to the time that the doctor had arrived, this being prevented by the congestive chill.

Although fully aware that the man was beyond human aid, the doctor made every effort to save him by the use of the remedies usually applied in such cases. After working for two hours he gave the case up.

Reynolds was finally carried to St. Joseph's infirmary, but he had scarcely been in the infirmary fifteen minutes when he expired. A search was made of his pockets and a red envelope containing about a grain of morphine was found. It is presumed from the folds of the paper that it originally contained five grains. The name of the druggist did not appear on the package, and it is impossible to learn from whom the drug was obtained.

A pawn ticket showing that Reynolds had pawned his watch for \$5, and two or three small items, together with a letter addressed "Snow" were found in the pockets of the dead man's trousers.

Reynolds was twenty-five years old. He was originally from Edgefield, S. C., and came here some months ago as a motorman on the Barnard street line. He held the place until March 1st, when he received a legacy from his mother's estate. He realized from this \$1,000 in cash, and a small farm.

He took the money and sold the farm, and with what he could get together went on a drunk. With the going of his money went his friends and he soon realized that he was broke. He was out of employment, had no money, and very

few more friends, and troubles of a domestic nature came upon him, which in his state were hard to overcome.

Acting Coroner Naughtin viewed the body at the infirmary and concluded that it was unnecessary to hold an inquest. The body will be sent to his relatives and friends in South Carolina to-day.

### Fall Oats and Rye.

Southern Cultivator.

The general mistake in planting this crop is that it is put in too late, and the land is not made rich enough. The complaint is that it is so often cut off by the cold weather. But if the seed is put in early and the crop forced forward by high manuring, in nine cases out of ten, it is too far advanced to be injured by the cold. Every experienced farmer has noticed that it is the poor spots in a field which are killed first, and that often when these are entirely destroyed the richer spots escape without any appearance of injury. A crop of fall oats, the "stand" being once secured, is more valuable than the same area planted in the spring. The yield is greater and the grain is of better quality.

Every farmer, if he cannot afford more, should have at least a patch of rye or barley. It is never winter killed, and furnishes the much needed green food for horses and cattle.

### Behring Sea Decision.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The decision of the Behring Sea question is expected in a fortnight.

A dispatch to-day says that every point has been adjudicated and in every instance that Russell Webster, counsel for Great Britain, has been sustained.

The decision is unanimous on all points except one, to which Judge Harlan and Senator Morgan dissent. This refers to the seal fisheries on the high seas.

The regulations to close the seasons are very stringent. The English will be more lenient than Americans, as the latter hold the islands.

### A Profitable Potato Season.

Richmond Times. The Irish potato season, which has just ended, has been most profitable one on the eastern shore for years past. The shipment has been larger and the prices have been and are yet the very top of the market. During the past three weeks over 2,500 car loads of potatoes have passed over the peninsula. One day's shipment from Cape Charles alone amounted to between eight and nine thousand barrels, or fifty car loads. The sweet potato season will be in full blast in a few weeks.

### A Wonderful Watch.

A mechanical marvel lately exhibited in St. Petersburg is a musical watch which was made by a Russian peasant in the reign of Catherine. It is about the size of a hen's egg, and contains a representation of the tomb of Christ, with the Roman sentinels. On pressing a spring the stone rolls away from the tomb, the sentinels fall down, the angels appear and the holy women enter the sepulcher, and the same chant which is sung in the Greek church on Easter eve is actually performed.

### Rattlesnake in His Breaches.

Philadelphia Record. ASHLAND, Pa., 25.—A son of David McKelvey, residing at Rocktown, while running through the woods near his home was attacked by a rattlesnake which he had trod upon. The snake fastened its fangs to the boy's pantaloons and unable to withdraw them. The frightened boy started home at breakneck speed, dragging the snake with him, where it was killed. The lad was not hurt.

### Gold for America.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—During the last week the rate for long discount has been 2; for short discount, 1/2. The tendency is steadily upward. It is understood that \$10,000,000 will be shipped within the next two weeks to the United States, and the belief is that several millions more will be sent over before the end of the year.

As a hair dressing and for the prevention of baldness, Ayer's Hair Vigor has no equal in merit and efficiency. Clean, and healthy and gives vitality and color to weak, faded, and gray hair. Most popular of the list articles.

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## THE DISPENSARY LAW.

By Mrs. S. F. Chapin in Southern Christian Advocate.

It was my privilege on last Sabbath evening, July 16th, to be present at the Citadel Square Baptist Church, where the Rev. David Ramsey, the pastor, was announced to preach. His topic was to be "Religion and the New Liquor Law."

The day had been intensely hot, and what seemed to be a gathering storm was evidently approaching, but neither pretentious clouds nor rumbling thunder prevented a large congregation from filling the house and occupying the gallery. Quite a number of colored people were also present. All denominations were represented, showing the deep and universal interest felt in the subject to be discussed.

Mr. Ramsey, after the opening exercises, read most impressively the 13th chapter of Romans, and took as his text part of the first verse: "The powers that be are ordained of God." He said some people thought the pulpit had no right to discuss "the temperance question," but he believed that everything connected with the welfare of society and the salvation of souls came under the conscientious minister's line of subjects for discussion; and as intemperance was admitted by all to be the greatest curse of the age, he proposed to speak from a religious standpoint of the new law passed for its suppression.

First, he asked, what is the South Carolina law, and with whom did it originate?

This he answered by saying, not by Governor Tillman or the politicians, and yet it meets its bitterest opposition from the ill will of those who object to it because of the great load of prejudice they feel toward the Chief Executive and his party. It is being most bitterly attacked from every direction, and if it lives it will have the broadest and most universal approval ever enacted in any State; but Governor Tillman is not responsible for it.

The liquor traffic had become so law-defying and intolerant that thoughtful citizens all through the country felt and determined that it should be crushed out, and by a majority of ten thousand votes demanded absolute prohibition. The people in the State did it.

There has been a great educational force at work in the State for years for the shutting up of the saloons by law. The Legislature did not pass the law absolutely prohibitory, but provided for the sale of liquor by responsible men, guarded by restrictions almost amounting to prohibition, or if the freeholders preferred prohibition out and out, all they had to do was to refuse to sign the petition for a dispensary. As a Christian man and a prohibitionist, I could not sign a petition for a dispensary, although it is infinitely better than the licensed saloon and a long step towards absolute prohibition. I have travelled this State from one end to the other. It is my native State. I have talked with the warm-hearted, honest men who wear the wool hat and support this bill, and whatever a few politicians may have in view I do believe the bill was honestly framed to benefit all the people, and with no intention to make money out of the law, and with no malice in the world against our beautiful historic City by the Sea, so full of valiant deeds and precious memories. He deprecated any and every effort to create division between the sections; and as he spoke tenderly and lovingly of the little State, with its head nesting among the mountains and its feet laying in the waters of our beautiful bay, whose brave sons at the first signal gun which sounded in our harbor rushed from their mountain and midland homes to stand shoulder to shoulder with their brothers in the City by the Sea for the protection of their State, eyes filled with tears; and when he said "I love my State, every foot of it, and as a Christian and a patriot I will respect those who by her votes are placed in authority, and obey the laws upon her statute books," the looks of approval and acquiescence from the young men, who were out in force, showed Lincoln's oft-repeated saying, "You can fool all of the people some of the time, and some people all of the time, but you cannot fool all of the people

all the time," was correct. Defiance of law, he said, can only result in anarchy and a reign of violence, and no Christian patriot would advise such a course. No matter if the laws are passed by men of your own choice or not. Hero was Emperor at the time Paul enjoined obedience to all law and said "The powers that be are ordained of God."

A strict execution of law is necessary for the well-being of society. Among the many objections urged against the bill is that "the State has been disgraced by going into the liquor business." We would like to ask, he said, when has the State not been in the liquor business? Has it not for years legalized the liquor traffic, and shared, in the name of revenue, the profits from it? It is not "going into the business," but dis- solving its numerous partnerships with those who have conducted it, to the injury of its citizens, and going to take the business, which they propose materially to curtail, under its own immediate supervision, appointing only such agents as are men of integrity and whose moral character is endorsed by their fellow citizens.

But "it is a monopoly," and the State might as well monopolize the drug business, is urged as an objection.

There can be no comparison between the drug business and the liquor business. Public necessity demands medicines; but if the druggist should go into the strychnine business the State would be justified in interfering as it has in the traffic which has proved so destructive and ruinous to its citizens. It is the duty of the State to protect the health of its citizens by every means in its power.

The advantages of the new law are already apparent in this city, and to give practical demonstration of its beneficial working he read a list of statistics he had copied from the police books showing the comparative number of arrests for the same offenses into effect with those of preceding years:

In 1889, from the 1st to the 15th of July, there were 42 arrests, 25 white, 17 colored.

In 1890, 29—14 white, 15 colored.

In 1893, 6—5 whites, 1 colored; 2 of these were from liquor held over.

Fourth of July was more like a Sabbath day, and quite a contrast to previous fourths, when sober citizens kept indoors to avoid collision with drunken rowdies.

In visiting among my parishioners I hear of blessed results. One lady tells of a husband and father who had not spent an evening at home for ten years not spending an evening out since the bar rooms were closed.

A large class of young men, particularly those whose homes are not in the city, drank because of the pleasant surroundings of the bar room, with its music, pictures and flowers. This temptation is now taken out of their way, for the dispensaries offer no such inducements. They are not kept open after dark, and do not sell by the single drink. Habitual drinkers and minors cannot purchase a drop. So the dispensary has none of these injurious features of the bar rooms, and may prove a great blessing to the entire State.

Not any of our unregistered Chinese residents have yet been sent back to their own country under the provision of the Exclusion act, and the half dozen of them who have been arrested under it were speedily released to await the orders of the government. It has been interesting to observe how the whole of these peculiar people have stood together, solidly and impassively, through the period of fifteen months since the enactment of the Geary law. It is not often that any large body of white men are so unanimous, obedient, and patient as these yellow men have been all along. The Chinese in the United States are certainly a remarkable people. They are unobtrusive, industrious, sober, provident, and well-mannered; they cannot be accused of inordinate viciousness; and it must be said that, in this part of the country, there are few criminals or law-breakers among them.—New York Sun.

Bills of Sale and Mortgages of personal and real estate for sale at the ADVERTISER'S OFFICE.

## BURIED TREASURE FOUND.

A Pile of Old Gold Coins Unearthed in Spartanburg County.

Columbia State.

Mr. W. H. Lyles returned to the city yesterday from a stay at his summer home at Landrum's on the Asheville and Spartanburg road, the State line. He tells the story of the remarkable find of buried treasure upon the plantation adjoining his place by a poor white farmer. The treasure is all in gold coin, some of the coins being 175 years old. All of it is the coin of foreign countries and the dates range from 1719 to 1792.

A few days ago a white farmer was ploughing in the field. His plow turned up two of these gold coins. He picked them up and went ahead. His wife came along shortly afterwards, hoeing. She dug up two more. Then they stopped work and went back to the spot, beginning to dig. In a short time they unearthed a pile, with no other covering than the earth, of over 100 of the gold coins. Each one of them was as bright and shiny as if it had just come from the mint. The money value of the gold itself is about \$500. Some time ago the same farmer dug up an old skillet near the same place. It is supposed that the coins were buried therein.

The land upon which this gold was found formerly belonged to Thomas Earle, but there is no clue to solve the riddle of how this treasure came to be buried there. It is supposed to have been a collection of rare coins made by some man with a fancy for such things during the present century and buried there for safe keeping during the war.

The value of the coins, on account of their age and rarity, is no doubt, very considerable. The coins are Spanish, English, German, etc.

Mr. Lyles secured two of them. They are beauties. One of them is the size of a five dollar gold piece. On one side is the inscription in Latin "Philip V, by the grace of God, King of Spain and India." This surrounds the head of Philip. On the obverse is the crown and coat arms of Philip and this inscription: "The fear of God is the beginning of wisdom."

The other coin is larger. Surrounding the head of a woman Louis' queen no doubt, is the inscription: "Louis XV, by the grace of God, King of France and Navarre, 1779." On the obverse is the maltese cross with fleur de lis in the center and the inscription in Latin "Christ reigns, conquers and rules."

The farmer will doubtless realize a handsome sum for his find.

## BAD BLOOD.

Two Deacons Disagree and One Kills the Other's Fine Mule.

Augusta Evening News.

An unusual case arose in the Hamburg Justice Court to-day before Judge Getzen.

Two colored brothers in the church (Baptist deacons and leaders, in fact), Jim Thomas and Handy Henderson, got into trouble, and they will have to submit to the law. Jim grew jealous of Handy's attentions to his wife, and although hauled up in church and made to shake hands, they did not bury the hatchet.

Handy lost a fine mule the other night and found it had been carried to the swamp and killed. He suspected Thomas and had a warrant sworn out.

Judge Getzen heard the preliminary to-day, but thinking the case more important and serious than could be covered in a justice court he sent it to the higher court in Aiken.

The colored people condemn Thomas, and the ease is liable to go hard with him.

It is a matter of pride and congratulation that in the midst of this epidemic of bank failures the Southern banks stand so firm. Comptroller Eckles has complimented the banking institutions of this section upon the "safe and conservative manner" in which they are conducted, and says that their management is highly commendable. Especially has South Carolina to congratulate herself upon the absence of even the slightest flurry in her banking institutions.—Winnsboro News and Herald.

## BROUGHT TO AUGUSTA.

The Remains of W. B. Reynolds, Who Committed Suicide.

Augusta Evening News, Aug. 2d.

The remains of Mr. W. B. Reynolds, who killed himself in Savannah yesterday by swallowing an over-dose of laudanum, were brought to Augusta at noon to-day, and were carried to his father's home, twelve miles from the city, over in Carolina, for burial.

Mr. Reynolds has been in Augusta for the last two months staying with Mr. Jack Holder, and he only left here for Savannah last Sunday.

Since his departure Mr. Holder received a letter from Reynolds telling him his intentions to commit suicide.

Some time ago Reynolds inherited \$1,200 from his mother's estate, and after blowing in all his tin he became despondent and suicided.

## CAPE HORN'S POST OFFICE.

There is None Simpler—And it Has No Postmaster Attached.

In spite of improved modern methods of communication, the southern extremity of South America still retains its flavor of aloofness and romance. The trip around the Horn, still necessarily made by sailing vessels because they cannot so easily thread the mazes of the Straits of Magellan, is no easier than it was to the early navigators, save that perhaps modern sailing ships are safer and more manageable than those of the sixteenth century. Even yet, however, sailing ships may hover vainly off the Horn for the better part of a month, and that curious international mail box kept at the Horn still has its uses.

Laudsmen who have heard of this singular survival are tempted to doubt its existence, but sailors persistently affirm that it is still there. Cape Horn is a great mass of rock rising abruptly from the sea and forming a small island. Upon one of the ledges of this rock stands a covered barrel, the international Postoffice of a region more than 500 miles from anything that resembles civilization. It is the custom of captains passing round the Horn to send a boat ashore at this point if possible, take out whatever mail is going in the direction of the vessel, and drop in whatever it is desired shall go in the other direction.

International comity would protect the mail box if need be, but no pirates lurk about that region, and whatever natives may be there would have small use for the contents of the mail box. It is the world's most southern Postoffice, more than twenty degrees south of Cape Town, and more than ten degrees south of any post town in Oceania.

## Thought She Was Ill.

Million.

An extremely ludicrous incident occurred in a Lancashire church on a recent Sunday. A young lady, evidently a stranger, of a naturally pale complexion, accidentally let her handkerchief fall on the floor.

By repeatedly stooping to reach it furtively she attracted the notice of a gentleman in the pew behind, who thought she was about to faint. With the best of motives, therefore, he took her gently under the arms and raised her up, gently to her surprise. As she tried to release herself another gentleman went to her assistance, and before the young lady knew what was the matter they were moving her out into the aisle.

Naturally she was too much astonished to find words for protest, and they had managed to half carry, half lead her some distance, when she directed an appealing look to another gentleman in a pew, as if asking him to help also. He, too, promptly rose from his seat and helped to lift her up and carry her into the vestry room. There she recovered her powers of speech and mutual explanations soon exposed the ludicrousness of the situation.

## A Thirty-Pound Nugget of Gold.

Portland Morning Oregonian.

BARKER CITY, July 10.—The recent gold strike made at the Virtue mine near this city, is the richest and most extensive revealed for years. This afternoon a chunk was taken out weighing thirty pounds, when it is estimated to contain \$3,000. On account of the extreme richness of the ore it is not run through the mill, but is pounded in a large mortar.

## FATHER OF FORTY-FIVE.

Moses Williams the Progenitor of a Company of Children.

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 2.—The fecundity of the negro race has been the subject of much comment and discussion. A case has come to light in this State that is one of the most remarkable on record.

Moses Williams, a negro farmer, lives in the eastern section of this State.

He is 65 years old—as nearly as he can make out—does not appear to be over 50. He has been married twice, and by the two wives has had born to him forty-five children.

By the first wife he had twenty-three children, twenty of whom were girls and three were boys. By the second wife he had twenty-two children, twenty girls and two boys. He also has about forty grand children. The case is well authenticated.

## For the Thoughtful.

There is no greater rogue than a pious rascal.

From life to death is measured by two ticks of the clock.

If the facts could only be fully known, it would no doubt be found that one good natured man does more for the health of a neighborhood than four doctors.

Bread from God's table is only given to those who are willing to work and fight for it.

Shadows are black, but they have no teeth.

The world loses nothing when a bad man dies, no matter how much money he is worth.

The best places in heaven are for those who are willing to have a hard time on earth for Christ.

There are men so small that when they give a quarter for the heathen they think that God ought to give them a big wheat crop.

The devil keeps close to the man who gets near quick.

Many people who are down right ravens at home, pass for doves in society.

Testimony is a duty. If God is doing anything for you tell it.

St. Paul was probably the only preacher who never complained of being over worked, and yet there never was an hour of his Christian life that he didn't keep the devil busy.

Faith without any works is an engine without any fire under the boiler.

It is never safe to undertake to live a single day without God.

The bank of heaven is the only bank we know of these hard times that invites a run upon it.

## RAM'S HORN.

Filled His Mouth With Powder.

CHICAGO, July 28.—Tired of life William H. Irving, of Charles street, Winthrop Beach, Mass., committed suicide on the lake shore.

The method used was horrible and most revolting. A partly filled can of powder by his side and the torn and mangled face indicated that the suicide had filled his mouth with powder and then, probably with a lighted match, had caused it to explode. In the pocket of his coat was found a notebook, in which was this information:

"My name is W. H. Irving, of Winthrop Beach, Mass. In case of accident or serious illness notify Mrs. W. H. Irving, at the above address.

"Note to City Authorities—Don't send my body home, as my wife has no money to bury it. Don't bury me in a pauper's grave. I have been tired of life for two years, but have lived for my baby's sake. I can't live longer. I have no work and am out of money. This world is but a stage and the curtain has rung down upon one of its main scenes.

W. H. IRVING."

The man was about forty years old and was well dressed.

In cases where dandruff, scalp diseases, falling and grayness of the hair appear, do not neglect them, but apply a proper remedy and tonic like Hall's Hair Renewer.

Edgefield County Y. M. C. A.

COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATIONS OF EDGEFIELD COUNTY, S. C., July 18.

To the Young Men's Christian Associations of Edgefield County, and the friends of the work:

DEAR BRETHREN:

The fourth County Convention will be held at Good Hope Baptist Church on Friday, Saturday, and Sunday, August 18th, 19th, and 20th.

More than three years have passed since the inception of this work, and as we look over the field to-day we are deeply gratified at the measure of success which has attended it. Almost every town and community in the county has felt its influence. Strong associations have been planted at seven points, while Young Men's Prayer Meetings and Bible classes have sprung up here and there, presenting the movement in every stage of its development.

Probably there is no other county containing so many Young Men's Christian Associations, and yet under the present system there must be room for at least fifty. As this is the oldest county work in existence, there are yet many problems unsettled, and hence this convention will be of great interest and importance.

Every Association in the county is urged to send a large delegation of active members. Ministers of the Gospel and members of evangelical churches everywhere are given a cordial invitation.

All the sessions of the conventions will be open to the public. From the programme soon to be issued, it will be seen that the various subjects will be discussed by many of our ablest men at home and abroad.

The prayers of God's people are asked in behalf of this gathering.

Fraternally,

A. S. TOMPKINS, Edgefield.  
JAS. T. BACON, "  
A. J. NORRIS, "  
A. B. WATSON, "  
J. W. HILL, "  
W. E. LYCHE, "  
GEO. B. LAKE, "  
E. J. MIMS, "  
B. L. CAUGHMAN, Mt. William.  
L. F. DORN, Parkville.  
J. LESLIE ALDREDGE, Kirksey.  
J. H. BURKHALTER, Trenton.  
D. B. FROST, Johnston.  
J. W. MITCHELL, Batesburg.  
WHITMAN HARLING, McKendree.

JOHN LAKE,  
County Sec'y.

It Costs You Nothing.

We are pleased to announce that we have made arrangements by which we are prepared to supply free to each of our subscribers a year's subscription to that well known monthly home and farm journal, the American Farmer, published at Springfield and Cleveland, Ohio. We make this offer to each of our subscribers who will pay up all arrears on subscription and one year in advance, and to all new subscribers paying one year in advance. The American Farmer is strictly National in its character. It is a high-class illustrated journal filled with entertaining and instructive reading matter, containing each month much information that is invaluable to agriculturists and of special interest to each member of every home. It is suited to all localities, being National in its make and character, thus meeting with favor in all localities. It is strictly non-political and non-sectarian. It has a trained corps of contributors and is carefully edited. The various departments of Farm, Horticulture, Sheep and Swine, The Home, The Horse and the Dairy, are filled with bright and useful matter. The readers of the American Farmer are universal in its praise and look for its monthly visits with keen anticipation. The regular subscription price to the American Farmer is \$1.00 a year, but by this arrangement it costs you nothing to receive that great publication for one year. Do not delay in taking advantage of this offer, but call at once or send in your subscription. Sample copy of the American Farmer can be seen at the ADVERTISER'S OFFICE, or will be supplied direct by the publishers.

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the health restorer, and health maintainer.

Cures Others will cure you.

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